

Hint:

To write a program to achieve a graph traversal algorithm using DFS

Algorithm:

Step 1: Start

Step 2: Initialize a stack (or use recursion) to keep track of nodes to visit.

Step 3: Start from the chosen node (root) and mark it as visited

Step 4: Push the starting node onto the stack

Step 5: While the stack is not empty pop the node from the stack mark as visited push the neighbours onto the stack

Step 6: Repeat until all nodes have been visited or stack is empty

Step 7: End.



Program:

graph = {

'A' : ['B', 'C'],

'B' : ['D', 'E'],

'C' : ['F'],

'D' : [],

'E' : ['F'],

'F' : []

}

visited = set()

def dfs (graph, node)

if node not in visited

Print (node, end = " ")

visited.add (node)

for neighbour in graph [node]:

dfs (graph, neighbour)

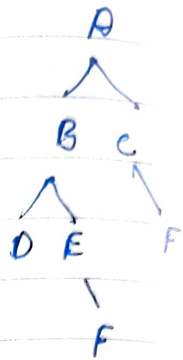
start\_node = Input ("Enter the start node:")

dfs (graph, start\_node)



Output:

Enter the start node: A  
A B D E F C



Result:

Thus the program for the DFS has  
~~executed~~ successfully.