

Introductory OpenFOAM Workshop Day 2

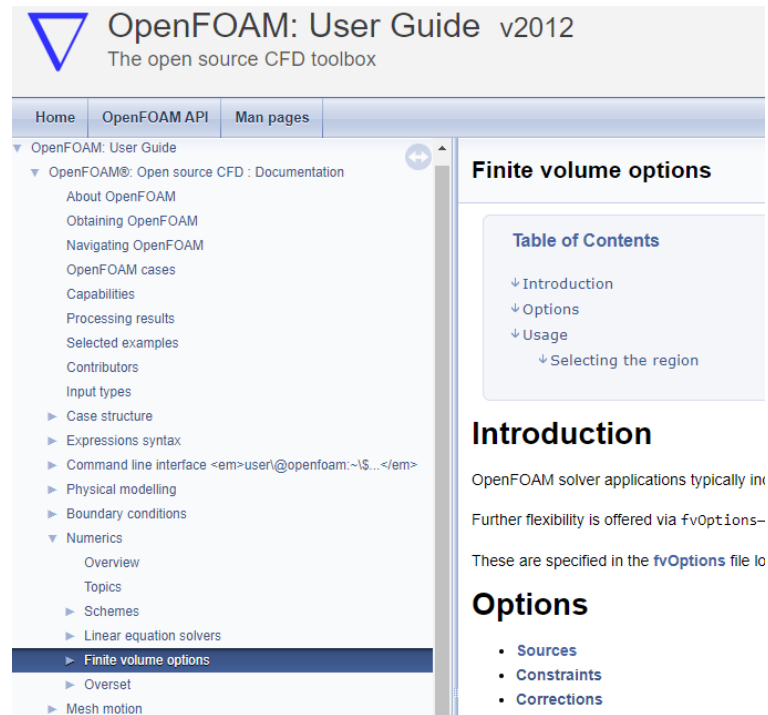
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- `fvOptions` – Modify governing equations without changing the code of the solver.
 - Lives in `system` (for latest versions also in `constant`).
 - Examples:
 - Introduce a source term.
 - Bound the values of a field.
- “Function objects” – A common name for a diverse set of utilities.
 - Executed at run time or as a post-processing step.
 - Added to the `functions` sub-dictionary in the `controlDict`.
 - Examples:
 - Time averaging, point probes, compute forces, compute y^+ , compute new field...

Finding what is out there



- Method 1: RTFM 😊
 - <https://www.openfoam.com/documentation/guides/latest/doc/>



Finding what is out there



- Method 2: the universal banana trick

```
1 |$
2 |/*-----* C++ -----*/$
3 |=====|
4 |\\ / F i e l d | OpenFOAM: The Open Source CFD Toolbox |$
5 |\\ / O p e r a t i o n | Version: 2.2.0 |$
6 |\\ / A n d | Web: www.OpenFOAM.org |$
7 |\\ / M a n i p u l a t i o n | |$
8 |*-----*/$
9 FoamFile$
10 {$
11     version      2.0;$
12     format       ascii;$
13     class        dictionary;$
14     location      "system";$
15     object        fvOptions;$
16 }$
17 // *****
18 $
19 test$
20 {$
21     type          banana; $
22 $
23 }$
~
~
~
```



```
--> FOAM FATAL IO ERROR: (openfoam-2106)
Unknown fvOption type banana

Valid fvOption types :

55
(
acousticDampingSource
actuationDiskSource
atmAmbientTurbSource
atmBuoyancyTurbSource
atmCoriolisUSource
atmLengthScaleTurbSource
atmNutSource
atmPlantCanopyTSource
atmPlantCanopyTurbSource
atmPlantCanopyUSource
buoyancyEnergy
```

A simple fvOption



```
1 |
2 | /*----- C++ -----*/
3 | =====
4 | \ \ / F i e l d      OpenFOAM: The Open Source CFD Toolbox
5 | \ \ / O p e r a t i o n   Version:  2.2.0
6 | \ \ / A n d             Web:      www.OpenFOAM.org
7 | \ \ / M a n i p u l a t i o n
8 | /*-----*/
9 | FoamFile
10 | {
11 |     version      2.0;
12 |     format        ascii;
13 |     class         dictionary;
14 |     location      "system";
15 |     object        fvOptions;
16 | }
17 | // *****
18 |
19 | buoyancy1
20 | {
21 |     type          buoyancyForce;
22 |     selectionMode  all;
23 |     fields        (U);
24 | }
```

Will add ρg as a source term

Where to apply the extra term.
Can be limited to a previously
defined cell set.

What equation the source term is
applied to.

Function object example: Courant number



```
1 Co
2 {
3     type      CourantNo;
4     libs      (fieldFunctionObjects);
5     executeControl  writeTime;
6     executeInterval  1;
7     log        true;
8     writeControl  writeTime;
9 }
```

File Co put into system.

NB: Make the file name and the object name consistent!

```
51
52 functions
53 {
54     #include Co;
55 };
```

In the controlDict, we include Co

```
~/OpenFOAM/timofey-v1912/run/of_training/pitzDaily_transient » ls 0.01
uniform Co epsilon k nut p phi U
```

Co field appears in the output

Execution and write control keywords



- `executionControl` – when is the function object run?
- `writeControl` – when are the results saved to disk?
- `excution/writeInterval` – defines the frequency as per the corresponding Control keyword.

Option	Description
<code>none</code>	Trigger is disabled
<code>timeStep</code>	Trigger every 'Interval' time-steps, e.g. every x time steps
<code>writeTime</code>	Trigger every 'Interval' output times, i.e. alongside standard field output
<code>runTime</code>	Trigger every 'Interval' run time period, e.g. every x seconds of calculation time
<code>adjustableRunTime</code>	Currently identical to "runTime"
<code>clockTime</code>	Trigger every 'Interval' clock time period
<code>cpuTime</code>	Trigger every 'Interval' CPU time period
<code>onEnd</code>	Trigger on end of simulation run

Another example: field min and max



```
1 fieldMinMax1
2 {
3     // Mandatory entries (unmodifiable)
4     type        fieldMinMax;
5     libs        (fieldFunctionObjects);
6
7     // Mandatory entries (runtime modifiable)
8     mode        magnitude;
9     fields       (U p);
10
11     location    true;
12
13     writePrecision 8;
14     writeToFile   true;
15     enabled       true;
16     log           true;
17     executeControl  timeStep;
18     executeInterval 1;
19     writeControl   timeStep;
20     writeInterval  1;
21 }
```

The log file

```
fieldMinMax fieldMinMax1 write:
  min(mag(U)) = 0 in cell 522 at location (-0.0198086 0.0254 0)
  max(mag(U)) = 11.9221 in cell 5968 at location (0.0167861 0.00144538 2.27514e-20)
  min(p) = -54.0397 in cell 3268 at location (0.0167857 -0.00810691 -4.49852e-20)
  max(p) = 20.5416 in cell 610 at location (0.0493639 -0.0248581 0)
```

Time-series saved to postProcessing

```
~/OpenFOAM/timofey-v1912/run/of_training/pitzDaily_transient » tree postProcessing
postProcessing
├── fieldMinMax1
│   └── 8
│       └── fieldMinMax.dat
```

```
1 # Field minima and maxima
2 # Time      field      min      location(min)      max      location(max)
3 0.000120482 mag(U)      0.00000000e+00 (-1.98085815e-02 2.54000000e-02 0.00000000e+00) 2.05470462e+01 (2.64479650e-04 1.59940304e-04 2.63956988e-20)
4 0.000120482 p      0.00000000e+00 (2.90000000e-01 -1.62925926e-02 0.00000000e+00) 1.52362573e+04 (-1.98085815e-02 2.47383520e-02 0.00000000e+00)
5 0.000185479 mag(U)      0.00000000e+00 (-1.98085815e-02 2.54000000e-02 0.00000000e+00) 2.23431008e+01 (2.64479650e-04 1.59940304e-04 2.63956988e-20)
6 0.000185479 p      0.00000000e+00 (2.90000000e-01 -1.62925926e-02 0.00000000e+00) 1.52362573e+04 (-1.98085815e-02 2.47383520e-02 0.00000000e+00)
```


- So far our function objects were executed at runtime.
- But for some it makes sense to run them after the simulation is done.
- For simple function objects we can use the `postProcess` command.
 - `postProcess -list` : Look at available function objects by name. Don't have to be defined by us, they already simply exist.
 - Example: `postProcess -func yPlus`
 - Can also run the objects we defined: `postProcess -func fieldMinMax1`

Executing after the run



- However, some stuff won't run with just `postProcess`
 - Example: `postProcess -func CourantNo` will fail.
- For such cases we actually have to run the solver. But with a special flag!
- `pimpleFoam -postProcess -func CourantNo`

Summary



- `fvOptions` and `functionObject` practically remove the need for modifying the solver, as long as it captures your physics.
- Lot's of `fvOptions` and `functionObjects` out there. Try and play with them during the hands on!

- There is a coded type of `fvOption` and `functionObject`, which allows you to simply write your own C++ to be executed! Will be compiled when the case runs, with no involvement from your side.
- An addon library called `swak4foam` adds a huge number of function objects allowing to do some really cool stuff! Search for slides by Bernhard F.W. Gschaider – excellent for self-study.