# Image Processing

A case study for a domain decomposed MPI code











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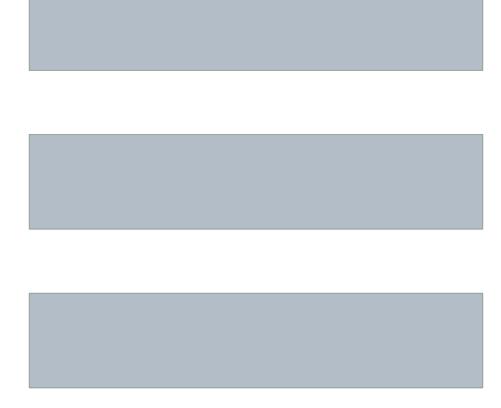


Starting with a big array:





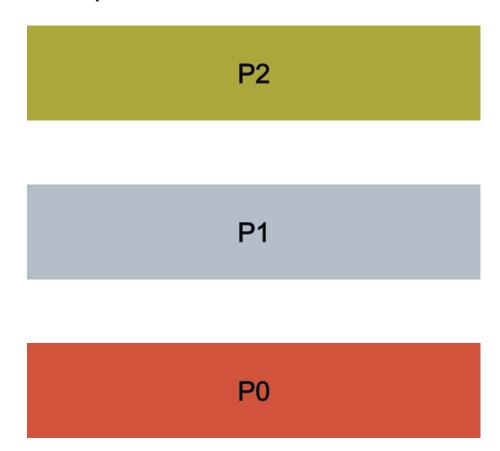
Split it into pieces:







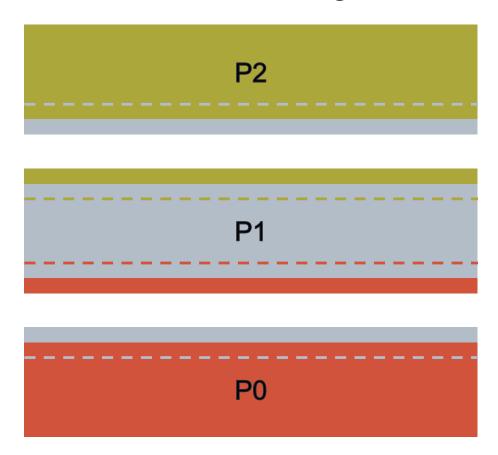
Assign pieces to processes:







Use halos to deal with nearest-neighbour interactions

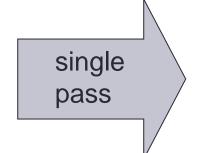




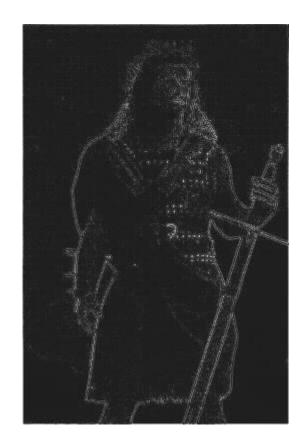


# Edge detection / image reconstruction





hundreds of iterations







### Edge detection

- Compare pixel to its four nearest neighbours
  - pixel values are from 0 (black) to 255 (white)

$$edge_{i,j} = image_{i+1,j} + image_{1,j+1} + image_{i-1,j} + image_{i,j-1} - 4 image_{i,j}$$

- What about the boundary conditions?
  - use non-periodic boundaries
  - pixels off the edge of the image (e.g. image  $_{M+1, j}$ ) are set to white
- Pad 2D arrays with halos
  - in serial code, all halo values set to 255 (i.e. white)





#### Image reconstruction

- Jacobi Solver to undo the simple edge detection algorithm (a five-point stencil)
  - simple example of discretised partial differential equation with nearest-neighbour interactions
  - actually solving  $\nabla^2 image = edge$

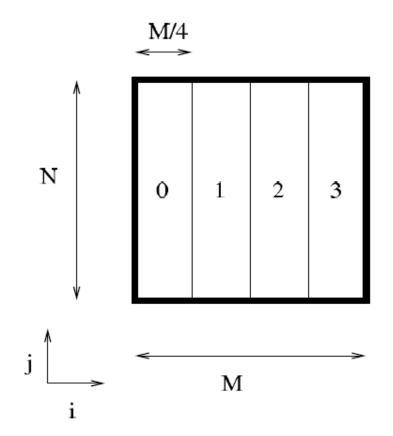
$$new_{i,j} = \frac{1}{4} \left( old_{i+1,j} + old_{1,j+1} + old_{i-1,j} + old_{i,j-1} - edge_{i,j} \right)$$

- Repeat many times
  - in parallel, must update halo values from neighbours every iteration





Different choices in C and Fortran



3	
2	
1	
0	N/4





### The case study

- I provide you with:
  - More detailed printed instruction
  - Tar-ball (Choice of C or Fortran)
    - Input routine
    - Output routine
    - Couple of input files

#### Tasks

- Write a serial code (with halos for fixed boundary conditions)
  - check that the serial code works!!
- Distribute the work onto the processors; separate reconstructions
- Get the halos exchanged; single reconstruction, identical to serial
- Further suggestions on the instruction sheet





# Viewing the Images

- Images are in a very old-fashioned text-based format
  - Portable Grey Map (PGM)
  - easy to read and write
- Should be able to view directly from EPCC machines

```
user@epcc:~> module load ImageMagick
user@epcc:~> display image.pgm
```

- You may not be able to view PGM files on your laptop
  - could install *ImageMagick* suite (which contains *display*)
  - or convert format on EPCC system first, e.g. to a PNG file:

```
user@epcc:~> convert image.pgm image.png
```



