Documentation

Required Installation for rhel Server:

Python 3.10

Nodejs 20

postgres 17

Grafana

Vs-code

Installing Python 3.10 on RHEL 8

Prerequisites

Before you begin, make sure you have sudo privileges on your system.

Steps

1. Install Required Packages

First, install the necessary packages for compiling Python from the source:

sudo dnf install wget yum-utils make gcc openssl-devel bzip2-devel libffi-devel zlib-devel

2. Download Python 3.10 Source Code

Download the source code for Python 3.10 from the official Python website:

wget https://www.python.org/ftp/python/3.10.16/Python-3.10.16.tgz

3. Extract the Archive

Extract the downloaded archive:

tar xzf Python-3.10.16.tgz

4. Prepare the Source Code

Navigate to the extracted directory and configure the source code:

```
cd Python-3.10.16
```

sudo ./configure --with-system-ffi --with-computed-gotos --enable-loadable-sqlite-extensions

./configure --enable-optimizations

5. Compile and Install

Compile and install Python 3.10:

sudo make -j \$(nproc) sudo make altinstall

6. Verify the Installation

Check the installed Python version:

python3.10 --version

7. Update the Temporary PATH

Add the installation directory to your PATH:

export PATH=/usr/local/bin:\$PATH

Verify the Python 3.10 installation again:

python3.10 --version

8. Make PATH Update Permanent

Update .bashrc:

echo 'export PATH=/usr/local/bin:\$PATH' >> ~/.bashrc

source ~/.bashrc

Verify the Installation Again:

python3.10 --version

Troubleshooting "command not found" Error for Python 3.10

Introduction

After installing Python 3.10 on Red Hat Enterprise Linux 8.10, you might encounter a "command not found" error when trying to verify the installation in the step no.6. This guide will help you troubleshoot and resolve this issue.

1. Verify Installation Path

Ensure that Python 3.10 is installed in the expected directory:

sudo find / -name "python3.10"

Example output:

/usr/local/lib/python3.10 /usr/local/include/python3.10 /usr/local/bin/python3.10

2. Temporarily Update the PATH

export PATH=/usr/local/bin:\$PATH

Verify the Python 3.10 Installation

python3.10 --version

3. Follow the steps from Step 8

Installing Node.js20 on RHEL 8.10

Prerequisites

Make sure you have sudo privileges on your system.

Steps

1. Enable the Node.js20 Module

First, enable the Node.js20 module:

sudo dnf module enable nodejs:20

2. Install Node.js20

Install Node.js20 using dnf:

sudo dnf install nodejs

3. Verify the Installation

Check the installed Node.jsversion:

node --version

example output:

v20.18.2

Installing Postgres on RHEL 8

Prerequisites

Make sure you have sudo privileges on your system.

Steps

1. Add the PostgreSQL Repository

First, add the PostgreSQL repository to your system:

sudo dnf install -y https://download.postgresql.org/pub/repos/yum/reporpms/EL-8-x86_64/pgdg-redhat-repo-latest.noarch.rpm

2. Disable the Default PostgreSQL Module

Disable the default PostgreSQL module to avoid conflicts:

sudo dnf -qy module disable postgresql

3. Install PostgreSQL 17

Install PostgreSQL 17 using dnf:

sudo dnf install -y postgresql17-server

4. Initialize the Database

Initialize the PostgreSQL database:

sudo /usr/pgsql-17/bin/postgresql-17-setup initdb

5. Enable and Start PostgreSQL Service

Enable and start the PostgreSQL service:

sudo systemctl enable postgresql-17 sudo systemctl start postgresql-17

Check the status of PostgreSQL service:

sudo systemctl status postgresql-17

6. Verify the Installation

Check the installed PostgreSQL version:

/usr/pgsql-17/bin/psql --version

Installing Grafana on RHEL 8

Prerequisites

Make sure you have sudo privileges on your system.

Steps

1. Add the Grafana Repository

First, add the Grafana repository to your system:

sudo dnf install -y https://rpm.grafana.com/grafana-rpm-release-1.0.0-1.noarch.rpm

2. Install Grafana

Install Node.js20 using dnf:

sudo dnf install grafana

3. Start and Enable Grafana Service

Start the Grafana service and enable it to start on boot:

sudo systemctl start grafana-server

sudo systemctl enable grafana-server

4. Verify the Installation

Check the status of the Grafana service:

sudo systemctl status grafana-server

Installing vs-code on RHEL 8

Prerequisites

Make sure you have sudo privileges on your system.

Steps

1. Add the Microsoft Repository

First, you need to add the Microsoft repository for VSCode.

sudo rpm --import https://packages.microsoft.com/keys/microsoft.asc

Next, create the repository file:

sudo sh -c 'echo -e "[code]\nname=Visual Studio Code\nbaseurl=https://packages.microsoft.com/yumrepos/vscode\nenabled=1\ntype=rpm-md\ngpgcheck=1\ngpgkey=https://packages.microsoft.com/keys/microsoft.asc" > /etc/yum.repos.d/vscode.repo'

2. Install VSCode

Install Visual Studio Code using dnf:

sudo dnf install code

3. Launch VSCode (Optional):

code