

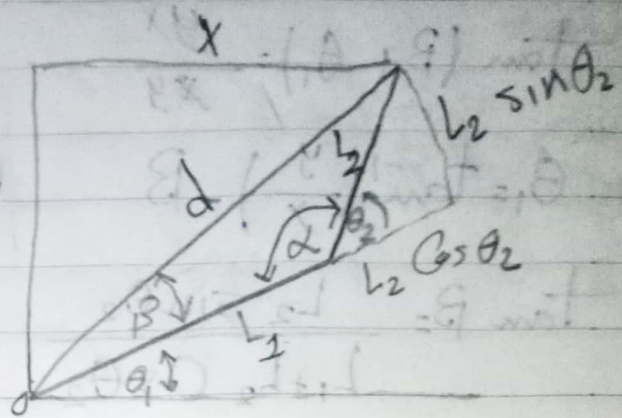
method (Scaev Robot inverse kinematics) :-

$$d = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow d^2 = x^2 + y^2 \quad (1)$$

$$d^2 = L_1^2 + L_2^2 - 2L_1L_2 \cos \alpha$$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{L_1^2 + L_2^2 - d^2}{2L_1L_2} \quad (2)$$



From Figure

$$\theta_2 = 180^\circ - \alpha \text{ or } \pi - \alpha$$

$$\cos \theta_2 = \cos (\pi - \alpha)$$

$$\therefore \cos \theta_2 = \cos \pi \cdot \cos \alpha + \sin \pi \cdot \sin \alpha$$

$$\therefore \cos \pi = -1, \quad \cos \pi \cdot \sin \pi = 0$$

$$\therefore \cos \theta_2 = -1 \cos \alpha \quad (3)$$

$$\cos \theta_2 = - \left(\frac{L_1^2 + L_2^2 - d^2}{2L_1L_2} \right)$$

$$\therefore \theta_2 = \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{d^2 - L_1^2 - L_2^2}{2L_1L_2} \right) \quad (4)$$

From figure:

$$\tan(B + \theta_1) = \frac{y}{x}$$

$$\theta_1 = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{y}{x}\right) - B \quad (5)$$

$$\tan B = \frac{L_2 \sin \theta_2}{L_1 + L_2 \cos \theta_2}$$

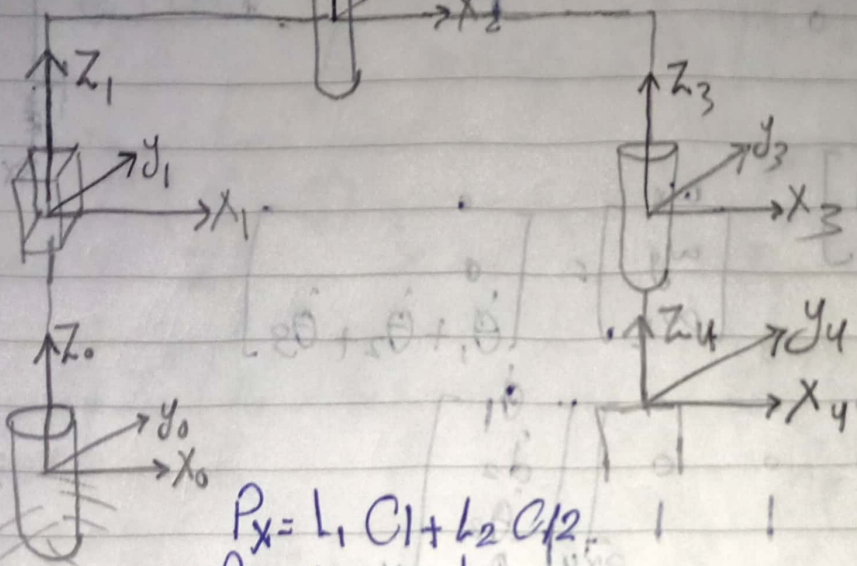
$$\therefore B = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{L_2 \sin \theta_2}{L_1 + L_2 \cos \theta_2}\right) \quad (6)$$

$$\therefore \theta_1 = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{y}{x}\right) - \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{L_2 \sin \theta_2}{L_1 + L_2 \cos \theta_2}\right) \quad (7)$$

$$\therefore \theta_1 = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{y}{x}\right) - \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{L_2 \sin \theta_2}{L_1 + L_2 \cos \theta_2}\right)$$

$$\theta_2 = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{x^2 + y^2 - L_1^2 - L_2^2}{2 L_1 L_2}\right)$$

Jacobian for Scara Robot "RRR"



$$P_x = L_1 C1 + L_2 C12$$

$$P_y = L_1 S1 + L_2 S12$$

$$P_z = d_1 + d_2 + d_3 + d_4$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{v}_x \\ \dot{v}_y \\ \dot{v}_z \end{bmatrix} = J_P(\theta) \begin{bmatrix} \dot{P}_x \\ \dot{P}_y \\ \dot{P}_z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} L_1 C\theta_1 + L_2 C12 \\ L_1 S1 + L_2 S12 \\ d_1 + d_2 + d_3 + d_4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{P}_x \\ \dot{P}_y \\ \dot{P}_z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} (-L_2 \sin 12 - L_1 S1) \dot{\theta}_1 + (-L_2 \sin 12) \dot{\theta}_2 \\ (L_2 \cos(\theta_1 + \theta_2) + L_1 C\theta_1) \dot{\theta}_1 + (L_2 \cos(\theta_1 + \theta_2)) \dot{\theta}_2 \\ \dot{d}_2^* \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{P}_x \\ \dot{P}_y \\ \dot{P}_z \end{bmatrix} = \frac{dP_x}{d\theta_1} \dot{\theta}_1 + \frac{dP_x}{d\theta_2} \dot{\theta}_2 + \frac{dP_x}{dd_2^*} \dot{d}_2^*$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{P}_x \\ \dot{P}_y \\ \dot{P}_z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{dP_x}{d\theta_1} & \frac{dP_x}{d\theta_2} & \frac{dP_x}{dd_2^*} \\ \frac{dP_y}{d\theta_1} & \frac{dP_y}{d\theta_2} & \frac{dP_y}{dd_2^*} \\ \frac{dP_z}{d\theta_1} & \frac{dP_z}{d\theta_2} & \frac{dP_z}{dd_2^*} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \dot{\theta}_1 \\ \dot{\theta}_2 \\ \dot{d}_2^* \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{p}_x \\ \dot{p}_y \\ \dot{p}_z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -L_2 \sin(\theta_1 + \theta_2) - L_1 s_1 & 0 & -L_2 s_12 \\ L_2 c_12 - L_1 c_1 & 0 & L_2 c_12 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \dot{\theta}_1 \\ \dot{\theta}_2 \\ \dot{\theta}_3 \end{bmatrix}_{3 \times 1}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \omega_x \\ \omega_y \\ \omega_z \end{bmatrix} = J_0 \begin{bmatrix} \dot{\theta} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \omega_x \\ \omega_y \\ \omega_z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \dot{\theta}_1 + \dot{\theta}_2 + \dot{\theta}_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \omega_x \\ \omega_y \\ \omega_z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \dot{\theta}_1 \\ \dot{\theta}_2 \\ \dot{\theta}_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

3×4 4×1

$$\therefore J = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial p}{\partial \theta} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -L_2 s_12 - L_1 s_1 & 0 & -L_2 s_12 & 0 \\ L_2 c_12 - L_1 c_1 & 0 & L_2 c_12 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial p}{\partial \theta} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial p}{\partial \theta_1} & \frac{\partial p}{\partial \theta_2} & \frac{\partial p}{\partial \theta_3} & \frac{\partial p}{\partial \theta_4} \end{bmatrix}$$

another solution

$$Z_{i-1}^0 = R_{i-1}^0 \cdot K$$

For Prismatic $\rightarrow J_i =$

$$\text{for revolute} \rightarrow J_i = \begin{bmatrix} Z_{i-1}^0 (a_i^0 - a_{i-1}^0) \\ Z_{i-1}^0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$J_1 = \begin{bmatrix} Z_0^0 (a_1^0 - a_0^0) \\ Z_0^0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad J_2 = \begin{bmatrix} Z_1^0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$J_3 = \begin{bmatrix} Z_2^0 (a_3^0 - a_2^0) \\ Z_2^0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad J_4 = \begin{bmatrix} Z_3^0 (a_4^0 - a_3^0) \\ Z_3^0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Z_0^0 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad Z_1^0 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad Z_2^0 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad Z_3^0 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$a_0^0 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad a_1^0 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ d_1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad a_2^0 = \begin{bmatrix} l_1 C1 \\ l_1 S1 \\ d_1 + d_2^* \end{bmatrix}, \quad a_3^0 = \begin{bmatrix} l_1 C1 + l_2 C12 \\ l_1 S1 + l_2 S12 \\ d_1 + d_2^* - d_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$a_4^0 = \begin{bmatrix} l_1 C1 + l_2 C12 \\ l_1 S1 + l_2 S12 \\ d_1 + d_2^* - d_3 - d_4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$J_i = Z_i^0 (a_i^0 - a_{i-1}^0) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} l_1 C1 + l_2 C12 \\ l_1 S1 + l_2 S12 \\ d_1 + d_2^* - d_3 - d_4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} +i & -j & +k \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & l_1 C1 + l_2 C12 & l_1 S1 + l_2 S12 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$J_4 = \begin{bmatrix} -l_1 S1 - l_2 S12 \\ l_1 C1 + l_2 C12 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Z_2^0 (d_u^0 - 0_2^0) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} L_2 C12 \\ L_2 S12 \\ -d_3 - d_u \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} +i & -j & +k \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ L_2 C12 & L_2 S12 & -d_3 - d_u \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} L_2 S12 \\ L_2 C12 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Z_3^0 (d_u^0 - 0_3^0) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -d_u \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} +i & -j & +k \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -d_u \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\therefore J = \begin{bmatrix} J_v \\ J_w \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} L_1 S1 - L_2 S12 & 0 & -L_2 S12 & 0 \\ L_1 C1 + L_2 C12 & 0 & L_2 C12 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x} \\ \dot{y} \\ \dot{z} \\ \omega_x \\ \omega_y \\ \omega_z \end{bmatrix}_{6 \times 1} = \begin{bmatrix} L_1 S1 - L_2 S12 & 0 & -L_2 S12 & 0 \\ L_1 C1 + L_2 C12 & 0 & L_2 C12 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \theta_1 \\ d_2^* \\ \theta_2 \\ \theta_3 \end{bmatrix}_{4 \times 1}$$