CMIP6 Model Documentation

Institute:	EC-EARTH-CONSORTIUM
Model:	EC-EARTH3-AERCHEM
Topic:	Top Level
Doc. Generated:	2020-04-08
Doc. Seeded From:	Spreadsheet
Specialization Version:	1.1.1
Further Info:	https://es-doc.org/cmip6
Note:	* indicates a required property

Documentation Contents

1 Key Properties

Key properties of the model

1.1.1 Top level properties

Key properties of the model

1.1.1.1 Name *

Name of coupled model

EC-Earth3-AerChem

1.1.1.2 Keywords *

Keywords associated with coupled model

Enter COMMA SEPARATED list:

1.1.1.3 Overview *

Top level overview of coupled model

See noije-et-al-2020. Fields with an identical description for this EC-Earth3-AerChem configuration as for the EC-Earth3 configuration are left empty.

1.2.1 Flux Correction

Flux correction properties of the model

1.2.1.1 Details *

Describe if/how flux corrections are applied in the model

Enter TEXT:

1.3.1 Genealogy

Genealogy and history of the model

1.3.1.1 Year Released *

Year the model was released

Enter TEXT:

1.3.1.2 CMIP3 Parent

CMIP3 parent if any

Enter TEXT:

1.3.1.3 CMIP5 Parent

CMIP5 parent if any

Enter TEXT:

1.3.1.4 CMIP5 Differences

Briefly summarize the differences between this model and its CMIP5 parent, if applicable

Enter TEXT:

1.3.1.5 Previous Name

Previously known as

Enter TEXT:

1.4.1 Software Properties

Software properties of model

1.4.1.1 Repository

Location of code for this component.

Https://svn.ec-earth.org/ecearth3/tags/3.3.2/

1.4.1.2 Code Version

Code version identifier.

Version 3.3.2

1.4.1.3 Code Languages

Code language(s).

Fortran; C

1.4.1.4 Components Structure

Describe how model realms are structured into independent software components (coupled via a coupler) and internal software components.

The structure is the same as for EC-Earth3, with the addition that TM5 is coupled to IFS via the coupler.

1.4.1.5 Coupler

Overarching coupling framework for model.

☐   OASIS - The OASIS coupler - prior to OASIS-MCT

☐   OASIS3-MCT - The MCT variant of the OASIS coupler

☐   ESMF - Vanilla Earth System Modelling Framework

☐   NUOPC - National Unified Operational Prediction Capability variant of ESMF

☐   Bespoke - Customised coupler developed for this model

☐   Unknown - It is not known what/if-a coupler is used

☐   None - No coupler is used

☐   Other - please specify:

1.5.1 Coupling

1.5.1.1 Atmosphere Double Flux *

Is the atmosphere passing a double flux to the ocean and sea ice (as opposed to a single one)?

Select either TRUE or FALSE:

☐   True   ☐   False

1.5.1.2 Atmosphere Fluxes Calculation Grid

Where are the air-sea fluxes calculated

Select SINGLE option:

☐   Atmosphere grid

☐   Ocean grid

☐   Specific coupler grid

☐   Other - please specify:

1.5.1.3 Atmosphere Relative Winds *

Are relative or absolute winds used to compute the flux? I.e. do ocean surface currents enter the wind stress calculation?

Select either TRUE or FALSE:

☐   True   ☐   False

1.6.1 Tuning Applied

Tuning methodology for model

1.6.1.1 Description *

General overview description of tuning: explain and motivate the main targets and metrics/diagnostics retained. Document the relative weight given to climate performance metrics/diagnostics versus process oriented metrics/diagnostics, and on the possible conflicts with parameterization level tuning. In particular describe any struggle with a parameter value that required pushing it to its limits to solve a particular model deficiency.

The spinup under pre-industrial conditions started from a model version with the same settings of tuning parameters for both the atmosphere and ocean as used in EC-Earth3. The use of interactive aerosols and atmospheric chemistry in EC-Earth3-AerChem led to a small increase of surface temperatures, especially in the Northern Hemisphere. Three atmospheric tuning parameters have been changed in EC-Earth3-AerChem compared to EC-Earth3 to reduce the global mean temperature by about 0.5 K. See van-Noije-et-al-2014.

1.6.1.2 Global Mean Metrics Used

List set of metrics/diagnostics of the global mean state used in tuning model

Same as for EC-Earth3; fine tuning of EC-Earth3-AerChem based on zonal mean surface air temperature

1.6.1.3 Regional Metrics Used

List of regional metrics/diagnostics of mean state (e.g THC, AABW, regional means etc) used in tuning model/component

Enter COMMA SEPARATED list:

1.6.1.4 Trend Metrics Used

List observed trend metrics/diagnostics used in tuning model/component (such as 20th century)

Enter COMMA SEPARATED list:

1.6.1.5 Energy Balance *

Describe how energy balance was obtained in the full system: in the various components independently or at the components coupling stage?

Enter TEXT:

1.6.1.6 Fresh Water Balance *

Describe how fresh_water balance was obtained in the full system: in the various components independently or at the components coupling stage?

Enter TEXT:

1.6.2 Heat

Global heat convervation properties of the model

1.6.2.1 Global *

Describe if/how heat is conserved globally

Enter TEXT:

1.6.2.2 Atmos Ocean Interface

Describe if/how heat is conserved at the atmosphere/ocean coupling interface

Enter TEXT:

1.6.2.3 Atmos Land Interface *

Describe if/how heat is conserved at the atmosphere/land coupling interface

Enter TEXT:

1.6.2.4 Atmos Sea-ice Interface

Describe if/how heat is conserved at the atmosphere/sea-ice coupling interface

Enter TEXT:

1.6.2.5 Ocean Seaice Interface

Describe if/how heat is conserved at the ocean/sea-ice coupling interface

Enter TEXT:

1.6.2.6 Land Ocean Interface

Describe if/how heat is conserved at the land/ocean coupling interface

Enter TEXT:

1.6.3 Fresh Water

Global fresh water convervation properties of the model

1.6.3.1 Global *

Describe if/how fresh_water is conserved globally

Enter TEXT:

1.6.3.2 Atmos Ocean Interface

Describe if/how fresh_water is conserved at the atmosphere/ocean coupling interface

Enter TEXT:

1.6.3.3 Atmos Land Interface *

Describe if/how fresh water is conserved at the atmosphere/land coupling interface

Enter TEXT:

1.6.3.4 Atmos Sea-ice Interface

Describe if/how fresh water is conserved at the atmosphere/sea-ice coupling interface

Enter TEXT:

1.6.3.5 Ocean Seaice Interface

Describe if/how fresh water is conserved at the ocean/sea-ice coupling interface

Enter TEXT:

1.6.3.6 Runoff

Describe how runoff is distributed and conserved

Enter TEXT:

1.6.3.7 Iceberg Calving

Describe if/how iceberg calving is modeled and conserved

Enter TEXT:

1.6.3.8 Endoreic Basins

Describe if/how endoreic basins (no ocean access) are treated

Enter TEXT:

1.6.3.9 Snow Accumulation

Describe how snow accumulation over land and over sea-ice is treated

Enter TEXT:

1.6.4 Salt

Global salt convervation properties of the model

1.6.4.1 Ocean Seaice Interface

Describe if/how salt is conserved at the ocean/sea-ice coupling interface

Enter TEXT:

1.6.5 Momentum

Global momentum convervation properties of the model

1.6.5.1 Details

Describe if/how momentum is conserved in the model

Enter TEXT:

2 Radiative Forcings

Radiative forcings of the model for historical and scenario (aka Table 12.1 IPCC AR5)

2.1.1 Top level properties

Radiative forcings of the model for historical and scenario (aka Table 12.1 IPCC AR5)

2.1.1.1 Name

Commonly used name for the radiative forcings in toplevel model.

CMIP6

2.1.1.2 Overview

Overview of radiative forcings of the model for historical and scenario (aka table 12.1 ipcc ar5) in toplevel model.

Enter TEXT:

2.1.2 CO2

Carbon dioxide forcing

2.1.2.1 Provision *

How this forcing agent is provided (e.g. via concentrations, emission precursors, prognostically derived, etc.)

Select MULTIPLE options:

☐   N/A - Not applicable - forcing agent is not included

☐   M - Emissions and concentrations determined by the model state rather than externally prescribed

☐   Y - Prescribed concentrations, distributions or time series data

☐   E - Concentrations calculated interactively driven by prescribed emissions or precursor emissions

☐   ES - Surface emissions (and 3-D concentrations away from the surface) derived via the model from the prescribed surface concentration

☐   C - Fixed prescribed climatology of concentrations with no year-to-year variability

☐   Other - please specify:

2.1.2.2 Additional Information

Additional information relating to the provision and implementation of this forcing agent (e.g. citations, use of non-standard datasets, explaining how multiple provisions are used, etc.).

Enter TEXT:

2.1.3 CH4

Methane forcing

2.1.3.1 Provision *

How this forcing agent is provided (e.g. via concentrations, emission precursors, prognostically derived, etc.)

☐   N/A - Not applicable - forcing agent is not included

☐   M - Emissions and concentrations determined by the model state rather than externally prescribed

☐   Y - Prescribed concentrations, distributions or time series data

☐   E - Concentrations calculated interactively driven by prescribed emissions or precursor emissions

☐   ES - Surface emissions (and 3-D concentrations away from the surface) derived via the model from the prescribed surface concentration

☐   C - Fixed prescribed climatology of concentrations with no year-to-year variability

☐   Other - please specify:

2.1.3.2 Additional Information

Additional information relating to the provision and implementation of this forcing agent (e.g. citations, use of non-standard datasets, explaining how multiple provisions are used, etc.).

Zonal mean surface mixing ratios are prescribed in the lower troposphere and in the stratosphere following the CMIP6 time series, using Newtonian relaxation. A one-year delay is applied between the surface and the stratosphere. Anthropogenic and biomass burning emissions of methane are prescribed using the CMIP6 data set; natural emissions and uptake by soils are prescribed to a monthly climatology. The effective total emissions are determined by the combination of the prescribed fluxes and the tendencies applied in the relaxation scheme.

2.1.4 N2O

Nitrous oxide forcing

2.1.4.1 Provision *

How this forcing agent is provided (e.g. via concentrations, emission precursors, prognostically derived, etc.)

Select MULTIPLE options:

☐   N/A - Not applicable - forcing agent is not included

☐   M - Emissions and concentrations determined by the model state rather than externally prescribed

☐   Y - Prescribed concentrations, distributions or time series data

☐   E - Concentrations calculated interactively driven by prescribed emissions or precursor emissions

☐   ES - Surface emissions (and 3-D concentrations away from the surface) derived via the model from the prescribed surface concentration

☐   C - Fixed prescribed climatology of concentrations with no year-to-year variability

☐   Other - please specify:

2.1.4.2 Additional Information

Additional information relating to the provision and implementation of this forcing agent (e.g. citations, use of non-standard datasets, explaining how multiple provisions are used, etc.).

Enter TEXT:

2.1.5 Tropospheric O3

Troposheric ozone forcing

2.1.5.1 Provision *

How this forcing agent is provided (e.g. via concentrations, emission precursors, prognostically derived, etc.)

☐   N/A - Not applicable - forcing agent is not included

☐   M - Emissions and concentrations determined by the model state rather than externally prescribed

☐   Y - Prescribed concentrations, distributions or time series data

☐   E - Concentrations calculated interactively driven by prescribed emissions or precursor emissions

☐   ES - Surface emissions (and 3-D concentrations away from the surface) derived via the model from the prescribed surface concentration

☐   C - Fixed prescribed climatology of concentrations with no year-to-year variability

☐   Other - please specify:

2.1.5.2 Additional Information

Additional information relating to the provision and implementation of this forcing agent (e.g. citations, use of non-standard datasets, explaining how multiple provisions are used, etc.).

Enter TEXT:

2.1.6 Stratospheric O3

Stratospheric ozone forcing

2.1.6.1 Provision *

How this forcing agent is provided (e.g. via concentrations, emission precursors, prognostically derived, etc.)

☐   N/A - Not applicable - forcing agent is not included

☐   M - Emissions and concentrations determined by the model state rather than externally prescribed

☐   Y - Prescribed concentrations, distributions or time series data

☐   E - Concentrations calculated interactively driven by prescribed emissions or precursor emissions

☐   ES - Surface emissions (and 3-D concentrations away from the surface) derived via the model from the prescribed surface concentration

☐   C - Fixed prescribed climatology of concentrations with no year-to-year variability

☐   Other - please specify:

2.1.6.2 Additional Information

Additional information relating to the provision and implementation of this forcing agent (e.g. citations, use of non-standard datasets, explaining how multiple provisions are used, etc.).

Zonal mean mixing ratios above certain levels in the stratosphere are prescribed following the CMIP6 data set, using Newtonian relaxation.

2.1.7 CFC

Ozone-depleting and non-ozone-depleting fluorinated gases forcing

2.1.7.1 Provision *

How this forcing agent is provided (e.g. via concentrations, emission precursors, prognostically derived, etc.)

Select MULTIPLE options:

☐   N/A - Not applicable - forcing agent is not included

☐   M - Emissions and concentrations determined by the model state rather than externally prescribed

☐   Y - Prescribed concentrations, distributions or time series data

☐   E - Concentrations calculated interactively driven by prescribed emissions or precursor emissions

☐   ES - Surface emissions (and 3-D concentrations away from the surface) derived via the model from the prescribed surface concentration

☐   C - Fixed prescribed climatology of concentrations with no year-to-year variability

☐   Other - please specify:

2.1.7.2 Equivalence Concentration *

Details of any equivalence concentrations used

Select SINGLE option:

☐   N/A - Not applicabale (CFCs not included or emissions and concentrations determined by the model state)

☐   Option 1 - CFCs, including CFC-12, are provided as actual concentrations

☐   Option 2 - CFC-12 is provided as actual concentrations and any other gases are provided as an equivalence concentration of CFC-11

☐   Option 3 - Ozone depleting gases, including CFC-12, are provided as an equivalence concentration of CFC-12 and all other fluorinated gases are provided as an equivalence concentration of HFC-134a

☐   Other - please specify:

2.1.7.3 Additional Information

Additional information relating to the provision and implementation of this forcing agent (e.g. citations, use of non-standard datasets, explaining how multiple provisions are used, etc.).

Enter TEXT:

2.1.8 SO4

SO4 aerosol forcing

2.1.8.1 Provision *

How this forcing agent is provided (e.g. via concentrations, emission precursors, prognostically derived, etc.)

☐ N/A - Not applicable - forcing agent is not included

☐ M - Emissions and concentrations determined by the model state rather than externally prescribed

☐ Y - Prescribed concentrations, distributions or time series data

☐ E - Concentrations calculated interactively driven by prescribed emissions or precursor emissions

☐ ES - Surface emissions (and 3-D concentrations away from the surface) derived via the model from the prescribed surface concentration

☐ C - Fixed prescribed climatology of concentrations with no year-to-year variability

☐ Other - please specify:

2.1.8.2 Additional Information

Additional information relating to the provision and implementation of this forcing agent (e.g. citations, use of non-standard datasets, explaining how multiple provisions are used, etc.).

Enter TEXT:

2.1.9 Black Carbon

Black carbon aerosol forcing

2.1.9.1 Provision *

How this forcing agent is provided (e.g. via concentrations, emission precursors, prognostically derived, etc.)

☐ N/A - Not applicable - forcing agent is not included

☐ M - Emissions and concentrations determined by the model state rather than externally prescribed

☐ Y - Prescribed concentrations, distributions or time series data

☐ E - Concentrations calculated interactively driven by prescribed emissions or precursor emissions

☐ ES - Surface emissions (and 3-D concentrations away from the surface) derived via the model from the prescribed surface concentration

☐ C - Fixed prescribed climatology of concentrations with no year-to-year variability

☐   Other - please specify:

2.1.9.2 Additional Information

Additional information relating to the provision and implementation of this forcing agent (e.g. citations, use of non-standard datasets, explaining how multiple provisions are used, etc.).

    Enter TEXT:

2.1.10 Organic Carbon

Organic carbon aerosol forcing

2.1.10.1 Provision *

How this forcing agent is provided (e.g. via concentrations, emission precursors, prognostically derived, etc.)

☐   N/A - Not applicable - forcing agent is not included

☐   M - Emissions and concentrations determined by the model state rather than externally prescribed

☐   Y - Prescribed concentrations, distributions or time series data

☐   E - Concentrations calculated interactively driven by prescribed emissions or precursor emissions

☐   ES - Surface emissions (and 3-D concentrations away from the surface) derived via the model from the prescribed surface concentration

☐   C - Fixed prescribed climatology of concentrations with no year-to-year variability

☐   Other - please specify:

2.1.10.2 Additional Information

Additional information relating to the provision and implementation of this forcing agent (e.g. citations, use of non-standard datasets, explaining how multiple provisions are used, etc.).

    Enter TEXT:

2.1.11 Nitrate

Nitrate forcing

2.1.11.1 Provision *

How this forcing agent is provided (e.g. via concentrations, emission precursors, prognostically derived, etc.)

☐   N/A - Not applicable - forcing agent is not included

☐   M - Emissions and concentrations determined by the model state rather than externally prescribed

☐   Y - Prescribed concentrations, distributions or time series data

☐   E - Concentrations calculated interactively driven by prescribed emissions or precursor emissions

☐ ES - Surface emissions (and 3-D concentrations away from the surface) derived via the model from the prescribed surface concentration

☐ C - Fixed prescribed climatology of concentrations with no year-to-year variability

☐ Other - please specify:

2.1.11.2 Additional Information

Additional information relating to the provision and implementation of this forcing agent (e.g. citations, use of non-standard datasets, explaining how multiple provisions are used, etc.).

Enter TEXT:

2.1.12 Cloud Albedo Effect

Cloud albedo effect forcing (RFaci)

2.1.12.1 Provision *

How this forcing agent is provided (e.g. via concentrations, emission precursors, prognostically derived, etc.)

☐ N/A - Not applicable - forcing agent is not included

☐ M - Emissions and concentrations determined by the model state rather than externally prescribed

☐ Y - Prescribed concentrations, distributions or time series data

☐ E - Concentrations calculated interactively driven by prescribed emissions or precursor emissions

☐ ES - Surface emissions (and 3-D concentrations away from the surface) derived via the model from the prescribed surface concentration

☐ C - Fixed prescribed climatology of concentrations with no year-to-year variability

☐ Other - please specify:

2.1.12.2 Aerosol Effect On Ice Clouds *

Radiative effects of aerosols on ice clouds are represented?

☐ True ☒ False

2.1.12.3 Additional Information

Additional information relating to the provision and implementation of this forcing agent (e.g. citations, use of non-standard datasets, explaining how multiple provisions are used, etc.).

Cloud droplet effective radius in stratiform clouds calculated based on the cloud activation scheme from Abdul-Razzak and Ghan (2000) applied to the interactively calculated aerosol concentrations.

2.1.13 Cloud Lifetime Effect

Cloud lifetime effect forcing (ERFaci)

2.1.13.1 Provision *

How this forcing agent is provided (e.g. via concentrations, emission precursors, prognostically derived, etc.)

☐ N/A - Not applicable - forcing agent is not included

☐ M - Emissions and concentrations determined by the model state rather than externally prescribed

☐ Y - Prescribed concentrations, distributions or time series data

☐ E - Concentrations calculated interactively driven by prescribed emissions or precursor emissions

☐ ES - Surface emissions (and 3-D concentrations away from the surface) derived via the model from the prescribed surface concentration

☐ C - Fixed prescribed climatology of concentrations with no year-to-year variability

☐ Other - please specify:

2.1.13.2 Aerosol Effect On Ice Clouds *

Radiative effects of aerosols on ice clouds are represented?

☐ True   ☒ False

2.1.13.3 RFaci From Sulfate Only *

Radiative forcing from aerosol cloud interactions from sulfate aerosol only?

☐ True   ☒ False

2.1.13.4 Additional Information

Additional information relating to the provision and implementation of this forcing agent (e.g. citations, use of non-standard datasets, explaining how multiple provisions are used, etc.).

Autoconversion in stratiform clouds depends on cloud droplet number concentration, which is calculated based on the cloud activation scheme from Abdul-Razzak and Ghan (2000) applied to the interactively calculated aerosol concentrations.

2.1.14 Dust

Dust forcing

2.1.14.1 Provision *

How this forcing agent is provided (e.g. via concentrations, emission precursors, prognostically derived, etc.)

☐ N/A - Not applicable - forcing agent is not included

☐ M - Emissions and concentrations determined by the model state rather than externally prescribed

☐ Y - Prescribed concentrations, distributions or time series data

☐ E - Concentrations calculated interactively driven by prescribed emissions or precursor emissions

☐ ES - Surface emissions (and 3-D concentrations away from the surface) derived via the model from the prescribed surface concentration

☐ C - Fixed prescribed climatology of concentrations with no year-to-year variability

☐ Other - please specify:

2.1.14.2 Additional Information

Additional information relating to the provision and implementation of this forcing agent (e.g. citations, use of non-standard datasets, explaining how multiple provisions are used, etc.).

2.1.15 Tropospheric Volcanic

Tropospheric volcanic forcing

2.1.15.1 Provision *

How this forcing agent is provided (e.g. via concentrations, emission precursors, prognostically derived, etc.)

☐ N/A - Not applicable - forcing agent is not included

☐ M - Emissions and concentrations determined by the model state rather than externally prescribed

☐ Y - Prescribed concentrations, distributions or time series data

☐ E - Concentrations calculated interactively driven by prescribed emissions or precursor emissions

☐ ES - Surface emissions (and 3-D concentrations away from the surface) derived via the model from the prescribed surface concentration

☐ C - Fixed prescribed climatology of concentrations with no year-to-year variability

☐ Other - please specify:

2.1.15.2 Historical Explosive Volcanic Aerosol Implementation *

How explosive volcanic aerosol is implemented in historical simulations

☐ Type A - Explosive volcanic aerosol returns rapidly to zero (or near-zero) background.

☐ Type B - Explosive volcanic aerosol returns rapidly to constant (average volcano)

☐ Type C - Explosive volcanic aerosol returns slowly (over several decades) to constant (average volcano) background.

☐ Type D - Explosive volcanic aerosol set to zero

☐ Type E - Explosive volcanic aerosol set to constant (average volcano) background

☐ Other - please specify:

2.1.15.3 Future Explosive Volcanic Aerosol Implementation *

How explosive volcanic aerosol is implemented in future simulations

☐   Type A - Explosive volcanic aerosol returns rapidly to zero (or near-zero) background.

☐   Type B - Explosive volcanic aerosol returns rapidly to constant (average volcano)

☐   Type C - Explosive volcanic aerosol returns slowly (over several decades) to constant (average volcano) background.

☐   Type D - Explosive volcanic aerosol set to zero

☐   Type E - Explosive volcanic aerosol set to constant (average volcano) background

☐   Other - please specify:

2.1.15.4 Additional Information

Additional information relating to the provision and implementation of this forcing agent (e.g. citations, use of non-standard datasets, explaining how multiple provisions are used, etc.).

SOx emissions from continuously emitting volcanoes are included following the emission climatology from Andres and Kasgnoc (JGR, 1998).

2.1.16 Stratospheric Volcanic

Stratospheric volcanic forcing

2.1.16.1 Provision *

How this forcing agent is provided (e.g. via concentrations, emission precursors, prognostically derived, etc.)

☐   N/A - Not applicable - forcing agent is not included

☐   M - Emissions and concentrations determined by the model state rather than externally prescribed

☐   Y - Prescribed concentrations, distributions or time series data

☐   E - Concentrations calculated interactively driven by prescribed emissions or precursor emissions

☐   ES - Surface emissions (and 3-D concentrations away from the surface) derived via the model from the prescribed surface concentration

☐   C - Fixed prescribed climatology of concentrations with no year-to-year variability

☐   Other - please specify:

2.1.16.2 Historical Explosive Volcanic Aerosol Implementation *

How explosive volcanic aerosol is implemented in historical simulations

☐   Type A - Explosive volcanic aerosol returns rapidly to zero (or near-zero) background.

☐   Type B - Explosive volcanic aerosol returns rapidly to constant (average volcano)

☐   Type C - Explosive volcanic aerosol returns slowly (over several decades) to constant (average volcano) background.

☐ Type D - Explosive volcanic aerosol set to zero

☐ Type E - Explosive volcanic aerosol set to constant (average volcano) background

☐ Other - please specify:

2.1.16.3 Future Explosive Volcanic Aerosol Implementation *

How explosive volcanic aerosol is implemented in future simulations

☐ Type A - Explosive volcanic aerosol returns rapidly to zero (or near-zero) background.

☐ Type B - Explosive volcanic aerosol returns rapidly to constant (average volcano)

☐ Type C - Explosive volcanic aerosol returns slowly (over several decades) to constant (average volcano) background.

☐ Type D - Explosive volcanic aerosol set to zero

☐ Type E - Explosive volcanic aerosol set to constant (average volcano) background

☐ Other - please specify:

2.1.16.4 Additional Information

Additional information relating to the provision and implementation of this forcing agent (e.g. citations, use of non-standard datasets, explaining how multiple provisions are used, etc.).

Forcing prescribed according to the CMIP6 forcing data set.

2.1.17 Sea Salt

Sea salt forcing

2.1.17.1 Provision *

How this forcing agent is provided (e.g. via concentrations, emission precursors, prognostically derived, etc.)

☐ N/A - Not applicable - forcing agent is not included

☐ M - Emissions and concentrations determined by the model state rather than externally prescribed

☐ Y - Prescribed concentrations, distributions or time series data

☐ E - Concentrations calculated interactively driven by prescribed emissions or precursor emissions

☐ ES - Surface emissions (and 3-D concentrations away from the surface) derived via the model from the prescribed surface concentration

☐ C - Fixed prescribed climatology of concentrations with no year-to-year variability

☐ Other - please specify:

2.1.17.2 Additional Information

Additional information relating to the provision and implementation of this forcing agent (e.g. citations, use of non-standard datasets, explaining how multiple provisions are used, etc.).

Enter TEXT:

2.1.18 Land Use

Land use forcing

2.1.18.1 Provision *

How this forcing agent is provided (e.g. via concentrations, emission precursors, prognostically derived, etc.)

Select MULTIPLE options:

☐ N/A - Not applicable - forcing agent is not included

☐ M - Emissions and concentrations determined by the model state rather than externally prescribed

☐ Y - Prescribed concentrations, distributions or time series data

☐ E - Concentrations calculated interactively driven by prescribed emissions or precursor emissions

☐ ES - Surface emissions (and 3-D concentrations away from the surface) derived via the model from the prescribed surface concentration

☐ C - Fixed prescribed climatology of concentrations with no year-to-year variability

☐ Other - please specify:

2.1.18.2 Crop Change Only *

Land use change represented via crop change only?

Select either TRUE or FALSE:

☐ True   ☐ False

2.1.18.3 Additional Information

Additional information relating to the provision and implementation of this forcing agent (e.g. citations, use of non-standard datasets, explaining how multiple provisions are used, etc.).

Enter TEXT:

2.1.19 Solar

Solar forcing

2.1.19.1 Provision *

How solar forcing is provided

Select MULTIPLE options:

☐ N/A - Not applicable - solar forcing is not included

☐ Irradiance - Solar irradiance forcing

☐   Proton - Proton pathway to solar forcing

☐   Electron - Electron pathway to solar forcing

☐   Cosmic ray - Cosmic ray pathway to solar forcing

☐   Other - please specify:

2.1.19.2 Additional Information

Additional information relating to the provision and implementation of this forcing agent (e.g. citations, use of non-standard datasets, explaining how multiple provisions are used, etc.).

Enter TEXT: