

# CMIP6 Model Documentation

|                                |   |
|--------------------------------|---|
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| <b>Model:</b>                  | MCM-UA-1-0  |
| <b>Topic:</b>                  | Top Level   |
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| <b>Note:</b>                   | * indicates a required property                                 |

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# 1 Key Properties

*Key properties of the model*

## 1.1.1 Top level properties

*Key properties of the model*

### 1.1.1.1 Name \*

*Name of coupled model*

**MCM-UA**

### 1.1.1.2 Keywords \*

*Keywords associated with coupled model*

**AOGCM**

### 1.1.1.3 Overview \*

*Top level overview of coupled model*

**R30 spectral atmosphere coupled to MOM1 ocean using simple Manabe land model and simple Bryan sea ice model.**

## 1.2.1 Flux Correction

*Flux correction properties of the model*

### 1.2.1.1 Details \*

*Describe if/how flux corrections are applied in the model*

Flux adjustments are used. The fluxes are not corrected in any way. The flux adjustments are intended to keep SST and SSS realistic. The flux adjustments are computed in 2 steps. First and atmosphere-only model is run to equilibrium (about 20 years). The surface fluxes are archived (monthly averages). Step 2 the fluxes from step 1 are input to an ocean only model which is also run to equilibrium (about 4000 model years). The SST and SSS in the ocean model are restored towards observations using a Haney type restoring. The time averages of the restoring terms at equilibrium are the flux adjustments used in the AOGCM.

## 1.3.1 Genealogy

*Genealogy and history of the model*

### 1.3.1.1 Year Released \*

*Year the model was released*

**1995**

### 1.3.1.2 CMIP3 Parent

*CMIP3 parent if any*

**None**

### 1.3.1.3 CMIP5 Parent

*CMIP5 parent if any*

**None**

### 1.3.1.4 CMIP5 Differences

*Briefly summarize the differences between this model and its CMIP5 parent, if applicable*

**Not applicable**

### 1.3.1.5 Previous Name

*Previously known as*

**GFDL climate model**

## 1.4.1 Software Properties

*Software properties of model*

### 1.4.1.1 Repository

*Location of code for this component.*

**Github**

### 1.4.1.2 Code Version

*Code version identifier.*

**1**

### 1.4.1.3 Code Languages

*Code language(s).*

**FORTRAN 77**

### 1.4.1.4 Components Structure

*Describe how model realms are structured into independent software components (coupled via a coupler) and internal software components.*

**Atmosphere-land coupled to ocean-sea ice model. The coupler conserves heat and water written by Stouffer in 1985.**

### 1.4.1.5 Coupler

*Overarching coupling framework for model.*

- ☐ OASIS - The OASIS coupler - prior to OASIS-MCT
- ☐ OASIS3-MCT - The MCT variant of the OASIS coupler
- ☐ ESMF - Vanilla Earth System Modelling Framework
- ☐ NUOPC - National Unified Operational Prediction Capability variant of ESMF
- ☐ Bespoke - Customised coupler developed for this model

- ☐ Unknown - It is not known what/if-a coupler is used
- ☐ None - No coupler is used
- ☐ Other - please specify:

## 1.5.1 Coupling

### 1.5.1.1 Atmosphere Double Flux \*

*Is the atmosphere passing a double flux to the ocean and sea ice (as opposed to a single one)?*

- ☐ True ☒ False

### 1.5.1.2 Atmosphere Fluxes Calculation Grid

*Where are the air-sea fluxes calculated*

- ☒ Atmosphere grid
- ☐ Ocean grid
- ☐ Specific coupler grid
- ☐ Other - please specify:

### 1.5.1.3 Atmosphere Relative Winds \*

*Are relative or absolute winds used to compute the flux? I.e. do ocean surface currents enter the wind stress calculation?*

- ☐ True ☒ False

## 1.6.1 Tuning Applied

*Tuning methodology for model*

### 1.6.1.1 Description \*

*General overview description of tuning: explain and motivate the main targets and metrics/diagnostics retained. Document the relative weight given to climate performance metrics/diagnostics versus process oriented metrics/diagnostics, and on the possible conflicts with parameterization level tuning. In particular describe any struggle with a parameter value that required pushing it to its limits to solve a particular model deficiency.*

**None. Flux adjustments used.**

### 1.6.1.2 Global Mean Metrics Used

*List set of metrics/diagnostics of the global mean state used in tuning model*

**None**

### 1.6.1.3 Regional Metrics Used

*List of regional metrics/diagnostics of mean state (e.g THC, AABW, regional means etc) used in tuning model/component*

None

### 1.6.1.4 Trend Metrics Used

*List observed trend metrics/diagnostics used in tuning model/component (such as 20th century)*

Enter COMMA SEPARATED list:

### 1.6.1.5 Energy Balance \*

*Describe how energy balance was obtained in the full system: in the various components independently or at the components coupling stage?*

Flux adjustments

### 1.6.1.6 Fresh Water Balance \*

*Describe how fresh\_water balance was obtained in the full system: in the various components independently or at the components coupling stage?*

Atmosphere - ocean components conserve as does the coupler.

## 1.6.2 Heat

*Global heat conervation properties of the model*

### 1.6.2.1 Global \*

*Describe if/how heat is conserved globally*

Atmosphere - ocean components conserve as does the coupler. The coupler does no interpolations. Two ocean-sea ice grid boxes (east-west) lie underneath 1 atmosphere-land grid box - exactly. Fluxes into ocean-sea ice are split into two and passed to each ocean box. SST is averaged and passed up to atmosphere box.

### 1.6.2.2 Atmos Ocean Interface

*Describe if/how heat is conserved at the atmosphere/ocean coupling interface*

Two ocean grid boxes underly each atmosphere grid box. Land-sea boundary set by atmosphere grid. Atmosphere flux from each grid atm grid box is passed to both ocean-sea ice boxes underlying it.

### 1.6.2.3 Atmos Land Interface \*

*Describe if/how heat is conserved at the atmosphere/land coupling interface*

Land has no heat capacity.

### 1.6.2.4 Atmos Sea-ice Interface

*Describe if/how heat is conserved at the atmosphere/sea-ice coupling interface*

Two ocean grid boxes underly each atmosphere grid box. Land-sea boundary set by atmosphere grid. Atmosphere flux from each grid atm grid box is passed to both ocean-sea ice boxes underlying it. Sea ice thickness is averaged and passed up to atmosphere box.

### 1.6.2.5 Ocean Seaice Interface

*Describe if/how heat is conserved at the ocean/sea-ice coupling interface*

Freezing is set to -2C. If ocean temperature drops below -2C, sea ice is formed. No sensible heat storage in sea ice. They are on same grid exactly. No conservation issue.

### 1.6.2.6 Land Ocean Interface

*Describe if/how heat is conserved at the land/ocean coupling interface*

No heat is exchanged between the land and ocean. Just water which has no temperature.

## 1.6.3 Fresh Water

*Global fresh water conervation properties of the model*

### 1.6.3.1 Global \*

*Describe if/how fresh\_water is conserved globally*

Two ocean grid boxes underly each atmosphere grid box. Land-sea boundary set by atmosphere grid. Atmosphere flux from each atmosphere grid box is passed to both ocean-sea ice boxes underlying it.

### 1.6.3.2 Atmos Ocean Interface

*Describe if/how fresh\_water is conserved at the atmosphere/ocean coupling interface*

Two ocean grid boxes underly each atmosphere grid box. Land-sea boundary set by atmosphere grid. Atmosphere flux from each grid atm grid box is passed to both ocean-sea ice boxes underlying it.

### 1.6.3.3 Atmos Land Interface \*

*Describe if/how fresh water is conserved at the atmosphere/land coupling interface*

Manabe bucket model is used (Manabe 1969). Runoff is routed to ocean via a realistic river network. Land and atmosphere use same grid exactly.

### 1.6.3.4 Atmos Sea-ice Interface

*Describe if/how fresh water is conserved at the atmosphere/sea-ice coupling interface*

All frozen water is added to sea ice thickness. See above.

### 1.6.3.5 Ocean Seaice Interface

*Describe if/how fresh water is conserved at the ocean/sea-ice coupling interface*

Freezing/melt is taken from/added to SSS. See above.

### 1.6.3.6 Runoff

*Describe how runoff is distributed and conserved*

Manabe bucket model.

### 1.6.3.7 Iceberg Calving

*Describe if/how iceberg calving is modeled and conserved*

Snow depth is not allowed to exceed 20 cm water equivalent. Any snow depth greater than 20 cm is sent to ocean as a frozen water flux using the river network.

### 1.6.3.8 Endoreic Basins

*Describe if/how endoreic basins (no ocean access) are treated*

None

### 1.6.3.9 Snow Accumulation

*Describe how snow accumulation over land and over sea-ice is treated*

Snowfall is added to snow depth. If surface temperature exceeds 0C, snow melts. No snow on sea ice.

## 1.6.4 Salt

*Global salt conservation properties of the model*

### 1.6.4.1 Ocean Seaice Interface

*Describe if/how salt is conserved at the ocean/sea-ice coupling interface*

Two ocean grid boxes underly each atmosphere grid box. Land-sea boundary set by atmosphere grid. Atmosphere flux from each grid atm grid box is passed to both ocean-sea ice boxes underlying it. Virtual salt flux formulation.

## 1.6.5 Momentum

*Global momentum conservation properties of the model*

### 1.6.5.1 Details

*Describe if/how momentum is conserved in the model*

Enter TEXT:



## 2 Radiative Forcings

*Radiative forcings of the model for historical and scenario (aka Table 12.1 IPCC AR5)*

### 2.1.1 Top level properties

*Radiative forcings of the model for historical and scenario (aka Table 12.1 IPCC AR5)*

#### 2.1.1.1 Name

*Commonly used name for the radiative forcings in toplevel model.*

**CMIP6**

#### 2.1.1.2 Overview

*Overview of radiative forcings of the model for historical and scenario (aka table 12.1 ipcc ar5) in toplevel model.*

Equivalent CO<sub>2</sub> used to represent radiative forcing of GHG except water vapor. Two time period aerosol concentration distributions specified (1985 and 2050). Also given is the total globally averaged aerosol optical depth. To find any given year, the ratio of the global averages and weighting in time to the map time periods was performed. To convert the interpolated aerosol value into a forcing, the surface albedos were modified using the Haywood et al. method. Volcanoes were represented as a change in the solar constant. Solar changes also changed the solar constant.

### 2.1.2 CO<sub>2</sub>

*Carbon dioxide forcing*

#### 2.1.2.1 Provision \*

*How this forcing agent is provided (e.g. via concentrations, emission precursors, prognostically derived, etc.)*

- ☐ N/A - Not applicable - forcing agent is not included
- ☐ M - Emissions and concentrations determined by the model state rather than externally prescribed
- ☐ Y - Prescribed concentrations, distributions or time series data
- ☐ E - Concentrations calculated interactively driven by prescribed emissions or precursor emissions
- ☐ ES - Surface emissions (and 3-D concentrations away from the surface) derived via the model from the prescribed surface concentration
- ☐ C - Fixed prescribed climatology of concentrations with no year-to-year variability
- ☐ Other - please specify:

#### 2.1.2.2 Additional Information

*Additional information relating to the provision and implementation of this forcing agent (e.g. citations, use of non-standard datasets, explaining how multiple provisions are used, etc.).*

**Equivalent CO<sub>2</sub> used.**

### 2.1.3 CH4

#### *Methane forcing*

##### 2.1.3.1 Provision \*

*How this forcing agent is provided (e.g. via concentrations, emission precursors, prognostically derived, etc.)*

- ☐ N/A - Not applicable - forcing agent is not included
- ☐ M - Emissions and concentrations determined by the model state rather than externally prescribed
- ☐ Y - Prescribed concentrations, distributions or time series data
- ☐ E - Concentrations calculated interactively driven by prescribed emissions or precursor emissions
- ☐ ES - Surface emissions (and 3-D concentrations away from the surface) derived via the model from the prescribed surface concentration
- ☐ C - Fixed prescribed climatology of concentrations with no year-to-year variability
- ☐ Other - please specify:

##### 2.1.3.2 Additional Information

*Additional information relating to the provision and implementation of this forcing agent (e.g. citations, use of non-standard datasets, explaining how multiple provisions are used, etc.).*

**Equivalent CO2 used.**

### 2.1.4 N2O

#### *Nitrous oxide forcing*

##### 2.1.4.1 Provision \*

*How this forcing agent is provided (e.g. via concentrations, emission precursors, prognostically derived, etc.)*

- ☐ N/A - Not applicable - forcing agent is not included
- ☐ M - Emissions and concentrations determined by the model state rather than externally prescribed
- ☐ Y - Prescribed concentrations, distributions or time series data
- ☐ E - Concentrations calculated interactively driven by prescribed emissions or precursor emissions
- ☐ ES - Surface emissions (and 3-D concentrations away from the surface) derived via the model from the prescribed surface concentration
- ☐ C - Fixed prescribed climatology of concentrations with no year-to-year variability
- ☐ Other - please specify:

##### 2.1.4.2 Additional Information

*Additional information relating to the provision and implementation of this forcing agent (e.g. citations, use of non-standard datasets, explaining how multiple provisions are used, etc.).*

**Equivalent CO2 used.**

## 2.1.5 Tropospheric O3

*Tropospheric ozone forcing*

### 2.1.5.1 Provision \*

*How this forcing agent is provided (e.g. via concentrations, emission precursors, prognostically derived, etc.)*

- ☐ N/A - Not applicable - forcing agent is not included
- ☐ M - Emissions and concentrations determined by the model state rather than externally prescribed
- ☐ Y - Prescribed concentrations, distributions or time series data
- ☐ E - Concentrations calculated interactively driven by prescribed emissions or precursor emissions
- ☐ ES - Surface emissions (and 3-D concentrations away from the surface) derived via the model from the prescribed surface concentration
- ☐ C - Fixed prescribed climatology of concentrations with no year-to-year variability
- ☐ Other - please specify:

### 2.1.5.2 Additional Information

*Additional information relating to the provision and implementation of this forcing agent (e.g. citations, use of non-standard datasets, explaining how multiple provisions are used, etc.).*

**Equivalent CO2 used.**

## 2.1.6 Stratospheric O3

*Stratospheric ozone forcing*

### 2.1.6.1 Provision \*

*How this forcing agent is provided (e.g. via concentrations, emission precursors, prognostically derived, etc.)*

- ☐ N/A - Not applicable - forcing agent is not included
- ☐ M - Emissions and concentrations determined by the model state rather than externally prescribed
- ☐ Y - Prescribed concentrations, distributions or time series data
- ☐ E - Concentrations calculated interactively driven by prescribed emissions or precursor emissions
- ☐ ES - Surface emissions (and 3-D concentrations away from the surface) derived via the model from the prescribed surface concentration
- ☐ C - Fixed prescribed climatology of concentrations with no year-to-year variability
- ☐ Other - please specify:

### 2.1.6.2 Additional Information

*Additional information relating to the provision and implementation of this forcing agent (e.g. citations, use of non-standard datasets, explaining how multiple provisions are used, etc.).*

**Equivalent CO2 used.**

## 2.1.7 CFC

*Ozone-depleting and non-ozone-depleting fluorinated gases forcing*

### 2.1.7.1 Provision \*

*How this forcing agent is provided (e.g. via concentrations, emission precursors, prognostically derived, etc.)*

- ☐ N/A - Not applicable - forcing agent is not included
- ☐ M - Emissions and concentrations determined by the model state rather than externally prescribed
- ☐ Y - Prescribed concentrations, distributions or time series data
- ☐ E - Concentrations calculated interactively driven by prescribed emissions or precursor emissions
- ☐ ES - Surface emissions (and 3-D concentrations away from the surface) derived via the model from the prescribed surface concentration
- ☐ C - Fixed prescribed climatology of concentrations with no year-to-year variability
- ☐ Other - please specify:

### 2.1.7.2 Equivalence Concentration \*

*Details of any equivalence concentrations used*

**Select SINGLE option:**

- ☐ N/A - Not applicable (CFCs not included or emissions and concentrations determined by the model state)
- ☐ Option 1 - CFCs, including CFC-12, are provided as actual concentrations
- ☐ Option 2 - CFC-12 is provided as actual concentrations and any other gases are provided as an equivalence concentration of CFC-11
- ☐ Option 3 - Ozone depleting gases, including CFC-12, are provided as an equivalence concentration of CFC-12 and all other fluorinated gases are provided as an equivalence concentration of HFC-134a
- ☐ Other - please specify:

### 2.1.7.3 Additional Information

*Additional information relating to the provision and implementation of this forcing agent (e.g. citations, use of non-standard datasets, explaining how multiple provisions are used, etc.).*

**Enter TEXT:**

## 2.1.8 SO<sub>4</sub>

*SO<sub>4</sub> aerosol forcing*

### 2.1.8.1 Provision \*

*How this forcing agent is provided (e.g. via concentrations, emission precursors, prognostically derived, etc.)*

- ☐ N/A - Not applicable - forcing agent is not included
- ☐ M - Emissions and concentrations determined by the model state rather than externally prescribed
- ☐ Y - Prescribed concentrations, distributions or time series data
- ☐ E - Concentrations calculated interactively driven by prescribed emissions or precursor emissions
- ☐ ES - Surface emissions (and 3-D concentrations away from the surface) derived via the model from the prescribed surface concentration
- ☐ C - Fixed prescribed climatology of concentrations with no year-to-year variability
- ☐ Other - please specify:

#### 2.1.8.2 Additional Information

*Additional information relating to the provision and implementation of this forcing agent (e.g. citations, use of non-standard datasets, explaining how multiple provisions are used, etc.).*

**Haywood et al. 1997**

#### 2.1.9 Black Carbon

*Black carbon aerosol forcing*

##### 2.1.9.1 Provision \*

*How this forcing agent is provided (e.g. via concentrations, emission precursors, prognostically derived, etc.)*

- ☐ N/A - Not applicable - forcing agent is not included
- ☐ M - Emissions and concentrations determined by the model state rather than externally prescribed
- ☐ Y - Prescribed concentrations, distributions or time series data
- ☐ E - Concentrations calculated interactively driven by prescribed emissions or precursor emissions
- ☐ ES - Surface emissions (and 3-D concentrations away from the surface) derived via the model from the prescribed surface concentration
- ☐ C - Fixed prescribed climatology of concentrations with no year-to-year variability
- ☐ Other - please specify:

##### 2.1.9.2 Additional Information

*Additional information relating to the provision and implementation of this forcing agent (e.g. citations, use of non-standard datasets, explaining how multiple provisions are used, etc.).*

**Enter TEXT:**

#### 2.1.10 Organic Carbon

*Organic carbon aerosol forcing*

#### 2.1.10.1 Provision \*

*How this forcing agent is provided (e.g. via concentrations, emission precursors, prognostically derived, etc.)*

- ☐ N/A - Not applicable - forcing agent is not included
- ☐ M - Emissions and concentrations determined by the model state rather than externally prescribed
- ☐ Y - Prescribed concentrations, distributions or time series data
- ☐ E - Concentrations calculated interactively driven by prescribed emissions or precursor emissions
- ☐ ES - Surface emissions (and 3-D concentrations away from the surface) derived via the model from the prescribed surface concentration
- ☐ C - Fixed prescribed climatology of concentrations with no year-to-year variability
- ☐ Other - please specify:

#### 2.1.10.2 Additional Information

*Additional information relating to the provision and implementation of this forcing agent (e.g. citations, use of non-standard datasets, explaining how multiple provisions are used, etc.).*

**Enter TEXT:**

### 2.1.11 Nitrate

*Nitrate forcing*

#### 2.1.11.1 Provision \*

*How this forcing agent is provided (e.g. via concentrations, emission precursors, prognostically derived, etc.)*

- ☐ N/A - Not applicable - forcing agent is not included
- ☐ M - Emissions and concentrations determined by the model state rather than externally prescribed
- ☐ Y - Prescribed concentrations, distributions or time series data
- ☐ E - Concentrations calculated interactively driven by prescribed emissions or precursor emissions
- ☐ ES - Surface emissions (and 3-D concentrations away from the surface) derived via the model from the prescribed surface concentration
- ☐ C - Fixed prescribed climatology of concentrations with no year-to-year variability
- ☐ Other - please specify:

#### 2.1.11.2 Additional Information

*Additional information relating to the provision and implementation of this forcing agent (e.g. citations, use of non-standard datasets, explaining how multiple provisions are used, etc.).*

**Enter TEXT:**

## 2.1.12 Cloud Albedo Effect

*Cloud albedo effect forcing (RFaci)*

### 2.1.12.1 Provision \*

*How this forcing agent is provided (e.g. via concentrations, emission precursors, prognostically derived, etc.)*

- ☐ N/A - Not applicable - forcing agent is not included
- ☐ M - Emissions and concentrations determined by the model state rather than externally prescribed
- ☐ Y - Prescribed concentrations, distributions or time series data
- ☐ E - Concentrations calculated interactively driven by prescribed emissions or precursor emissions
- ☐ ES - Surface emissions (and 3-D concentrations away from the surface) derived via the model from the prescribed surface concentration
- ☐ C - Fixed prescribed climatology of concentrations with no year-to-year variability
- ☐ Other - please specify:

### 2.1.12.2 Aerosol Effect On Ice Clouds \*

*Radiative effects of aerosols on ice clouds are represented?*

- ☐ True      ☒ False

### 2.1.12.3 Additional Information

*Additional information relating to the provision and implementation of this forcing agent (e.g. citations, use of non-standard datasets, explaining how multiple provisions are used, etc.).*

**Enter TEXT:**

## 2.1.13 Cloud Lifetime Effect

*Cloud lifetime effect forcing (ERFaci)*

### 2.1.13.1 Provision \*

*How this forcing agent is provided (e.g. via concentrations, emission precursors, prognostically derived, etc.)*

- ☐ N/A - Not applicable - forcing agent is not included
- ☐ M - Emissions and concentrations determined by the model state rather than externally prescribed
- ☐ Y - Prescribed concentrations, distributions or time series data
- ☐ E - Concentrations calculated interactively driven by prescribed emissions or precursor emissions
- ☐ ES - Surface emissions (and 3-D concentrations away from the surface) derived via the model from the prescribed surface concentration
- ☐ C - Fixed prescribed climatology of concentrations with no year-to-year variability

☐ Other - please specify:

#### 2.1.13.2 Aerosol Effect On Ice Clouds \*

*Radiative effects of aerosols on ice clouds are represented?*

☐ True ☒ False

#### 2.1.13.3 RFaci From Sulfate Only \*

*Radiative forcing from aerosol cloud interactions from sulfate aerosol only?*

☐ True ☒ False

#### 2.1.13.4 Additional Information

*Additional information relating to the provision and implementation of this forcing agent (e.g. citations, use of non-standard datasets, explaining how multiple provisions are used, etc.).*

Enter TEXT:

### 2.1.14 Dust

*Dust forcing*

#### 2.1.14.1 Provision \*

*How this forcing agent is provided (e.g. via concentrations, emission precursors, prognostically derived, etc.)*

- ☐ N/A - Not applicable - forcing agent is not included
- ☐ M - Emissions and concentrations determined by the model state rather than externally prescribed
- ☐ Y - Prescribed concentrations, distributions or time series data
- ☐ E - Concentrations calculated interactively driven by prescribed emissions or precursor emissions
- ☐ ES - Surface emissions (and 3-D concentrations away from the surface) derived via the model from the prescribed surface concentration
- ☐ C - Fixed prescribed climatology of concentrations with no year-to-year variability
- ☐ Other - please specify:

#### 2.1.14.2 Additional Information

*Additional information relating to the provision and implementation of this forcing agent (e.g. citations, use of non-standard datasets, explaining how multiple provisions are used, etc.).*

Enter TEXT:

### 2.1.15 Tropospheric Volcanic

*Tropospheric volcanic forcing*



#### 2.1.15.1 Provision \*

*How this forcing agent is provided (e.g. via concentrations, emission precursors, prognostically derived, etc.)*

- ☐ N/A - Not applicable - forcing agent is not included
- ☐ M - Emissions and concentrations determined by the model state rather than externally prescribed
- ☐ Y - Prescribed concentrations, distributions or time series data
- ☐ E - Concentrations calculated interactively driven by prescribed emissions or precursor emissions
- ☐ ES - Surface emissions (and 3-D concentrations away from the surface) derived via the model from the prescribed surface concentration
- ☐ C - Fixed prescribed climatology of concentrations with no year-to-year variability
- ☐ Other - please specify:

#### 2.1.15.2 Historical Explosive Volcanic Aerosol Implementation \*

*How explosive volcanic aerosol is implemented in historical simulations*

**Select SINGLE option:**

- ☐ Type A - Explosive volcanic aerosol returns rapidly to zero (or near-zero) background.
- ☐ Type B - Explosive volcanic aerosol returns rapidly to constant (average volcano)
- ☐ Type C - Explosive volcanic aerosol returns slowly (over several decades) to constant (average volcano) background.
- ☐ Type D - Explosive volcanic aerosol set to zero
- ☐ Type E - Explosive volcanic aerosol set to constant (average volcano) background
- ☐ Other - please specify:

#### 2.1.15.3 Future Explosive Volcanic Aerosol Implementation \*

*How explosive volcanic aerosol is implemented in future simulations*

- ☐ Type A - Explosive volcanic aerosol returns rapidly to zero (or near-zero) background.
- ☐ Type B - Explosive volcanic aerosol returns rapidly to constant (average volcano)
- ☐ Type C - Explosive volcanic aerosol returns slowly (over several decades) to constant (average volcano) background.
- ☐ Type D - Explosive volcanic aerosol set to zero
- ☐ Type E - Explosive volcanic aerosol set to constant (average volcano) background
- ☐ Other - please specify:

#### 2.1.15.4 Additional Information

*Additional information relating to the provision and implementation of this forcing agent (e.g. citations, use of non-standard datasets, explaining how multiple provisions are used, etc.).*

Enter TEXT:

#### 2.1.16 Stratospheric Volcanic

*Stratospheric volcanic forcing*

##### 2.1.16.1 Provision \*

*How this forcing agent is provided (e.g. via concentrations, emission precursors, prognostically derived, etc.)*

- ☐ N/A - Not applicable - forcing agent is not included
- ☐ M - Emissions and concentrations determined by the model state rather than externally prescribed
- ☐ Y - Prescribed concentrations, distributions or time series data
- ☐ E - Concentrations calculated interactively driven by prescribed emissions or precursor emissions
- ☐ ES - Surface emissions (and 3-D concentrations away from the surface) derived via the model from the prescribed surface concentration
- ☐ C - Fixed prescribed climatology of concentrations with no year-to-year variability
- ☐ Other - please specify:

##### 2.1.16.2 Historical Explosive Volcanic Aerosol Implementation \*

*How explosive volcanic aerosol is implemented in historical simulations*

Select SINGLE option:

- ☐ Type A - Explosive volcanic aerosol returns rapidly to zero (or near-zero) background.
- ☐ Type B - Explosive volcanic aerosol returns rapidly to constant (average volcano)
- ☐ Type C - Explosive volcanic aerosol returns slowly (over several decades) to constant (average volcano) background.
- ☐ Type D - Explosive volcanic aerosol set to zero
- ☐ Type E - Explosive volcanic aerosol set to constant (average volcano) background
- ☐ Other - please specify:

##### 2.1.16.3 Future Explosive Volcanic Aerosol Implementation \*

*How explosive volcanic aerosol is implemented in future simulations*

- ☐ Type A - Explosive volcanic aerosol returns rapidly to zero (or near-zero) background.
- ☐ Type B - Explosive volcanic aerosol returns rapidly to constant (average volcano)

☐ Type C - Explosive volcanic aerosol returns slowly (over several decades) to constant (average volcano) background.

☐ Type D - Explosive volcanic aerosol set to zero

☐ Type E - Explosive volcanic aerosol set to constant (average volcano) background

☐ Other - please specify:

#### 2.1.16.4 Additional Information

*Additional information relating to the provision and implementation of this forcing agent (e.g. citations, use of non-standard datasets, explaining how multiple provisions are used, etc.).*

Enter TEXT:

### 2.1.17 Sea Salt

*Sea salt forcing*

#### 2.1.17.1 Provision \*

*How this forcing agent is provided (e.g. via concentrations, emission precursors, prognostically derived, etc.)*

☐ N/A - Not applicable - forcing agent is not included

☐ M - Emissions and concentrations determined by the model state rather than externally prescribed

☐ Y - Prescribed concentrations, distributions or time series data

☐ E - Concentrations calculated interactively driven by prescribed emissions or precursor emissions

☐ ES - Surface emissions (and 3-D concentrations away from the surface) derived via the model from the prescribed surface concentration

☐ C - Fixed prescribed climatology of concentrations with no year-to-year variability

☐ Other - please specify:

#### 2.1.17.2 Additional Information

*Additional information relating to the provision and implementation of this forcing agent (e.g. citations, use of non-standard datasets, explaining how multiple provisions are used, etc.).*

Enter TEXT:

### 2.1.18 Land Use

*Land use forcing*

#### 2.1.18.1 Provision \*

*How this forcing agent is provided (e.g. via concentrations, emission precursors, prognostically derived, etc.)*

☐ N/A - Not applicable - forcing agent is not included

- ☐ M - Emissions and concentrations determined by the model state rather than externally prescribed
- ☐ Y - Prescribed concentrations, distributions or time series data
- ☐ E - Concentrations calculated interactively driven by prescribed emissions or precursor emissions
- ☐ ES - Surface emissions (and 3-D concentrations away from the surface) derived via the model from the prescribed surface concentration
- ☐ C - Fixed prescribed climatology of concentrations with no year-to-year variability
- ☐ Other - please specify:

#### 2.1.18.2 Crop Change Only \*

*Land use change represented via crop change only?*

- ☐ True      ☒ False

#### 2.1.18.3 Additional Information

*Additional information relating to the provision and implementation of this forcing agent (e.g. citations, use of non-standard datasets, explaining how multiple provisions are used, etc.).*

**Enter TEXT:**

#### 2.1.19 Solar

*Solar forcing*

##### 2.1.19.1 Provision \*

*How solar forcing is provided*

- ☐ N/A - Not applicable - solar forcing is not included
- ☐ Irradiance - Solar irradiance forcing
- ☐ Proton - Proton pathway to solar forcing
- ☐ Electron - Electron pathway to solar forcing
- ☐ Cosmic ray - Cosmic ray pathway to solar forcing
- ☐ Other - please specify:

##### 2.1.19.2 Additional Information

*Additional information relating to the provision and implementation of this forcing agent (e.g. citations, use of non-standard datasets, explaining how multiple provisions are used, etc.).*

**Enter TEXT:**