

$$1. f_{ss} = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} sF(s) = \frac{10}{s(s+1)} \cdot s = 10$$

$$\mathcal{L}[e^{-at}] = \frac{1}{s+a} \rightarrow \mathcal{L}\left[\frac{10}{s(s+1)}\right]$$

$$\mathcal{L}[1 - e^{-at}] = \frac{1}{s} - \frac{1}{s+a} \Rightarrow \mathcal{L}\left[\frac{10}{s(s+1)}\right] = 10(1 - e^{-t})$$

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} 10(1 - e^{-t}) = 10 \quad \checkmark$$

$$2. \lim_{s \rightarrow \infty} sF(s) = \lim_{s \rightarrow \infty} s \frac{1}{(s+2)^2} = 0 \rightarrow f(0) = 0$$

$$\mathcal{L}[\dot{f}(t)] = sF(s) + f(0)$$

$$\Rightarrow \dot{f}(0) = \lim_{s \rightarrow \infty} s \left(\frac{s}{(s+2)^2} + 0 \right) = 1$$

$$\rightarrow f(0) = 0 \text{ \& } \dot{f}(0) = 1$$

$$3. \begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} -5 & -1 \\ 3 & -1 \end{bmatrix}}_A \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} + \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}}_B u$$

$$y = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}}_C \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} + \underbrace{3}_{D} u$$

$$\rightarrow sX(s) = AX(s) + BU(s) \Rightarrow (sI - A)X(s) = BU(s) \Rightarrow X(s) = (sI - A)^{-1}BU(s)$$

$$Y(s) = CX(s) + DU(s)$$

$$\rightarrow Y(s) = (C(sI - A)^{-1}B + D)U(s)$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{Y(s)}{U(s)} = [1, 2] \left(sI - \begin{bmatrix} -5 & -1 \\ 3 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \right)^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix} + 3$$

$$\det \begin{bmatrix} s+5 & 1 \\ -3 & s+1 \end{bmatrix} = s^2 + 6s + 8 \neq 0$$

$$\rightarrow [1, 2] \left(\begin{bmatrix} s & 0 \\ 0 & s \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} -5 & -1 \\ 3 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \right)^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix} + 3 \rightarrow [1, 2] \begin{bmatrix} \frac{s+1}{s^2+6s+8} & \frac{-1}{s^2+6s+8} \\ \frac{3}{s^2+6s+8} & \frac{s+5}{s^2+6s+8} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix} + 3 \rightarrow$$

~~Actual: 20~~ ~~Spring~~

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{s+7}{s^2+6s+8}, \frac{12s+9}{s^2+6s+8} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix} + 3 \Rightarrow \frac{2s+14+10s+45}{s^2+6s+8} + 3$$

$$= \frac{12s+59}{s^2+6s+8} + 3 = \frac{12s+59}{(s+4)(s+2)} + 3 = G(s) = \frac{Y(s)}{U(s)}$$

3.3: $\mathcal{L}^{-1}[85 \sin(1.75t)] = 8 \left(\frac{0.75}{s^2+1.75^2} \right)$

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1}[\cos(1.5t) + 4\sin(1.5t) + 1.7e^{-1.5t} \cos(1.5t)] = \frac{1.5s}{s^2+1.5^2} + \frac{4 \cdot 1.5}{s^2+1.5^2} + 1.7 \frac{s+1.5}{(s+1.5)^2+1.5^2}$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1}[.4t^3 + 1.8e^t \sin(2.2t)] = .4 \frac{3!}{s^4} + \frac{1.8}{s-1} \frac{2.2}{(s-1)^2+2.2^2}$$

3.5(b): $\mathcal{L}^{-1}[2+3\sin^2(4t)+5\cos^2(4t)] = \frac{2}{s} + \frac{3}{s} \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{s-1}{s^2+16} + \frac{s+1}{s^2+16} \right) + 5 \frac{2+s^2}{4s^2+s^4}$

3.8(1): $\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left[\frac{2(s^2+s+1)}{s(s+1)^2}\right] = 2\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left[\frac{s^2}{s(s+1)^2} + \frac{s}{s(s+1)^2} + \frac{1}{s(s+1)^2}\right]$

$$= 2((1-t)e^{-t} + te^{-t} + 1-e^{-t}(1+t))$$