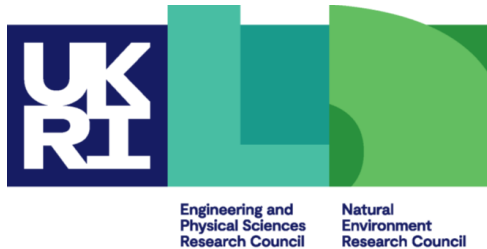


# Image Processing

---

A case study for a domain decomposed MPI code



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# Domain Decomposition 1

- Starting with a big array:



# Domain Decomposition 2

- Split it into pieces:



# Domain Decomposition 3

- Assign pieces to processes:



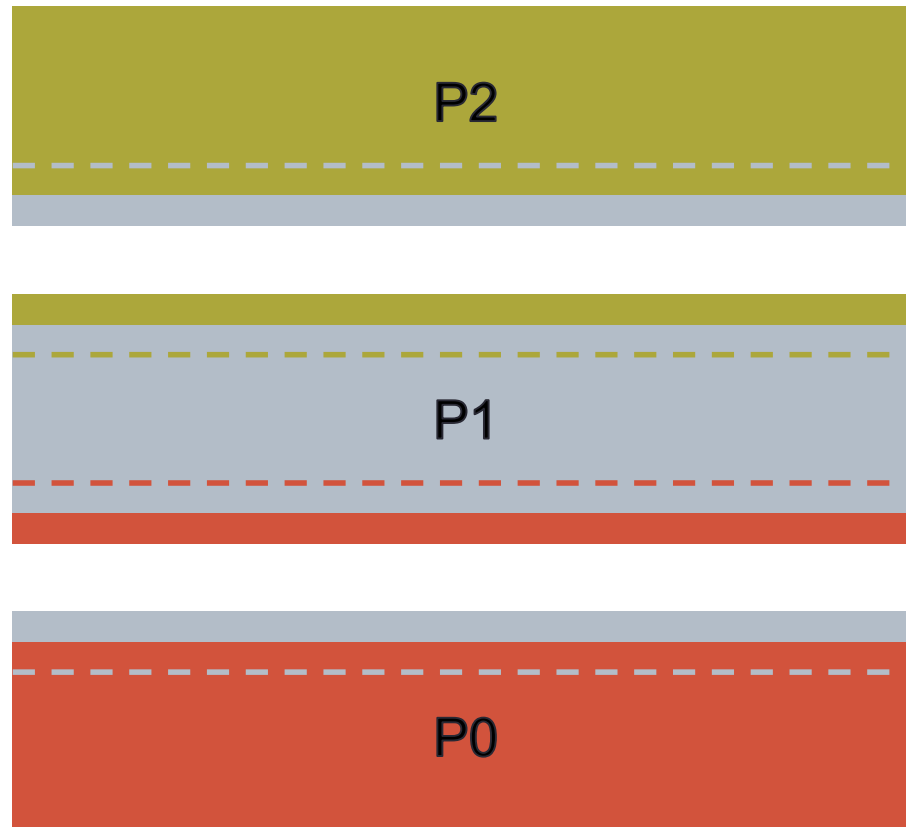
P2

P1

P0

# Domain Decomposition 4

- Use halos to deal with nearest-neighbour interactions

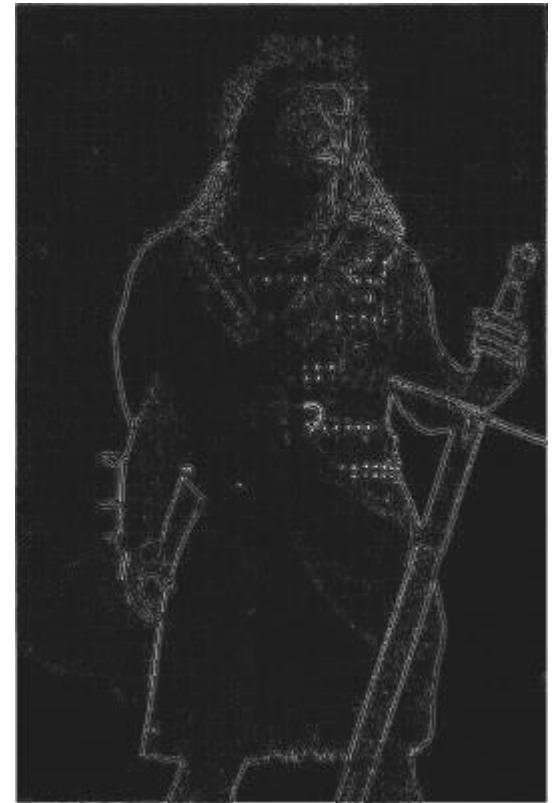


# Edge detection / image reconstruction



single  
pass

hundreds of  
iterations



# Edge detection

- Compare pixel to its four nearest neighbours
  - pixel values are from 0 (black) to 255 (white)

$$edge_{i,j} = image_{i+1,j} + image_{i,j+1} + image_{i-1,j} + image_{i,j-1} - 4 image_{i,j}$$

- What about the boundary conditions?
  - use non-periodic boundaries
  - pixels off the edge of the image (e.g.  $image_{M+1,j}$ ) are set to white
- Pad 2D arrays with halos
  - in serial code, all halo values set to 255 (i.e. white)



# Image reconstruction

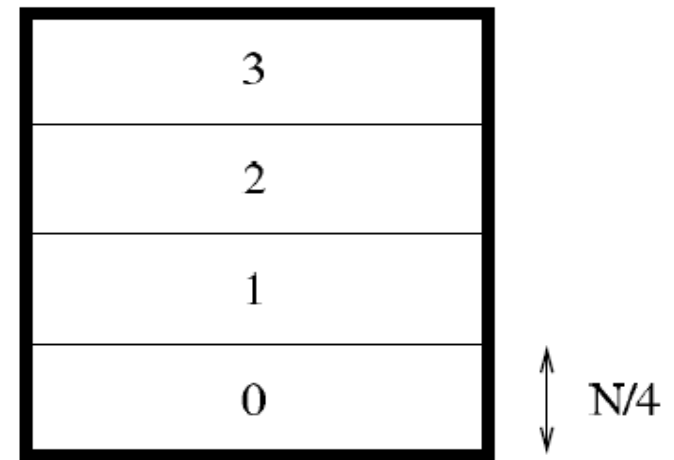
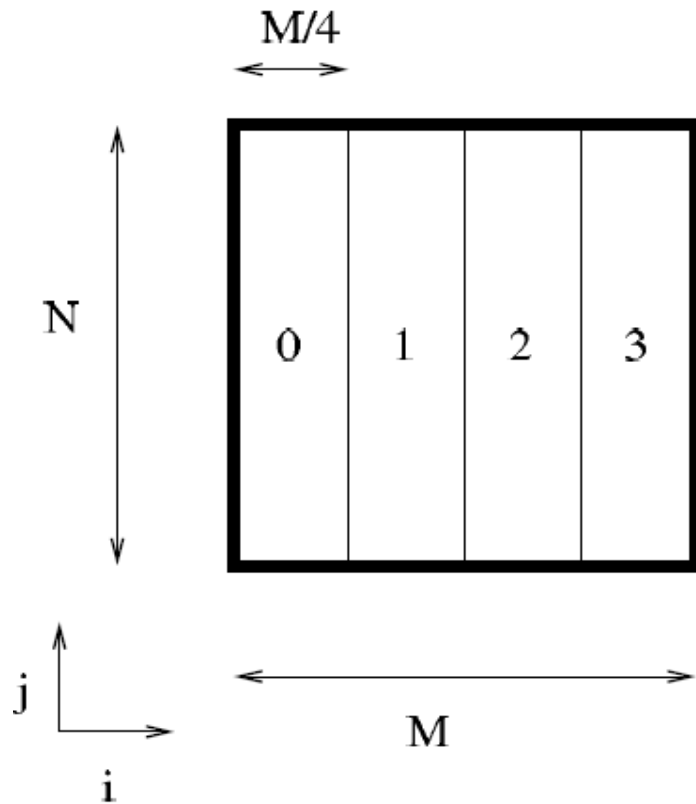
- Jacobi Solver to undo the simple edge detection algorithm (a five-point stencil)
  - simple example of discretised partial differential equation with nearest-neighbour interactions
  - actually solving  $\nabla^2 image = edge$

$$new_{i,j} = \frac{1}{4} (old_{i+1,j} + old_{i,j+1} + old_{i-1,j} + old_{i,j-1} - edge_{i,j})$$

- Repeat many times
  - in parallel, must update halo values from neighbours every iteration

# Domain Decomposition

- Different choices in C and Fortran



# The case study

- I provide you with:
  - More detailed printed instruction
  - Tar-ball (Choice of C or Fortran)
    - Input routine
    - Output routine
    - Couple of input files
- Tasks
  - Write a serial code (with halos for fixed boundary conditions)
    - ***check that the serial code works!!***
  - Distribute the work onto the processors; separate reconstructions
  - Get the halos exchanged; single reconstruction, identical to serial
  - Further suggestions on the instruction sheet

# Viewing the Images

- Images are in a very old-fashioned text-based format
  - Portable Grey Map (PGM)
  - easy to read and write
- You may not be able to view PGM files on your laptop
  - could install *ImageMagick* suite (which contains *display*)
    - may have problems with the input edge files

```
user@laptop:~> display image.pgm
```

- Simple viewing package available on ARCHER2
  - user@archer2:~> module load xview
  - user@archer2:~> xview -gamma 2 image.pgm