Object-Oriented Programming Lab#8, Spring 2024

Today's Topics

- Inheritance
- encapsulation
- method override
- method overload
- subclass polymorphism
- abstract class
- Add project reference

A Fitness Tracking System

Create a **fitness tracking system**. The goal of system is to **store data about the trainers, trainees** and **track the activities**. These include the workout plan a trainee and his/her progress such number of steps taken, push-ups, distance ran, and other fitness metrics. To make it easy for users to monitor progress, create a fitness tracking system. To keep it simple we will work with minimal functionalities. There will **be 3 types of users** of this system; **admin** (to do administrative job), **trainer**, and **trainee**. There will be different functionalities for different users.

The system will have the following functionalities.

- 1. There are 3 types of users for this system; **admin, trainer and trainee**. A user can log in as an admin, trainer or trainee. For simplicity, we can **skip** the log-in part and add an option or button for logging in as different types of users.
- 2. The system will have the following functionalities.

Admin:

- a. Login/Logout
- b. Add new trainer info
- c. Add new trainee info
- d. View the list of trainers
- e. View the list of trainees

Trainer:

- a. Login/Logout
- b. Set workout plan for a trainee under him
- c. Add a workout item from the plan
- d. View the list of trainees under him
- e. View the progress of a trainee.
- f. View the trainee requests

```
g. Accept a request
```

Trainee

- a. Login/Logout
- b. View the list of trainers
- c. Send a request to a trainer.
- d. View the workout plan and progress.
- e. Start a specific workout
- f. Complete a specific workout

What you need to do: (Note: Do not use default package)

You need 2 projects for this Lab.

Create a Project name FitnessLibrary (and do the following)

1. Create the following User-defined Exception

```
public class InvalidUserException extends Exception {
   public InvalidUserException(String id, String userType) {
        super(String.format("%s with ID:%s is not a valid user.",
        userType, id));
   }
}
```

- 2. Create a WorkOut class:
 - a. Add 3 private instance variables: name, type, status (Planned / InProgress/ Completed)
 - b. Add a parameterized constructor and pass parameters for **name** and **type**. Initialize the respective attributes and set **status** to "**Planned**".
 - c. Create **getter/setter** methods for all attributes. and **toString()** method.
 - d. Add the following methods

```
i. public void startWorkOut()
  Inside the method set status to "In Progress"
```

```
ii. public void completeWorkOut()
Inside the method set status to "Completed"
```

<u>iii.</u>-Override the **equals** method and return true if both name and type match. **public boolean** equals(Object obj)

- 3. Create an abstract class named User.
 - a. Add following **private** instance variables:

```
private String name, fitnessId;
```

```
private int age;
private float weight, height;
private LocalDate joiningDate; // under java.time package a.
Add a parameterized constructor and pass parameters for all attributes except fitnessId,
and joiningDate. Initialize all attributes with the respective parameters. Generate and
assign a 4 digits random number to fitnessId. Assign LocalDate.now() to joiningDate.
```

- b. Add the following methods:
 - i. public void addPrefixToId(String prefix)
 - inside this method prepend the **prefix** with **fitnessId**.
 - ii. Add getter/setter for all attributes. Setter method of joining date will be little different, you can use the code below.

```
public void setJoiningDate(String joiningDate) {
  DateTimeFormatter format=
  DateTimeFormatter.ofPattern("dd/MM/yyyy"); LocalDate date =
  LocalDate.parse(joiningDate, format); this.joiningDate = date;
}
```

iii. Override toString() – return values of all attributes as a concatenated string format.

Code to convert LocalDate to String

DateTimeFormatter formatter = DateTimeFormatter.ofPattern("dd/MM/yyyy"); String joinDate = joiningDate.format(formatter);

iv. Add the following abstract method

public abstract String toString(boolean details);

v. Override the **equals** method and return true if both **fitnessId** matches. **public boolean equals**(**Object obj**)

4. Create a **Trainer** class:

- a. Make this class a subclass of User class.
- b. Add additional private instance variables; **yearOfExperience**, **ArrayList<Trainee> myTrainees**, **ArrayList<Trainee> myTraineeRequests**.
- c. Add parameterized constructor as below

public Trainer(String name, **int** age, **float** weight, **float** height, **int** yearOfExperience) - Call the parent's constructor, initialize **yearOfExperience**. Add "11-" as the prefix of the id that is generated from parent class using the **addPrefixToId** method. Instantiate the **myTrainees** and **myTraineeRequests** object.

- d. Add the following methods.
 - i. Add **getter** methods for all attributes and override toString().
 - ii. public Trainee findTrainee(String traineeId)

inside the method, loop through the **myTrainees** list and look for trainee with matching id. If the trainee is found return the object. If the trainee is not found return **null**.

- iii. **public Trainee** findTraineeRequest(String traineeId) inside the method, loop through the **traineeRequests** list and look for trainee with matching id. If the trainee is found return the object. If the trainee is not found return **null**.
- iv. public void addTrainee(Trainee trainee) inside the method, add the trainee parameter to myTrainees list.
- v. public void addTraineeRequest(Trainee trainee) inside the method, add the trainee parameter to myTraineeRequests list.
- vi. public void acceptTraineeRequest(String traineeId)
 Call findTraineeRequest method with the traineeId. If the trainee is found
 in the list, remove the object from the traineeRequests list and add to the
 trainees list.
- vii. public void addWorkoutForTrainee(Trainee trainee, WorkOut
 workOut)

if the **trainee** parameter is in the **trainees** list (use findTrainee methos), call the **addWorkOutItem**(...) method using the **trainee** variable. Otherwise throw an Exception with message "[Trainer] doesn't have the authority to assign work out item." where [Trainer] is the name of the Trainer.

Override following 2 methods.

viii. public String toString()

Call the toString() method of parent class and concatenate the value of **yearOfExperience** variable. Return the concatenated String

ix. public String toString(boolean details)
 if details is false, call toString() method. If it is true, call toString() and
 concatenate the values of remaining attributes

5. Create a **Trainee** class:

- a. Make this class a subclass of User class.
- b. Add additional private instance variables; **Trainer myTrainer**, **ArrayList<WorkOut> workOutPlan**.
- c. Add parameterized constructor

public Trainee(String name, **int** age, **float** weight, **float** height) - Call the parent's constructor. Add "22-" as the **prefix** of the **fitnessId** that is generated from parent class

using the *addPrefixToId* method. Also initialize the **workOutPlan** ArrayList.

- d. Add getter method for all attributes and setter method for myTrainer.
- e. Add the following methods.
 - i. public void addWorkOutItem(String name, String type)
 Inside the method, Create an WorkOut object using the workout parameter and add the object to workOutPlan ArrayList.
 - ii. public void startWorkOut(String name, String type)
 Inside the method, loop through the workOutPlan ArrayList and if the matching workout is found set the status to "In Progress"
 - iii. **public void** completeWorkOut(String name, String type) Inside the method, loop through the **workOutPlan** ArrayList and if the matching workout is found set the status to "Complete"

Override following 2 methods.

```
iv. public String toString()
```

Call the toString() method of parent class and concatenate the value of myTrainer variable. Return the concatenated String

v. public String toString(boolean details)

if details is false, call toString() method. If it is true, call toString() and concatenate the values of remaining attributes

- 6. Create a class name "FitnessCenter""
 - a. Add the following private attributes

```
private String name;
private ArrayList<Trainer> trainers = new
ArrayList<>(); private ArrayList<Trainee> trainees =
new ArrayList<>(); private User loggedInUser = null;
```

- b. Create a parameterized constructor as pass the name of the centre.

 Inside the constructor, initialize the **name** attribute.
- c. Add getter methods for attributes and setter method for loggedInUser.
- d. Add the following methods
 - i. public String addTrainer(String name, int age, float weight, float height, int yearOfExperience)

Create an object of **Trainer** using the parameters and then add the object to **trainers** list. Also return the **fitnessId** of the **Trainer**.

ii. public String addTrainee(String name, int age, float weight, float height)

Create an object of **Trainee** using the parameters and then add the object to **trainees** list. Also return the **fitnessId** of the **Trainee**.

iii. public Trainer findTrainer(String id) throws InvalidUserException

Inside the method, loop through the list of the **Trainer** (*trainers instance variable*) and find the Trainer whose **fitnessId** match with the parameter *id*. If the **Trainer** is found return the object otherwise throw *InvalidUserException* and pass the id and "Trainer" as parameter.

iv. public Trainee findTrainee(String id) throws InvalidUserException
 Inside the method, loop through the list of the Trainee (trainees instance
 variable) and find the Trainee whose fitnessId match with the parameter id.
 If the Trainee is found return the object otherwise throw
 InvalidUserException and pass the id and "Trainee" as parameter.

v. public void requestForTrainer(String trainerId)

If loggedInUser is a Trainee, do the following Call FindTrainer and pass the trainerId.

If the trainer is found, cast the loggedInUser object to Trainee and call requestForTrainer() using the trainee object.

vi. public void acceptTraineeRequest(String traineeId)

If loggedInUser is a Trainer, cast the loggedInUser object to Trainer and call acceptTraineeRequest () using the trainer object.

Now create a new project FitnessApplication (and do the following).

- 1. Add project reference of the previous project.
- 2. Create an **application class** (that has the main method) named "**FitnessApp**" which will have the **main** method. Create an object of the **FitnessCenter** class and assign to **myFitness** variable. On the main method, ask if the user is **admin, trainer** or a **trainee**.

Ask to enter his/her id. For now, as we do not have any admin user, you can use a hardcoded id for admin. For Trainer or Trainee, once he/she enters the id call *findTrainer(...)* or *findTrainee(...)* depending on the role. If the Trainer/Trainee is found, call the setLoggedInUser(User loggedInUser) setter method to set the loggedInUser. You can use this variable to access different functionalities.

- If the user is an admin show the following menu. Depending on the menu take necessary user input and call appropriate method using the myFitness variable.
 - Login/Logout
 - Add new trainer info
 - Add new trainee info
 - View the list of trainers
 - View the list of trainees

- If the user is a trainer or trainee, ask for his/her id. If the id is valid, show the following employee Menu. Depending on the menu take necessary user input and call appropriate method using the myFitness variable.
 - Trainer:
 - Login/Logout
 - Set workout plan for a trainee under him
 - Add a workout item from the plan
 - View the list of trainees under him
 - View the progress of a trainee.
 - View the trainee requests
 - Accept a request
 - Trainee
 - Login/Logout
 - View the list of trainers
 - Send a request to a trainer.
 - View the workout plan and progress.

Start a specific workout

Complete a specific workout

Problem 3: Implement User-defined Exception in your project.

- 1. Create a user-defined exception **InvalidUserException** will take a String type parameter **userId** and set the exception message to "user with **userId** is not a valid user.", here **userId** is the parameter passed to the constructor which represents the id of an user.
- 2. Update the **Trainer** Class.
 - a. Update the "findMyTrainee" methods. Instead of returning null, throw the **InvalidUserException** when the Trainee is not found.
 - b. Update all methods which are calling the findTrainee(String id). Add throws in those method headers.
- 3. Update the FitnessCenter Class.
 - a. Update the following methods. Instead of returning null, throw the **InvalidUserException** when the Trainer/Trainee is not found.
 - i. findTrianer(String id)
 - ii. findTrainee (String id)
- 4. Update the **FitnessCenterApp** Class.
 - a. Use try/catch wherever an exception (InvalidUserException or any other Exception) is thrown.