# SOFTWARE USER MANUAL

Version 1.0

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This document describes the User Guide for the OpenBats simulation tool. The tool in its current stage of development can optimize a building load to reduce the cost to the consumer by orchestrating use of solar and storage to offset high price segments of a given day. In addition to this optimization, the tool can also add additional optimization methods easily. The optimization procedure needs to be added as a function in the optimization code and the user interface needs to be updated with that option in its list, and then updated to make an appropriate call to that function when the user selects it in the user interface. All the code for the OpenBats tool, including the optimization and user interface application are all built using python.

#### Architecture

The architecture of the OpenBats simulation tool is primarily to be able to run various optimization algorithms and then once the simulation of the systems has been executed, a user could apply those methods to an actual building. The different steps of the algorithm are:

- A. Collect required data for control and optimization from a building for period of interest (summer, autumn, winter, spring and iterating these over weekday and weekend days)
- B. Clean and format the data for AI data modeling
- C. Model the load parameters as a function of weather, system parameters and building constraints.
- D. Optimization
  - a. Select the days to apply the optimization (currently fixed in the optimization source code)
  - b. Select the original data file where no optimization has been applied for the selected days
  - c. Select the input and output variables
  - d. Select the model built earlier based on the data collected
  - e. Select the optimization methodology to apply
  - f. Run the optimization
  - g. Plot data to understand the optimization results

#### Using the OpenBats simulation tool

To launch the tool, one needs to have python 3.7.12 installed. To start the tool, ensure that relevant python version is installed in the computer (tested on a window 10 machine). Then open a

command window (cmd.exe), navigate to the folder that contains the source code for the OpenBats Simulation tool (openbats\_v10.py) and execute the script as shown below.

#### C:\Users\user1\openbats tool> python openbats\_v10.py

where the location of the OpenBats tool code is present in the directory "C:\Users\user1\openbats\_tool" directory.

When the code executes, the following user interface is launched.

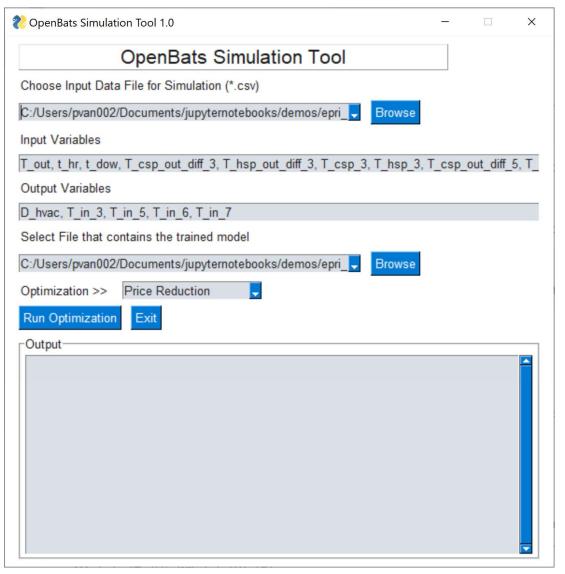


Figure 1: OpenBats Simulation Tool User Interface

The methodology of running the optimization simulation using OpenBats 1.0 will be described next.

As a first step, click on the browse button left of indicator (1) in the **Figure 2** below to select the data file days the optimization simulation is being run.

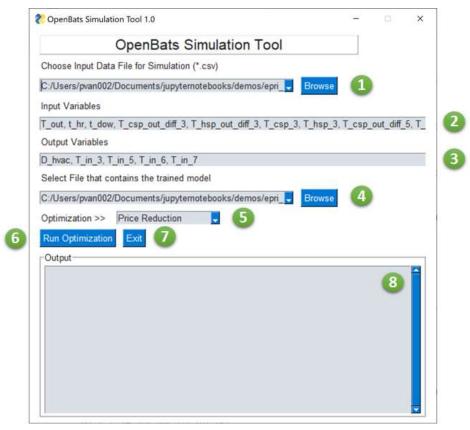


Figure 2: Screenshot of the OpenBats tool with user interface element indicators

On clicking the "Browse" button, the file select file dialog pops up as shown in Figure 3 below.

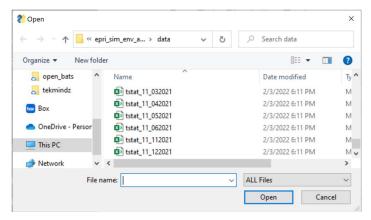


Figure 3: Screenshot of the Select File Dialog

The data file is expected to be a "CSV" file (that is format is a comma separated values file with first line containing the signal names. After selecting the data file, the next step is enter the input variables in indicator (2) of Figure 2, and output variables for the model outputs in indicator (3) of Figure 2. The user needs to ensure that the names of the variables match the values in the data "CSV" file included in the first step.

In the next step click the "Browse" button left of the indicator (4) in Figure 2 to select the model file that built using the original data collected and trained using an AI model.

In the next step, select the Optimization algorithm from the drop down list of the combo box to the left of the indicator (5) in Figure 2. Finally click on the button "Run Optimization" to the right of indicator (6) in Figure 2.

The output data emitted by the optimization will appear on the "Output" pane shown by the indicator (8) in Figure 2.

Any data plots that the optimization generates will be open in a browser after the code execution is complete.

Sample output for the price reduction optimization for the BSA building is shown below.

```
Run Optimization
```

```
Running Optimization
```

```
xvars = ['T_out', 't_hr', 't_dow', 'T_csp_out_diff_3', 'T_hsp_out_diff_3', 'T_csp_3', 'T_csp_out_diff_5', 'T_csp_out_diff_5', 'T_csp_5', 'T_hsp_5', 'T_csp_out_diff_7', 'T_csp_7', 'T_hsp_7', 'T_csp_out_diff_6', 'T_hsp_out_diff_6', 'T_csp_6', 'T_hsp_6']
yvars = ['D_hvac', 'T_in_3', 'T_in_5', 'T_in_6', 'T_in_7']
c:\Users\pvan002\Anaconda3\envs\epri sim\lib\site-packages\pandas\core\generic.py:4150:
```

c:\Users\pvan002\Anaconda3\envs\epri\_sim\lib\site-packages\pandas\core\generic.py:4150: PerformanceWarning:

dropping on a non-lexsorted multi-index without a level parameter may impact performance.

```
completed sim for the 2021-05-11
completed sim for the 2021-05-12
completed sim for the 2021-05-13
completed sim for the 2021-05-14
completed sim for the 2021-05-15
completed sim for the 2021-05-16
completed sim for the 2021-05-17
completed sim for the 2021-05-18
completed sim for the 2021-05-19
completed sim for the 2021-05-20
completed sim for the 2021-05-21
completed sim for the 2021-05-22
completed sim for the 2021-05-23
completed sim for the 2021-05-24
completed sim for the 2021-05-25
completed sim for the 2021-05-26
completed sim for the 2021-05-27
completed sim for the 2021-05-28
completed sim for the 2021-05-29
```

## Baseline (based on computed HVAC for simulated range) Date Weekday import\_cost export\_cost

```
0 05/11/2021 Tuesday 16.236628 -25.026564
1 05/12/2021 Wednesday 15.458936 -27.145193
2 05/13/2021 Thursday 15.112718 -27.356455
3 05/14/2021 Friday 15.792430 -16.264383
4 05/15/2021 Saturday 13.342127 -19.254181
5 05/16/2021 Sunday 10.963797 -29.344381
6 05/17/2021 Monday 11.298342 -17.949223
7 05/18/2021 Tuesday 13.100645 -27.759899
8 05/19/2021 Wednesday 11.701935 -35.970223
9 05/20/2021 Thursday 12.074597 -33.895783
10 05/21/2021 Friday 11.813847 -31.985740
11 05/22/2021 Saturday 9.996693 -41.731843
12 05/23/2021 Sunday 10.408633 -30.970331
13 05/24/2021 Monday 13.679155 -29.309328
14 05/25/2021 Tuesday 14.061656 -30.027576
15 05/26/2021 Wednesday 12.038411 -29.587899
16 05/27/2021 Thursday 13.193805 -31.924031
```

17 05/28/2021 Friday 12.164756 -29.902709

```
18 05/29/2021 Saturday 13.200907 -8.388656
peak kw = 11.685336198709786
import -> $ 245.6400197022997 export -> $ -523.7943987581718
total bill -> $ -46.200455511482915
Simulation: (based on computed HVAC for simulated range)
    Date Weekday import_cost export_cost
0 05/11/2021 Tuesday 16.172574 -25.705572
1 05/12/2021 Wednesday 14.201711 -26.613153
2 05/13/2021 Thursday 13.304146 -25.970389
3 05/14/2021 Friday 15.488851 -16.943255
4 05/15/2021 Saturday 11.164372 -17.257745
5 05/16/2021 Sunday 9.669647 -26.310466
6 05/17/2021 Monday 14.998102 -21.861017
7 05/18/2021 Tuesday 14.871845 -31.082817
8 05/19/2021 Wednesday 12.470899 -38.469210
9 05/20/2021 Thursday 12.873106 -35.946567
10 05/21/2021 Friday 12.368339 -33.924502
11 05/22/2021 Saturday 9.324630 -42.039537
12 05/23/2021 Sunday 9.106281 -30.859928
13 05/24/2021 Monday 13.613184 -29.976644
14 05/25/2021 Tuesday 14.637375 -31.487786
15 05/26/2021 Wednesday 11.667069 -30.202120
16 05/27/2021 Thursday 12.519144 -31.986427
17 05/28/2021 Friday 12.040373 -30.966868
18 05/29/2021 Saturday 11.878603 -7.707987
peak kw = 10.873529249878771
import -> $ 242.3702506170079 export -> $ -535.3119915138292
total bill -> $ -77.1021852867276
Optimization done... Plotting data. Data will open up in a browser
Optimization done
```

Sample output generated for the price reduction optimization for the BSA building is shown in Figure 4 below.

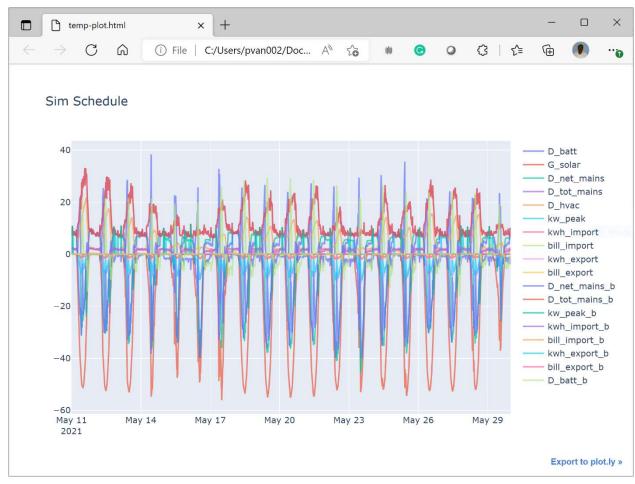


Figure 4: Data plot output as a result of the optimization execution in the local browser window

#### Source Code for the User interface

The source code for the OpenBats interface is coded in the file openbats\_v10.py ("10" indicates a versioning system to keep track of changes).

The python code for the user interface is listed below.

```
#-*- coding: utf-8-*-
"""

Created on Tue May 24 17:19:08 2022

@author: Viswanath
```

```
# openbats GUI to run the simulation in the background
import threading
import time
import os.path
import PySimpleGUI as sg
import simulate v3gui as sim ob
def simulation_thread(window, model_file = None, data_file = None):
    if model file is None or data file is None:
        print(f'model file => {model file}')
        print(f'data file => {data_file}')
        print("both data file and model file are required for optimizaton")
        window.write_event_value('-SIMULATION FAILED-', "")
        sim ob.simulate from gui(file model = model file, data in file = data file)
        window.write_event_value('-SIMULATION DONE-', '')
def do simulation(model file = None, data file = None):
    threading.Thread(target=simulation_thread, args=(window, model_file, data_file),
daemon=True).start()
def make window(theme):
    sg.theme(theme)
    layout_sim = [
        [sg.Text("OpenBats Simulation Tool", size=(38, 1), justification='center',
font=("Helvetica", 16), relief=sg.RELIEF_RIDGE, k='-TEXT HEADING-',
enable events=True)],
        [sg.Text("Choose Input Data File for Simulation (*.csv)")],
        [sg.Combo(sg.user_settings_get_entry('-filenames-data-', []),
default_value=sg.user_settings_get_entry('-last filename-data-', ''), size=(50, 1),
key='-FILENAME-DATA-'),
        sg.FileBrowse()],
        [sg.Text("Input Variables")],
        [sg.Input("T_out, t_hr, t_dow, T_csp_out_diff_3, T_hsp_out_diff_3, T_csp_3,
T hsp 3, T_csp_out_diff_5, T_hsp_out_diff_5, T_csp_5, T_hsp_5, T_csp_out_diff_7,
T_hsp_out_diff_7, T_csp_7, T_hsp_7, T_csp_out_diff_6, T_hsp_out_diff_6, T_csp_6,
T_hsp_6",
                  key='-input-vars-', expand_x = True, expand_y = True)],
        [sg.Text('Output Variables')],
        [sg.Input("D_hvac, T_in_3, T_in_5, T_in_6, T_in_7", key='-output-vars-',
expand_x = True, expand_y = True)],
        [sg.Text("Select File that contains the trained model")],
        [sg.Combo(sg.user_settings_get_entry('-filenames-model-', []),
default_value=sg.user_settings_get_entry('-last filename-model-', ''), size=(50, 1),
key='-FILENAME-MODEL-'),
```

```
sg.FileBrowse()],
        [sg.Text("Optimization >> "),
             sg.Combo(values=('Price Reduction', 'Reduce Peak Energy'),
default_value='Price Reduction',
             readonly=True, k='-OPT-COMBO-')],
        [sg.Button("Run Optimization"), sg.Button('Exit')],
        [sg.Frame("Output", [[sg.Multiline(size=(75,15), font='Courier 8',
expand_x=True, expand_y=True, write_only=True,
                                    reroute stdout=True, reroute stderr=True,
echo_stdout_stderr=True, autoscroll=True, auto_refresh=True)]])]
    window = sg.Window('OpenBats Simulation Tool 1.0', layout_sim, finalize=True,
keep on top=True)
    return window
sg.theme('LightGrey1')
window = make window(sg.theme())
while True:
    event, values = window.read()
    print(event)
    print(values)
    print(type(event))
    if event == sg.WIN CLOSED or event == 'Exit':
    elif event is None:
        break
    elif event == 'Run Optimization':
        print ("Running Optimization")
        dat_file = values['-FILENAME-DATA-']
        mod_file = values['-FILENAME-MODEL-']
        tx vars = values['-input-vars-']
        x_vars= tx_vars.split(',') if tx_vars else []
        x_vars = [s.strip() for s in x_vars]
        ty_vars = values['-output-vars-']
        y_vars = ty_vars.split(',') if ty_vars else []
        y vars = [s.strip() for s in y vars]
        print (f' xvars = {x_vars}')
        print (f' yvars = {y_vars}')
        if dat_file is None or mod_file is None or len(dat_file) == 0 or
len(mod file) == 0:
            print("Cannot do optimizaton, both data and model file required")
            print(f'model file => {mod_file}')
            print(f'data file => {dat file}')
            sg.user_settings_set_entry('-filenames-data-',
list(set(sg.user_settings_get_entry('-filenames-data-', []) + [values['-FILENAME-
DATA-'], ])))
            sg.user_settings_set_entry('-last filename-data-', values['-FILENAME-
DATA-'])
```

#### Source Code for the Optimization and Data Modeling

The source code for Optimization and data modeling is split into 3 files:

- 1. **darts\_model.py**: This file creates the AI based model based on the data, and it uses Darts package to identify and generate the AI model
- 2. **simulate.py**: This file contains the code that runs the optimization function, and all the necessary related functions are also present in the same file
- 3. **run\_simulate.py**: This is a wrapper file in python which allow the user interface to execute the optimization functions defined in "simulate.py".

The source code for "darts\_model.py" is listed below:

```
from datetime import timedelta
from lzma import CHECK UNKNOWN
#from sqlite3 import Timestamp
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import os
import calendar
import plotly.graph_objs as go
import plotly.offline as pyo
import plotly.express as px
from plotly.subplots import make_subplots
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from darts import TimeSeries
from darts.models import NBEATSModel
from darts.models import RegressionModel
from darts.models import RNNModel
from darts.models import BlockRNNModel
from darts.dataprocessing.transformers import Scaler
```

```
import torch
class GLOBS():
    filepath_in = "./data/df_historical_20210101-20210601.csv"
    filepath tstat alt = "./data/test data/darts counterfactual tstat.csv"
    # TODO: Add multiple sample series inputs to model fitting (non-contiguous time
series)
    start date = "2021-04-20" # TODO: Add Winter Months to training data (or warmer
summer...?) (DONE)
    end date = "2021-05-30"
    train val split date = "2021-05-20"
    #n val samples = 480 # Deprecated
    train frac = 0.8
    n = 50
    forecast horizon = 24*4
    pred_dates = [
        "2021-05-21", "2021-05-22", "2021-05-23", "2021-05-24",
        "2021-05-25", "2021-05-26", "2021-05-27"
    #pred dates = [
         "2021-05-01", "2021-05-02", "2021-05-03", "2021-05-04",
         "2021-05-05", "2021-05-06", "2021-05-07", "2021-05-08"
    #
    training_pred_dates = [
        "2021-05-14", "2021-05-15", "2021-05-16", "2021-05-17",
        "2021-05-18", "2021-05-19", "2021-05-20"
    n rnn layers = 2
    #y_var = "D_hvac" # need to include the correlated targets as well (DONE)
    y_var = ["D_hvac", "T_in_3", "T_in_5", "T_in_6", "T_in_7"] # TODO: Try adding
zone 7 and D hvac to the model targets. (DONE)
    # TODO: Try a RandomForestRegressor (or other future variates model), maybe will
overfit less than RNN
    X_{vars} = [
        "T_out", "t_hr", "t_dow", #"t_isweekday", #"G_solar", #"T_hd65", "T_cd65",
        "T_csp_out_diff_3", "T_hsp_out_diff_3", "T_csp_3", "T_hsp_3", "T_csp_out_diff_5", "T_csp_5", "T_hsp_5", #TODO: Figure
out how to account for the non-SP conforming behavior (DONE)
        "T_csp_out_diff_7", "T_hsp_out_diff_7", "T_csp_7", "T_hsp_7",
"T_csp_out_diff_6", "T_hsp_out_diff_6", "T_csp_6", "T_hsp_6" # no setpoint
changes occur in 2021
    # TODO: Write code for counterfactual thermostat schedules that imports a csv
    # that maps ZONE, HOUR, DAYOFWEEK, to a setpoint that will override the
historical
    # default value
class GLOBS V2():
    filepath in = "./data/df historical 20210101-20210601.csv"
```

```
filepath tstat alt = "./data/test data/darts counterfactual tstat.csv"
   # TODO: Add multiple sample series inputs to model fitting (non-contiguous time
series)
    start date = "2021-04-20" # TODO: Add Winter Months to training data (or warmer
summer...?) (DONE)
    end date = "2021-05-30"
    train_val_split_date = "2021-05-20"
    #n val samples = 480 # Deprecated
   train frac = 0.8
    n = 50
    forecast horizon = 24*4
    pred dates = [
        "2021-05-21", "2021-05-22", "2021-05-23", "2021-05-24",
        "2021-05-25", "2021-05-26", "2021-05-27"
    #pred dates = [
         "2021-05-01", "2021-05-02", "2021-05-03", "2021-05-04",
         "2021-05-05", "2021-05-06", "2021-05-07", "2021-05-08"
   #]
    training_pred_dates = [
        "2021-05-14", "2021-05-15", "2021-05-16", "2021-05-17",
        "2021-05-18", "2021-05-19", "2021-05-20"
    n_rnn_layers = 2
   #y var = "D hvac" # need to include the correlated targets as well (DONE)
   y_var = ["D_hvac", "T_in_3", "T_in_5", "T_in_6", "T_in_7"] # TODO: Try adding
zone 7 and D hvac to the model targets. (DONE)
   # TODO: Try a RandomForestRegressor (or other future variates model), maybe will
overfit less than RNN
   X vars = [
        "T_out", "t_hr", "t_dow", #"t_isweekday", #"G_solar", #"T_hd65", "T_cd65",
        "T_csp_out_diff_3", "T_hsp_out_diff_3", "T_csp_3", "T_hsp_3",
        "T_csp_out_diff_5", "T_hsp_out_diff_5", "T_csp_5", "T_hsp_5", #TODO: Figure
out how to account for the non-SP conforming behavior (DONE)
        "T_csp_out_diff_7", "T_hsp_out_diff_7", "T_csp_7", "T_hsp_7",
        "T_csp_out_diff_6", "T_hsp_out_diff_6", "T_csp_6", "T_hsp_6" # no setpoint
changes occur in 2021
   # TODO: Write code for counterfactual thermostat schedules that imports a csv
    # that maps ZONE, HOUR, DAYOFWEEK, to a setpoint that will override the
historical
   # default value
    price offpeak = 0.14181 # $/kWh
    price onpeak = 0.22501 # $/kWh
   price_partpeak = 0.16988 #$kwh
   price_export = 0.18 # $/kwh
    price peak = 19.85 # $/kW*month (demand charge)
    customer charge = 4.59959 # charge / day according to bill
```

```
price arr = []
    price_arr.append(np.ones(34) * price_offpeak ) # 12:00 Am to 8:30 Am
    price_arr.append(np.ones(14) * price_partpeak ) # 8:30 AM to 12:00 PM
    price arr.append(np.ones(24) * price_onpeak ) # 12:00 PM to 6:00 PM
    price arr.append(np.ones(14) * price partpeak ) # 6:00 PM to 9:30 PM
    price_arr.append(np.ones(10) * price_offpeak ) # 9:30 PM to 12:00 AM
    price tou = dict(enumerate(price arr))
    price_arr = []
    price_arr.extend( (np.ones(96) * price_offpeak).tolist() ) # 12:00 Am to 12:00
Am next day
    price tou hday = dict(enumerate(price arr))
class Forecaster():
    def __init__(self, y_var, X_vars):
        self.y var = y var
        self.X_vars = X_vars
        self.n thermal zones = 11
    def import data(self, filepath):
        self.df raw = pd.read csv(filepath)
        self.df_raw["Timestamp"] = pd.to_datetime(self.df_raw["Timestamp"])
        #self.df raw["T in lag1 diff 3"] = s
    def import trained model(self, filepath):
        Import trained model from prior torch model run *.pth.tar
        self.model = torch.load(filepath)
    def prep features(self, df):
        #self.df_raw["T_diff_3"] = self.df_raw["T_out"] - self.df_raw["T_csp_3"]
        #df = self.df_raw.copy()
                # update indoor temp features:
        df["t_isweekday"] = df["Timestamp"].dt.dayofweek < 5</pre>
        df["t isweekday"] = df["t isweekday"].map({True: 1, False: 0})
        # Add a non-flexible load feature for simulation
        df["D_nonflex"] = df["D_mains"] - df["G_solar"] - df["D_hvac"] -
df["D battery eg"]
        for zone in range(1,self.n_thermal_zones):
            # Outdoor-SP temp diff (this is not as good as indoor-sp diff, but this
feature is not cooupled to the target or the decision variable)
            df["T csp out diff {}".format(zone)] = (df["T out"] -
df["T_csp_{}".format(zone)]).clip(lower=0)
            df["T_hsp_out_diff_{}".format(zone)] = (df["T_hsp_{}".format(zone)] -
df["T_out"]).clip(lower=0)
```

```
# Indoor-SP temp diff
            df["T_csp_in_diff_{}".format(zone)] = (df["T_in_{}".format(zone)] -
df["T_csp_{}".format(zone)]).clip(lower=0)
            df["T_hsp_in_diff_{}".format(zone)] = (df["T_hsp_{}".format(zone)] -
df["T in {}".format(zone)]).clip(lower=0)
            # CD65 & HD65
            df["T_cd65".format(zone)] = (df["T_out"] - 65).clip(lower=0)
            df["T_hd65".format(zone)] = (65 - df["T_out"]).clip(lower=0)
            # Targets:
            df["T_in_lag1_diff_{}".format(zone)] = df["T_in_{}".format(zone)].diff()
            # One more feature...
            df["T_in_lag1_diff_lag1_{}".format(zone)] =
df["T_in_lag1_diff_{}".format(zone)].shift()
        #self.df_raw = df.copy()
        return df
    def prep_data(self, idx_col="Timestamp", start_date="2000-01-01", end_date="2050-
01-01", t res="15min"):
        Remove non-model variable columns
        # Calculate the "fudged" setpoints to make training data more robust
        df = self.df raw.copy()
        # If T_csp_* - T_in > 4 --> T_csp_* += uniform(-2,2)
        # If T_in - T_hsp_* > 4 --> T_hsp_* += uniform(-2,2)
        for z in range(1,self.n_thermal_zones):
            df["T_csp_{}]".format(z)] += (df["T_csp_{}]".format(z)]-
df["T_in_{}]".format(z)] >= 1)*np.random.uniform(-0.5, 0.5, df.shape[0])
            df["T_hsp_{}".format(z)] += (df["T_in_{}".format(z)]-
df["T hsp {}".format(z)] >= 1)*np.random.uniform(-0.5, 0.5, df.shape[0])
            df["T_csp_{}".format(z)] += (df["T_csp_{}".format(z)]-
df["T_in_{}".format(z)] >= 3)*np.random.uniform(-2, 1, df.shape[0])
            df["T_hsp_{}".format(z)] += (df["T_in_{}".format(z)]-
df["T_hsp_{{}}".format(z)] >= 3)*np.random.uniform(-1, 2, df.shape[0])
            df["T csp {}".format(z)] += (df["T csp {}".format(z)]-
df["T_in_{}".format(z)] >= 7)*np.random.uniform(-5, 4, df.shape[0])
            df["T_hsp_{}".format(z)] += (df["T_in_{}".format(z)]-
df["T_hsp_{{}}".format(z)] >= 7)*np.random.uniform(-4, 5, df.shape[0])
            df["T_csp_{}".format(z)] += (df["T_csp_{}".format(z)]-
df["T_in_{}]".format(z)] >= 10)*np.random.uniform(-7, 6, df.shape[0])
        if isinstance(self.y var, list):
            cols = [idx_col] + self.y_var + self.X_vars
        else:
            cols = [idx_col, self.y_var] + self.X_vars
        #self.df_in = self.df_raw[["Timestamp", "D_mains", "T_out"]]
        self.df_in = df[cols].copy()
```

```
self.df in = self.df in[self.df in.Timestamp >= start date]
        self.df_in = self.df_in[self.df_in.Timestamp < end_date]</pre>
        self.df_in = self.df_in.set_index("Timestamp").resample(t_res).mean()
        #self.df in = self.df in.interpolate(method="spline", order=3)
        self.df in = self.df in.interpolate(method="linear").reset index()
        #self.df in = self.df in[self.df in.Timestamp.dt.dayofweek < 5] # Forecast</pre>
does not work
    def prep_altered_data(self, file_tstat_alt=None):
        df = self.df_raw.copy()
        # Import Altered Setpoints and Overwrite from File
        if file tstat alt is not None:
            setpoints alt = pd.read csv(file tstat alt)\
                .drop_duplicates(subset=["zone", "t_hr", "t_dow"])\
                .pivot(index=["t_hr", "t_dow"], columns="zone", values=["T_hsp",
"T_csp"])\
                .T.reset index()
            setpoints alt["col"] = setpoints alt["level 0"].astype(str) + " " +
setpoints_alt["zone"].astype(str)
            setpoints alt = setpoints alt\
                .set_index("col")\
                .drop(["level_0", "zone"], axis=1).T\
                .reset_index()\
                .set_index(["t_hr", "t_dow"])
            df = df.set_index(["t_hr", "t_dow"])
            df.update(setpoints alt)
            df = df.reset index()
        # More hack-y way of doing it...should deprecate this after testing
import+overwrite method
        else:
            setpoints alt diff = {
                "T_csp_1": 0,
                "T_csp_2": 0,
                "T_csp_3": +2,
                "T_csp_4": 0,
                "T csp 5": 0,
                "T csp 6": 0,
                "T_csp_7": -2,
                "T_csp_8": 0,
                "T csp 9": 0,
                "T_csp_10": 0,
                "T_hsp_1": 0,
                "T_hsp_2": 0,
                "T hsp 3": +2,
                "T hsp 4": 0,
                "T_hsp_5": 0,
                "T_hsp_6": 0,
                "T_hsp_7": -3,
                "T hsp 8": 0,
```

```
"T_hsp_9": 0,
                "T_hsp_10": 0,
           }
           altered_hours = [9,10,11,12,13,14]
           df["mask"] = df["t hr"].isin(altered hours).map({True:1, False:0})
           for col in setpoints alt diff.keys():
               df[col] = df[col] + setpoints_alt_diff[col]*df["mask"]
       self.df altered = self.prep features(df)
       self.X_altered = TimeSeries.from_dataframe(self.df_altered.reset_index(),
"Timestamp", self.X_vars)
       self.X_altered_scaled = self.scaler_X.transform(self.X_altered)
   def init_model(self):
       # for 15 min resolution
       self.model = NBEATSModel(
           input chunk length = 48*4,
           output chunk length = 24*4,
           n = 50,
           random state = 0
       )
       # 1-hr model
       self.model = NBEATSModel(
           input_chunk_length = 48,
           output chunk length = 24,
           n = 5,
           random_state = 0
       )
   def init rnn model(self, n rnn layers=2):
       self.model = RNNModel(
           model="RNN",
           input_chunk_length = 24*1,
           training_length = 24*2,
           save checkpoints = True,
           n_rnn_layers = n_rnn_layers
       )
   def init blockrnn model(self, n epochs=50):
       self.model = BlockRNNModel(
           model = "LSTM",
           input chunk length = 24*4,
           output chunk length = 24*4,
           n = pochs = n = pochs,
           random_state = 0
       )
   def fit_rnn_model(self, epochs):
```

```
self.model.fit(
            self.train y,
            future_covariates = self.train_X, # Set as bast or future
            epochs = epochs,
            verbose = True
        )
    def fit blockrnn model(self):
        self.model.fit(
            self.train_y,
            past covariates=self.train X,
            verbose = True
        )
    def init regr model(self):
        self.model = RegressionModel(
            lags=None,
            lags past covariates=[-24,-12,-2,-1],
            lags future covariates=[-24,-12,-2,-1,0],
        )
    def fit regr model(self):
        self.model.fit(
            self.train_y,
            past covariates = self.train X["T out"],
            future covariates = self.train X["T csp 3"]
        )
    def split_scale_data(self, split_date):
        self.y = TimeSeries.from_dataframe(self.df_in, "Timestamp", self.y_var)
        self.X = TimeSeries.from dataframe(self.df in, "Timestamp", self.X vars)
        # Add noise
        x_shape = self.X.pd_dataframe().shape
        y_shape = self.y.pd_dataframe().shape
        x noise = np.random.normal(0, self.X.pd_dataframe().std()*0.09, (x_shape[0],
x_shape[1]))
        y noise = np.random.normal(0, self.y.pd dataframe().std()*0.09, (y shape[0],
y shape[1]))
        x_noise = TimeSeries.from_dataframe(pd.DataFrame(x_noise,
index=self.X.pd_dataframe().index, columns=self.X.pd_dataframe().columns))
        y noise = TimeSeries.from dataframe(pd.DataFrame(y noise,
index=self.y.pd_dataframe().index, columns=self.y.pd_dataframe().columns))
        self.X_wNoise = self.X + x_noise
        self.y wNoise = self.y + y noise
        self.scaler y = Scaler().fit(self.y wNoise)
        self.scaler_X = Scaler().fit(self.X_wNoise)
        self.y_scaled = self.scaler_y.transform(self.y_wNoise)
        self.X_scaled = self.scaler_X.transform(self.X_wNoise)
```

```
self.train y = self.y scaled.drop after(pd.to datetime(split date))#[:-
n_val_samples]
        self.val_y = self.y_scaled.drop_before(pd.to_datetime(split_date))#[-
n_val_samples:]
        self.train X = self.X scaled.drop after(pd.to datetime(split date))#[:-
n val samples]
        self.val_X = self.X_scaled.drop_before(pd.to_datetime(split_date))#[-
n_val_samples:]
    def eval_model(self, past_covariates=None, future_covariates=None,
forecast horizon=10, start=GLOBS.train frac, test name=None):
        if test name is None:
            test name= "backtest (n={})".format(forecast horizon)
        else:
            test name = test name
        # Backtest the model on the last 20% of the self.train_y series, with a
horizon of 24 steps
        self.backtest = self.model.historical forecasts(
            series = self.y scaled,
            past covariates=past covariates,
            future covariates=future covariates,
            start=start.
            retrain=False,
            verbose=True,
            forecast horizon=forecast horizon
        #self.y[-len(self.backtest)-150:].plot()
        self.y.plot(alpha=0.8)
        b_inv = self.scaler_y.inverse_transform(self.backtest)
        b_inv.plot(
            label = test_name, #label='backtest (n={})'.format(forecast_horizon),
            alpha = 0.8
        self.df_raw.set_index("Timestamp")[["T_out", "T_in_3", "T_csp_3",
"T_hsp_3"]].plot()
        plt.legend()
        plt.show()
    def eval model altered(self, past covariates=None, past covariates altered=None,
future_covariates=None, future_covariates_altered=None, forecast_horizon=10,
start=GLOBS.train_frac):
        # Backtest the model on the last 20% of the self.train y series, with a
horizon of 24 steps
        self.backtest = self.model.historical forecasts(
            series = self.y_scaled,
            past_covariates=past_covariates,
            future covariates=future covariates,
            start=start,
```

```
retrain=False,
           verbose=True,
           forecast_horizon=forecast_horizon
       #self.y[-len(self.backtest)-150:].plot()
       #self.y.plot(alpha=0.8)
       b_inv = self.scaler_y.inverse_transform(self.backtest)
       #b inv.plot(
            label='backtest (n={})'.format(forecast_horizon),
            alpha = 0.8
       #)
       # Run backtest on altered data
       if past covariates altered is not None:
           self.backtest_altered = self.model.historical_forecasts(
               series = self.y_scaled,
               past_covariates = past_covariates_altered,
               future covariates = future covariates altered,
               start = start,
               retrain = False,
               verbose = True,
               forecast_horizon = forecast_horizon
       elif future_covariates_altered is not None:
           self.backtest altered = self.model.historical forecasts(
               series = self.y_scaled,
               past_covariates = past_covariates_altered,
               future covariates = future covariates altered,
               start = start,
               retrain = False,
               verbose = True,
               forecast horizon = forecast horizon
           b_inv_altered = self.scaler_y.inverse_transform(self.backtest_altered)
           #b_inv_altered.plot(
                label = "altered X",
                alpha = 0.8
           #
           #)
       # Plot temperature data
       y = self.y.pd_dataframe()
       y_pred = b_inv.pd_dataframe() # .rename(columns={0:"b_inv"})
       y_pred_altered = b_inv_altered.pd_dataframe() #
.rename(columns={0:"counterfactual preds"})
       y.columns = self.y var
       y_pred.columns = self.y_var
       y_pred_altered.columns = self.y_var
```

```
if isinstance(self.y var, list):
            row idx = 1
            traces = []
            trace_rows = []
            trace cols = []
            df raw 15min =
self.df_raw.set_index("Timestamp").resample("15min").mean()
            for col in self.y var:
                trace_y = go.Scatter(x=pd.to_datetime(y.index), y=y[col], name=col,
opacity=0.8)
                trace y pred = go.Scatter(x=pd.to datetime(y pred.index),
y=y_pred[col], name=col+"_pred", opacity=0.8)
                trace_y_altered = go.Scatter(x=pd.to_datetime(y_pred_altered.index),
y=y_pred_altered[col], name=col+"_counterfactual", opacity=0.8)
                traces.append(trace_y)
                traces.append(trace y pred)
                traces.append(trace y altered)
                trace_rows += [row_idx, row_idx, row_idx]
                trace cols += [1,1,1]
                if "T in " in col:
                    # TODO: Need to only include the CSP/HSP traces if the target
variable is an indoor temperature
                    zone idx = col.split(" ")[-1]
                    hsp_col = "T_hsp_{}".format(zone_idx)
                    csp col = "T csp {}".format(zone idx)
                    trace_csp = go.Scatter(x=pd.to_datetime(df_raw_15min.index),
y=df_raw_15min[csp_col], name=csp_col, opacity=0.8)
                    trace_hsp = go.Scatter(x=pd.to_datetime(df_raw_15min.index),
y=df raw 15min[hsp col], name=hsp col, opacity=0.8)
                    trace csp alt =
go.Scatter(x=pd.to_datetime(self.df_altered["Timestamp"]),
y=self.df_altered[csp_col], name=csp_col+"_counterfactual", opacity=0.6)
                    trace hsp alt =
go.Scatter(x=pd.to_datetime(self.df_altered["Timestamp"]),
y=self.df altered[hsp col], name=hsp col+" counterfactual", opacity=0.6)
                    traces.append(trace csp)
                    traces.append(trace hsp)
                    traces.append(trace_csp_alt)
                    traces.append(trace hsp alt)
                    trace_rows += [row_idx, row_idx, row_idx]
                    trace_cols += [1,1,1,1]
                row idx += 1
        else:
            row idx = 1
            trace_y = go.Scatter(x=pd.to_datetime(y.index), y=y, name=self.y_var,
opacity=0.8)
```

```
trace y pred = go.Scatter(x = pd.to datetime(y pred.index), y=y pred,
name=self.y_var+"_pred", opacity=0.8)
            trace_y_pred_altered = go.Scatter(x=pd.to_datetime(y_pred_altered.index),
y=y_pred_altered, name=self.y_var+"_counterfactual", opacity=0.8)
            trace_rows = [row_idx, row_idx, row_idx]
            trace cols = [1,1,1]
            traces = [trace_y, trace_y_pred, trace_y_pred_altered]
        #for col in ["T_out", "T_csp_3", "T_hsp_3", "T_in_3"]:
        for col in ["T_out"]:
            trace = go.Scatter(
                x = pd.to_datetime(df_raw_15min.index),
                y = df_raw_15min[col],
                name = col,
                opacity = 0.8
            )
            traces.append(trace)
            trace rows.append(row idx)
            trace cols.append(1)
        fig = make_subplots(rows=row_idx, shared_xaxes=True)
        fig.add traces(traces, rows=trace rows, cols=trace cols)
        pyo.plot(fig)
        #self.df_raw.set_index("Timestamp")[["T_out", "T_csp_3", "T_hsp_3", "T_out"]]
        #plt.legend()
        #plt.show()
    def get episodic preds(self, pred dates, past covariates=None,
past_covariates_altered=None, future_covariates=None, future_covariates_altered=None,
forecast_horizon=10, start=GLOBS.train_frac):
        Run multiple 24-hr predictions
            pred dates: list of dates to run a 24-hr forecast on
            forecast_horizon = 24*4 (15-min intervals)
        self.y ep pred = pd.DataFrame()
        self.y_ep_pred_alt = pd.DataFrame()
        for pred_date in pred_dates:
            y pred = self.model.predict(
                n = 24*4, # Predict a full 24 hrs
                series = self.y scaled.drop after(pd.to datetime(pred date)),
                future_covariates=future_covariates,
                past_covariates=past_covariates
            y_pred_alt = self.model.predict(
```

```
n = 24*4
                series = self.y_scaled.drop_after(pd.to_datetime(pred_date)),
                future_covariates=future_covariates_altered,
                past_covariates = past_covariates_altered
            )
           y_pred = self.scaler_y.inverse_transform(y_pred)
           y_pred_alt = self.scaler_y.inverse_transform(y_pred_alt)
            self.y_ep_pred = self.y_ep_pred.append(y_pred.pd_dataframe())
            self.y ep pred alt = self.y ep pred alt.append(y pred alt.pd dataframe())
    def prep_sim_df(self, df_hist, df_hvac, t_res):
        Merges the historical and simulated HVAC operation into a single dataframe
        :param df_hist: dataframe of historical data needed for the simulation
        :param df_hvac: dataframe of simulated hvac operation
        :param t res: time resolution of the simulation.
        :return df sim: the merged dataframe, with only the inner join of simulated
timestamps
        df hist = df hist.resample(t res).mean().interpolate(method="linear")
        df hvac = df hvac.resample(t res).mean().interpolate(method="linear")
        df_sim = pd.concat([df_hist, df_hvac], axis=1, join="inner")
        return df sim
    def simulate_batt(self, df_sim_in, x_d_max, x_soc_min, batt_cap_kwh,
battery soc max=100, t res minutes=15, chg kw max=29, dchg kw max=-22):
        Simulates battery operation
        :param df_sim: merged dataframe with only the inner join of simulated
timestamp
        :param x d max: net load demand limite that battery discharge profile
maintains with available capacity
        :param x_soc_min: minimum SOC of battery reserved for backup and other
services
        :param batt_cap_kwh: total kwh of capacity
        dchg kw max = 7 # kW
        chg kw max = 7 \# kW
        # Assumes SOC starts between 0-100%
        available dchg kwh = SOC * batt cap kwh / 100 # kWh available for
discharging (til 0%)
        available_chg_kwh = batt_cap_kwh - SOC_kwh # kWh available for charging
(til 100%)
        # Convert to kW
        available_dchg_kw = available_dchg_kwh * 60 / t_res_minutes
        available_chg_kw = available_chg_kwh * 60 / t_res_minutes
        # Constrained by max chg/dchg rates of battery
```

```
available dchg kw = - min(available dchg kw, dchg kw max) # Adds negative
sign for chg/dchg polarity
        available_chg_kw = min(available_chg_kw, chg_kw_max)
        # Battery kW needed
        chg needed kw = -G solar - D nonflex - D hvac - x d max
        # Contrained battery kW dispatched
        chg dispatched kw = max(min(chg needed kw, available chg kw),
available_dchg_kw)
        D batt = chg dispatched kw
        # Update SOC with dispatched battery chg/dchg rate (kW)
        SOC += (D_batt * t_res_minutes/60) / battery_capacity * 100
        #t_res_minutes = 15 # TODO: moving to func args...time resolution of
simulation in minutes
        #chg_kw_max = 7 # TODO: moving to func args...max charge (kW)
        #dchg kw max = -22 # TODO: moving to func args...max discharge (kW)
        # cap_kwh_max = 20 # TODO: moving to func args...Max batter kWh, appears not
to be used
        #df_sim["X_soc_min"] = x_soc_min
        df sim = df sim in.copy()
        df_sim["soc"] =np.nan
        \#df sim.iloc[0,-1] = 5
        df sim["D batt"] = np.nan
        #df sim.iloc[0,-1] = 0
        # Intial conditions for SOC and battery kW
        soc_next = x_soc_min
        #d batt_next = 0
        # Step through storage operation
        for i in df sim.index:
            df_sim.loc[i,"soc"] = soc_next
            #df_sim.loc[i,"D_batt"] = d_batt_next
            row = df_sim.loc[i,:].copy()
            soc next, d batt = update battery(
                row["soc"], row["G_solar"], row["D_nonflex"], row["D_hvac"],
                x_d_max, x_soc_min, battery_soc_max,
                batt_cap_kwh, t_res_minutes,
                chg_kw_max, dchg_kw_max
            df_sim.loc[i,"D_batt"] = d_batt
        df_sim["D_net_mains"] = df_sim[["G_solar", "D_hvac", "D_nonflex",
"D batt"]].sum(axis=1)
        df_sim["D_tot_mains"] = df_sim[["D_hvac", "D_nonflex"]].sum(axis=1)
        df_sim["soc_kwh"] = df_sim["soc"] * batt_cap_kwh / 100
        return df sim
```

```
def simulate compute batt soc(self, current soc, kw 15mins):
        # kw_15mins could be a float or an array of flaots
       #based on batt data for month of May 2021, linear fit using excel
       # gives the equation for delta_soc = 1.98 * energy_kw + 1.12
       tmp kw arr = []
       updated soc = current soc
       if type(kw_15mins) == float:
            tmp kw arr.append(kw 15mins)
       elif type(kw 15mins) == list:
            tmp_kw_arr.append(kw_15mins)
       else:
            print ("expecting float or list of floats, got")
            print (type(kw 15mins))
       if len(tmp kw arr) > 0:
            for x in tmp_kw_arr:
                delta_soc = 1.98 * x + 1.12
                updated soc = updated soc + delta soc
        return updated soc
   def process_cost(self, df_sim_in, import_key = "bill_import", export_key =
"bill_export"):
       df sim = df sim in.copy()
       # df sim cost = pd.DataFrame()
       #split the data rows into rows for each day
       next_day_index = 0
       day_import = []
       day export = []
       date data = []
       date str = []
       weekday_name = []
       while next_day_index < df_sim.shape[0]:</pre>
            current_sim_day = df_sim.iloc[next_day_index]["Timestamp"].date()
            next sim day = current sim day + timedelta(days = 1)
            # extracting all rows for the current sim day
            rows_for_day = df_sim[ ( df_sim["Timestamp"] >= str(current_sim_day) ) &
(df_sim["Timestamp"] < str(next_sim_day) )]</pre>
            next day index = next day index + rows for day.index[-1] + 1
            if rows_for_day.size > 0:
                #date_data.append(rows_for_day.iloc[0]['Timestamp'].to_pydatetime())
                date data.append(current sim day)
                date str.append(current sim day.strftime("%m/%d/%Y"))
                weekday name.append(calendar.day name[current sim day.weekday()])
                day_import.append( rows_for_day[import_key].sum() )
                day_export.append( rows_for_day[export_key].sum() )
       df_cost = pd.DataFrame({
                                "Date": date str,
```

```
"Weekday" : weekday name,
                                 "import_cost": day_import,
                                 "export_cost": day_export
                             })
        return df cost
    def prepare_baseline_qhourly(self, df_sim_in, cols = ["G_solar", "D_hvac",
"D_battery_eg", "D_nonflex"], t_res_minutes = 15,
                                price_tou_dict=GLOBS_V2.price_tou, price_export =
0.18, price_peak = 19.85,
                                price_hday = GLOBS_V2.price_tou_hday):
        df_sim = df_sim_in.copy()
        df_sim_comp = pd.DataFrame()
        #split the data rows into rows for each day
        next day index = 0
        while next_day_index < df_sim.shape[0]:</pre>
            current sim day = df sim.iloc[next day index]["Timestamp"].date()
            next_sim_day = current_sim_day + timedelta(days = 1)
            # extracting all rows for the current_sim_day
            rows_for_day = df_sim[ ( df_sim["Timestamp"] >= str(current_sim_day) ) &
(df sim["Timestamp"] < str(next sim day) )]</pre>
            next_day_index = rows_for_day.index[-1] + 1
            if rows_for_day.size > 0:
                tmp arr = ['Timestamp'] + cols
                tmp_rows_day = rows_for_day[tmp_arr].copy()
                tmp_rows_day['consumption'] = tmp_rows_day[['D_hvac',
'D_nonflex']].sum(axis=1)
                tmp_rows_day['consumption_kwh'] =
tmp_rows_day['consumption']*(t_res_minutes/60)
                tmp_rows_day['Hour'] = tmp_rows_day['Timestamp'].dt.hour
                tmp_rows_day['Minute'] = tmp_rows_day['Timestamp'].dt.minute
                tmp_rows_day = tmp_rows_day.reset_index()
                # tmp dict = {}
                # for x in cols:
                      tmp_dict[x] = 'sum'
                # tmp_dict['consumption'] = 'sum'
                # tmp_dict['consumption_kwh'] = 'sum'
                # hourly_consumption = tmp_rows_day.resample('H',
on='Timestamp').agg(tmp_dict)
                # hourly_consumption['price'] = price_tou_dict.values()
                # hourly_consumption = hourly_consumption.reset_index()
                wday_int = tmp_rows_day.loc[0, 'Timestamp'].to_pydatetime().weekday()
                if wday_int >= 0 and wday_int < 5:</pre>
                    tmp_rows_day['price'] = price_tou_dict.values()
                else:
                    tmp_rows_day['price'] = price_hday.values()
```

```
tmp_rows_day['D_net_mains_b'] = tmp_rows_day[cols].sum(axis=1)
                tmp_rows_day['D_tot_mains_b'] = tmp_rows_day[["D_hvac", "D_nonflex"
]].sum(axis=1)
                print("max = ", tmp rows day.D net mains b.max(), "min = ",
tmp_rows_day.D_net_mains_b.min())
                #temporarily define parameeters
                net_kw_col = "D_net_mains_b"
                #price_export = 0.18 # $/kwh
                #price peak = 19.5 # $/kW*month
                tmp_rows_day.loc[tmp_rows_day[net_kw_col] >= 0, "kw_import"] =
tmp rows day.loc[tmp rows day[net kw col] >= 0, net kw col]
                tmp rows day.loc[tmp rows day[net kw col] <= 0, "kw export"] =</pre>
tmp_rows_day.loc[tmp_rows_day[net_kw_col] <= 0, net_kw_col]</pre>
                tmp_rows_day["kwh_import"] = tmp_rows_day["kw_import"].fillna(0) *
t_res_minutes/60
                tmp rows day["kwh export"] = tmp rows day["kw export"].fillna(0) *
t res minutes/60
                tmp_rows_day["bill_import"] = tmp_rows_day["kwh_import"] *
tmp rows day["price"]
                tmp_rows_day["bill_export"] = tmp_rows_day["kwh_export"] *
price_export
                tmp_peak_idx = tmp_rows_day[["kw_import"]].idxmax()
                tmp_rows_day['kw_peak'] = 0
                tmp_rows_day.at[tmp_peak_idx, 'kw_peak'] =
tmp_rows_day.iloc[tmp_peak_idx]["kw_import"]
                df_sim_comp = pd.concat([df_sim_comp, tmp_rows_day])
                print('adjusted hourly for ', current_sim_day)
        return df sim comp
    def simulate_batt_sch_with_cost(self, df_sim_in, x_d_max, x_soc_min,
batt_cap_kwh, battery_soc_max=100,
                                    t res minutes=15, chg kw max=29, dchg kw max=-22,
                                    price tou dict=GLOBS V2.price tou, price export =
0.18,
                                    price_peak = 19.85,
                                    solar threshold kw batt charge = 2.25,
                                    price_hday = GLOBS_V2.price_tou_hday):
        ....
        charge: when power available > GLOBS V2.start charge limit till it reaches
max_soc
        discharge:
            identify max cost for the day = consumption * TOU cost for 1 hour
intervals
            discharge battery to reduce the cost to the next tier, repeat till
battery soc reaches min
```

```
# Update SOC with dispatched battery chg/dchg rate (kW)
        SOC += (D_batt * t_res_minutes/60) / battery_capacity * 100
        df sim = df sim in.copy()
        df sim["D batt"] = np.nan
        df_sim['batt_action'] = 'none'
        df sch = pd.DataFrame()
        # Intial conditions for SOC and battery kW
        batt soc = x soc min
        #d batt next = 0
        #split the data rows into rows for each day
        next_day_index = 0
        while next_day_index < df_sim.shape[0]:</pre>
            current sim day = df sim.iloc[next day index]["Timestamp"].date()
            next sim day = current sim day + timedelta(days = 1)
            # extracting all rows for the current sim day
            rows for day = df sim[ ( df sim["Timestamp"] >= str(current sim day) ) &
(df_sim["Timestamp"] < str(next_sim_day) )]</pre>
            next_day_index = rows_for_day.index[-1] + 1
            if rows_for_day.size > 0:
                tmp_rows_day = rows_for_day[['Timestamp', 'D_hvac', 'D_nonflex',
"G_solar", 'batt_action', 'D_batt']].copy()
                tmp_rows_day['consumption'] = tmp_rows_day[['D_hvac',
'D_nonflex']].sum(axis=1)
                tmp_rows_day['consumption_kwh'] =
tmp_rows_day['consumption']*(t_res_minutes/60)
                tmp_rows_day['Hour'] = tmp_rows_day['Timestamp'].dt.hour
                tmp_rows_day['Minute'] = tmp_rows_day['Timestamp'].dt.minute
                tmp rows day['soc'] = batt soc
                tmp_rows_day.loc[ (-tmp_rows_day.G_solar - tmp_rows_day.consumption)
> solar_threshold_kw_batt_charge, 'batt_action'] = 'charge'
                tmp_rows_day = tmp_rows_day.reset_index()
                for ii in tmp rows day.loc[tmp rows day['batt action'] ==
'charge'].index:
                    tmp_rate = -tmp_rows_day.iloc[ii]['G_solar'] -
tmp_rows_day.iloc[ii]['consumption']
                    tmp soc, tmp d batt = update battery v2( batt soc,
                        tmp_rate, x_soc_min, battery_soc_max, batt_cap_kwh,
t_res_minutes,
                        chg kw max, dchg kw max, 1
                    tmp_rows_day.at[ii, 'soc'] = tmp_soc
                    batt_soc = tmp_soc
                    tmp_rows_day.at[ii, 'D_batt'] = tmp_d_batt
                    if batt_soc >= battery_soc_max:
                        break
```

```
wday_int = tmp_rows_day.loc[0, 'Timestamp'].to_pydatetime().weekday()
                if wday_int >= 0 and wday_int < 5:
                    tmp_rows_day['price'] = price_tou_dict.values()
                else:
                    tmp_rows_day['price'] = price_hday.values()
                tmp_rows_day = tmp_rows_day.reset_index()
                tmp_rows_day['computed_cost'] = 0.0
                tmp_rows_day['discharge_kwh'] = 0.0
                tmp_batt_soc = batt_soc
                batt_kwh_available = ((tmp_batt_soc-x_soc_min)/100) * batt_cap_kwh
                while batt_kwh_available > 0:
                    cond_mask = (tmp_rows_day['batt_action'] != 'charge')
                    h_c_selec = tmp_rows_day[cond_mask]
                    tmp_rows_day.loc[cond_mask, 'computed_cost'] =
(h_c_selec['consumption_kwh'] - h_c_selec['discharge_kwh'] ) * h_c_selec['price']
                    tmp_max_cost = (tmp_rows_day.sort_values('computed_cost',
ascending=False))['computed_cost'].copy()
                    if max(tmp_max_cost) < 0.01:</pre>
                        break
                    arr_max_cost = []
                    arr_max_cost.append(tmp_max_cost.index[0])
                    jj = 1
                    while (jj < tmp_max_cost.shape[0] ) and</pre>
(abs(tmp_max_cost.iloc[jj] - tmp_max_cost.iloc[0] ) < 0.15) :</pre>
                        arr_max_cost.append(tmp_max_cost.index[jj])
                        jj = jj + 1
                    idx_2max_cost = tmp_max_cost.index[jj]
                    batt_kwh_req = 0
                    batt_kwh_req_arr = []
                    for kk in arr_max_cost:
                        tmp_dchg_kwh = (tmp_rows_day.iloc[kk]['computed_cost'] -
tmp_rows_day.iloc[idx_2max_cost]['computed_cost']) / tmp_rows_day.iloc[kk]['price']
                        tmp_val = tmp_rows_day.loc[kk]['discharge_kwh']
                        tmp_rows_day.at[kk,'discharge_kwh'] = tmp_val + tmp_dchg_kwh
                        batt_kwh_req = batt_kwh_req + tmp_dchg_kwh
                        batt_kwh_req_arr.append(tmp_dchg_kwh)
                        tmp_rows_day.at[kk,'batt_action'] = 'discharge'
                        tmp_rows_day.at[kk,'D_batt'] = -
tmp_rows_day.iloc[kk]['discharge_kwh'] * 60 / t_res_minutes
                        #print(kk, batt_kwh_req,
hourly_consumption.iloc[kk]['computed_cost'] -
hourly_consumption.iloc[idx_2max_cost]['computed_cost'])
                    tmp_val = ( (dchg_kw_max * t_res_minutes)/60)
                    tmp_rate = min(batt_kwh_available, tmp_val)
                    if batt_kwh_req > tmp_rate:
                        tmp_sum = sum(batt_kwh_req_arr)
                        for tt in range(len(arr_max_cost)):
                            kk = arr_max_cost[tt]
                            tmp_val = tmp_rows_day.loc[kk]['discharge_kwh'] -
batt_kwh_req_arr[tt]
```

```
tmp_rows_day.at[kk,'discharge_kwh'] = tmp_val +
(tmp_rate*batt_kwh_req_arr[tt] )/ tmp_sum
                            tmp_rows_day.at[kk,'D_batt'] = -
tmp_rows_day.iloc[kk]['discharge_kwh'] * 60 / t_res_minutes
                        batt_kwh_req = tmp_rate
                    batt_kwh_available = batt_kwh_available - batt_kwh_req
                # # compute soc for discharge sets
                # for ii in
hourly_consumption.loc[hourly_consumption['discharge_kwh'] > 0 ].index:
                      tmp_rate = hourly_consumption.loc[ii]['discharge_kwh'] *
t_res_minutes / 60 # hourly obtained from combining four 1`5 mins intervvals
                      tmp_soc, tmp_d_batt = update_battery_v2( batt_soc,
                #
                          tmp_rate, x_soc_min, battery_soc_max, batt_cap_kwh, 60,
                #
                          chg_kw_max, dchg_kw_max, -1
                #
                #
                      hourly_consumption.at[ii, 'soc'] = tmp_soc
                #
                      batt_soc = tmp_soc
                #
                      hourly_consumption.at[ii, 'D_batt'] = tmp_d_batt
                #
                      if batt_soc <= x_soc_min:</pre>
                          break
                #if batt_kwh_available > 0, then batt_soc would be > x_soc_min
                batt_soc = x_soc_min # used up all kwh in battery to support high
cost regions
                tmp_rows_day['D_batt'] = tmp_rows_day['D_batt'].fillna(0)
                tmp_rows_day['D_net_mains'] = tmp_rows_day[["G_solar", "D_hvac",
"D_nonflex", "D_batt"]].sum(axis=1)
                tmp_rows_day['D_tot_mains'] = tmp_rows_day[["D_hvac", "D_nonflex"
]].sum(axis=1)
                print("max = ", tmp_rows_day.D_net_mains.max(), "min = ",
tmp_rows_day.D_net_mains.min())
                #temporarily define parameeters
                net_kw_col = "D_net_mains"
                #price_export = 0.18 # $/kwh
                #price peak = 19.5 # $/kW*month
                tmp_rows_day.loc[tmp_rows_day[net_kw_col] >= 0, "kw_import"] =
tmp_rows_day.loc[tmp_rows_day[net_kw_col] >= 0, net_kw_col]
                tmp_rows_day.loc[tmp_rows_day[net_kw_col] < 0, "kw_export"] =</pre>
tmp_rows_day.loc[tmp_rows_day[net_kw_col] <= 0, net_kw_col]</pre>
                tmp_rows_day["kwh_import"] = tmp_rows_day["kw_import"].fillna(0) *
t_res_minutes/60
                tmp_rows_day["kwh_export"] = tmp_rows_day["kw_export"].fillna(0) *
t_res_minutes/60
                tmp_rows_day["bill_import"] = tmp_rows_day["kwh_import"] *
tmp_rows_day["price"]
                tmp_rows_day["bill_export"] = tmp_rows_day["kwh_export"] *
price_export
                tmp_peak_idx = tmp_rows_day[["kw_import"]].idxmax()
```

```
tmp rows day['kw peak'] = 0
                tmp_rows_day.at[tmp_peak_idx, 'kw_peak'] =
tmp_rows_day.iloc[tmp_peak_idx]["kw_import"]
                df sch = pd.concat([df sch, tmp rows day])
                print('completed sim for the ', current sim day)
        return df sch
    def plot battery sim(self, df sim, savepath=None, fig title="", start="2000-01-
01", end="2100-01-01"):
        plot_cols = ["D_tot_mains", "G_solar", "D_net_mains", "D_batt", "soc_kwh"]
        df_plot = df_sim.loc[(df_sim.index>=start) & (df_sim.index <= end),</pre>
plot_cols]
        df plot.plot()
        plt.title(fig title)
        #plt.show()
        if savepath is not None:
            plt.savefig(savepath, dpi=200)
            plt.close()
    def calc_bill(self, df_sim_in, net_kw_col="D_net_mains", t_res_minutes=15,
peak startup=24):
        .....
        Calculates a TOU plus Demand Charge Electricity Bill given a kW time series
input
        :param ts kw: pandas Series with datetime index of average kW values
            ts_kw must be a uniform timeseries with atleast 1-hour resolution.
        :param price_tou: dict of $/kwh price of electricity mapped to each hour of
the day
        :param price_peak: $/kw*month price of peak electricity demand that is
applied on a per month basis
        :return bill: electricity bill normalized to $/month
        # TODO: move price_tou into args
        # TODO: move price_peak into args
        # TODO: need to figure out the actual TOU import and price export $/kWh
values.
        price_offpeak = 0.14 # $/kWh
        price onpeak = 0.22 # $/kWh
        price export = 0.18 # $/kwh
        price peak = 19.5 # $/kW*month
        price_tou = {
            0: price_offpeak, 1: price_offpeak, 2: price_offpeak,
            3: price_offpeak, 4: price_offpeak, 5: price_offpeak,
            6: price_offpeak, 7: price_offpeak, 8: price_offpeak,
```

```
9: price offpeak, 10: price offpeak, 11: price offpeak,
            12: price_onpeak, 13: price_onpeak, 14: price_onpeak,
            15: price_onpeak,
            16: price_onpeak, 17: price_onpeak, 18: price_onpeak, 19: price_offpeak,
20: price offpeak,
            21: price_offpeak, 22: price_offpeak, 23: price_offpeak
        }
        df_sim = df_sim_in.copy()
        df_sim.loc[df_sim[net_kw_col] >= 0, "kw_import"] =
df sim.loc[df sim[net kw col] >= 0, net kw col]
        df_sim.loc[df_sim[net_kw_col] <= 0, "kw_export"] =</pre>
df_sim.loc[df_sim[net_kw_col] <= 0, net_kw_col]</pre>
        d_peak = df_sim.tail(-peak_startup)[net_kw_col].max()
        df_sim.loc[df_sim.tail(-peak_startup)[net_kw_col].idxmax(), "kw_peak"] =
df_sim.loc[df_sim.tail(-peak_startup)[net_kw_col].idxmax(), net_kw_col]
        df sim["kwh import"] = df sim["kw import"].fillna(0) * t res minutes/60
        df_sim["kwh_export"] = df_sim["kw_export"].fillna(0) * t_res_minutes/60
        df sim["price tou"] = df sim.index.hour.map(price tou)
        df_sim["bill_import"] = df_sim["kwh_import"] * df_sim["price_tou"]
        df_sim["bill_export"] = df_sim["kwh_export"] * price_export
        df sim["bill peak"] = df sim["kw peak"] * price peak
        n sims permonth = pd.Timedelta(days=30) / (df sim.index.max()-
df sim.index.min()) # Number of simulation periods per 30 days
        df_sim["bill_import_permonth"] = df_sim["bill_import"] * n_sims_permonth
        df_sim["bill_export_permonth"] = df_sim["bill_export"] * n_sims_permonth
        df_sim["bill_peak_permonth"] = df_sim["bill_peak"].fillna(0)
        df sim["bill tou permonth"] = df sim[["bill import permonth",
"bill export permonth"]].sum(axis=1)
        df_sim["bill_total_permonth"] = df_sim[["bill_import_permonth",
"bill_export_permonth", "bill_peak_permonth"]].sum(axis=1)
        return df sim
    def plot_episodic_preds(self, fig_height=None):
        # Convert TimeSeries Objects to DataFrames
        y = self.y.pd_dataframe()
        y_pred = self.y_ep_pred.copy() # b_inv.pd_dataframe() #
.rename(columns={0:"b inv"})
        y_pred_altered = self.y_ep_pred_alt.copy() # b_inv_altered.pd_dataframe() #
.rename(columns={0:"counterfactual preds"})
        # Name DataFrame Columns
        y.columns = self.y_var
        y_pred.columns = self.y_var
```

```
y pred altered.columns = self.y var
        if isinstance(self.y_var, list):
            row idx = 1
            traces = []
            trace rows = []
            trace cols = []
            df raw 15min =
self.df_raw.set_index("Timestamp").resample("15min").mean()
            for col in self.y var:
                trace y = go.Scatter(
                    x=pd.to_datetime(y.index),
                    y=y[col],
                    name=col, opacity=0.8,
                    marker=dict(color=px.colors.qualitative.G10[0])
                trace y pred = go.Scatter(
                    x=pd.to_datetime(y_pred.index),
                    y=y pred[col],
                    name=col+"_pred", opacity=0.8,
                    marker=dict(color=px.colors.qualitative.G10[1])
                trace y altered = go.Scatter(
                    x=pd.to_datetime(y_pred_altered.index),
                    y=y_pred_altered[col],
                    name=col+" counterfactual", opacity=0.8,
                    marker=dict(color=px.colors.qualitative.G10[2])
                )
                traces.append(trace y)
                traces.append(trace y pred)
                traces.append(trace_y_altered)
                trace_rows += [row_idx, row_idx, row_idx]
                trace_cols += [1,1,1]
                if "T in " in col:
                    # TODO: Need to only include the CSP/HSP traces if the target
variable is an indoor temperature
                    zone_idx = col.split("_")[-1]
                    hsp_col = "T_hsp_{}".format(zone_idx)
                    csp_col = "T_csp_{}".format(zone_idx)
                    trace_csp = go.Scatter(x=pd.to_datetime(df_raw_15min.index),
y=df raw 15min[csp col], name=csp col, opacity=0.8, marker=dict(color="black"))
                    trace hsp = go.Scatter(x=pd.to datetime(df raw 15min.index),
y=df_raw_15min[hsp_col], name=hsp_col, opacity=0.8, marker=dict(color="black"))
                    trace_csp_alt =
go.Scatter(x=pd.to_datetime(self.df_altered["Timestamp"]),
y=self.df_altered[csp_col], name=csp_col+"_counterfactual", opacity=0.5,
line=dict(color="black", dash="dot"))
```

```
trace hsp alt =
go.Scatter(x=pd.to_datetime(self.df_altered["Timestamp"]),
y=self.df_altered[hsp_col], name=hsp_col+"_counterfactual", opacity=0.5,
line=dict(color="black", dash="dot"))
                    trace t out = go.Scatter(x=pd.to datetime(df raw 15min.index),
y=df_raw_15min["T_out"], name="T_out", opacity=0.4, marker=dict(color="black"))
                    traces.append(trace csp)
                    traces.append(trace hsp)
                    traces.append(trace csp alt)
                    traces.append(trace_hsp_alt)
                    traces.append(trace t out)
                    trace_rows += [row_idx, row_idx, row_idx, row_idx]
                    trace cols += [1,1,1,1,1]
                row idx += 1
        else:
            row idx = 1
            trace y = go.Scatter(x=pd.to datetime(y.index), y=y, name=self.y var,
opacity=0.8, marker=dict(color=px.colors.qualitative.G10[0]))
            trace y pred = go.Scatter(x = pd.to datetime(y pred.index), y=y pred,
name=self.y_var+"_pred", opacity=0.8,
marker=dict(color=px.colors.qualitative.G10[1]))
            trace_y_pred_altered = go.Scatter(x=pd.to_datetime(y_pred_altered.index),
y=y_pred_altered, name=self.y_var+"_counterfactual", opacity=0.8,
marker=dict(color=px.colors.qualitative.G10[2]))
            trace_rows = [row_idx, row_idx, row_idx]
            trace_cols = [1,1,1]
            traces = [trace_y, trace_y_pred, trace_y_pred_altered]
        #for col in ["T_out", "T_csp_3", "T_hsp_3", "T_in_3"]:
        for col in ["T_out"]:
            trace = go.Scatter(
                x = pd.to_datetime(df_raw_15min.index),
                y = df raw 15min[col],
                name = col,
                opacity = 0.8,
                marker = dict(color="black")
            traces.append(trace)
            trace_rows.append(row_idx)
            trace cols.append(1)
        .. .. ..
        fig = make_subplots(rows=row_idx, shared_xaxes=True)
        fig.add_traces(traces, rows=trace_rows, cols=trace_cols)
        fig.update_xaxes(showticklabels=True)
```

```
if fig height is not None:
            fig.update_layout(height=fig_height)
        pyo.plot(fig)
        self.fig = fig
    def fit model(self):
        series_list = [self.train_y] + [self.train_X[c] for c in
self.train X.components]
        self.model.fit(series list, verbose=True)
    def pred model(self, n pred samples):
        self.pred = self.model.predict(n=n_pred_samples, series=self.train_y)
        self.pred = self.scaler y.inverse transform(self.pred)
    def plot_results(self, fig_title="", savepath=None):
        pred = self.pred.pd_dataframe()
        actual = self.y.pd_dataframe()
        pred["Timestamp"] = pd.to datetime(pred.index)
        pred = pred.reset_index(drop=True)\
            .rename(columns={self.y var: "forecast"})\
            .set_index("Timestamp")
        actual["Timestamp"] = pd.to_datetime(actual.index)
        actual = actual.reset_index(drop=True)\
            .rename(columns={self.y_var:"actual"})\
            .set index("Timestamp")
        df = pd.concat([actual, pred], axis=1)
        traces = []
        for col in df:
            trace = go.Scatter(
                x = df.index,
                y = df[col],
                name = col,
                opacity = 0.7
            )
            traces.append(trace)
        fig = go.Figure(data=traces)
        pyo.plot(fig)
        self.fig = fig
def update_battery(soc, G_solar, D_nonflex, D_hvac, x_d_max, x_soc_min, x_soc_max,
batt_cap_kwh, t_res_minutes, chg_kw_max, dchg_kw_max):
    #dchg_kw_max = 20 # kW, TODO: move to fn args
    #chg_kw_max = 7 # kW, TODO: move to fn args
    # Assumes soc starts between 0-100%
    available_dchg_kwh = (soc - x_soc_min)/100 * batt_cap_kwh # kWh available for
discharging (til x_soc_min%)
```

```
#available_chg_kwh = batt_cap_kwh - available_dchg_kwh # kWh available for
charging (til 100%)
    available_chg_kwh = (x_soc_max - soc)/100 * batt_cap_kwh
   # Convert to kW
    available_dchg_kw = available_dchg_kwh * 60 / t_res_minutes
    available_chg_kw = available_chg_kwh * 60 / t_res_minutes
    # Constrained by max chg/dchg rates of battery
    available_dchg_kw = - min(available_dchg_kw, dchg_kw_max) # Adds negative sign
for chg/dchg polarity
    available chg kw = min(available chg kw, chg kw max)
   # Battery kW needed
    chg_needed_kw = -G_solar - D_nonflex - D_hvac + x_d_max
   # Contrained battery kW dispatched
    chg dispatched kw = max(min(chg needed kw, available chg kw), available dchg kw)
    D batt = chg dispatched kw
   # Update soc with dispatched battery chg/dchg rate (kW)
    soc += (D_batt * t_res_minutes/60) / batt_cap_kwh * 100
    return soc, D batt
def update_battery_v2(soc, x_d_max, x_soc_min, x_soc_max, batt_cap_kwh,
t_res_minutes, chg_kw_max, dchg_kw_max, perform_action):
   # av: if perform action == 1, charge at x d max, if available
             else if it is -1, discharge at x_d_max if available
   #dchg_kw_max = 20 # kW, TODO: move to fn args
   #chg kw max = 7 # kW, TODO: move to fn args
   # Assumes soc starts between 0-100%
    available_dchg_kwh = (soc - x_soc_min)/100 * batt_cap_kwh # kWh available for
discharging (til x_soc_min%)
    available_chg_kwh = (x_soc_max - soc)/100 * batt_cap_kwh
   # Convert to kW
    available dchg kw = available dchg kwh * 60 / t res minutes
   available_chg_kw = available_chg_kwh * 60 / t_res_minutes
    # Constrained by max chg/dchg rates of battery
    available_dchg_kw = min(available_dchg_kw, dchg_kw_max) # Adds negative sign for
chg/dchg polarity
    available chg kw = min(available chg kw, chg kw max)
   if perform action == 1:
        D_batt = min(x_d_max, available_chg_kw)
   elif perform action == -1:
        D_batt = -min(x_d_max, abs(available_dchg_kw))
    else:
```

```
D \text{ batt} = 0
    # Update soc with dispatched battery chg/dchg rate (kW)
    soc = soc + ( (D_batt * t_res_minutes/60) / batt_cap_kwh * 100 )
    return soc, D batt
if name == " main ":
    d = Forecaster(
        GLOBS.y_var,
        GLOBS.X vars
    d.import data(GLOBS.filepath in)
    d.df raw = d.prep features(d.df raw)
    d.prep data(start date=GLOBS.start date, end date=GLOBS.end date)
    d.split_scale_data(GLOBS.train_val_split_date)
    d.prep_altered_data(GLOBS.filepath_tstat_alt)
   # Fit RNN Model with Future Covariates
    d.init rnn model(n rnn layers=GLOBS.n rnn layers)
    d.fit rnn model(GLOBS.n epochs)
    #d.eval model altered(future covariates=d.X scaled,
future covariates altered=d.X altered scaled,
forecast_horizon=GLOBS.forecast_horizon)
    # Run Episodic Predictions
    d.get episodic preds(
        future covariates=d.X scaled,
        future_covariates_altered=d.X_altered_scaled,
        pred_dates = GLOBS.pred_dates,
        forecast_horizon = GLOBS.forecast_horizon
    d.plot episodic preds(fig height = 1600)
    # earlier predictions during the training timeperiod
    #d.get_episodic_preds(
         future covariates=d.X scaled,
         future covariates altered=d.X altered scaled,
    #
         pred dates = GLOBS.training pred dates,
    #
         forecast_horizon = GLOBS.forecast_horizon
    #)
    #d.plot episodic preds(fig height = 1600)
    # Fit Block RNN Model with Past Covariates
    #d.init blockrnn model(n epochs=GLOBS.n epochs)
    #d.fit blockrnn model()
    #d.eval model altered(past covariates=d.X scaled,
past_covariates_altered=d.X_altered_scaled, forecast_horizon=GLOBS.forecast_horizon)
```

```
# Run NBEATS moel
#d.init_model()
#d.fit_model()
#d.eval_model(fig_title="NBEATS")

#d.pred_model(GLOBS.n_val_samples)
#d.plot_results()

print("Test_DONE!")
```

The source code for the simulate.py is listed below

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import os
import plotly.graph_objs as go
import plotly.offline as pyo
import plotly.express as px
from plotly.subplots import make subplots
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from darts import TimeSeries
import test_darts_forecast_v3gui as forecaster
import torch
#simulate v3: vis
    convert data to hourly data for day, and discharge according to higher cost hours
    keep 15 min interval data, and discharge according to higher cost qurters hours
with hourly-price split into quarter for simulation
#simulate v2: vis
    convert data to hourly data for day, and discharge according to higher cost hours
    issue: PG&e peak pricing is 8:30 to 12:30 summer and therefor cannot align this
price in simulation correctly
#batt model linear regression delta_soc = 1.66 * x + 0.5, where x = kw in 15 min
sampling
class GLOBS():
   # Old simulate.py GLOBS:
```

```
#filepath historical = "./data/df historical.csv"
    #filepath_model = "./.darts/checkpoints/2021-10-
02 21.15.59.427539 torch model run 8836/checkpoint 19.pth.tar"
    #filepath X = "./X scaled.P"
    #filepath X alt = "./X altered scaled.P"
    #start ts = pd.to datetime("2021-05-02")
    #n startup = 24*45
    #forecast_horizon = 4
    # New simulate.py GLOBS:
    start date = "2021-04-20" # TODO: Add Winter Months to training data (or warmer
summer...?) (DONE)
    end date = "2021-05-30"
    plot_start = "2021-05-15"
    plot_end = "2021-05-19"
    # eval darts forecast GLOBS:
    filepath_in = "./data/df_historical_20210101-20210601.csv"
    filepath tstat alt = "./data/test data/darts counterfactual tstat.csv"
    # trained model from Corey's machine
    #file trained model = ".darts/checkpoints/2021-10-
09_14.01.57.041023_torch_model_run_1228/checkpoint_49.pth.tar"
    # trained model from run on Vis machine
    file trained model = ".darts/checkpoints/2022-01-
05 16.35.18.059790 torch model run 27084/checkpoint 49.pth.tar"
    #file trained model =
"C:/Users/pvan002/Documents/jupyternotebooks/demos/epri_sim_env_ananconda/data/model4
sim.pth.tar"
    pred_dates = [
        "2021-05-11", "2021-05-12", "2021-05-13", "2021-05-14", "2021-05-15", "2021-05-16", "2021-05-17", "2021-05-18",
        "2021-05-19", "2021-05-20", "2021-05-21", "2021-05-22", "2021-05-23", "2021-05-24", "2021-05-25", "2021-05-26", "2021-05-27", "2021-05-28", "2021-05-29"
    forecast horizon = 24*4
    t res minutes = 15
    # Storage Operational Configuration
    # Uncomment the battery test case declaration for the appropriate simulation test
    # Currently implemented for "TUNE HISTORICAL BASELINE" and "X_d_max SENSITIVITY
ANALYSIS"
    #battery test case = "TUNE HISTORICAL BASELINE"
    #battery test case = "X d max SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS"
    battery_test_case = "bill_reduction"
    if battery_test_case == "TUNE HISTORICAL BASELINE":
```

```
# Battery Params (tuned to historical usage from 2021-05-11 through 2021-05-
14)
        batt cap kwh = 52 # kWh
        battery_soc_max = 63 # SOC% maximum setting
        x soc min = 30
        X \ d \ max = [2.7] \ \# \ kW
        chg kw max = 29
        dchg kw max = 29
    elif battery_test_case == "X_d_max SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS":
        # Grid Seach optimization
        batt cap kwh = 52 # Obtained from
        battery soc max = 100
        x soc min = 30
        X \text{ d max} = [2,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12] \# kW
        chg kw max = 29
        dchg_kw_max = 29
    elif battery_test_case == "bill_reduction":
        # new algorithm using batt to reduce high price ranges
        batt cap kwh = 52 # Obtained from
        battery soc max = 100
        x soc min = 30
        X d max = 2.7 \# kW
        chg kw max = 29
        dchg_kw_max = 29
    start charge limit = -4 # kW
    price offpeak = 0.14181 # $/kWh
    price onpeak = 0.22501 # $/kWh
    price_partpeak = 0.16988 #$kwh
    price export = 0.18 # $/kwh
    price peak = 19.85 # $/kW*month (demand charge)
    customer charge = 4.59959 # charge / day according to bill
    price arr = []
    price_arr.extend( (np.ones(34) * price_offpeak).tolist() ) # 12:00 Am to 8:30 Am
    price_arr.extend( (np.ones(14) * price_partpeak).tolist() ) # 8:30 AM to 12:00 PM
    price_arr.extend( (np.ones(24) * price_onpeak).tolist() ) # 12:00 PM to 6:00 PM
    price arr.extend( (np.ones(14) * price partpeak).tolist() ) # 6:00 PM to 9:30 PM
    price arr.extend( (np.ones(10) * price offpeak).tolist() ) # 9:30 PM to 12:00 AM
    price tou = dict(enumerate(price arr))
    price arr = []
    price_arr.extend( (np.ones(96) * price_offpeak).tolist() ) # 12:00 Am to 12:00
Am next day
    price tou hday = dict(enumerate(price arr))
#if __name__ == "__main__":
def simulate_from_gui(x_vars = None, y_var = None,
```

```
start date = None, end date = None, train val split date =
None,
                      file_model = None, data_in_file = None
    # TODO: Take the eval darts forecast main, and expand to incorporate battery
operation response to
    # HVAC alternate operation (counterfactual operation)
    if x vars is not None:
        t_x_vars = x_vars
    else:
        t_x_vars = forecaster.GLOBS.X_vars
    if y_var is not None:
        t_y_var= y_var
    else:
        t_y_var = forecaster.GLOBS.y_var
    f = forecaster.Forecaster(
        t y var,
        t_x_vars
    )
    # TODO: start_date, end_date, train_val_split_date usage
    if data_in_file is None:
        f.import data(GLOBS.filepath in)
    else:
        f.import_data(data_in_file)
    f.df_raw = f.prep_features(f.df_raw)
    f.prep_data(start_date=GLOBS.start_date, end_date=GLOBS.end_date)
    f.split_scale_data(forecaster.GLOBS.train_val_split_date)
    f.prep_altered_data(GLOBS.filepath_tstat_alt)
    if file model is None:
        f.import_trained_model(GLOBS.file_trained_model)
    else:
        f.import_trained_model(file_model)
    # Run Episodic Predictions
    f.get_episodic_preds(
        future_covariates=f.X_scaled,
        future covariates altered=f.X altered scaled,
        pred_dates = GLOBS.pred_dates,
        forecast_horizon = GLOBS.forecast_horizon
    #f.plot episodic preds(fig height = 1600)
    # Simulate Battery Operation accounting for simulated HVAC
    df_sim_baseline = f.prep_sim_df(
```

```
df hist = f.df raw.set index("Timestamp")[["G solar", "D nonflex",
"D_battery_eg"]],
        df_hvac = f.y_ep_pred,
        t_res = "{}min".format(GLOBS.t_res_minutes),
    )
    if GLOBS.battery_test_case == "X_d_max SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS":
        df sim baseline = f.simulate batt(
            df_sim_baseline,
            x d max = 2.7, # kW
            x_soc_min = GLOBS.x_soc_min, # percent,
            batt_cap_kwh = GLOBS.batt_cap_kwh, # kWh, TODO: update with actual values
            battery soc max = GLOBS.battery soc max,
            t_res_minutes = GLOBS.t_res_minutes, # TODO: moving to func args...time
resolution of simulation in minutes
            chg_kw_max = GLOBS.chg_kw_max, # TODO: moving to func args...max charge
(kW)
            dchg kw max = GLOBS.dchg kw max # TODO: moving to func args...max
discharge (kW)
            # cap kwh max = 20 # TODO: moving to func args...Max batter kWh, appears
not to be used
        f.plot_battery_sim(
            df sim baseline,
            fig_title = "Simulated Baseline",
            savepath = "timeseries-plot_sim-baseline.png",
            start = GLOBS.plot start,
            end = GLOBS.plot_end
        )
        # Alternate battery setting
        df sim alt = f.prep sim df(
            df_hist = f.df_raw.set_index("Timestamp")[["G_solar", "D_nonflex"]],
            df_hvac = f.y_ep_pred,
            t_res = "{}min".format(GLOBS.t_res_minutes),
        )
        df sim alt = f.simulate batt(
            df sim alt,
            x_d_{max=7.5}
            x soc min = GLOBS.x soc min,
            batt_cap_kwh = GLOBS.batt_cap_kwh,
            battery_soc_max = GLOBS.battery_soc_max,
            t res minutes=GLOBS.t res minutes,
            chg_kw_max=GLOBS.chg_kw_max,
            dchg kw max=GLOBS.dchg kw max
        f.plot_battery_sim(
            df sim alt,
            fig_title = "Simulated Alternate Battery Setting",
```

```
savepath = "timeseries-plot sim-altbatt.png",
            start = GLOBS.plot_start,
            end = GLOBS.plot_end
        )
        # Simulate x d max sensitivity analysis
        results = {}
        bills = {}
        bills_tou = {}
        peaks = {}
        for x d max in GLOBS.X d max:
            results[x_d_max] = f.calc_bill(
                f.simulate batt(
                    df sim alt,
                    x_d_{max}=x_d_{max}
                    x_soc_min = GLOBS.x_soc_min,
                    batt_cap_kwh=GLOBS.batt_cap_kwh,
                    battery soc max = GLOBS.battery soc max,
                    t res minutes=GLOBS.t res minutes,
                    chg kw max=GLOBS.chg kw max,
                    dchg kw max=GLOBS.dchg kw max
                )
            bills[x_d_max] = results[x_d_max]['bill_total_permonth'].sum()
            bills tou[x d max] = results[x d max]['bill tou permonth'].sum()
            peaks[x_d_max] = results[x_d_max]['D_net_mains'].max()
            print("Dem Limit: {} kW, TOU Bill: {:.2f}, Peak Dem: {:.2f}, Bill:
$\{\:.2f}\".format(x_d_max, bills_tou[x_d_max], peaks[x_d_max], bills[x_d_max]))
            # Export Results to CSV
            results[x_d_max].to_csv("timeseries-results_{}kw.csv".format(x_d_max))
        pd.Series(bills).plot()
        plt.xlabel("Net Load Demand Limit (kW)")
        plt.ylabel("Monthly Bill ($/month)")
        plt.savefig('sensitivity-analysis.png', dpi=200)
        plt.close()
        # Investigate Timeseries Plot Outputs
        # 6 kW Limit Plots
        results[6][['bill_import', 'bill_export']].plot(figsize=[12,4])
        plt.title("6 kW Limit")
        plt.savefig('timeseries-bills_6kw.png')
        plt.close()
        results[6][["D_net_mains"]].plot(figsize=[12,4])
        plt.title("6 kW Limit")
        plt.savefig('timeseries-netmains_6kw.png')
        plt.close()
        # 8 kW Limit Plots
```

```
# Plot Historical Baseline
        df_hist_baseline = f.df_raw.set_index("Timestamp")
        df_hist_baseline =
df_hist_baseline[(df_hist_baseline.index>=df_sim_baseline.index.min()) &
(df hist baseline.index <= df sim baseline.index.max())]</pre>
        df_hist_baseline["D_tot"] = df_hist_baseline["D_mains"] -
df_hist_baseline["G_solar"] - df_hist_baseline["D_battery_eg"]
        df hist baseline["SOC kwh"] = df hist baseline["SOC"] * GLOBS.batt cap kwh /
100
        #df_hist_baseline[["D_tot", "G_solar", "D_mains", "D_battery_eg",
"SOC kwh"]].plot()
        #plt.title("Historical Baseline")
        print('Done %s' % GLOBS.battery_test_case)
    elif GLOBS.battery_test_case == "bill_reduction":
        # Timestamp is set as index, later on in the computation, it is converted to
use hourly data, so specifically setting Timestamp
        df sim baseline['Timestamp'] = df sim baseline.index
        df sim baseline = df sim baseline.reset index(drop=True)
        df sim hr = f.simulate batt sch with cost(
            df_sim_baseline,
            x_d_{max=7.5}
            x soc min = GLOBS.x soc min,
            batt cap kwh = GLOBS.batt cap kwh,
            battery_soc_max = GLOBS.battery_soc_max,
            t res minutes= 15,
            chg kw max=GLOBS.chg kw max*4,
            dchg_kw_max=GLOBS.dchg_kw_max*4,
            price_tou_dict=GLOBS.price_tou,
            price export = GLOBS.price export,
            price peak = GLOBS.price peak,
            price hday = GLOBS.price tou hday
        df_sim_hr.set_index('Timestamp')
                  ')
        print('
        df_sim_baseline_hr = f.prepare_baseline_qhourly(df_sim_baseline,
                                                        cols = ["G_solar", "D_hvac",
"D_battery_eg", "D_nonflex"],
                                                       t_res_minutes=15,
price tou dict=GLOBS.price tou,
                                                        price export =
GLOBS.price export,
                                    price_peak = GLOBS.price_peak,
                                    price hday = GLOBS.price tou hday)
```

```
#df sim hr[['D batt', 'G solar', "D net mains", 'D tot mains', 'D hvac',
'soc']].plot()
        df sim baseline hr.rename(
            columns={"G_solar":"G_solar_b", "D_hvac":"D_hvac_b",
                        "D_nonflex": "D_nonflex_b",
                        "price": "price_b",
                        "consumption": "consumption_b",
                        "consumption_kwh": "consumption_kwh_b",
                        "kw import": "kw import b",
                        "kw_export" : "kw_export_b",
                        "kw peak" : "kw_peak_b",
                        "kwh_import": "kwh_import_b"
                        "kwh_export" : "kwh_export_b";
                        "bill_import" : "bill_import_b",
                        "bill_export" : "bill_export_b"
                        }
                  ,inplace=True)
        df_cost_sim = f.process_cost(df_sim_hr)
        peak sim = df sim hr.kw peak.max()
        df_cost_baseline = f.process_cost(df_sim_baseline_hr,
import_key='bill_import_b', export_key = "bill_export_b")
        peak baseline = df sim baseline hr.kw peak b.max()
        print("Baseline (based on computed HVAC for simulated rabge")
        print(df cost baseline )
        print("peak kw = ", peak_baseline)
        tmp_import_cost = df_cost_baseline.import_cost.sum()
        tmp_export_cost = df_cost_baseline.export_cost.sum()
        total_baseline_cost = GLOBS().price_peak * peak_baseline + tmp_import_cost +
tmp export cost
        print("import -> $", tmp_import_cost, " export -> $", tmp_export_cost)
        print("total bill -> $", total_baseline_cost)
        print("Simulation: (based on computed HVAC for simulated rabge")
        print(df cost sim )
        print("peak kw = ", peak_sim)
        tmp_import_cost = df_cost_sim.import_cost.sum()
        tmp_export_cost = df_cost_sim.export_cost.sum()
        total_sim_cost = GLOBS().price_peak * peak_sim + tmp_import_cost +
tmp_export_cost
        print("import -> $", tmp_import_cost, " export -> $", tmp_export cost)
        print("total bill -> $", total_sim_cost)
        df_sim_baseline_hr.set_index('Timestamp', inplace=True)
        df sim_hr.set_index('Timestamp', inplace=True)
        df_sim_hr.drop(['index', 'level_0', 'Hour', 'Minute'], inplace=True, axis=1)
        df_sim_baseline_hr.drop('index', inplace=True, axis=1)
```

```
tmpdf = df sim hr.join(df sim baseline hr)
        tmpdf.to_csv('./temp_sim_comp_hr.csv')
        # df_sim_hr_bill = f.calc_bill(df_sim_hr, net_kw_col='D_net_mains',
t_res_minutes=15)
        # df sim baseline hr bill = f.calc bill(df sim baseline hr,
net kw_col='D_net_mains_b', t_res_minutes=15)
        # bills = df sim hr bill['bill total permonth'].sum()
        # bills_tou = df_sim_hr_bill['bill_tou_permonth'].sum()
        # peaks = df_sim_hr_bill['D_net_mains'].max()
        # print('Simulated')
        # print("TOU Bill: {:.2f}, Peak Dem: {:.2f}, Bill: ${:.2f}".format(bills_tou,
peaks, bills))
        # bills = df sim baseline hr bill['bill total permonth'].sum()
        # bills_tou = df_sim_baseline_hr_bill['bill_tou_permonth'].sum()
        # peaks = df sim baseline hr bill['D net mains b'].max()
        # print('baseline')
        # print("TOU Bill: {:.2f}, Peak Dem: {:.2f}, Bill: ${:.2f}".format(bills_tou,
peaks, bills))
        #df sim baseline['D net mains'] = df sim baseline[["G solar", "D hvac",
"D nonflex"]].sum(axis=1)
        #df sim baseline['D tot mains'] = df sim baseline[["D hvac", "D nonflex"
]].sum(axis=1)
        #df sim baseline.set index('Timestamp')
        #df_sim_baseline[['G_solar', "D_net_mains", 'D_tot_mains', 'D_hvac']].plot()
        df sim hr.reset index(inplace=True)
        df_sim_baseline_hr.reset_index(inplace=True)
        print("Optimization done... Plotting data. Data will open up in a browser")
        traces = []
        #for col in ['D_batt', 'G_solar', "D_net_mains", 'D_tot_mains', 'D_hvac',
'soc']:
        for col in ['D batt', 'G solar', "D net mains", 'D tot mains', 'D hvac',
"kw_peak",
                   "kwh_import", "bill_import", "kwh_export", "bill_export"]:
            trace = go.Scatter(
                x = df sim hr.Timestamp,
                y = df sim hr[col],
                name = col,
                opacity = 0.7
            traces.append(trace)
```

```
for col in ['D_net_mains_b', 'D_tot_mains_b', "kw_peak_b",
                    "kwh_import_b", "bill_import_b", "kwh_export_b",
"bill_export_b"]:
           trace = go.Scatter(
                x = df sim baseline hr.Timestamp,
                y = df_sim_baseline_hr[col],
                name = col,
                opacity = 0.7
           traces.append(trace)
       trace = go.Scatter(
           x = df_sim_baseline_hr.Timestamp,
           y = df_sim_baseline_hr['D_battery_eg'],
           name = "D_batt_b",
           opacity = 0.7
       traces.append(trace)
       fig = go.Figure(data=traces, layout={'title': "Sim Schedule"})
        pyo.plot(fig, 'all_data')
```

The source code for the run\_simulate.py is listed below.

```
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
"""

@author: Viswanath
"""

import subprocess
import io

proc3 = subprocess.Popen('python simulate_v3.py', stdout = subprocess.PIPE, stderr=subprocess.STDOUT, shell=True)

for line in io.TextIOWrapper(proc3.stdout, encoding='utf-8'):
    print(line)
```

Appendix A: Library dependencies for OpenBats simulation tool.

As with any tool, there is a list of dependencies for executing the various parts of the code, for modeling, for optimization, and for the user interface. A brief list of dependent libraries are presented in this section.

To easily manage packages and their version across teams, anaconda-navigator is suggested. Any other scheme would also work equally well. Sample list of packages exported for this simulation environment is listed below. Using a file containing this information, a new environment with these dependencies could be created with a single click in anaconda-navigator tool.

```
# This file may be used to create an environment using:
# $ conda create --name <env> --file <this file>
# platform: win-64
@EXPLICIT
https://conda.anaconda.org/conda-forge/win-64/ca-certificates-2021.10.8-h5b45459_0.tar.bz2
https://conda.anaconda.org/conda-forge/win-64/intel-openmp-2021.4.0-h57928b3 3556.tar.bz2
https://conda.anaconda.org/conda-forge/win-64/mkl-include-2021.4.0-h0e2418a 729.tar.bz2
https://conda.anaconda.org/conda-forge/win-64/msys2-conda-epoch-20160418-1.tar.bz2
https://conda.anaconda.org/conda-forge/win-64/pandoc-2.16.2-h8ffe710_0.tar.bz2
https://conda.anaconda.org/pytorch/noarch/pytorch-mutex-1.0-cuda.tar.bz2
https://conda.anaconda.org/conda-forge/win-64/ucrt-10.0.20348.0-h57928b3 0.tar.bz2
https://conda.anaconda.org/conda-forge/win-64/winpty-0.4.3-4.tar.bz2
https://conda.anaconda.org/conda-forge/win-64/m2w64-gmp-6.1.0-2.tar.bz2
https://conda.anaconda.org/conda-forge/win-64/m2w64-headers-git-5.0.0.4636.c0ad18a-2.tar.bz2
https://conda.anaconda.org/conda-forge/win-64/m2w64-isl-0.16.1-2.tar.bz2
https://conda.anaconda.org/conda-forge/win-64/m2w64-libiconv-1.14-6.tar.bz2
https://conda.anaconda.org/conda-forge/win-64/m2w64-libmangle-git-5.0.0.4509.2e5a9a2-2.tar.bz2
https://conda.anaconda.org/conda-forge/win-64/m2w64-libwinpthread-git-5.0.0.4634.697f757-
2.tar.bz2
https://conda.anaconda.org/conda-forge/win-64/m2w64-make-4.1.2351.a80a8b8-2.tar.bz2
https://conda.anaconda.org/conda-forge/win-64/m2w64-windows-default-manifest-6.4-3.tar.bz2
https://conda.anaconda.org/conda-forge/win-64/vs2015_runtime-14.29.30037-h902a5da_5.tar.bz2
https://conda.anaconda.org/conda-forge/win-64/m2w64-crt-git-5.0.0.4636.2595836-2.tar.bz2
https://conda.anaconda.org/conda-forge/win-64/m2w64-gcc-libs-core-5.3.0-7.tar.bz2
https://conda.anaconda.org/conda-forge/win-64/m2w64-mpfr-3.1.4-4.tar.bz2
https://conda.anaconda.org/conda-forge/win-64/m2w64-pkg-config-0.29.1-2.tar.bz2
https://conda.anaconda.org/conda-forge/win-64/vc-14.2-hb210afc 5.tar.bz2
https://conda.anaconda.org/conda-forge/win-64/bzip2-1.0.8-h8ffe710 4.tar.bz2
https://conda.anaconda.org/conda-forge/win-64/cudatoolkit-11.1.1-heb2d755 9.tar.bz2
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