



BOUT++ & Machine-Learning at UKAEA

S.Pamela, L.Harris, V.Gopakumar, N.Carey, L.Zanisi, D.Brennand (UKAEA)
G.Holt, J.Castagna, F.Schiavello (Hartree Centre, STFC)

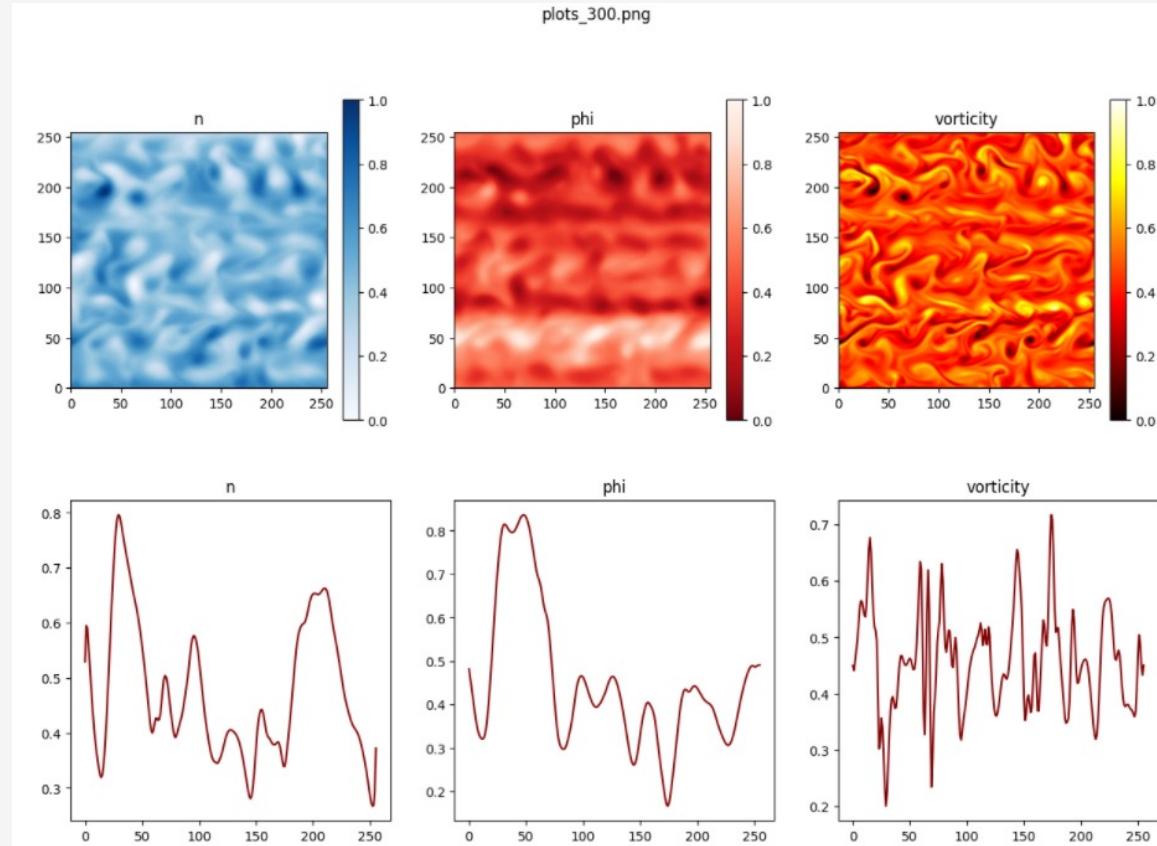
ExCALIBUR / SiMLInt workshop - 05 June 2023



StyleGAN to accelerate BOUT++ simulations

See Jony Castagna's slides

- Hasegawa-Wakatani model
- Use GAN to generate detailed solution from filtered solution

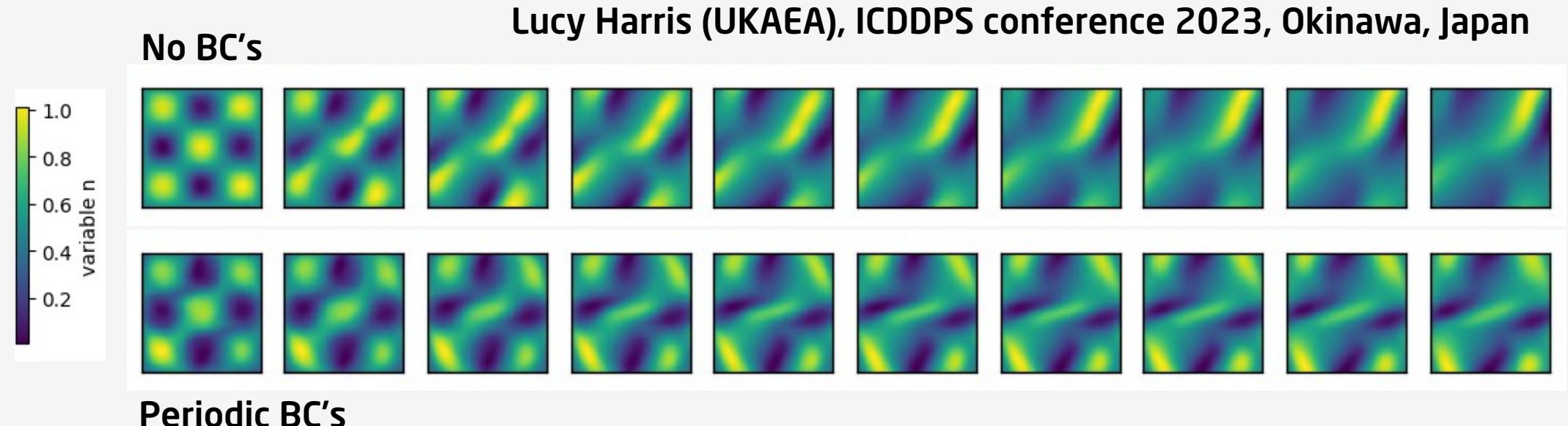


Physics Informed Neural Networks

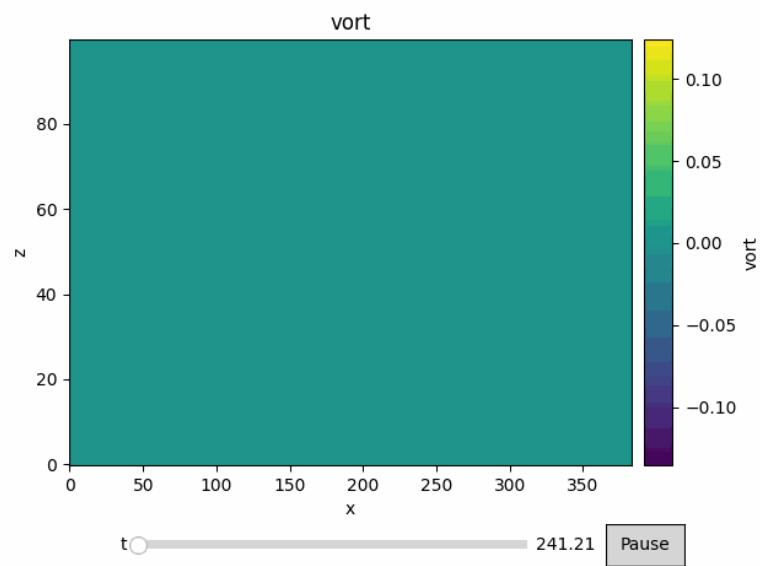
Can PINNs scale up to fusion relevant use-cases?

- Large resolutions
- Large physics models

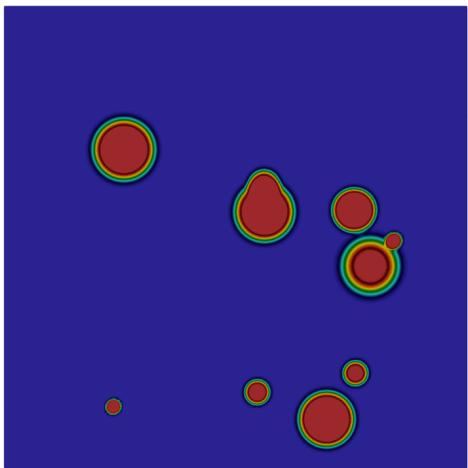
Hasegawa-Wakatani model



Surrogates of 2D slab simulations



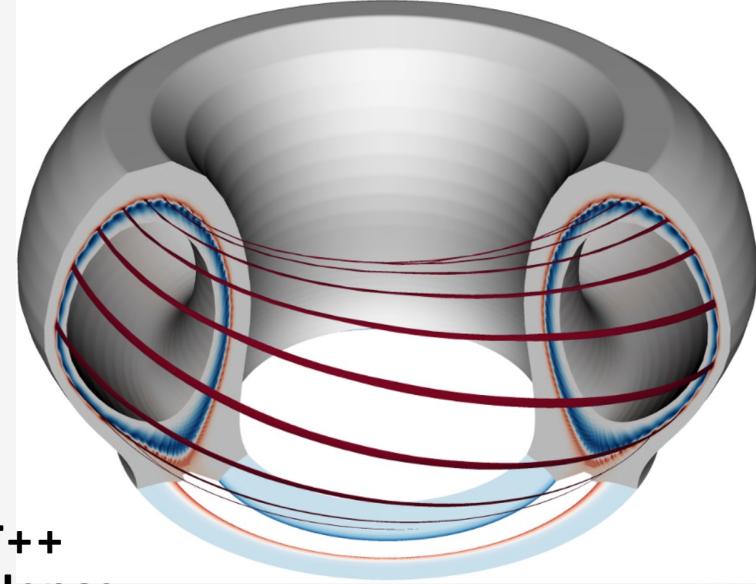
STORM 2D
turbulence



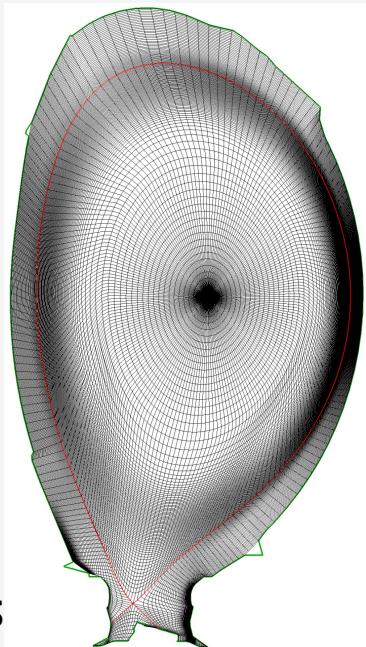
JOREK 2D
blobs

Long-term goal:
→ extend to full geometry

BOUT++
turbulence

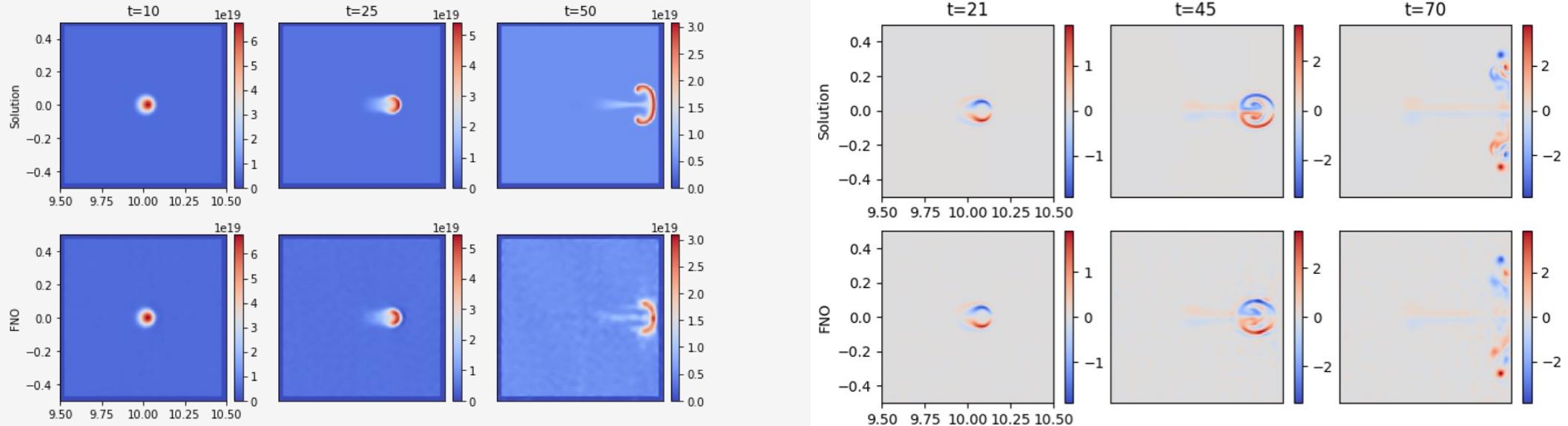


JOREK ELMs



Where AI/ML is used in fusion: Prediction

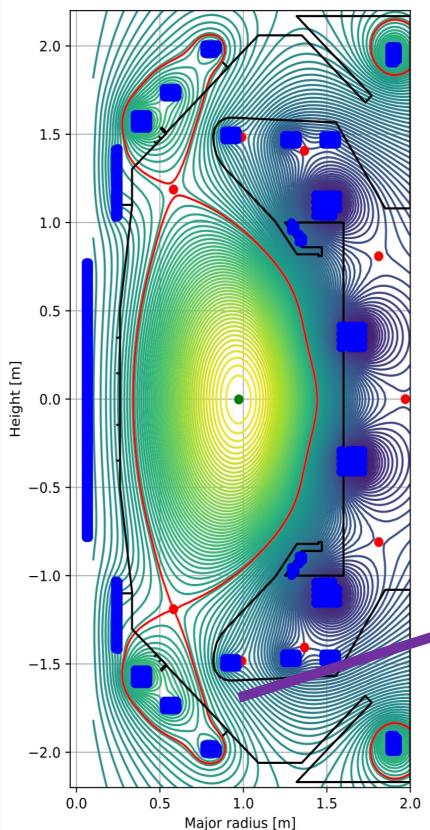
So far only applied to JOREK blobs, but currently working on BOUT++ dataset too



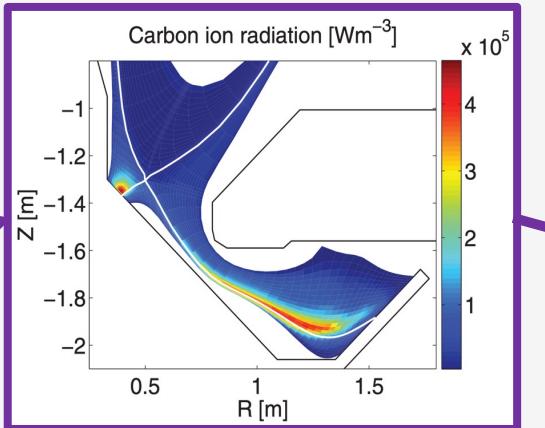
V.Gopakumar, NeurIPS Conference 2022, New Orleans, USA

SD1D detachment control

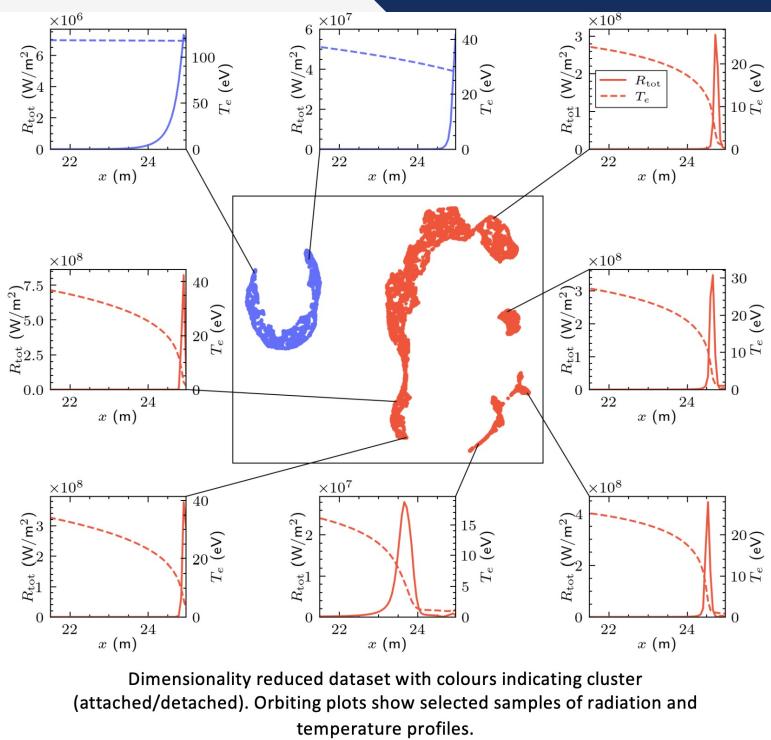
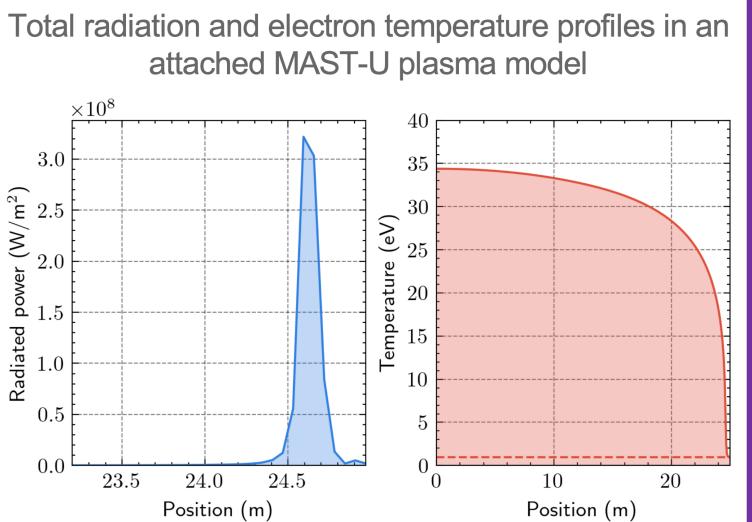
Reinforcement Learning requires a surrogate:
→ Large database of SD1D runs



Scrape-off layer



SD1D Simulations of detachment



Dimensionality reduced dataset with colours indicating cluster (attached/detached). Orbiting plots show selected samples of radiation and temperature profiles.

Conclusion

- Starting to generate large databases of small simulations:
 - Hasegawa-Wakatani
 - 2D turbulence in STORM
 - SD1D detachment

- Need to scale up to larger geometries:
 - 3D for turbulence
 - 2D for detachment