



# Comparison and validation of aerosol products between GEMS and with Himawari-8

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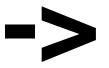
## Purpose

- 1 year comparisons between GEMS and Himawari-8 in the area where Himawari-8 aerosol retrieved.
- → Himawari-8 has a problem to produce aerosol over China land
- → That is the problem for weather forecasting of air pollutions, such as yellow dust, from the area main land China.
- Conform the GEMS aerosol observation in particular Himawariaerosol retrieval did not work.









Better weather forecasting of Air pollution

#### Imager specifications of Himawari-8

	Himawari-8/9							
Wave length [μm]	Dand no one	how Continuous livition at CCD [lens]	Central wave length [µm]					
	Band num	ber Spatial resolution at SSP [km]	AHI-8 (Himawari-8)	AHI-9 (Himawari-9)				
0.47	1	1	0.47063	0.47059				
0.51	2	1	0.51000	0.50993				
0.64	3	0.5	0.63914	0.63972				
0.86	4	1	0.85670	0.85668				
1.6	5	2	1.6101	1.6065				
2.3	6	2	2.2568	2.2570				
3.9	7	2	3.8853	3.8289				
6.2	8	2	6.2429	6.2479				
6.9	9	2	6.9410	6.9555				
7.3	10	2	7.3467	7.3437				
8.6	11	2	8.5926	8.5936				
9.6	12	2	9.6372	9.6274				
10.4	13	2	10.4073	10.4074				
11.2	14	2	11.2395	11.2080				
12.4	15	2	12.3806	12.3648				
13.3	16	2	13.2807	13.3107				

#### Comparison points were picked up (well validated area)

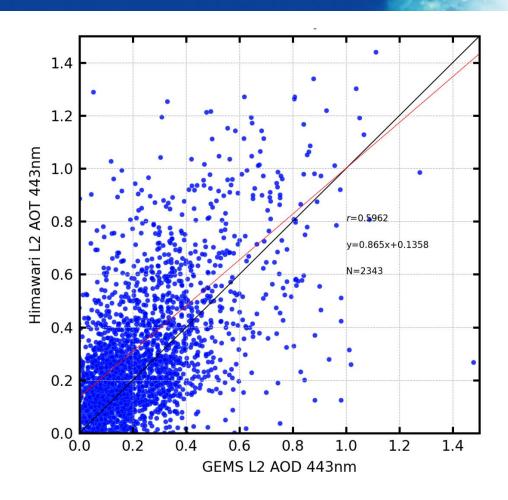
		The second processing
Name	Longitude(deg)	Latitude(deg)
ARIAKE_TOWER	130.27195	33.103617
Fukue	128.682	32.752
Fukuoka	130.475	33.524
Hokkaido_University	141.3407	43.0755
Kemigawa_Offshore	140.02333	35.610833
Kobe	135.291	34.72
Nara	135.828	34.688
Niigata	138.942	37.846
Noto	137.136944	37.334444
Okinawa	127.768333	26.356667
Osaka	135.590633	34.650933
Shirahama	135.356917	33.69345
TGF_Tsukuba	140.096	36.113889
Toyama	137.187	36.699
AOGASHIMA	139.769022	32.450719
OGASAWARA	142.213271	27.087917
Beijing	116.38137	39.97689
Seoul_SNU	126.951111	37.458056



#### Data pre-prosessing

	Himawari 8 L2	GEMS L2 AOD
coordinate system	latitude-longitude	Satellite coordinates
Horizontal resolution	0.05 deg x 0.05 deg	7km x 4.5km
Observation time	Every 10 min interpolate 35min data using data 40min and 50min.	Every 45min
Wave length	500nm => 433nm transform	443nm

In order to match the spatial resolutions of Himawari-8 and GEMS, the spatial resolution of Himawari-8 L2 was transformed into the satellite coordinate system of GEMS. Since GEMS is observed at 45 minutes every hour, the Himawari-8 40-minute and 50-minute observation values were linearly interpolated to create data for the 45-minute observation time.

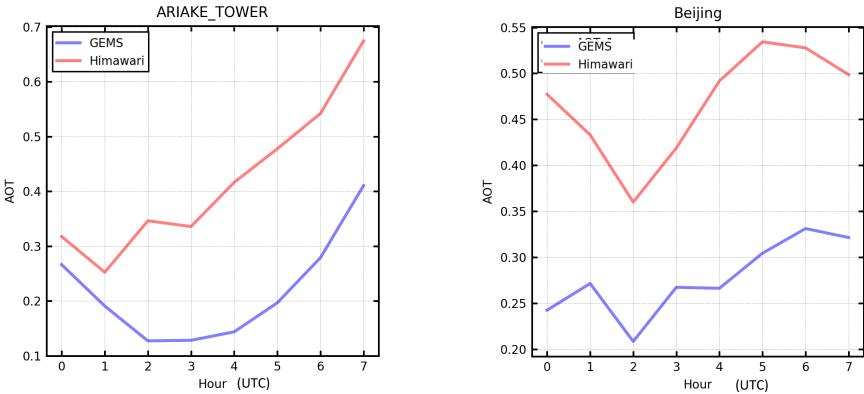


# Simple scatter plots

r = 0.596

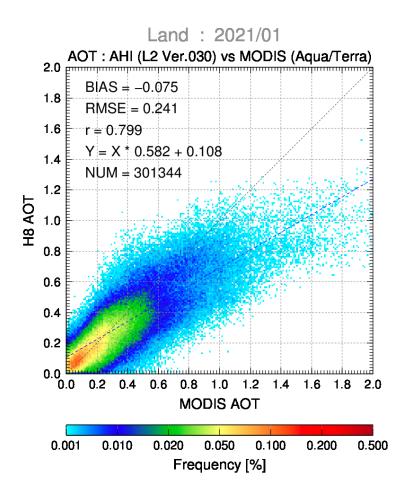
GEMS has negative trends for Himawari-8

## Diurnal Variation in ARIAKE and Beijing



GEMS has negative trends for Himawari-8. Presentation of S. Kang from Yonsei University showed the trends Of AOD, 354nm > 443nm > 550nm

#### Monthly scatter plots

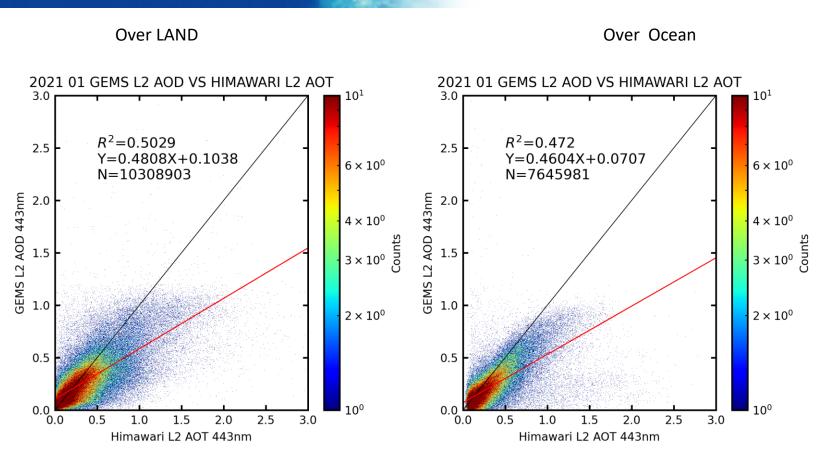


An example between H8 vs MODIS

https://www.eorc.jaxa.jp/cgibin/ptree/validation/arp.cgi

2D histogram (bin=10000,10000)

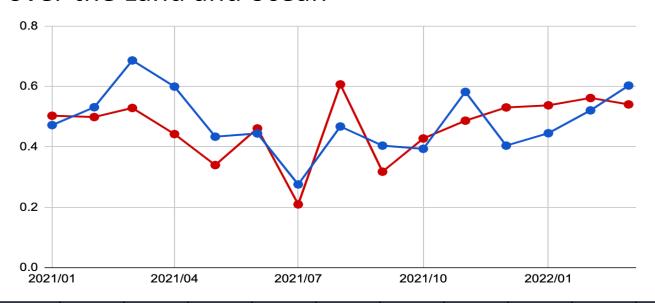
#### Monthly scatter plot



Correlation coefficients dose not change so much over the period for both over the Land and ocean





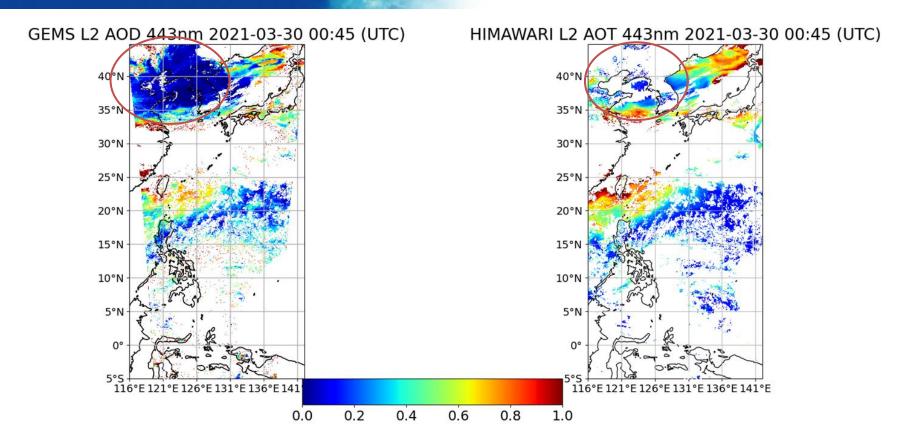


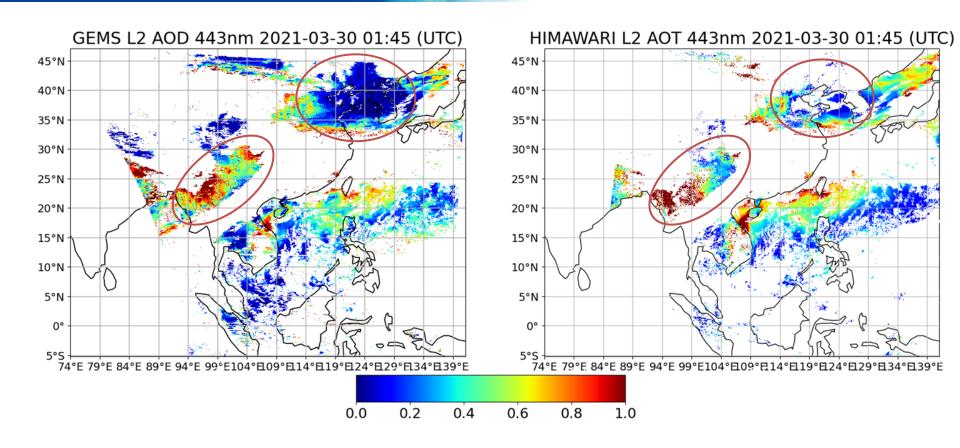
2021/01	2021/02	2021/03	2021/04	2021/05	2021/06	2021/07	2021/08	2021/09	2021/10	2021/11	2021/12	2022/01	2022/02	2022/03
0.5029	0.4986	0.5287	0.4422	0.3396	0.4609	0.2094	0.6068	0.3177	0.4277	0.4866	0.5305	0.5375	0.5617	0.5405
0.472	0.5312	0.6861	0.5995	0.4336	0.4443	0.2755	0.4674	0.404	0.3935	0.582	0.404	0.4451	0.5208	0.6029

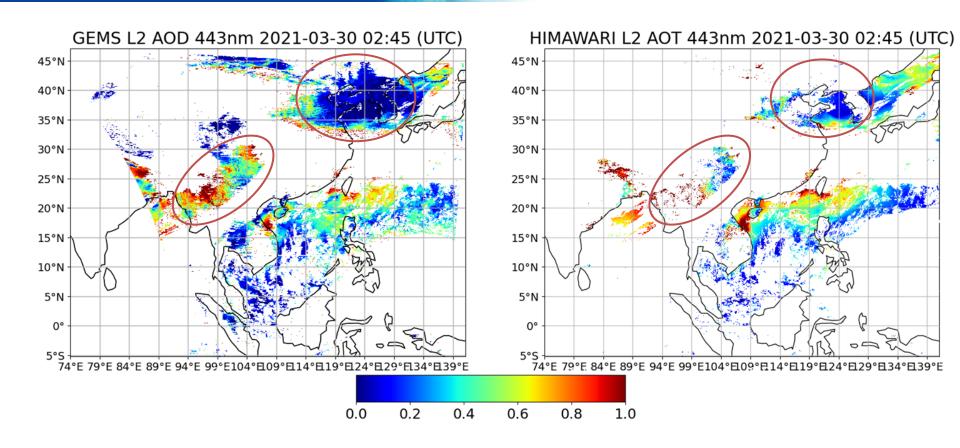
#### Date of Yellow Dusts fly to Japan in 2021

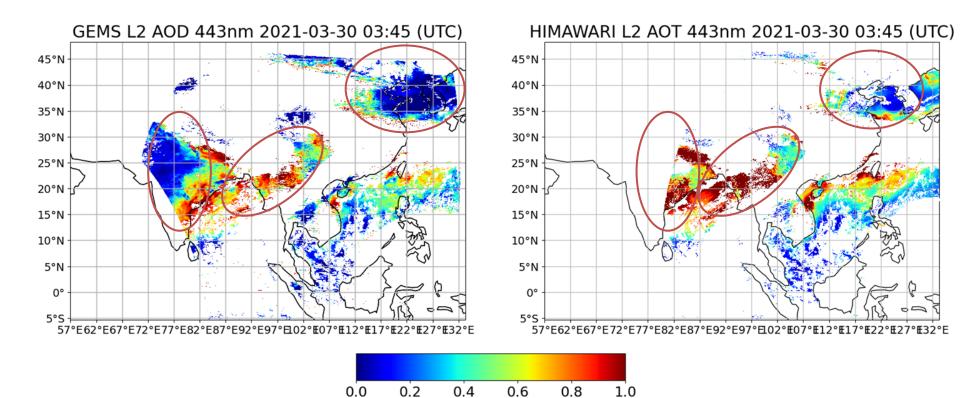
(11地点での統計)

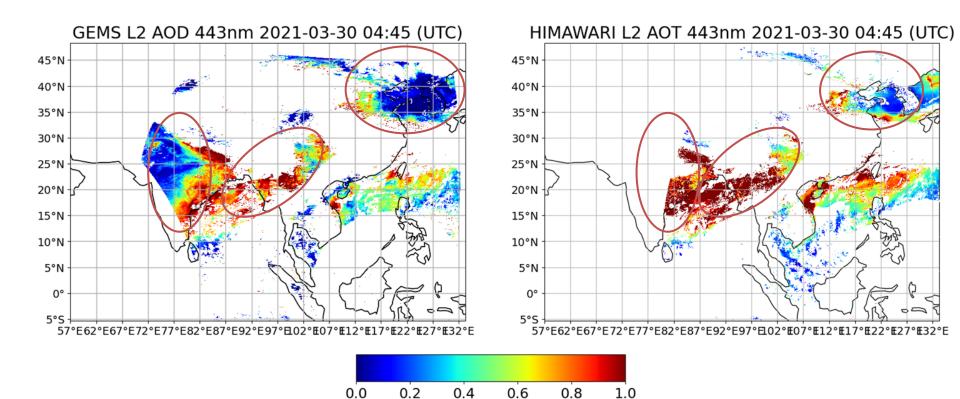
日付	地点数	観測地点名									
2021/05/26	1	鹿児島									
2021/05/25	4	広島	福岡	鹿児島	高松						
2021/05/10	2	福岡	鹿児島								
2021/05/09	8	仙台	新潟	名古屋	広島	大阪	福岡	鹿児島	高松		
2021/05/08	5	札幌	新潟	東京	福岡	高松					
2021/04/18	1	那覇									
2021/04/17	1	福岡									
2021/03/31	8	仙台	新潟	東京	広島	大阪	福岡	鹿児島	高松		
2021/03/30	10	札幌	仙台	新潟	名古屋	東京	広島	大阪	福岡	鹿児島	高松
2021/03/29	7	仙台	新潟	広島	大阪	福岡	鹿児島	高松			
2021/03/18	1	福岡									
2021/03/17	2	大阪	福岡								
2021/03/16	1	大阪									
2021/01/16	2	新潟	福岡								
2021/01/15	1	新潟									
2021/01/14	1	広島									











# Summary

- GEMS L2 express AOT over China land, where area assumed yellow dust come from, better than Himawari.
- Since GEMS L2 can better capture dust particles flying from the Gobi-Mongolian desert, it is expected that the forecast accuracy will be improved by assimilating GEMS data into dust forecast.

## Summary and Questions to GEMS team

- GEMS data is quite attractive for the pollution weather forecasting
- When is the date GEMS data will be publicly available?
- Do you have any rule for the case Japanese company would like to use?

#### 4.1. データ前処理

4.1.2. 時空間内挿とAOT波長変換、解析手法について

Himawari-8 のAOT 波長は500nm, GEMS L2 AOD の波長は 443nm である。解析を行うには、波長を一致させる必要がある。Himawari-8 のAE を使用して、変換式(1)(Eck et al., 1999)

$$\alpha = -\frac{d \ln \tau_a}{d \ln \lambda} = -\frac{\ln \left(\frac{\tau_{a2}}{\tau_{a1}}\right)}{\ln \left(\frac{\lambda_2}{\lambda_1}\right)} \qquad (1)$$

を用いて、Himawari-8 AOT(λ1:500nm) からAOT(λ2:443nm)に変換した。ここでλは波長、τは AOT、αはその波長におけるAEである。

解析は、GOCI Yonsei V2 とHimawari 8 の時空間を一致させたのち、回帰分析と正規分布へのフィッテイングを実施した。また、ノイズを除去するために、GEMS の AOD\_Flag <= 3 の場合のみのデータを使用した。