



Introduction to LaTeX using Overleaf

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Slides & Exercises:

<https://github.com/EPS-Libraries-Berkeley/LaTeX>

Overleaf:

overleaf.com



Outline

1. Introduction: What is LaTeX?
2. Overleaf
3. Structure of a Document
4. Basic Commands
5. Math & Equations
6. Bibliographies
7. Tables & Figures (if time allows)



Logistics for Learning

- Enter your questions in chat!



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- During exercises, you might be sent to a breakout room in small groups.
- Share your Overleaf exercise document “view-only” link with the librarians.



Introduction

LaTeX is a typesetting system that allows you to focus on your content instead of formatting - formatting is done separately from entry.

You tell LaTeX “what it is” not “how it looks.”



Overleaf for LaTeX

- Create documents via a cloud-based account
- Source code or rich text format
- Collaborating and sharing documents
- Versioning and track changes
- Templates for a variety of documents and publishers
- Link with other tools in your research workflow
- Pro account with your berkeley.edu address


```

1 \documentclass[fleqn,10pt]{wlscirep}
2 \usepackage[utf8]{inputenc}
3 \usepackage[T1]{fontenc}
4
5 \title{Scientific Reports Title to see here}
6
7 \author[1,*]{Alice Author}
8 \author[2]{Bob Author}
9 \author[1,2,+]{Christine Author}
10 \author[2,+]{Derek Author}
11 \affil[1]{Affiliation, department, city, postcode, country}
12 \affil[2]{Affiliation, department, city, postcode, country}
13
14 \affil[*]{corresponding.author@email.example}
15
16 \affil[+]{these authors contributed equally to this work}
17
18 \%keywords{Keyword1, Keyword2, Keyword3}
19
20 = \begin{abstract}
21 Example Abstract. Abstract must not include subheadings or citations. Example
Abstract. Abstract must not include subheadings or citations. Example Abstract.
22 \end{abstract}
23 = \begin{document}
24
25 \flushbottom
26 \maketitle
27 % * <john.hammersley@gmail.com> 2015-02-09T12:07:31.197Z:
28 %
29 % Click the title above to edit the author information and abstract
30 %
31 \thispagestyle{empty}
32
33 \noindent Please note: Abbreviations should be introduced at the first mention in
the main text – no abbreviations lists. Suggested structure of main text (not
enforced) is provided below.
34
35 = \section*{Introduction}
36
37 The Introduction section, of referenced text \cite{Stark2018BeforePreproducibility}
expands on the background of the work (some overlap with the Abstract is
acceptable). The introduction should not include

```

Scientific Reports Title to see here

Alice Author^{1,*}, Bob Author², Christine Author^{1,2,*}, and Derek Author^{2,4}

¹Affiliation, department, city, postcode, country

²Affiliation, department, city, postcode, country

*corresponding.author@email.example

⁴these authors contributed equally to this work

ABSTRACT

Example Abstract. Abstract must not include subheadings or citations. Example Abstract. Abstract must not include subheadings or citations. Example Abstract.

Please note: Abbreviations should be introduced at the first mention in the main text – no abbreviations lists. Suggested structure of main text (not enforced) is provided below.

Introduction

The Introduction section, of referenced text¹ expands on the background of the work (some overlap with the Abstract is acceptable). The introduction should not include subheadings.²

Results

Up to three levels of **subheading** are permitted. Subheadings should not be numbered.

Subsection

Example text under a subsection. Bulleted lists may be used where appropriate, e.g.

- First item
- Second item

Third-level section

Topical subheadings are allowed.

New Section

Discussion

The Discussion should be succinct and must not contain subheadings.

Methods

Topical subheadings are allowed.³ Authors must ensure that their Methods section includes adequate experimental and characterization data necessary for others in the field to reproduce their work.

References

1. Stark, P. B. Before reproducibility must come preproducibility. *Nature* **557**, 613–613, DOI: [10.1038/d41586-018-05256-0](https://doi.org/10.1038/d41586-018-05256-0) (2018).
2. Bao, N., Bousoo, R., Jordan, S. & Lackey, B. Fast optimization algorithms and the cosmological constant. *Phys. Rev. D* **96**, 103512, DOI: [10.1103/PhysRevD.96.103512](https://doi.org/10.1103/PhysRevD.96.103512) (2017).
3. Fujii, K. *et al.* The role of positron polarization for the initial \$250\$ GeV stage of the International Linear Collider. (2018).

Structure of a Document

Command: a control sequence which performs an action, such as `\newpage`

Preamble: block of commands that define the type of document you are writing, the language you are writing in, the *packages* you would like to use. Comes before `\begin{document}`

```
\documentclass[12pt, letterpaper]{article}  
\usepackage{amsmath}
```

Package:

Packages enable you to do more, like create bibliographies, insert images, and write formulas and figures.

Structure of a Document

Environment: A block of code with specific behavior depending on its type. Requires

```
\begin{ } ... \end{ }
```

Body: the content of document enclosed inside an environment:

```
\begin{document}  
    
\end{document}
```



Note:

Comments:

Use % to create a comment. Nothing on the line after the % will be typeset.

Restricted Characters:

Certain symbols require a backslash to appear, like \$, &, #, and %.



Basic Commands

Bold: `\textbf{example}`

Italics: `\textit{example}`

Underline: `\underline{example}`

Font typefaces: Change in preamble. More information:

https://v2.overleaf.com/learn/Font_typefaces



Make Title

1. The simplest option is to use the `\maketitle` command which draws from the following declarations within the preamble:
 - a. `\author`
 - b. `\date`
 - c. `\thanks`
 - d. `\title`

2. OR use the `\begin{titlepage} ... \end{titlepage}` environment:
 - a. The titlepage environment creates a title page, i.e. a page with no printed page number or heading. It also causes the following page to be numbered page one.
 - b. Formatting is left to you, but commands like `\centering`, `\vspace`, and `\vfill` are helpful.



Basic Math

To display math inline with text, place formula or symbol in between \$:

$$\text{\$}x + y = z\text{\$}$$

Display mode `\[x + y = z \]`, will center the equation on its own line:

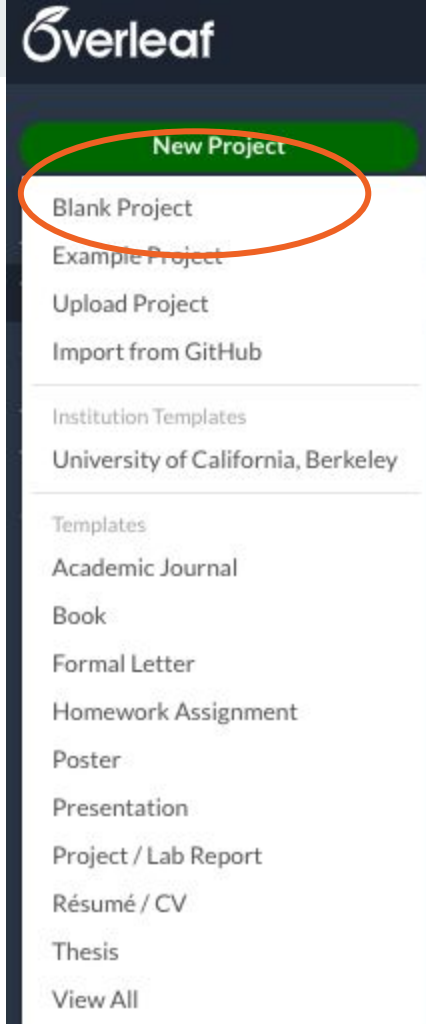
$$x + y = z$$

EXERCISE 1

Objective:

Practice several basic LaTeX commands in a new project.

<https://github.com/EPS-Libraries-Berkeley/LaTeX>



Share a link to your project

The screenshot shows the Overleaf web interface. At the top, a dark navigation bar contains icons for Menu, a back arrow, and tabs for Fall 2020 Exercises, Review, Share, Submit, and History. Below this is a toolbar with icons for file operations and tabs for Source and Rich Text. A green 'Recompile' button is also visible. The 'Share' icon in the top bar is circled in orange. A teal arrow points from this icon to the 'Share Project' dialog box.

The 'Share Project' dialog box is shown in two states:

- Left State (Link sharing is off):** The dialog title is 'Share Project'. It contains the text 'Link sharing is off, only invited users can view this project. [Turn on link sharing ?](#)'. Below this, the owner is listed as 'steplitz@berkeley.edu'. At the bottom, there is a section 'Share with your collaborators' with a text input field containing 'joe@example.com, sue@example.com, ...', a 'Can Edit' dropdown menu, and a blue 'Share' button. A teal arrow points from the 'Turn on link sharing ?' link to the right state.
- Right State (Link sharing is on):** The dialog title is 'Share Project'. It contains the text 'Link sharing is on. [Turn off link sharing ?](#)'. Below this, there are two options: 'Anyone with this link can edit this project' with a link 'https://www.overleaf.com/9442652797pxkhhtfzfkdq', and 'Anyone with this link can view this project' with a link 'https://www.overleaf.com/read/bnwfsxbxmjqt'. Both of these options and their respective links are circled in orange. A teal arrow points from the 'Turn on link sharing ?' link in the left state to the 'Anyone with this link can view this project' option in the right state.

Mathematics & Equations



Operators and More

Operators & Relations: $+$, $-$, $=$, $>$, $<$ work as expected

$\backslash times = \times$

$\backslash geq = \geq$

$\backslash neq = \neq$

$\backslash div = \div$

$\backslash leq = \leq$

$\backslash pm = \pm$

Fractions: $\backslash frac{1}{x}$ gives $\frac{1}{x}$



Greek Letters

Examples:

`\alpha` = α

`\mu` = μ

`\beta` = β

`\pi` = π

`\Gamma` = γ

`\rho` = ρ

`\delta` = δ

`\sigma` = σ

`\Delta` = Δ

`\psi` = ψ

`\lambda` = λ

`\omega` = ω

`\Lambda` = Λ

`\Omega` = Ω

But A = A (Alpha), B = B (Beta), Z = Z (Zeta), etc.



Limits & Integrals

Limit:

```
\[  
\lim_{x \to \infty} f(x)  
\]
```



$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x)$$

Integral:

```
\[  
\int_a^b x^2 dx  
\]
```



$$\int_a^b x^2 dx$$



amsmath & amssymb packages

These packages provide you with additional mathematical symbols and commands for structuring equations.

To include, add to your preamble:

```
\usepackage{amsmath}
```

```
\usepackage{amssymb}
```



amsmath equation environment

```
\begin{equation}  
\frac{\partial Q}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial s}{\partial t}  
\end{equation}
```

gives

$$\frac{\partial Q}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial s}{\partial t} \quad (1)$$

Note: use `{equation*}` for unnumbered equations



EXERCISE 2

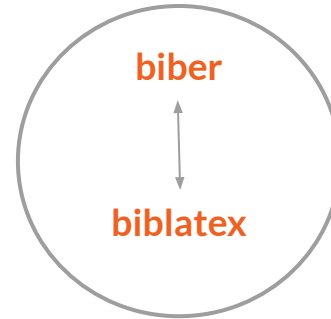
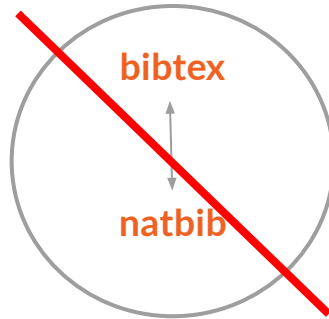
Objective: Experiment with mathematical notations in LaTeX.

<https://github.com/EPS-Libraries-Berkeley/LaTeX>

Bibliographies

Bibliographies & Terminology

- `.bib` = file that stores your references
- Package/Backend options:



We'll focus on **biblatex** today. Learn more about citation and bibliography styles using biblatex:

https://www.overleaf.com/learn/latex/Biblatex_citation_styles



What does a .bib entry look like?

```
@article{drachen2016sharing,  
  title={Sharing data increases citations},  
  author={Drachen, Thea and Ellegaard, Ole and Larsen, Asger and Dorch, S{\o}ren},  
  journal={Liber Quarterly},  
  volume={26},  
  number={2},  
  year={2016}  
}
```



Key: the syntax
used in the cite
command to call
in an in-text
citation



Step 1: Connect your project to a bibliography

- Create or upload your own .bib file
- enter a URL
- connect your Mendeley or Zotero account with Overleaf

Bibliography Example:

- Create new file within project and name it references.bib
- Search for three listed articles in [Google Scholar](#)
- Paste associated BibTeX entry into references.bib file

Ohm's law survives to the atomic scale

[B Weber](#), [S Mahapatra](#), [H Ryu](#), [S Lee](#), [A Fuhrer](#) - 2012 - science.sciencemag.org

... Science 06 Jan 2012: Vol. 335, Iss
Weber, Centre for Quantum Computa
University of New South Wales, Sydn

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we present low temperature scanning
individual phosphorus dopants deliberately

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[PDF]

Cite	
MLA	Weber, Bent, et al. "Ohm's law survives to the atomic scale." <i>Science</i> 335.6064 (2012): 64-67.
APA	Weber, B., Mahapatra, S., Ryu, H., Lee, S., Fuhrer, A., Reusch, T. C. G., ... & Simmons, M. Y. (2012). Ohm's law survives to the atomic scale. <i>Science</i> , 335(6064), 64-67.
Chicago	Weber, Bent, Suddhasatta Mahapatra, Hoon Ryu, Sunhee Lee, A. Fuhrer, T. C. G. Reusch, D. L. Thompson et al. "Ohm's law survives to the atomic scale." <i>Science</i> 335, no. 6064 (2012): 64-67.
Harvard	Weber, B., Mahapatra, S., Ryu, H., Lee, S., Fuhrer, A., Reusch, T.C.G., Thompson, D.L., Lee, W.C.T., Klimeck, G., Hollenberg, L.C. and Simmons, M.Y., 2012. Ohm's law survives to the atomic scale. <i>Science</i> , 335(6064), pp.64-67.
Vancouver	Weber B, Mahapatra S, Ryu H, Lee S, Fuhrer A, Reusch TC, Thompson DL, Lee WC, Klimeck G, Hollenberg LC, Simmons MY. Ohm's law survives to the atomic scale. <i>Science</i> . 2012 Jan 6;335(6064):64-7.
BibTeX EndNote RefMan RefWorks	



Step 2: Add packages and commands

```
\usepackage[backend=biber,  
style=authoryear]{biblatex}  
  
\addbibresource{references.  
bib}  
  
.....  
  
\printbibliography  
  
\nocite{*}
```

BibLaTeX is one package that processes bibliographic information and helps set the style.

Sets bibliography style.

Calls in .bib file

Displays bibliography

Displays entire bibliography, including uncited items



Syntax and Output

`\cite{robinson_science_2019}`

Robinson et al. (2019)

`\citeauthor{jon90}`

Textual: ...in Jones et al. (1990)



EXERCISE 3

Objective:

Learn to sync or upload a .bib file, use basic citation commands, and add a bibliography.

<https://github.com/EPS-Libraries-Berkeley/LaTeX>

Tables & Figures



Tables

```
\usepackage{tabularx}
```

Basic Commands:

- `l, r, c` column alignment
- `s` column alignment for SI units
- `&` ampersand separates columns
- `\\` double backslash begins new row
- `\hline` horizontal line
- `|` vertical line



Basic Two Column Table

```
\usepackage{tabularx}
.....
\begin{table}
\begin{tabular}{lc}
Item & Qty \\ \hline
Widget & 1 \\
Gadget & 2 \\
Cable & 3 \\
\end{tabular}
\end{table}
```

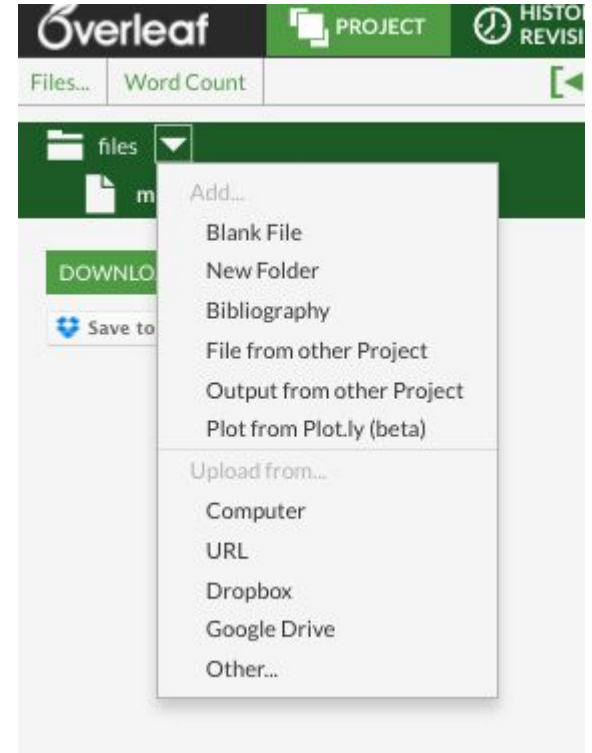
Item	Qty
Widget	1
Gadget	2
Cable	3

Uploading figures

Find files at:

<https://github.com/EPS-Libraries-Berkeley/LaTeX>

Download keyboard_cat.png, and upload file to Overleaf project





Uploading figures (simplest)

```
\usepackage{graphicx}
```

```
...
```

```
\includegraphics[width=0.4\textwidth]{keyboard_cat}
```



Figure & Table Placement

Specifier	Permission
h	Place the float here: approximately, not exactly, at the same point it occurs in the source text.
t	Position at the top of the page.
b	Position at the bottom of the page.
p	Put on a special page for floats only.
!	Override internal parameters LaTeX uses for determining "good" float positions.
H	Places the float at precisely the location in the LaTeX code. Requires the float package. This is somewhat equivalent to h!



EXERCISE 4

Objectives:

Learn the basic commands to create and edit tables.

Upload and place a figure.

<https://github.com/EPS-Libraries-Berkeley/LaTeX>

Questions?

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bquigley@berkeley.edu

Slides and Exercises:

<https://github.com/EPS-Libraries-Berkeley/LaTeX>

EXTRA SLIDES FOLLOW



Syncing & uploading figures hosted elsewhere

Google Drive:

<https://www.overleaf.com/help/247-how-can-i-upload-files-from-google-drive#.W4WtwhPwZE5>

GitHub/Dropbox:

<https://www.overleaf.com/help/343#.W4WtgxPwZE4>