

# CleanAI Analysis Report

## Model Informations

The table below shows general information about the 'ResNet' model.

	Model name	Total params	Number of layers
Informations	ResNet	11689512	68

## Coverage Values of Layers (For Only One Input)

The table below shows coverage values about the 'ResNet' model's all layers. The 'mean of layer' value shows the average of neurons in that layer. When calculating the number of covered neurons, this value is accepted as the threshold value for that layer. NOTE: The coverage value of a layer is the ratio of the number of covered neurons to the total number of neurons in that layer. The values in the table below, it was formed as a result of giving the 'n01440764\n01440764\_10470.JPEG' input in the data set to the model.

Layer Index	Activation Function	Number of Covered Neurons	Number of Total Neurons	Coverage Value	Mean of Layer
Layer 3	ReLU	350075	802816	43.61%	0.25
Layer 9	ReLU	91552	200704	45.62%	0.44
Layer 15	ReLU	86017	200704	42.86%	0.50
Layer 22	ReLU	34595	100352	34.47%	0.19
Layer 31	ReLU	32609	100352	32.49%	0.20
Layer 38	ReLU	16271	50176	32.43%	0.14
Layer 47	ReLU	14640	50176	29.18%	0.12
Layer 54	ReLU	4143	25088	16.51%	0.07
Layer 63	ReLU	7963	25088	31.74%	1.04
All model	-	637865	1555456	41.01%	

## Coverage Values of Layers (For Multiple Inputs) 50 Inputs

The table below shows coverage values for multiple inputs about the 'ResNet' model. The values in the table below, it was formed as a result of giving the '50' inputs in the data set to the model.

Layer index	Number of covered neurons	Number of total neurons	Coverage value
All model	31674277	77772800	40.73%

## Threshold Coverage Values of Layers (TH = 0.75)

The table below shows threshold coverage values about the 'ResNet' model's all layers. NOTE: The threshold coverage value of a layer is the ratio of the number of covered neurons (number of neurons greater than the threshold value) to the total number of neurons in that layer. The values in the table below, it was formed as a result of giving the 'n01440764\n01440764\_10470.JPEG' input in the data set to the model.

Layer index	Activation function	Number of covered neurons	Number of total neurons	Coverage value
Layer 3	ReLU	40639	802816	5.06%
Layer 9	ReLU	40679	200704	20.27%
Layer 15	ReLU	54628	200704	27.22%
Layer 22	ReLU	5311	100352	5.29%
Layer 31	ReLU	7041	100352	7.02%
Layer 38	ReLU	1142	50176	2.28%
Layer 47	ReLU	1179	50176	2.35%
Layer 54	ReLU	561	25088	2.24%
Layer 63	ReLU	9217	25088	36.74%
All model	-	160397	1555456	10.31%

## Sign Coverage and Value Coverage (TH = 0.75) Values of Model

The table below shows Sign Coverage and Value Coverage values of the 'ResNet' model. Sign Coverage: When given two different test inputs, it checks whether the signs of a specific neuron's value after the activation function are the same. If the signs are not the same, the counter is incremented. Value Coverage: When given two different test inputs, it checks whether the difference between the values of a specific neuron after the activation function is greater than the given threshold value. If the difference is greater than the threshold value, the counter is incremented. The values in the table below, it was formed as a result of giving the 'n01440764\n01440764\_10470.JPEG' and 'n01484850\n01484850\_29537.JPEG' input in the data set to the model.

Coverage Metric	Number of covered neurons	Number of total neurons	Coverage value
Sign Coverage	666209	1555456	42.83%
Value Coverage	76767	1555456	4.94%

## Top-K Neuron Coverage (K = 3) Value of Model

The table below shows Top-K Neuron Coverage value of the 'ResNet' model. Top-K Neuron Coverage (TKNC) is a metric used to evaluate the activation patterns and coverage of neurons in a deep neural network (DNN). It measures the percentage of neurons that are activated for a given set of input samples. The idea behind TKNC is to assess how well a set of input samples can activate different neurons in the network. How is it calculated? TKNC travels through all layers on a model one by one and ranks the neuron values of each layer in order from largest to smallest. Then it takes k neurons in each layer and adds it to a list. It then creates a value called 'TKNC Sum', which represents the sum of

neurons in this list. The 'Number of Selected Neurons' value shows how many neurons were selected on the whole model as a result of k neurons from each layer. The 'Mean of Top-K Neurons' value shows the ratio of the 'TKNC Sum' value to the 'Number of Selected Neurons' value. The values in the table below, it was formed as a result of giving the 'n01440764\n01440764\_10470.JPEG' input in the data set to the model.

Coverage Metric	TKNC Sum	Number of Selected Neurons	Mean of Top-K Neurons
Top-K Neuron Coverage	143.14	27	5.30

## Neuron Boundary Coverage Value of Model (For 50 Inputs)

The table below shows Neuron Boundary Coverage value of the 'ResNet' model. Neuron Boundary Coverage (NBC) is a metric used to evaluate the coverage of decision boundaries in a deep neural network (DNN). It measures the percentage of decision boundaries in the network that have been activated or crossed by the input samples. How is it calculated? NBC receives a random set of inputs from the user, and as a result of these inputs, it determines the maximum and minimum interval value for each layer. Then, for the input data to be checked, it is checked whether each neuron belonging to each layer is within the maximum and minimum range of this layer. If it is within this range, the 'NBC Counter' value is increased by one. The values in the table below, it was formed as a result of giving the 'n01440764\n01440764\_10470.JPEG' input in the data set to the model.

Coverage Metric	NBC Counter	Number of Total Neurons	Neuron Boundary Coverage
Neuron Boundary Coverage	2	1555456	0.00%

## Multisection Neuron Coverage Value of Model

The table below shows Multisection Neuron Coverage value of the 'ResNet' model. Multisection Neuron Coverage (MNC) specifically focuses on assessing the coverage of individual neurons within the model. The goal of MNC is to evaluate the degree to which the decisions made by individual neurons have been exercised by the test cases. It helps identify potential shortcomings in the model's behavior and reveal areas that may require further testing. It provides the user with the information of how many neurons are found according to the threshold value ranges given by the user. How is it calculated? The MNC receives threshold ranges from the user. Then, it evaluates all the neurons on the model and checks whether each neuron is within these threshold ranges. If the corresponding neuron is within this threshold value, it increases the 'MNC Counter' value found for the relevant range by one. The 'Multisection Neuron Coverage' value is the ratio of the 'MNC Counter' value to the number of all neurons on the model. The values in the table below, it was formed as a result of giving the 'n01440764\n01440764\_10470.JPEG' input in the data set to the model.

Threshold Intervals	MNC Counter	Number of Total Neurons	Multisection Neuron Coverage
0 - 0.1	625341	1555456	40.20%
0.1 - 0.2	153849	1555456	9.89%
0.2 - 0.3	177465	1555456	11.41%
0.3 - 0.4	151046	1555456	9.71%

0.4 - 0.5	111332	1555456	7.16%
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