EPS Monitoring System

A crucial part of every System Administrator's job is to have a monitoring system able to provide exactly the state of the system, with features such as getting timely alerts of any server problems (software and hardware), getting servers performance data, and obtaining a detailed inventory of hardware and software.

Even though all of these requirements might be fulfilled by other tools, 'EPS MS' provides a complete and extremely easy to configure full solution.

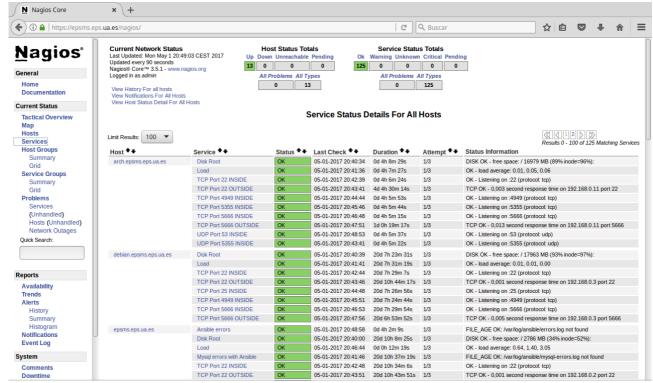
For those users that only need a subset of the provided features (for instance, alerts or performance) it is very likely they don't have the time and/or money to invest in a fully-fledged monitoring system. In this case, 'EPS MS' will complete their 'monitoring system'.

For the other sysadmins who don't have any monitoring system currently active, 'EPS MS' will be a perfect solution because at no cost, and with very little time required for installation and configuration, they will get a complete, automatic and free monitoring system.

Live Demo available at https://epsms.eps.ua.es (user: 'epsms', password: 'epsms'). Read only user 'epsms' to watch hardware/software/security information collected from a real network in real-time.

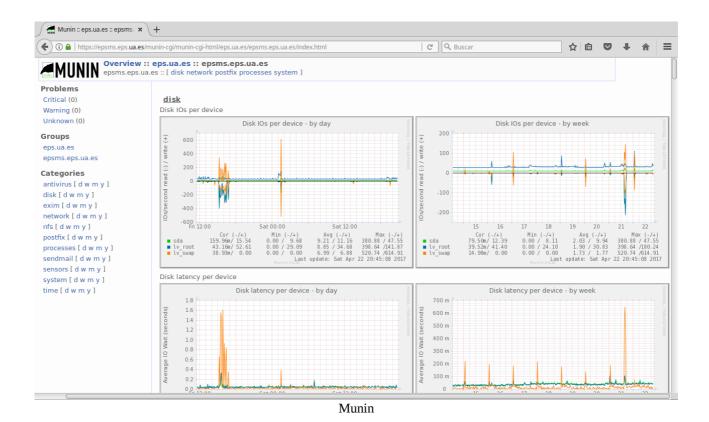
Basically, 'EPS MS' provides:

• Events & alerts monitoring system (Nagios) to analyze hosts and services status.



Nagios

• A performance monitoring system (Munin) to analyze hosts performance graphically.

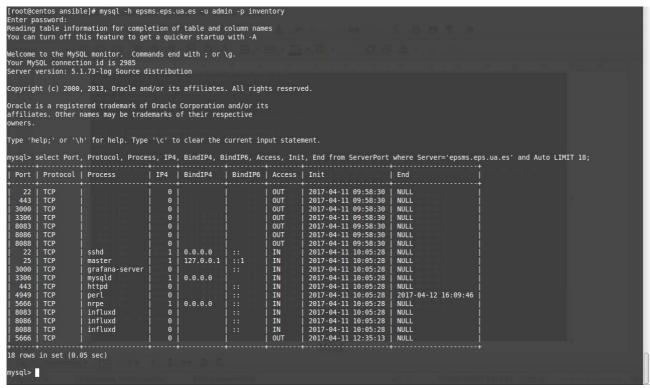


• A proprietary monitoring system (made with <u>Ansible</u>) to collect hardware, software and security information, and install & configure the other monitoring systems: Nagios, Munin, Openvas...



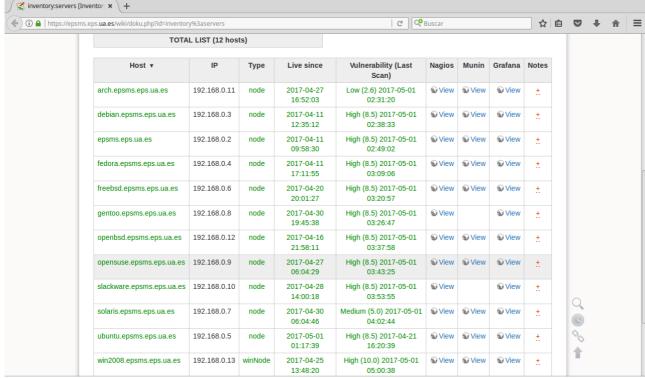
EPS Monitoring System

• A **Mysql** database to store collected information (current and historical).



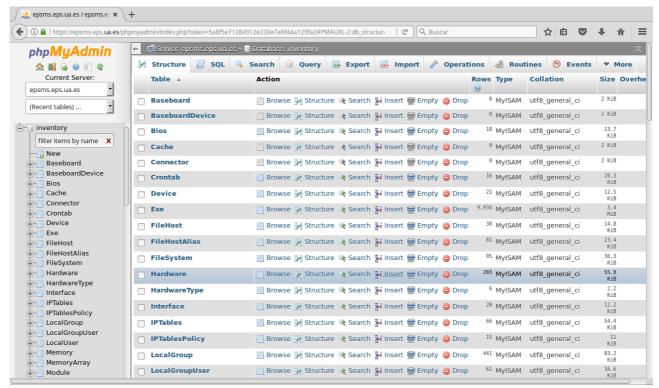
Mysql

• A **Dokuwiki** server to show collected information.



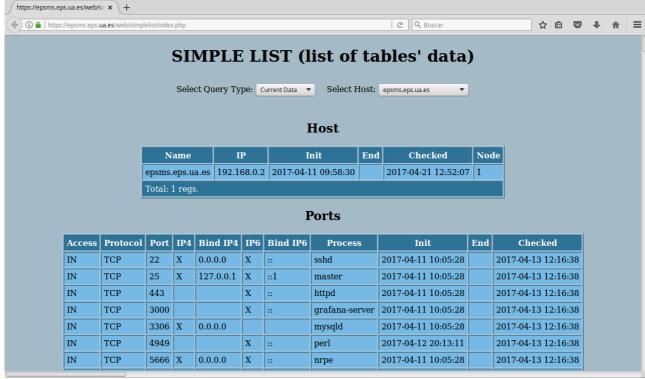
Dokuwiki

• A **PhpMyAdmin** server to manage graphically data stored in Mysql database.

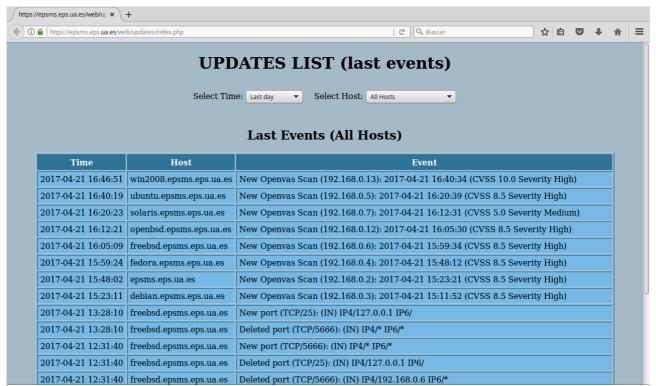


PhpMyAdmin

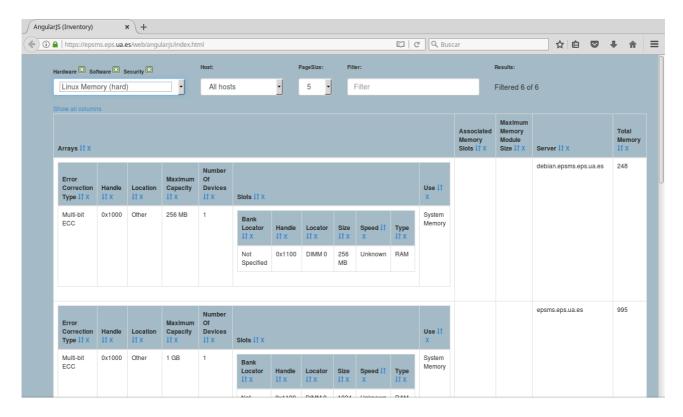
• A **Web application** (made with **PHP** and **Angularjs**) to analyze information in a customized way.



Simple List (PHP)

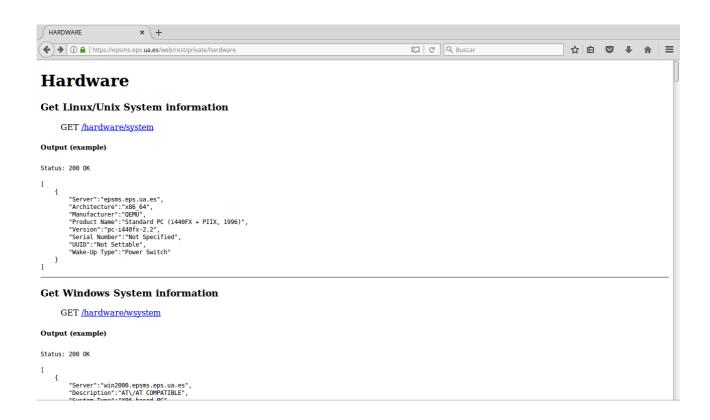


Updates List (PHP)

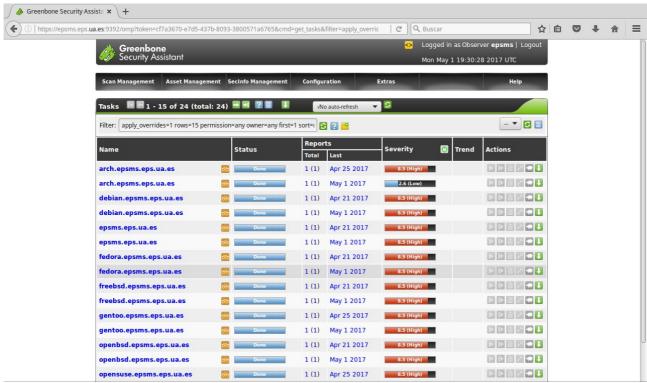


Inventory (angularjs)

• A Rest API to access data (used by angularjs application)

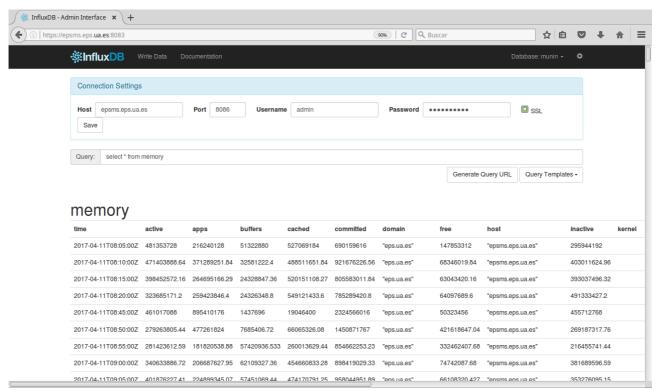


• A security monitoring system (**Openvas**) to scan hosts vulnerabilities.



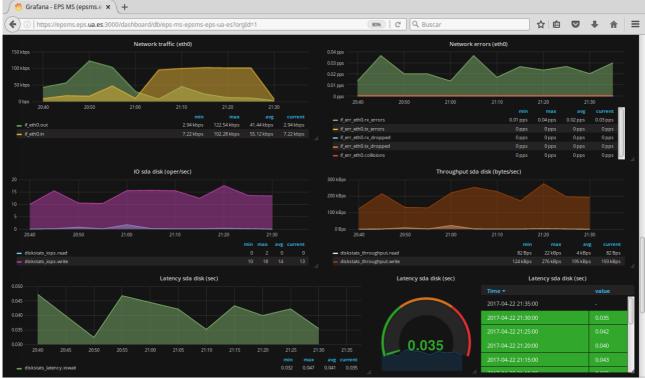
Openvas

• An **InfluxDB** database to store time-series data from munin and nagios.



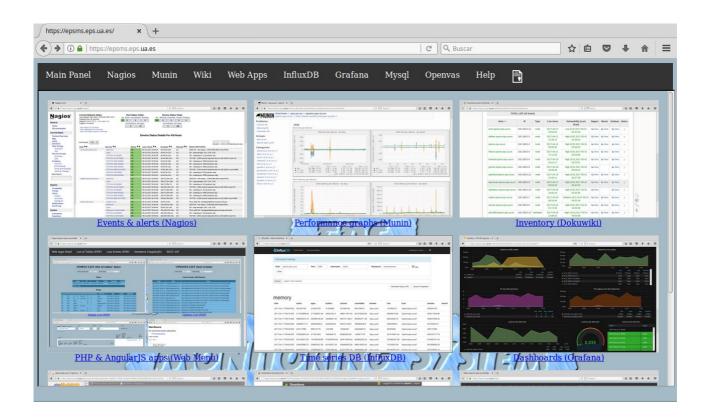
InfluxDB

• A full-featured interactive dashboard (**Grafana**) to analyze influxdb information.



Grafana

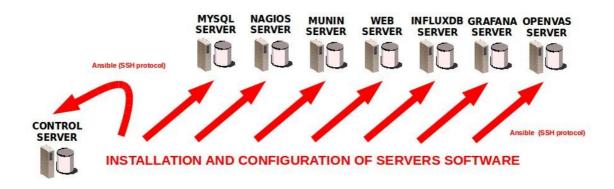
- OK, I want to try this software. But, how much time is required? Just a few minutes. These are the steps to **install and configure**:
- 1. Copy tgz package 'ansible.tgz' and installation script 'install.py' (located in install directory) in a CentOS 6 host (this will be our 'Control Server').
- 2. **Execute 'install.py'** script to install 'EPS MS'.
- 3. **Execute** '/etc/ansible/menu.py' in order to show the 'Control Menu'.
- 4. Select **option '1'** in 'Control Menu' to deploy 'EPS MS' infrastructure. This option will ask some questions about configuration such as:
- User to connect to Linux/Unix hosts (connection by SSH without password, using public keys and sudo)
- User/password to connect to Windows hosts (connection by WMI 'Windows Management Instrumentation')
- IP addresses of Nagios, Munin, Mysql, Web (Dokuwiki, PhpMyAdmin and web Apps), Grafana and Openvas servers to install software (they have to be CentOS 6)
 - Networks to monitor, collecting information of hosts inside them
- Admin password of Servers: Nagios, Munin, Mysql, Web (Dokuwiki, PhpMyAdmin and web Apps), Grafana and Openvas
 - IP addresses of administrators hosts (access permission to servers)
- Frequencies to check servers (server's software installation and a correct configuration) and hosts (client's software installation, correct configuration and data collecting of hardware, software and security information from them)
- 5. After infrastructure's deployment, 'EPS MS' starts **collecting information** from hosts indefinitely. Results can be analyzed from 'https://hostnameWebServer' with links to Nagios, Munin, Wiki, Mysql (phpMyAdmin), web (PHP & AngularJS) Apps, InfluxDB, Grafana, Openvas and Help:



But, **how does it work** inside? These are the steps 'EPS MS' performs after configuration:

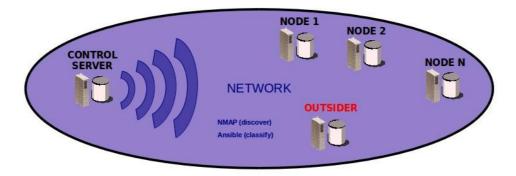
(A.1) Infrastructure deployment: Installation and configuration of servers software

Deployment 1/3 (servers)



(A.2) Infrastructure deployment: **Network scanning** to discover '**nodes**' (hosts accessed by 'EPS MS') and '**outsiders**' (hosts not accessed).

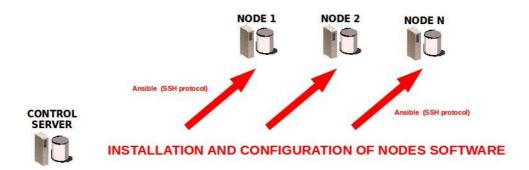
Deployment 2/3 (network scanning)



NETWORK SCANNING TO DISCOVER NODES (EPSMS ACCESS) AND OUTSIDERS (NO ACCESS)

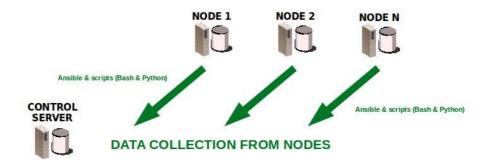
(A.3) Nodes deployment: Installation and configuration of software in the nodes

Deployment 3/3 (nodes)



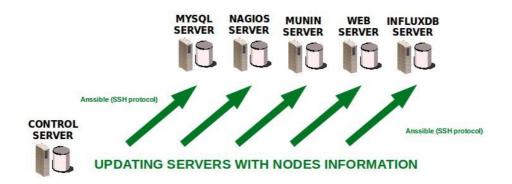
(B.1) Data collection: Getting information from nodes

Data Collection 1/2 (nodes information)



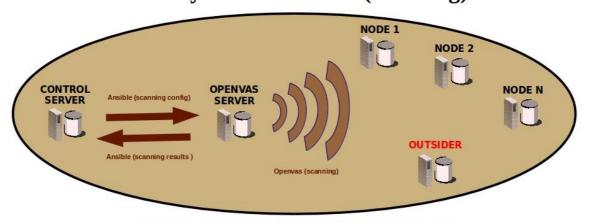
(B.2) Data collection: Updating servers with information obtained from the nodes

Data Collection 2/2 (updating servers)



(C.1) Security Assessment: **Vulnerabilities scanning** of nodes and outsiders (with Openvas)

Security Assessment 1/2 (scanning)



OPENVAS SCANNING TO DISCOVER VULNERABILITIES

Security Assesment 2/2 (updating servers)

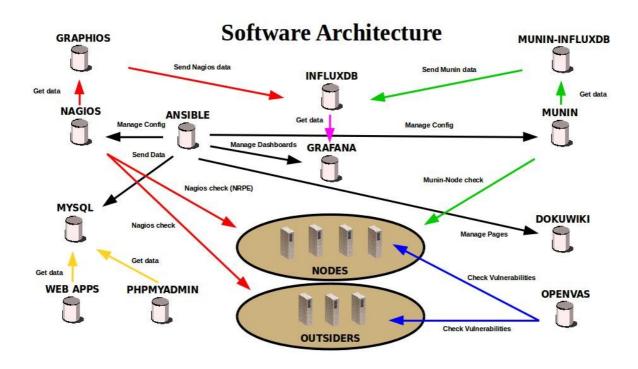


(D) **Analyzing results** stored in servers

Results Analysis



Software Architecture



What kind of **information** will be obtained?

Type

System: Architecture,	Manufacturer,	Product Name,	Version,	Serial	Number,	UUID,	Wake-Up

Hardware (Linux/Unix)

Processor: Processor Type, Processor Count, Cores per Processor, Threads per Core, Total Virtual

For Every Socket: Designation, Type, Family, Vendor, Signature, ID, Version, Voltage, External Clock, Maximum Speed, Current Speed, Status, L1 Cache Handle, L3 Cache Handle, L3 Cache Handle, Serial Number

Memory: Total Memory, Maximum Memory Module Size, Number of Arrays, Number of Slots, Arrays

For Every Array: Handle, Location, Use, Error Correction Type, Maximum Capacity, Number of Devices, Slots

For Every Slot: Handle, Locator, Array, Bank Locator, Size, Speed, Type

BIOS: Vendor, Release Date, Version, ROM Size, Runtime Size, Characteristics

For Every Characteristic: Characteristic, Value

Baseboard: Handle, Manufacturer, Product Name, Version, Serial Number, Devices

For Every Device: Handle, Type, Description, Enabled

Chassis: Manufacturer, Type, Version, Serial Number

Devices: Name, Model, Scheduler, Size, Vendor, Partitions

For Every Partition: Name, Size

Network Interfaces: Name, Address, DNS Name, Network, NetMask, MAC, Type, Module,

Active

Cache Memory: Handle, Socket Designation, Level, Enabled, Mode, Location, Installed Size, Maximum Size

Connectors: Handle, Internal Reference Designator, Internal Connector Type, External Reference Designator, External Connector Type, Port Type

System: Description, System Type, PC System Type, Manufacturer, Model, Infrared Supported, Wake-Up Type

Hardware (Windows)

Processor: Number of Processors, Number of Logical Processors, Sockets

For Every Socket: Device ID, Name, Caption, Config Manager Error Code, CPU Status, Current Clock Speed, Data Width, Family, L2 Cache Size, L2 Cache Speed, L3 Cache Size, L3 Cache Speed, Manufacturer, Maximum Clock Speed, Number of Cores, Number of Logical Processors, Processor ID, Processor Type

Memory: Total Physical Memory, Arrays

For Every Array: Tag, Caption, Hot Swappable, Location, Maximum Capacity, Memory of Devices, Memory Error Correction, Memory Use, Slots

For Every Slot: Tag, Caption, Capacity, Data Width, Total Width, Device Locator, Form Factor, Hot Swappable, Manufacturer, Memory Type, Position in Row, Speed

BIOS: Name, Caption, Software Element ID, Software Element State, Target Operating System, Version, Buid Number, Code Set, Current Language, Identification Code, Language Edition, Manufacturer, Primary BIOS, Characteristics

For Every Characteristic: Char Code, Description

Baseboard: Tag, Caption, Manufacturer, Product, Model, Version, Serial Number, Hosting Board, Hot Swappable, Powered On, Devices

For Every Device: Tag, Caption, Description, Device Type, Manufacturer, Model, Version, Serial Number, Enabled, Hot Swappable, Powered On

Devices: Device ID, Caption, Disk Index, Interface Type, Model ,Size, Availability, Total Heads, Total Cylinders, Tracks per Cylinder, Total Tracks, Sectors per Track, Total Sectors, Bytes per Sector, Default Block Size, Media Type, Partition ID, Config Manager Error Code, Serial Number, SCSI Bus, SCSI Port, SCSI Target ID, SCSI Logical Unit, Partitions

For Every Partition: Device ID, Caption, Disk Index, Partition Index, Partition Type, Size, Block Size, Number of Blocks, Access, Availability, Bootable, Boot Partition, Primary Partition

Network Interfaces: Device ID, Name, Adapter Type, Manufacturer, MAC Address, Availability, Config Manager Error Code, Adapter Index, Net Connection ID, Net Connection Status, Service Name, Settings

For Every Setting: Net Index, Description, IP Address, IP Subnet, Default IP Gateway, Default TOS, Default TTL, DHCP Enabled, DHCP Server, DNS Domain, DNS Domain Suffix Search

	Order, DNS Enabled for WINS Resolution, DNS Domain Search Order, IGMP Level, MAC Address, WINS Enable LMHosts Lookup, WINS Primary Server, WINS Secondary Server
	Connectors: Tag, Connector Type, External Reference Designator, Internal Reference Designator, Port Type
	Buses: Device ID, Caption, Bus Type, Bus Num, Availability, Config Manager Error Code
	IP: Name, IP
Software (Linux/Unix)	Distribution: Distribution, Version
	Kernel: Kernel
	Modules: Name, File Name, Author, Description, License, Version, Version Magic, Source Version
	Domain: Domain
	DNS Resolver: Domain, NameServer 1, NameServer 2, NameServer 3, Options For Every Option: Option
	'/etc/hosts' File: Rules
	Routes: Destination, Gateway, Mask, Flags, Interfaces
	Swap Memory: Swap
	Virtualization: Virtualization Role, Virtualization Type
	FileSystems: Name, Type, Mount, Options, Size
	IP: Name, IP
Software (Windows)	Domain: Domain
	Operating System: OS Name, OS Description, Boot Device, Service Pack Version, OS Architecture, OS Type, Product Type, Version, Serial Number, Country, Language, PAE Enabled, Manufacturer, Current Time Zone, Encryption Level, Number of Licensed Users, Operating System SKU, Organization, Registered User, Maximum Number of Processes, System Device, System Drive, Windows Directory, System Directory, Total Visible Memory Size, Total Swap Space Size, Total Virtual Memory Size, Distributed
	Logical Devices: Device ID, Caption, Drive Type, File System, Size, Access, Availability, Compressed, Config Manager Error Code, Supports Disk Quotas, Quotas Disabled, Supports File Based Compression, Volume Name, Volume Serial Number, Partitions For Every Partition: Partition Device ID

	Servers: Name, IP, Node						
Security (Linux/Unix)	TCP/UDP Ports (inside Scan): Protocol, Port, IP4, Bind IP4, IP6, Bind IP6, Process						
	TCP Ports (outside scan): Protocol, Port						
	Packages: Name, Version, Size						
	Executables: Name, Package, File Size, File User, File Group, File Permissions, Signature						
	Executables (with no package): Name, File Size, File User, File Group, File Permissions						
	Executables (setUID): Name, Package, File Size, File User, File Group, File Permissions						
	Executables (setGID): Name, Package, File Size, File User, File Group, File Permissions						
	Users: Name, UID, GID, Password Type, Last Change, Description, Home, Shell						
	Groups: Name, GID, Users For Every User: User						
	Sudo: Defaults, User Alias, Cmnd Alias, Runas Alias, Rules Alias For Every Default: Rule For Every User Alias: Rule For Every Cmnd Alias: Rule For Every Runas Alias: Rule For Every Runas Alias: Rule						
	Crontab: User, Minute, Hour, Day, Month, DayWeek, Command						
	IPTables: IPTable, Chain, Policy, Rules For Every Rule: Rule						
	TCP Wrappers: Type, Service, Hosts For Every Host: Host						
	PAM Access: Modules, Rules For Every Module: Module For Every Rule: Rule						
	Openvas: IP, Start Scan, CVSS, Total High, Total Medium, Total Low, Total Log, Total False Positive						
	Servers: Name, IP, Node						
Security (Windows)	TCP/UDP Ports (inside Scan): Protocol, Port, IP4, Bind IP4, IP6, Bind IP6, Process						
,	TCP Ports (outside scan): Protocol, Port						

Users: Domain, Name, System Account, Caption, Account Type, Disabled, Full Name, Local Account, Lockout, Password Changeable, Password Expires, Password RequiredSID, SID Type

Groups: Name, GID, Users **For Every User:** User

Drivers: Name, Caption, Error Control, Path Name, Service Type, Start Mode, State, Tag ID

Services: Name, Caption, Error Control, Path Name, Process ID, Start Mode, State, Tag ID

Shares: Name, Caption, Path Share, Type Share

Openvas: IP, Start Scan, CVSS, Total High, Total Medium, Total Low, Total Log, Total False Positive