

MCE 456  
HW 5

$$\alpha = \text{res} = 4 + j\omega / \text{rev}$$

$$r = 0.03 \text{ m}$$

$$R = 20$$

$$J = 0.1 \text{ m}$$

	$\Delta t_1, 0-0.1s$	$\Delta t_2, 0.1-0.2s$
RT	12	8
LT	8	10

1:

	$\omega_{RM}$	$\omega_R$	$\omega_L$	$\omega_{LM}$	$\omega_{LR}$	$V_L$	$V$	$\omega$
$\Delta t_1$	188.5	9.4	2.8	125.7	6.3	0.14	24	.43
$\Delta t_2$	125.7	6.3	1.8	157.1	7.7	0.24	22	-0.48

$$\Delta t_{RM} \omega_m = \left( \frac{+j\omega}{R} \right) \cdot \frac{2\pi f}{\Delta t}$$

$$\omega_r = \frac{\omega_m}{R} \quad \& \quad V_L = \omega_m r$$

$$V_{OA} = \frac{V_L + V_R}{2} \quad \& \quad \omega = \frac{\omega_r (\omega_R - \omega_L)}{2}$$

2:

$$\text{Enter forward: } \Delta x = \Delta t_i \cdot V_i \cos(\theta_{i-1})$$

$$\Delta y = \Delta t_i \cdot V_i \sin(\theta_{i-1})$$

$$\Delta \theta = \Delta t_i^{-1} \omega_i$$

$$\rightarrow \Delta t_1; X = 1 + 0.1 \cdot 0.24 \cos(0) = 1.024$$

$$Y = 2 + 0.1 \cdot 0.24 \sin(0) = 2$$

$$\theta = 0 + .43 \cdot 0.1 = 0.043$$

$$\rightarrow \Delta t_2; X = 1.024 + 0.22 \cdot 0.1 \cdot (0.043) = 1.046$$

$$Y = 2 + 0.1 \cdot 0.22 \cdot \sin(0.043) = 2.002$$

$$\theta = 0.043 + 0.1 \cdot -.48 = 0.045$$

Rungu + kuttera:

$$\Delta x = \Delta t_i \cdot v_i \cos\left(\frac{\theta_i + \theta_{i-1}}{2}\right)$$

$$\Delta y = \Delta t_i \cdot v_i \sin\left(\frac{\theta_i + \theta_{i-1}}{2}\right)$$

$$\Delta \theta = \Delta t_i \cdot \omega_i$$

$$\rightarrow \Delta t_1 \cdot x = 1 + 0.1 \cdot 0.24 \cdot \cos\left(\frac{0 + 0.093}{2}\right) = 1.024$$

$$y = 2 + 0.1 \cdot 0.24 \cdot \sin\left(\frac{0 + 0.093}{2}\right) = 2.001$$

$$\theta = 0.1 \cdot 0.093 = 0.093$$

$$\Delta t_2 \cdot x = 1.024 + 0.1 \cdot 0.22 \cos\left(\frac{0.093 + 0.045}{2}\right) = 1.046$$

$$y = 2.001 + 0.1 \cdot 0.22 \sin\left(\frac{0.093 + 0.045}{2}\right) = 2.003$$

$$\theta = 0.093 + 0.1 \cdot -0.45 = 0.045$$

$$3^{\circ} \text{ for } x = f(x, u) \quad x_i \approx \Delta t_i \cdot f(x_{i-1}, u_{i-1})$$

~~X<sub>i</sub> = X<sub>i-1</sub> + Δt · f(x<sub>i-1</sub>, u<sub>i-1</sub>)~~

$$\rightarrow \text{for } f(x, u) = x + 3u$$

$$x_{i+1} \approx \Delta t \cdot \left( x_i + 3 \left( \frac{u_i + u_{i+1}}{2} \right) \right)$$