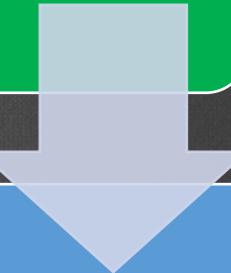


Issue 六大写作要求解读

1. Write a response in which you discuss the extent to which you agree or disagree with the statement and explain your reasoning for the position you take. In developing and supporting your position, you should consider ways in which the statement might or might not hold true and explain how these considerations shape your position.

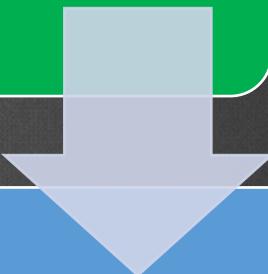
分析题目立场成立与不成立的情况

2. Write a response in which you discuss the extent to which you agree or disagree with the recommendation and explain your reasoning for the position you take. In developing and supporting your position, describe specific circumstances in which adopting the recommendation would or would not be advantageous and explain how these examples shape your view.



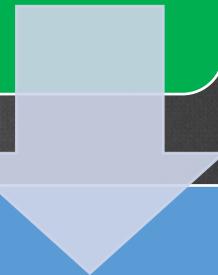
讨论题目建议有利与有弊的情况

3. Write a response in which you discuss the extent to which you agree or disagree with the claim. In developing and supporting your position, be sure to address the most compelling reasons or examples that could be used to challenge your position.



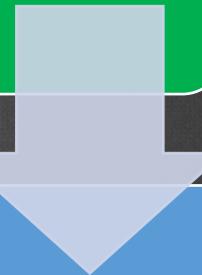
是否同意题目观点
指明自己的立场和对立的立场

4. Write a response in which you discuss which view more closely aligns with your own position and explain your reasoning for the position you take. In developing and supporting your position, you should address both of the views presented above.



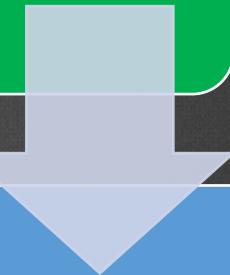
论述两方观点并二选一

5. Write a response in which you discuss your views on the policy above and explain your reasoning for the position you take. In developing and supporting your position, you should consider the possible consequences of implementing the policy and explain how these consequences shape your position.



分析题目政策可能带来的好或不好的后果

6. Write a response in which you discuss the extent to which you
agree or disagree with the claim and the reason on which that
claim is based



论述是否同意题目主张和支持主张的理由

Issue 文章框架

Opening 开头段: 表明自己的观点和态度

Main body 正文段: 例证; {道理论证}

同意的理由

反对的理由

[加码?]

[加码?]

Ending 结尾段: 总结并重申自己的观点和态度

道理论证

People now tend to move away from their hometown in order to find better job opportunities.

For example, my cousin Emma decided to go look for a job as teaching English in big cities. Since she has been living there, she has gone from teaching English to opening up her own international school. She now owns a successful career and has found opportunities not available to her back home.

In big cities it is easier for people to find a job, because big cities always have a mature economic development and are able to attract lots of top enterprises, so there exists a great demand on human labor force, which means that jobs are almost everywhere for qualified candidates. So we can make a living in big cities easily and what is more, if we are sensitive enough to seize the opportunity, we can even make a fortune through our jobs in big cities, thereby living a satisfying life.

开头：表明自己的观点和态度

在这个statement中，作者认为研究大城市可以帮助我们了解一个社会最重要的特征。IN MY OPINION，我不否认大城市有这样的研究价值，但是我更倾向于去关注那些偏远地区或者比较小的城市。

首先，我承认，研究大城市确实可以帮助我们去了解一个社会的某些重要特征。

(那些重要特征呢？) 政治，经济，科技，教育
(为什么这些特征能在大城市得以体现？) 政策支持，地理位置，人口红利

(那么研究了之后，对我有什么好处呢？) 加深我对这个社会的这些方面的了解

但是大城市这方面的研究又是有局限性的。

(为什么呢？) modernization：现在大城市的发展基本都是趋同化的，几乎所有的大城市都是有几个CBD，几个museums，它们的district allocation也没什么太大区别。比如说，我们站在香港，上海，纽约的市中心，就很难读出属于这个社会的独有特点，反而会觉得它们都是差不多的。

小城市或者偏远地区：

(研究什么？) 历史文化，民族传统，饮食，风俗
(为什么在这些地方研究？)
(有什么好处呢？) 更加profound的理解

结尾：重申自己的观点和态度

FROM MY PERSPECTIVE，在研究大城市的同时，我们也不能忽视对小城市和偏远地区的研究

话题类别	题库比重
学习、教育、成长类	37%
社会、政治、法律类	22%
思想、行为、方法类	15%
科学、技术、生活类	13%
历史、文化、传播类	13%

