Object-Oriented Programming Lab#6, Spring 24

Today's Topics

- Class/Object, Constructor,
- package
- Array (Reference Type)
- ArrayList

ArrayList:

Action	Code
Creating an ArrayList	ArrayList <t> list = new ArrayList<t>();</t></t>
Adding element to arraylist	list.add(T);
Accessing an element	List.get(int index)
Size of arraylist	list.size();

Problems/Assignments - Book Store Application

Create a book store application which will help a book store owner to keep the record of its books and run the business. The Book store application will help the store to keep the list of available books and have the functionalities to 1) display all available books, 2) sell books (should be able to sell multiple copies), 3) order new/existing books from publishers (can create 2 option for it), and 4) Give a discount on a book and get the discounted price. Each book in the system will have 4 attributes; bookTitle, bookAuthor, price and numberOfCopies.

With **sell** or **order** of existing books, number of copies attribute will decrease/increase. With order of new book, a new book entry will be added to the system. The system will display a menu on the screen for the user to choose from. Here is the menu.

Enter "1", to display the Books: Title – Author – Quantity.

Enter "2", to order new books.

Enter "3", to sell books (need to consider discount if there is any).

Enter "4" to get the discounted price an item on sale.

Enter "5" to get total sell amount.

Enter "0", to exit the system.

Here is what you need to do to implement the Book Store.

1) Create the following **Book** class under package **bookstore**. Add the following attributes, constructor and methods.

Book
String bookTitle
String bookAuthor
double price
int numOfCopies
Book(String title, String author, double price, int
copies)
double getDiscountedPrice(float salePercentage)
void increaseQuantity(int amt)
void decreaseQuantity(int amt)
String toString()

- a. **double getDiscountedPrice(float salePercentage)** method will return the price user need to pay after discount. Note: Do not change the original price.
- b. *public void increaseQuantity(int amt)* Increase the **numOfCopies** by **amt**.
- c. *public void decreaseQuantity(int amt)* decrease the **numOfCopies** by **amt**. You may need to check if you have enough copies.
- d. *public String toString()* method will return a String in the format "Title Author Quantity" format. .
- 2) Create another class "BookStore" under package bookstore which should contain all the Book objects. For now you can use an array/ArrayList of Book type and assume you can have maximum 10 different books (each book will have multiple copies). Or if you use ArrayList, no capacity restriction is needed.

BookStore

String name

double totalSale

Book[] books/ArrayList<Book> books

void sell(String bookTitle, String author, int noOfCopies, double salePercentage) void order(String bookTitle, String author, double price, int noOfCopies) private Book findBook(String bookTitle, String author) double getDisocuntedPrice(String bookTitle, String author, float salePercentage) double getTotalSale() void display()

- a. sell(String, String, int, double) method will search for the book in "books" array using the bookTitle and bookAuthor. For searching call the findBook(...) method. If the book is found in the list, number of copies of that book will decrease. If the book is not found, a message should display. Also increment the totalSale. Consider if the book in on sale or not. If the book is on sale, use the getDiscountedPrice() of the Book class to calculate the discounted price.
- b. *order(String, String, double, int)* method will order book for the book store. You have to handle both **new** book and **existing** book scenario.
 - First search for the book in "books" array using the bookTitle and bookAuthor value. For searching call the findBook(...) method.
 - ii. If the book is **found** in the list (which means the book already exists in the system), **number of copies will increase**.
 - iii. If the book is **not found** (which means the book does not exists in the system and you need to order new book), a new book entry will be added to the "**books**" array/arraylist.
- c. findBook(String, String) method will search for the book in "books" array using the bookTitle and bookAuthor. If the book is found, return the item. Otherwise, return null.
- d. double getTotalSale() return the totalSale attribute.
- e. getDiscountedPrice(String bookTitle, String author, float salePercentage) method will search for the book in "books" array using the bookTitle and bookAuthor. For

- searching call the *findBook(...)* method. If the book is found in the list, call the *getSalePercetage(float salePercentage)* method.
- f. *display()* method will display info of all books in "books" array "Title Author Price-Quantity" format.
- 3) Now create class "BookStoreApp" under the package bookapp which should contain the main method. In main method create an object of BookStore class and then provide the menu as mentioned before. Once the user enters his/her option, you need to read the value and take appropriate action (See below) using the BookStore object.
 - For option 1, **display** all the books in the format above, with each one on a separate line.
 - For option 2, display the information of a specific book. Ask user to enter the bookTitle and bookAuthor, call findBooka and then print.
 - For option 3, the system will allow you to **order** one or more books. For this option, you need to take **bookTitle** and **bookAuthor** and **no. of copies** as input from user.
 - For option 4, the system will allow you to **sell** one or more books. It will ask user to enter the **bookTitle**, **bookAuthor**, **no. of copies** and **salePercentage** to sell book.
 - For option 5, view the discounted price of a book. Ask user to enter the **bookTitle** and **bookAuthor** and **salePercetage** and call appropriate method.
 - For option 6, display the totalSale.
 - For option 0, **exit** the application by breaking the loop or system exit.