

AGU 2015 Abstract

ES-DOC Preparations for CMIP6

Venue San Francisco, USA

Date 14th – 18th December 2015

Session IN008: Beyond the power of one: collaborative efforts creating new

standards and platforms to enable programmatic access to data for

multiple use cases

Type Talk

Title Earth System Documentation (ES-DOC) Preparation for CMIP6

Authors

Mark A. Greenslade (1), Sylvia Murphy (2), Allyn Treshansky (2), Cecilia DeLuca (2), Eric Guilyardi (1), Sebastien Denvil (1), Bryan Lawrence (3).

- 1. CNRS, IPSL, Institut Pierre Simon Laplace, Global climate modelling group, Paris, France
- 2. NESII/CIRES/NOAA, Earth System Research Laboratory, Boulder, United States
- 3. NCAS/STFC, University of Reading, United Kingdom

Abstract

During the course of 2015 the Earth System Documentation (ES-DOC) project began its preparations for CMIP6 (Coupled Model Inter-comparison Project 6) by further extending the ES-DOC tooling eco-system in support of Earth System Model (ESM) documentation creation, search, viewing & comparison.

The ES-DOC online questionnaire, the ES-DOC desktop notebook, and the ES-DOC python toolkit will serve as multiple complementary pathways to generating CMIP6 documentation. It is envisaged that institutes will leverage these tools at different points of the CMIP6 life-cycle. Institutes will be particularly interested to know that the documentation burden will be either streamlined or completely automated.

As all the tools are tightly integrated with the ES-DOC web-service, institutes can be confident that the latency between documentation creation & publishing will be reduced to a minimum. Published documents will be viewable with the online ES-DOC viewer (accessible via citable URL's).

Model inter-comparison scenarios will be supported using the ES-DOC online comparator tool. The comparator is being extended to:

- · Support comparison of both Model descriptions & Simulation runs;
- Greatly streamline the effort involved in compiling official tables.

The entire ES-DOC eco-system is open source and built upon open standards such as the Metafor Common Information Model (version 1 and 2).