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Centro Euro-Mediterraneo  
sui Cambiamenti Climatici

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# Data analytics workflows with Ophidia

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ESIWACE2 HPDA & Vis Training 2022  
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# Session outline

***Introduction to scientific workflows and motivations***

***Data analytics workflows in Ophidia***

***Real-world examples of analytics workflow with the Ophidia framework***

***Workflows core concepts: workflow constructs, execution monitoring***

***DEMO: Tutorial about workflow creation and execution with Ophidia***

***HANDS-ON: Data analytics workflows examples***

*Disclaimer: this material reflects only the authors' view, and the EU-Commission is not responsible for any use that may be made of the information it contains.*

# Large-scale climate analysis

Complexity of the analysis leads to the need for ***end-to-end workflow support***

- Typical approaches (mostly based on bash-like scripts) requires climate scientists to take care of implement and replicate workflow-like control logic
- Analyses can require the execution of *tens/hundreds of analytics operators*
  - *Efficient orchestration of the tasks is critical*
  - *Parallelism must be handled both at intra-task and inter-task level*
  - *Task failure should also be considered*

Workflows can represent a way to define ***portable*** and ***re-usable*** analyses (targeting FAIR principles)

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# Ophidia HPDA framework

Ophidia (<http://ophidia.cmcc.it>) is a CMCC Foundation research project addressing data challenges for eScience

- A **HPDA framework** for multi-dimensional scientific data joining HPC paradigms with scientific data analytics approaches
- **In-memory and server-side data analysis** exploiting parallel computing techniques
- Multi-dimensional, array-based, storage model and partitioning schema for scientific data leveraging the **datacube** abstraction
- End-to-end mechanisms to support **interactive analysis, complex experiments and large workflows** on scientific data

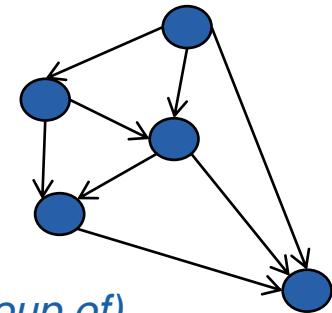
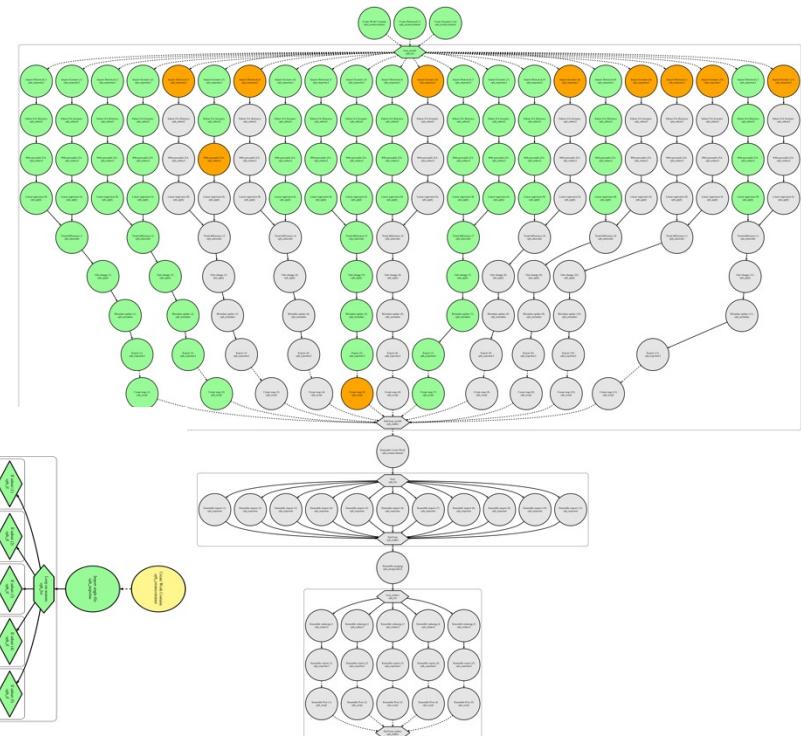
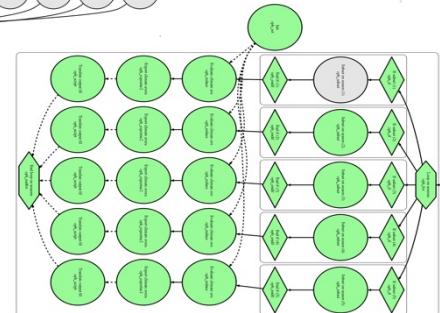
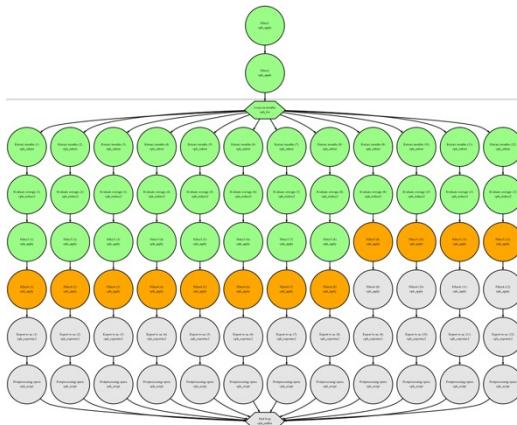


S. Fiore, D. Elia, C. Palazzo, F. Antonio, A. D'Anca, I. Foster, G. Aloisio, "Towards High Performance Data Analytics for Climate Change", ISC High Performance 2019, LNCS Springer, 2019

# Analytics workflows

Ophidia supports the execution of complex workflows of operators.

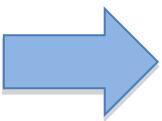
- Defines a **JSON representation** for the workflow DAG specification
- Supports different constructs: *dependencies; massive tasks; iterative (group of) tasks; parallel (group of) tasks; flow and error control*



C. Palazzo, A. Mariello, S. Fiore, A. D'Anca, D. Elia, D. N. Williams, G. Aloisio, "A Workflow-Enabled Big Data Analytics Software Stack for eScience", HPCS 2015, pp. 545-552

# Ophidia architecture: front-end layer

```
Warning: There is no session to resume  
Resuming last session.  
Getting list of Ophidia operators XML files from 'https://ophidiablab.cmcc.it/ophidia/op  
erators?list=xml'.  
Unzipping necessary files... Done.  
Number of operator XML files: 47 - Removed 0 XML files.  
  
Oph_Perm is the Ophidia shell, version 1.0.0  
Copyright (c) 2015 CMCC, All rights reserved.  
This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type 'warranty'.  
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it  
under certain conditions. Type 'conditions' for details.  
  
Welcome to Oph_Perm!  
Use the power of the Ophidia framework right from your terminal.  
It's a command-line interface that will get you started in no time and need something  
to get you started, just try entering 'help'  
[Oph_Perm] >> op_ls#
```



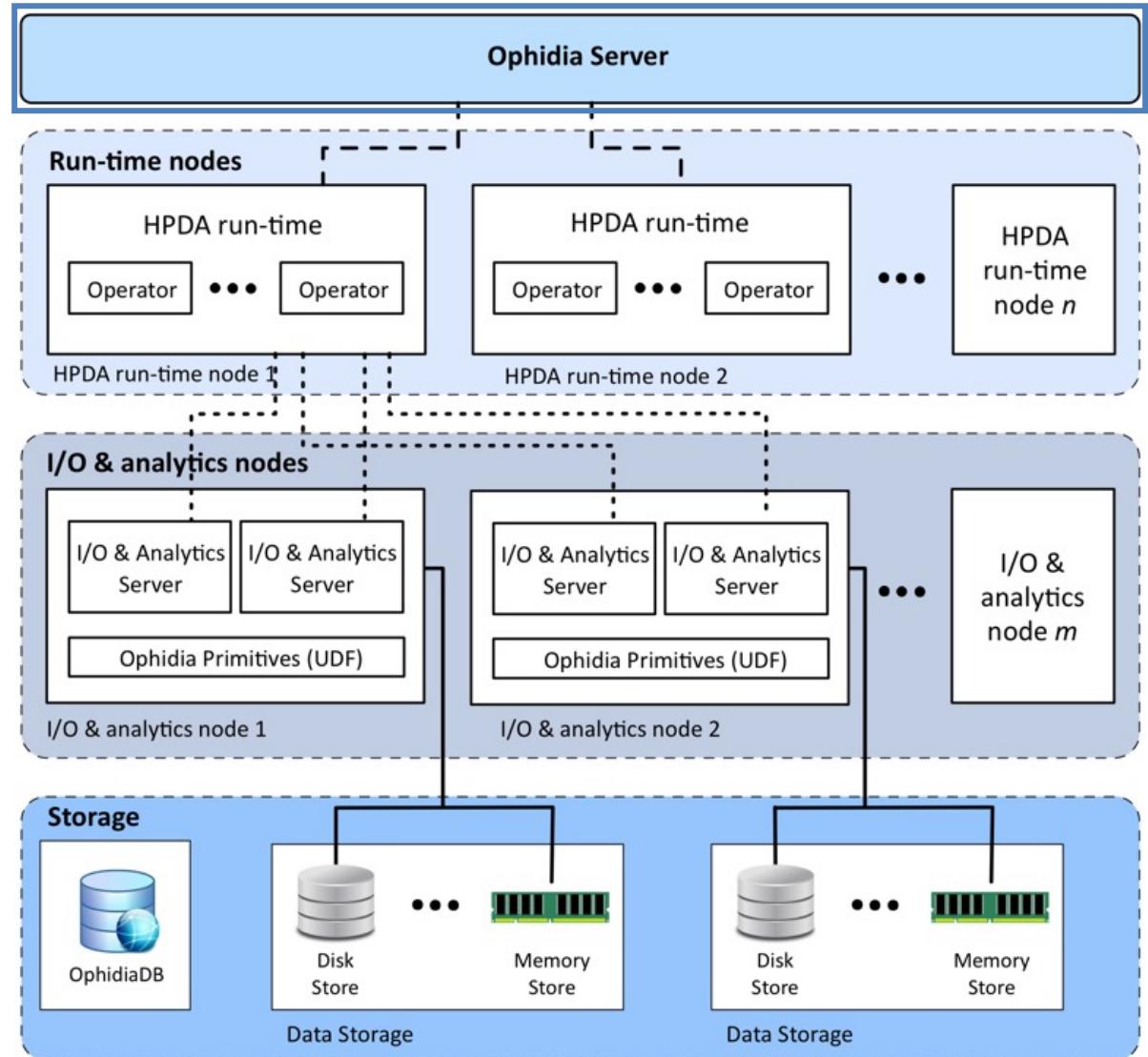
The **Ophidia Server** is the **multi-interface** server front-end

Manages user **authN/authZ, sessions** and enables server-side computation

Handles **single task** and **workflows** execution and monitors their execution on the server side

Remote interactions with:

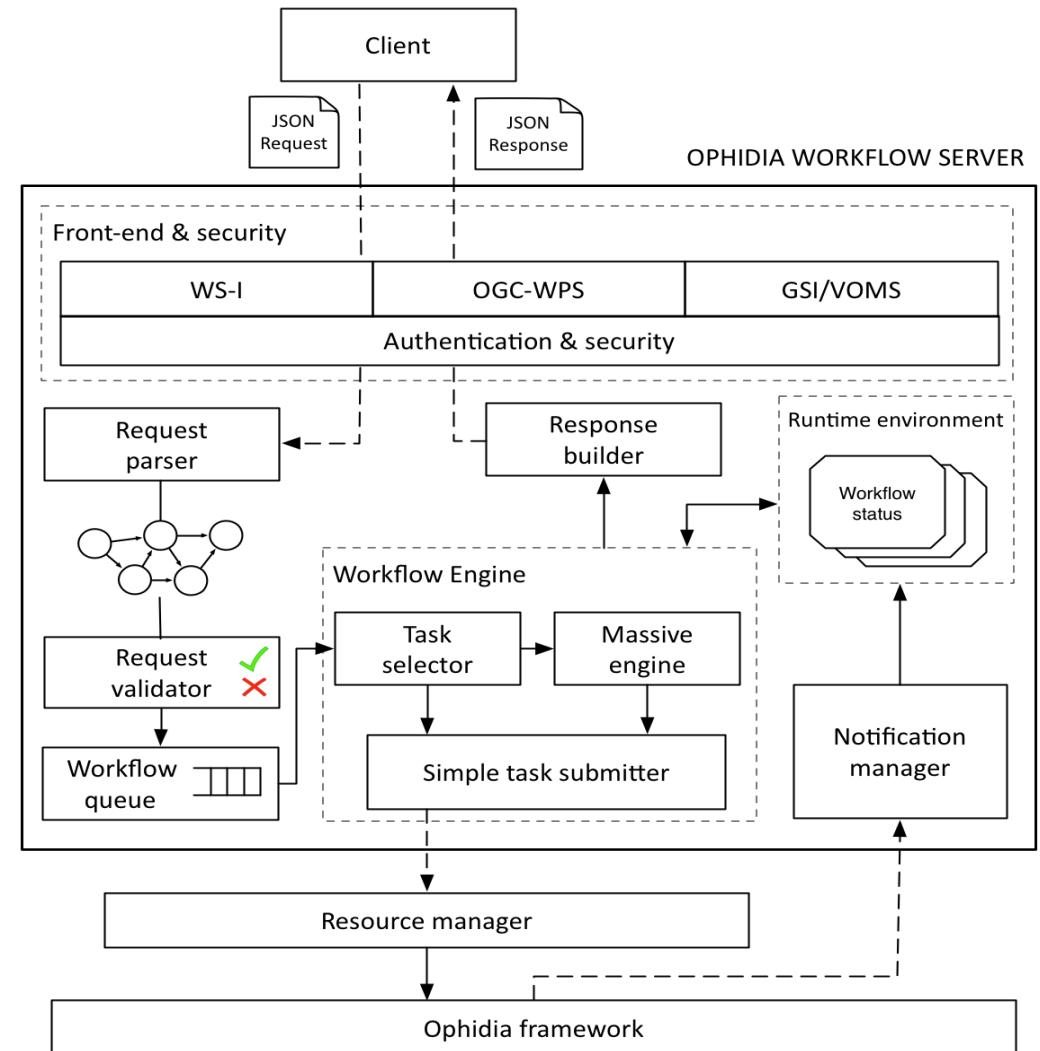
- Terminal CLI
- Python APIs
- WPS clients



# The Ophidia Server

The **workflow management system (WMS)** is a core component of the Ophidia Server:

- *manages user request*
- *formats the commands for the analytics framework*
- *handles task dependencies and execution flow*
- *submits the tasks to the resource manager*
- *manages task status updates*
- *monitors the workflow execution*
- *provides the proper response messages*



C. Palazzo, A. Mariello, S. Fiore, A. D'Anca, D. Elia, D. N. Williams, G. Aloisio, "A Workflow-Enabled Big Data Analytics Software Stack for eScience", HPCS 2015, pp. 545-552

# Ophidia Terminal

The **Ophidia Terminal**, a CLI bash-like client for the Ophidia HPDA Framework:

- Executing *interactive* data analytics sessions;
- Submit *batch* data analytics tasks of *workflows*;
- Experiment and operators *debugging*;
- *File system exploration and environment management.*

```
[11..4495] >> oph_list level=2;
[Request]:
operator=oph_list;path=;level=2;sessionid=http://127.0.0.1/ophidia/sessions/1112
38695229505952271558621818154495/experiment;exec_mode=sync;cdd=/;

[JobID]:
http://127.0.0.1/ophidia/sessions/111238695229505952271558621818154495/experiment?2#45

[Response]:
Ophidia Filesystem: /
-----
+---+-----+-----+-----+
| T | PATH           | DATA CUBE PID          | DESCRIPTION |
+---+-----+-----+-----+
| f | testFolder/   |                         |             |
|---+-----+-----+-----+
| c | test          | http://127.0.0.1/ophidia/2917/374976 |             |
+---+-----+-----+-----+
```

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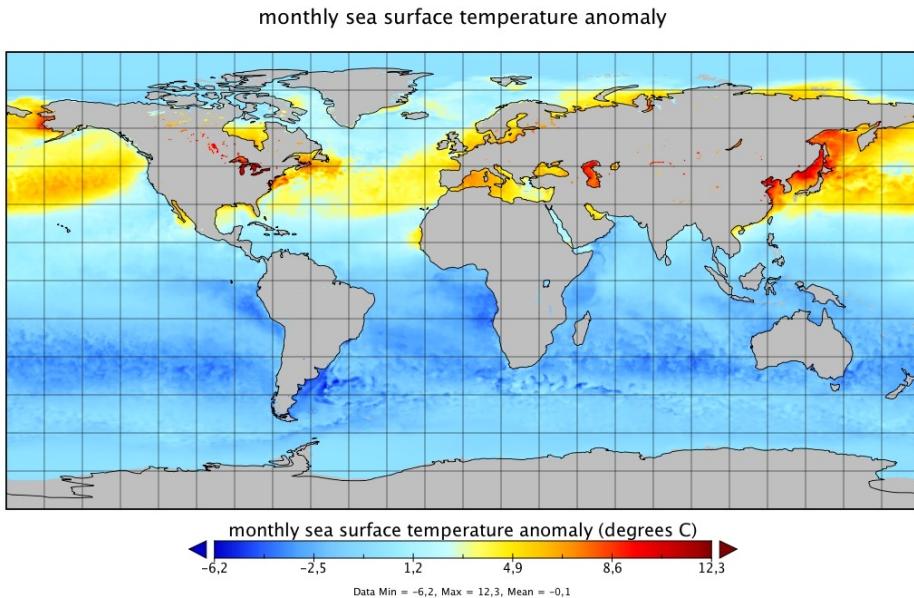
***DEMO: Tutorial about workflow creation and execution with Ophidia***

***HANDS-ON: Data analytics workflows examples***

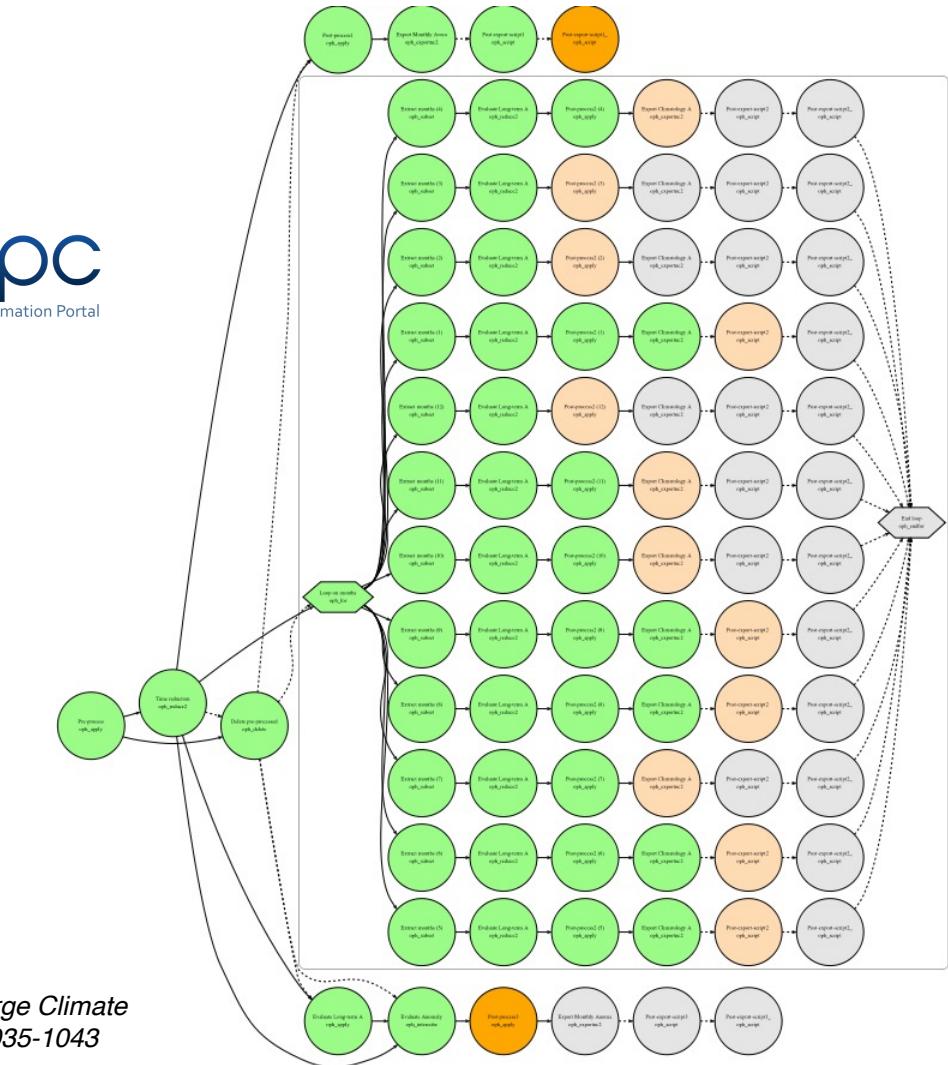
# Workflow example I: climate indicators processing

## SST (monthly) mean, anomaly, climatological mean

- Dataset time range: 1991-2010
- 7062 nc files
- 350GB of input data
- 87 tasks performed
- 12x51MB + 2x12GB of output files



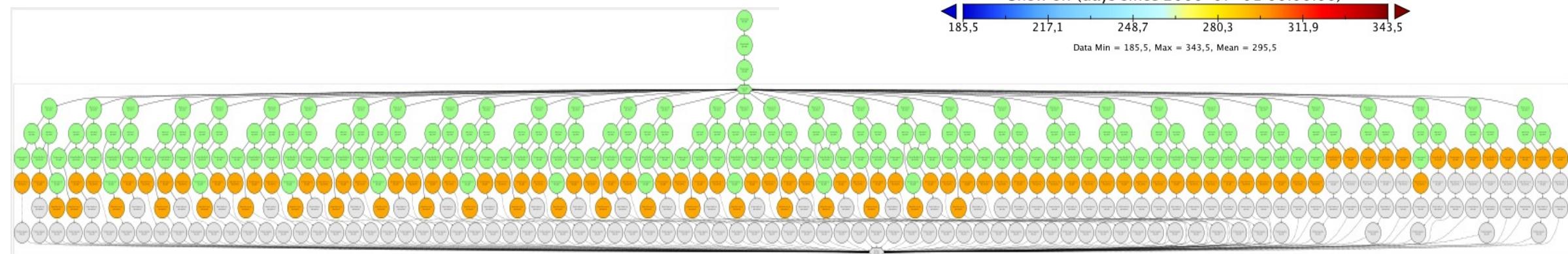
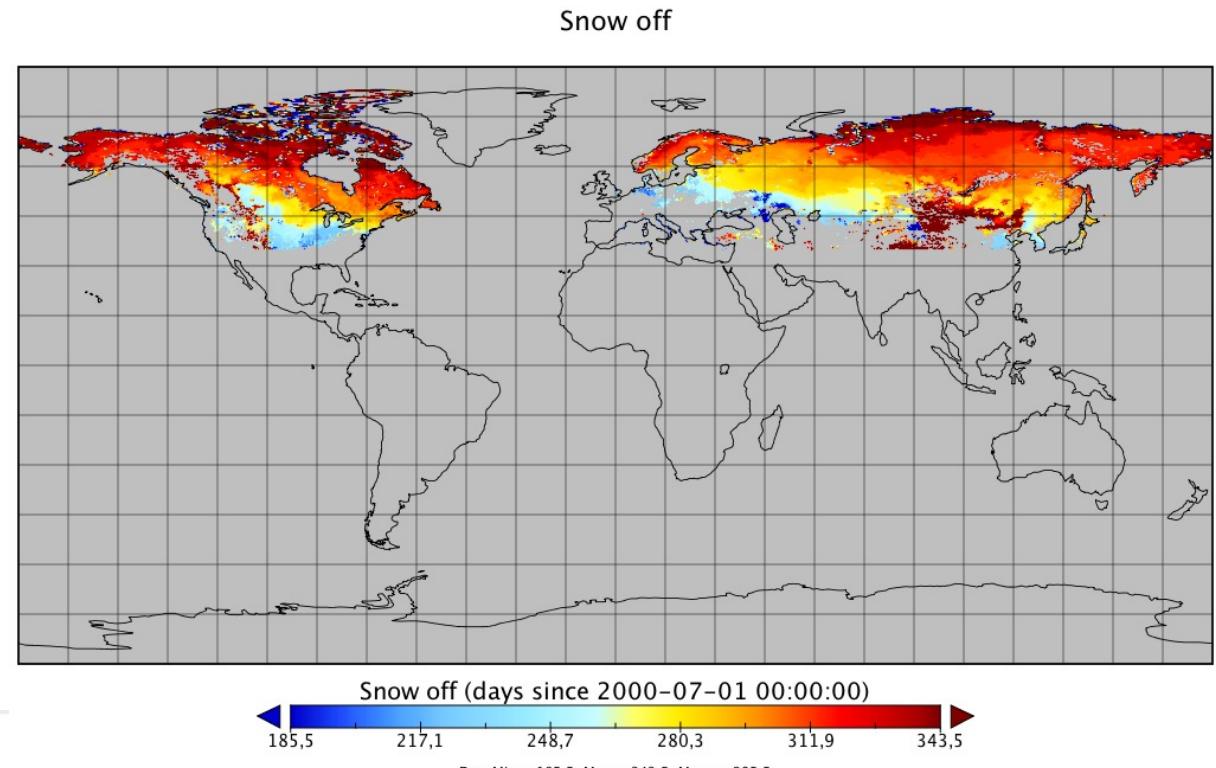
A. D'Anca, et al., "On the Use of In-memory Analytics Workflows to Compute eScience Indicators from Large Climate Datasets," 2017 17th IEEE/ACM Int. Symposium on Cluster, Cloud and Grid Computing (CCGRID), pp. 1035-1043



# Workflow example II: climate indicators processing

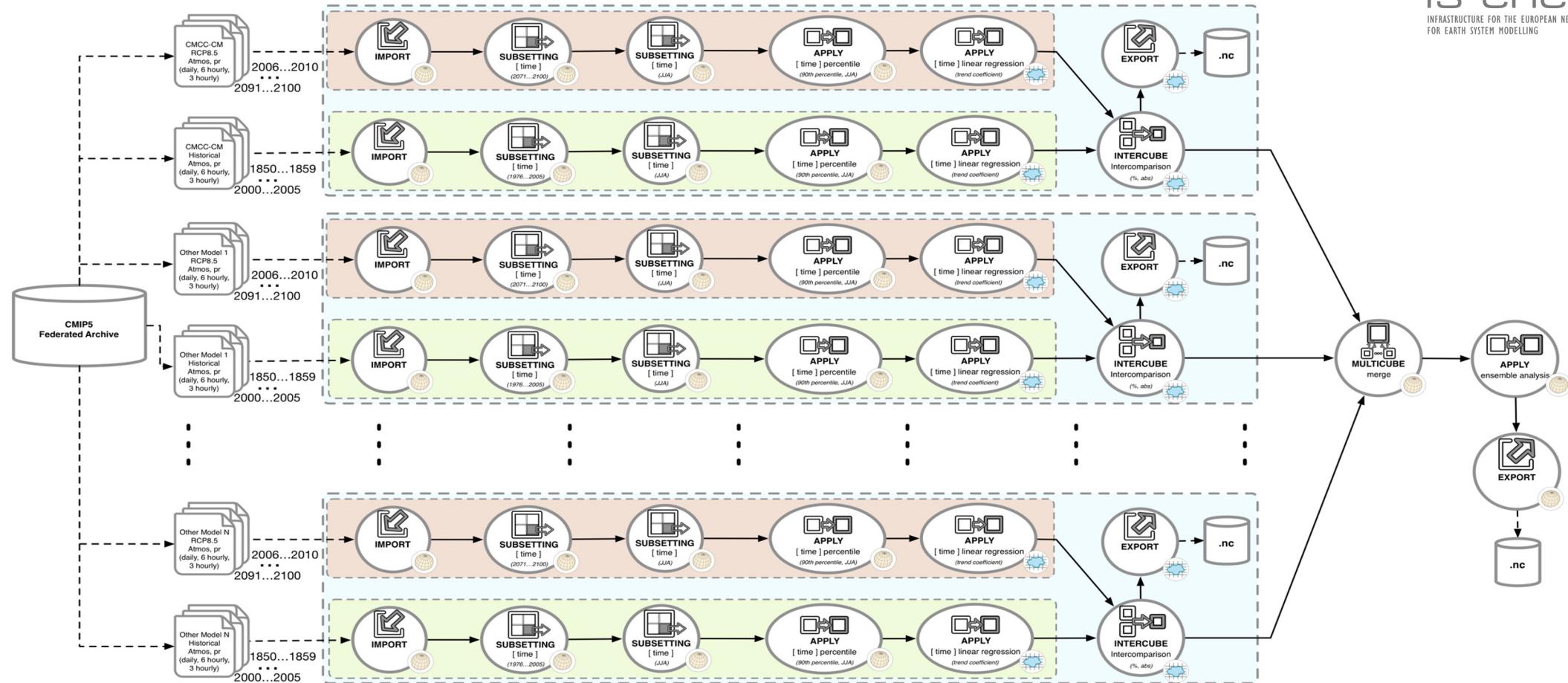
## Snow on/off – Length of snow season (single workflow for 3 indicators)

- Dataset time range: 1979-2012
- 6341 nc files
- 50 GB of input data
- 599 tasks performed
- 99 NetCDF output files (6MB each)
- 21 tasks in the exp. description



# Workflow example III: multi-model experiment design

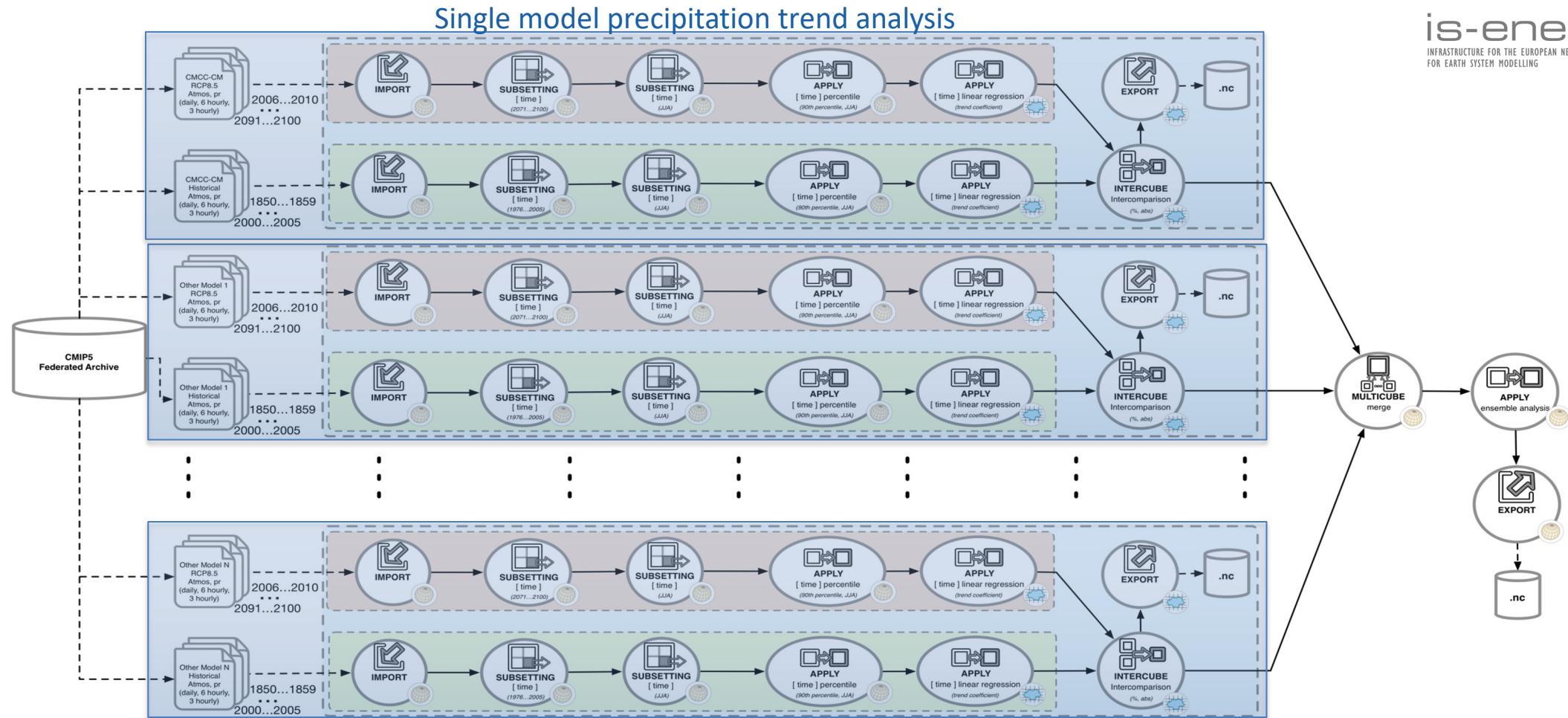
Precipitation Trend Analysis use case implemented as an Ophidia workflow



S. Fiore, et al., "Distributed and cloud-based multi-model analytics experiments on large volumes of climate change data in the earth system grid federation eco-system". In Big Data (Big Data), 2016 IEEE Int. Conference on. IEEE, 2016. pp. 2911-2918

# Workflow example III: multi-model experiment design

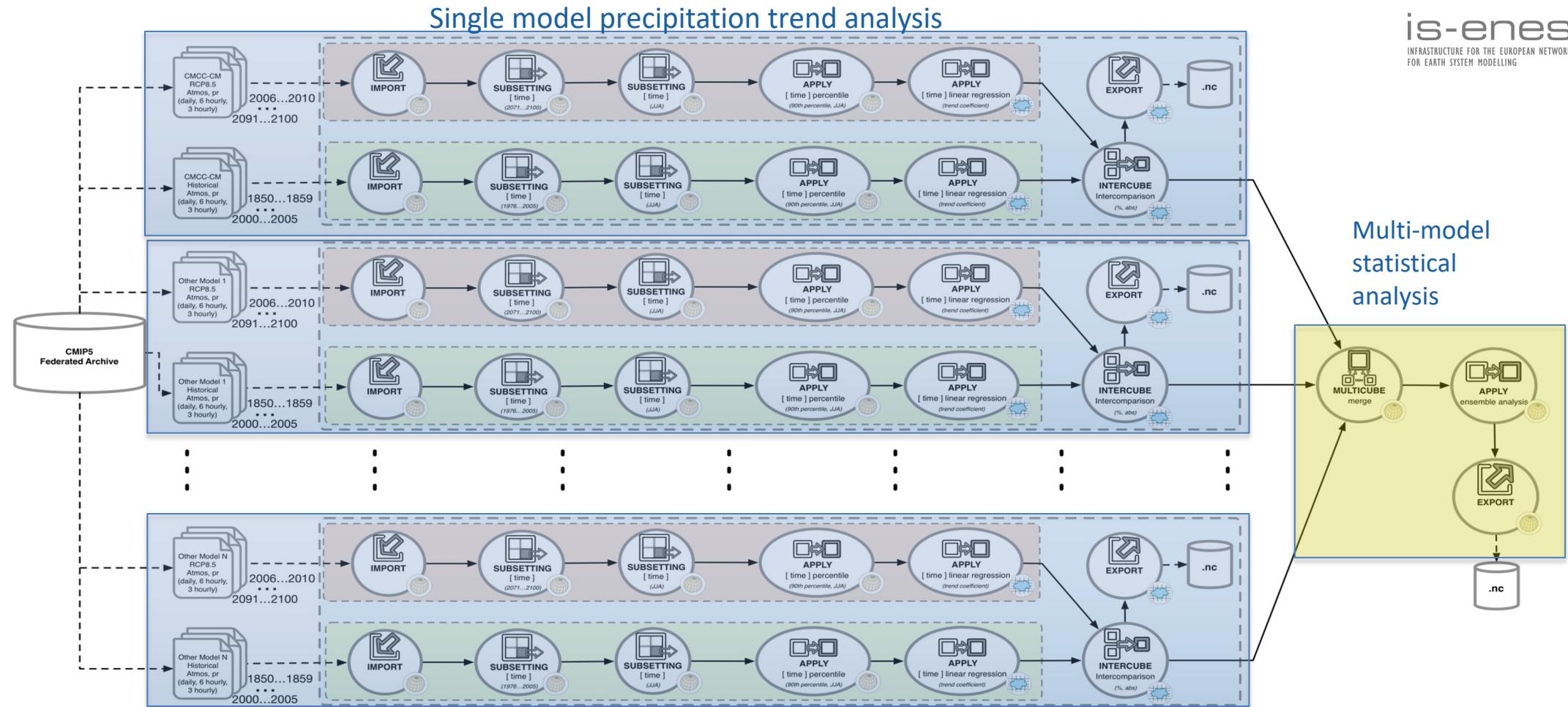
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# Workflow example III: multi-model experiment design

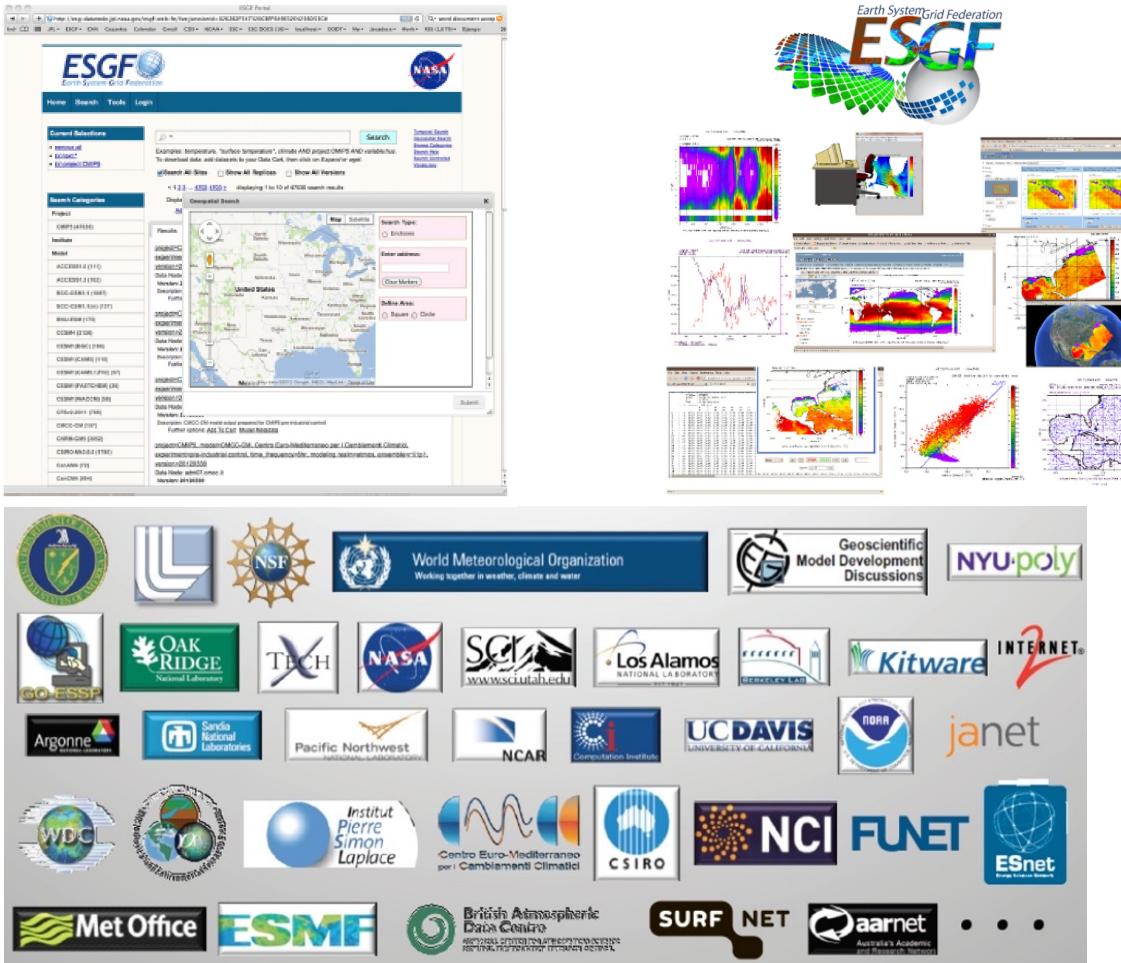
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# Multi-model experiment input data

ESGF<sup>1</sup> is a coordinated multiagency, international collaboration of institutions that continually develop, deploy, and maintain software needed to facilitate and empower the study of climate.

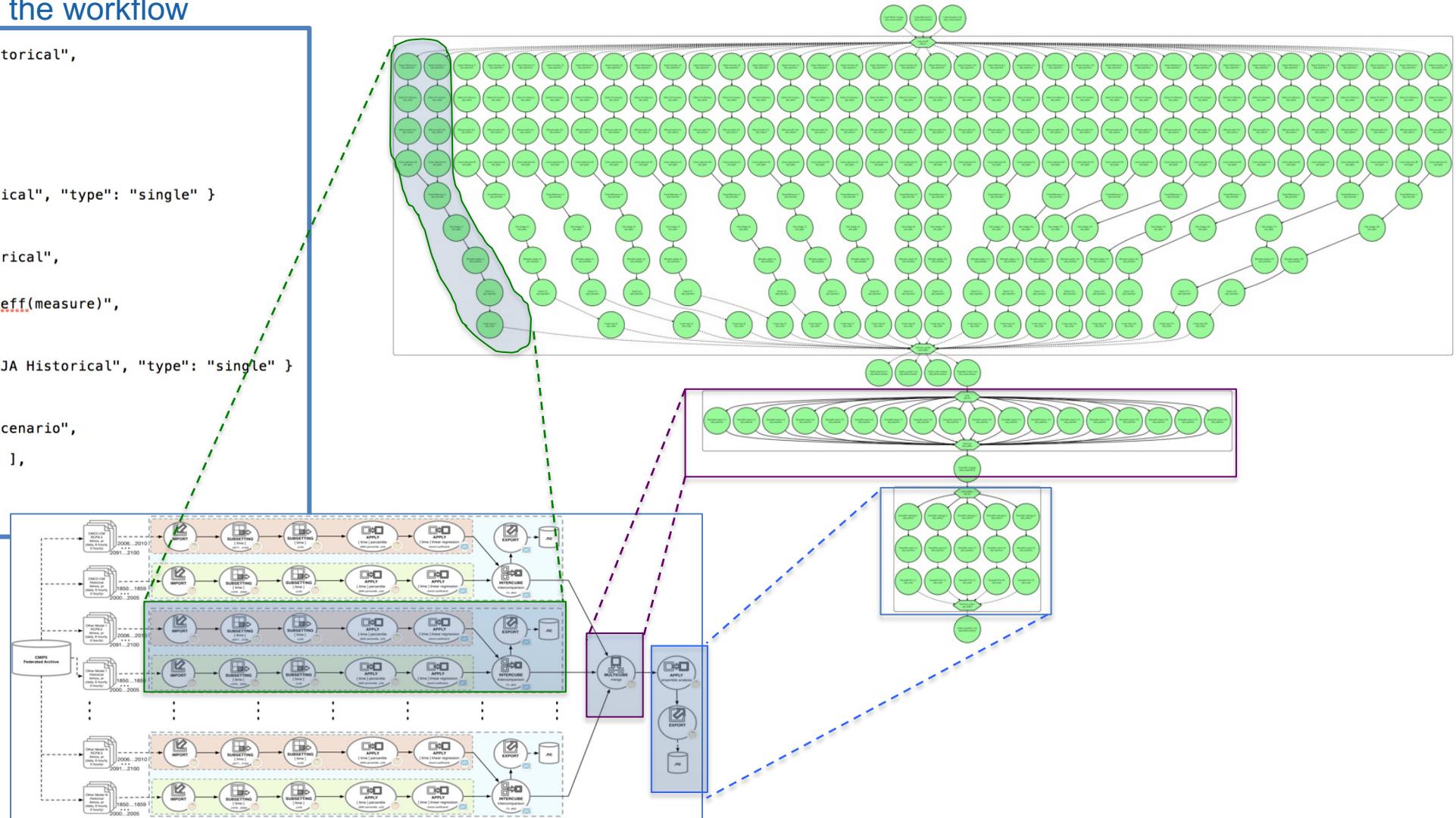


Model acronym	Model expansion	Institute
CCSM4	Community Climate System Model, v4	National Center for Atmospheric Research (NCAR)
CMCC-CESM	CMCC - Community Earth System Model	Euro-Mediterranean Center on Climate Change (CMCC)
CMCC-CMS	CMCC - Coupled Modeling System	Euro-Mediterranean Center on Climate Change (CMCC)
CMCC-CM	CMCC - Climate Model	Euro-Mediterranean Center on Climate Change (CMCC)
CNRM-CM5	CNRM - Coupled Global Climate Model, v5	Centre National de Recherches Météorologiques (CNRM)/Centre Européen de Recherche et de Formation Avancée en Calcul Scientifique (CERFACS)
CSIRO Mk3.6.0	CSIRO Mark, v3.6.0	Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation (CSIRO) in collaboration with Queensland Climate-Change Centre of Excellence (QCCCE)
CanESM2	Second Generation Canadian Earth System Model	Canadian Centre for Climate Modelling and Analysis (CCCma)
GFDL-CM3	GFDL Climate Model, v3	National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA)/Geophysical Fluid Dynamics Laboratory (GFDL)
GFDL-ESM2G	GFDL Earth System Model with Generalized Ocean Layer Dynamics (GOLD) component	National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA)/Geophysical Fluid Dynamics Laboratory (GFDL)
GFDL-ESM2M	GFDL Earth System Model with Modular Ocean Model 4 (MOM4) component	National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA)/Geophysical Fluid Dynamics Laboratory (GFDL)
HadGEM2-CC	Hadley Centre Global Environment Model, v2 (Carbon Cycle)	Met Office (UKMO) Hadley Centre (HC)
HadGEM2-ES	Hadley Centre Global Environment Model, v2 (Earth System)	Met Office (UKMO) Hadley Centre (HC)
INM-CM4.0	INM Coupled Model, v4.0	Institute of Numerical Mathematics (INM)
IPSL-CM5A-MR	IPSL Coupled Model, version 5, coupled with NEMO, mid resolution	L'Institut Pierre-Simon Laplace (IPSL)
MIROC5	Model for Interdisciplinary Research on Climate, v5	Atmosphere and Ocean Research Institute (The University of Tokyo), National Institute for Environmental Studies, and Japan Agency for Marine-Earth Science and Technology
MPI-ESM-MR	MPI Earth System Model, medium resolution	Max Planck Institute for Meteorology (MPI-M)
MRI-CGCM3	MRI Coupled Atmosphere - Ocean General Circulation Model, v3	Meteorological Research Institute (MRI)
NorESM1-M	Norwegian Earth System Model, v1 (intermediate resolution)	Norwegian Climate Centre (NCC)

## **Multi-model experiment implementation & execution**

## JSON implementation of the workflow

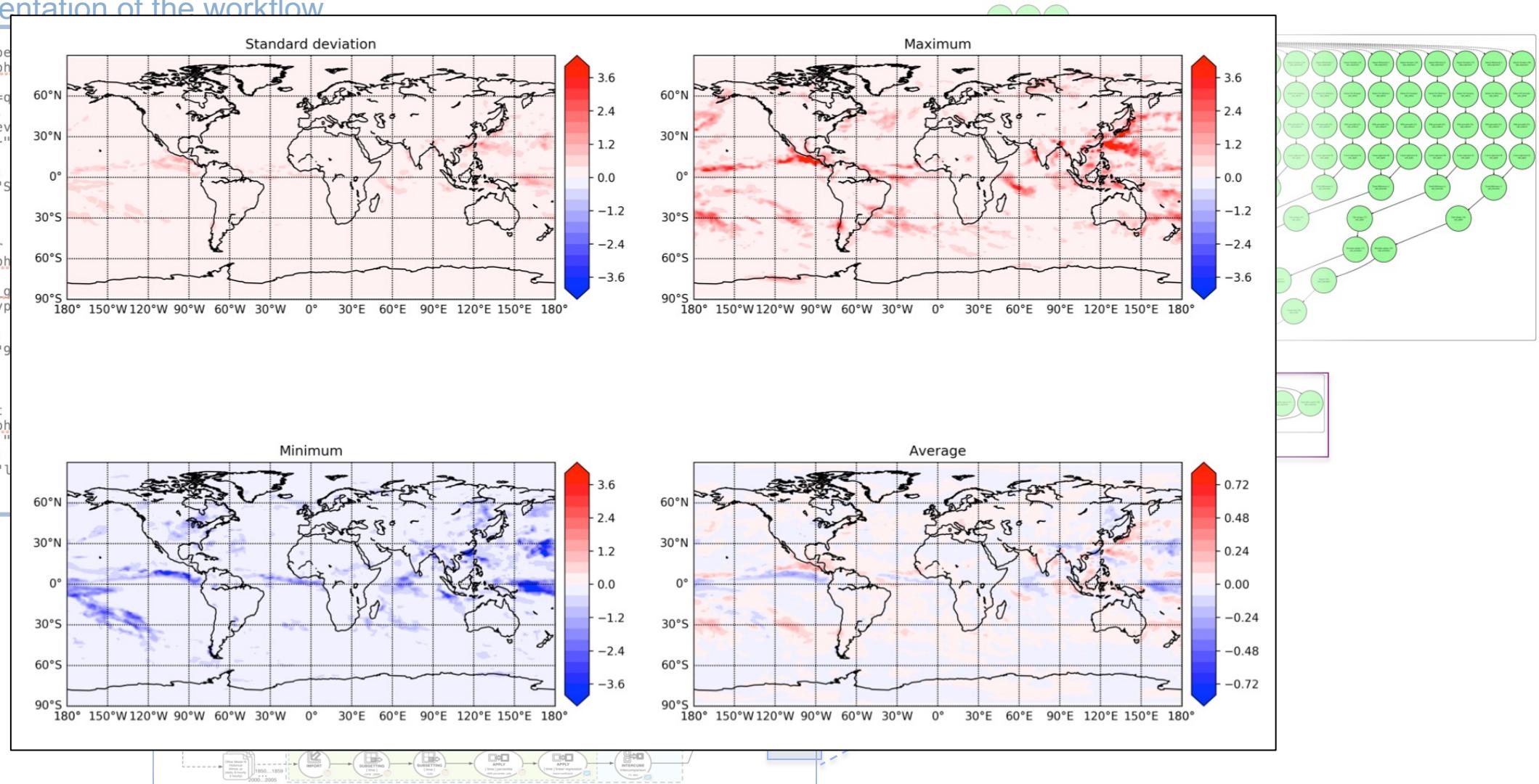
```
{  
    "name": "90th percentile JJA Historical",  
    "operator": "oph_reduce2",  
    "arguments": [  
        "operation=quantile",  
        "dim=time",  
        "concept_level=y",  
        "order=${5}"  
    ],  
    "dependencies": [  
        { "task": "Subset JJA Historical", "type": "single" }  
    ]  
},  
{  
    "name": "Linear regression Historical",  
    "operator": "oph_apply",  
    "arguments": [  
        "query=oph_gsl_fit_linear_coeff(measure)",  
        "measure_type=auto"  
    ],  
    "dependencies": [  
        { "task": "90th percentile JJA Historical", "type": "single" }  
    ]  
},  
{  
    "name": "Import Type Selection Scenario",  
    "operator": "oph_if",  
    "arguments": [ "condition=${10}" ],  
    "dependencies": [  
        { "task": "loop_model" }  
    ]  
},
```



# Multi-model experiment implementation & execution

## JSON implementation of the workflow

```
{  
    "name": "90th percentile",  
    "operator": "oph_percentile",  
    "arguments": [  
        {"operation": "oph_percentile", "dim": "time", "concept_level": "90th percentile", "order": 5},  
        {"operation": "oph_percentile", "dim": "model", "concept_level": "90th percentile", "order": 6},  
        {"operation": "oph_percentile", "dim": "lat", "concept_level": "90th percentile", "order": 7},  
        {"operation": "oph_percentile", "dim": "lon", "concept_level": "90th percentile", "order": 8}],  
    "dependencies": [{"task": "S1"}],  
    "outputs": [{"name": "90th percentile", "operator": "oph_percentile", "arguments": [{"operation": "oph_percentile", "dim": "time", "concept_level": "90th percentile", "order": 5}, {"operation": "oph_percentile", "dim": "model", "concept_level": "90th percentile", "order": 6}, {"operation": "oph_percentile", "dim": "lat", "concept_level": "90th percentile", "order": 7}, {"operation": "oph_percentile", "dim": "lon", "concept_level": "90th percentile", "order": 8}], "dependencies": [{"task": "S1"}]}],  
    "name": "Linear trend",  
    "operator": "oph_trend",  
    "arguments": [{"query": "oph_trend", "measure_type": "linear"}, {"operation": "oph_trend", "dim": "time", "concept_level": "linear trend", "order": 5}, {"operation": "oph_trend", "dim": "model", "concept_level": "linear trend", "order": 6}, {"operation": "oph_trend", "dim": "lat", "concept_level": "linear trend", "order": 7}, {"operation": "oph_trend", "dim": "lon", "concept_level": "linear trend", "order": 8}],  
    "dependencies": [{"task": "S1"}],  
    "outputs": [{"name": "Linear trend", "operator": "oph_trend", "arguments": [{"query": "oph_trend", "measure_type": "linear"}, {"operation": "oph_trend", "dim": "time", "concept_level": "linear trend", "order": 5}, {"operation": "oph_trend", "dim": "model", "concept_level": "linear trend", "order": 6}, {"operation": "oph_trend", "dim": "lat", "concept_level": "linear trend", "order": 7}, {"operation": "oph_trend", "dim": "lon", "concept_level": "linear trend", "order": 8}], "dependencies": [{"task": "S1"}]}],  
    "name": "Import",  
    "operator": "oph_import",  
    "arguments": [{"operation": "oph_import", "dim": "time", "concept_level": "import", "order": 5}, {"operation": "oph_import", "dim": "model", "concept_level": "import", "order": 6}, {"operation": "oph_import", "dim": "lat", "concept_level": "import", "order": 7}, {"operation": "oph_import", "dim": "lon", "concept_level": "import", "order": 8}],  
    "dependencies": [{"task": "S1"}],  
    "outputs": [{"name": "Import", "operator": "oph_import", "arguments": [{"operation": "oph_import", "dim": "time", "concept_level": "import", "order": 5}, {"operation": "oph_import", "dim": "model", "concept_level": "import", "order": 6}, {"operation": "oph_import", "dim": "lat", "concept_level": "import", "order": 7}, {"operation": "oph_import", "dim": "lon", "concept_level": "import", "order": 8}], "dependencies": [{"task": "S1"}]}]
```



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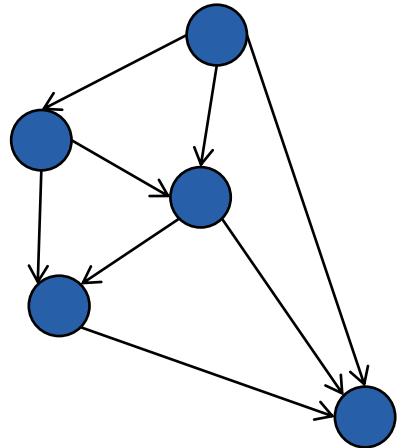
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# Analytics Workflow Schema

## Ophidia workflows schema:

- based on **JSON representation** for requests/responses
- defines application-level **semantic** and **syntactic rules**
- models scientific computations as **DAG**



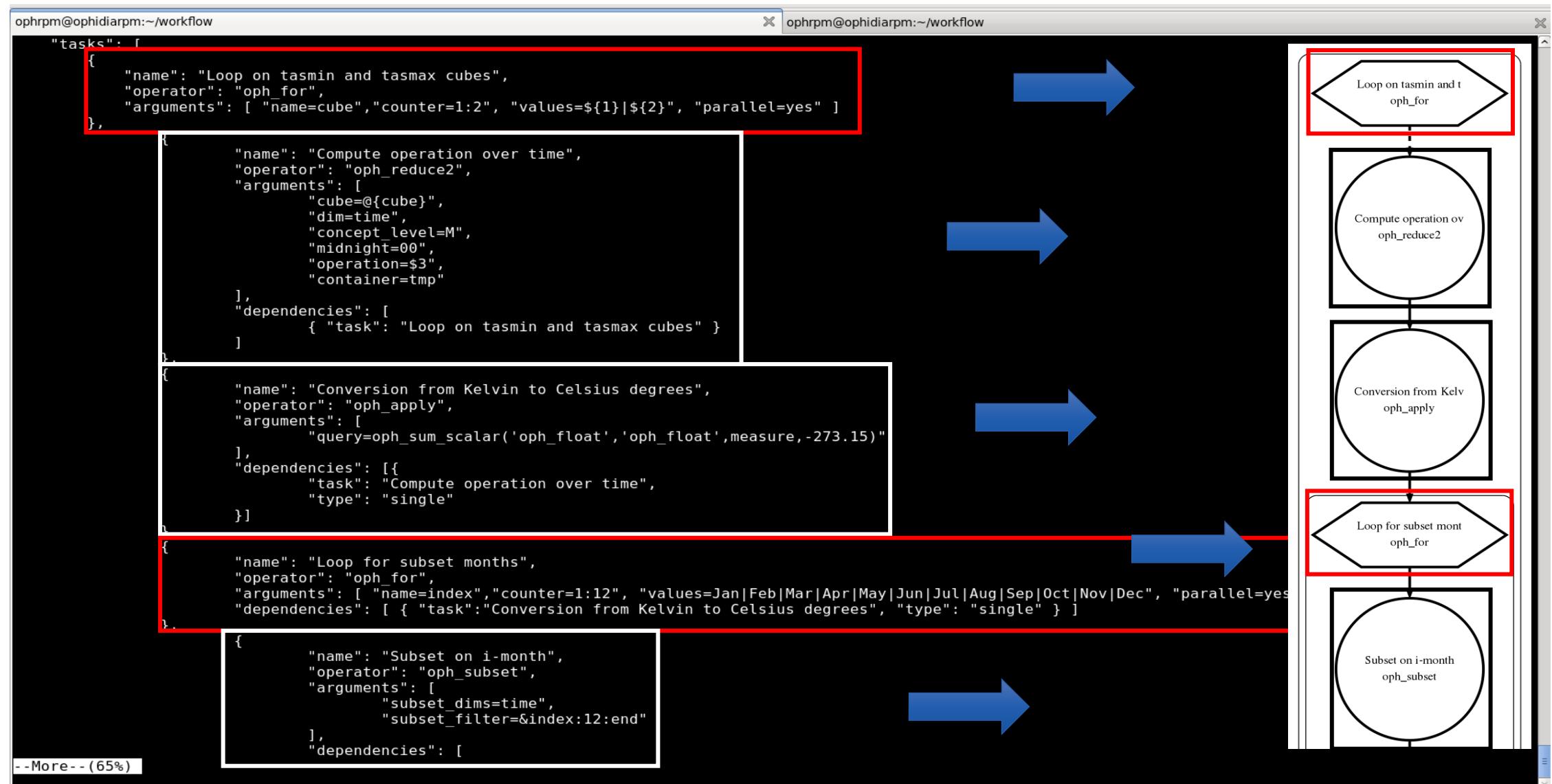
## Main supported abstractions:

- *Shared properties*
- *Flow/data dependencies*
- *Simple/massive tasks*
- *Iterative (group of) tasks*
- *Parallel (group of) tasks*
- *Flow and error control*
- *Interleaving and interactive tasks*
- *Execution checkpointing*

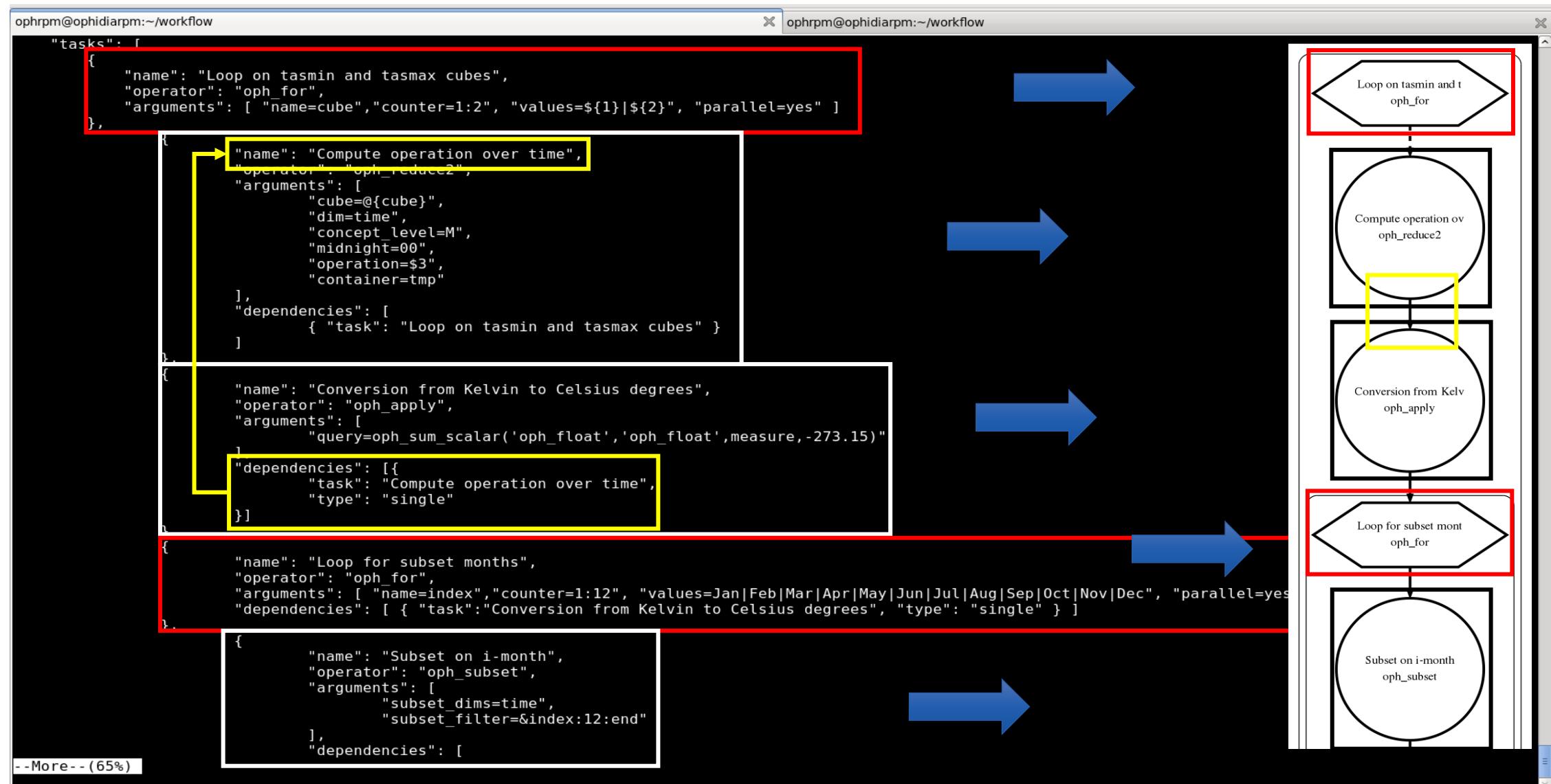
# Behind the scene: workflow JSON representation

```
ophrpm@ophidiarpm:~/workflow          ophrpm@ophidiarpm:~/workflow
"tasks": [
  {
    "name": "Loop on tasmin and tasmax cubes",
    "operator": "oph_for",
    "arguments": [ "name=cube", "counter=1:2", "values=${1}|${2}", "parallel=yes" ]
  },
  {
    "name": "Compute operation over time",
    "operator": "oph_reduce2",
    "arguments": [
      "cube=@{cube}",
      "dim=time",
      "concept_level=M",
      "midnight=00",
      "operation=$3",
      "container=tmp"
    ],
    "dependencies": [
      { "task": "Loop on tasmin and tasmax cubes" }
    ]
  },
  {
    "name": "Conversion from Kelvin to Celsius degrees",
    "operator": "oph_apply",
    "arguments": [
      "query=oph_sum_scalar('oph_float','oph_float',measure,-273.15)"
    ],
    "dependencies": [
      {
        "task": "Compute operation over time",
        "type": "single"
      }
    ]
  },
  {
    "name": "Loop for subset months",
    "operator": "oph_for",
    "arguments": [ "name=index", "counter=1:12", "values=Jan|Feb|Mar|Apr|May|Jun|Jul|Aug|Sep|Oct|Nov|Dec", "parallel=yes" ],
    "dependencies": [ { "task": "Conversion from Kelvin to Celsius degrees", "type": "single" } ]
  },
  {
    "name": "Subset on i-month",
    "operator": "oph_subset",
    "arguments": [
      "subset_dims=time",
      "subset_filter=&index:12:end"
    ],
    "dependencies": [
      ...
    ]
  }
]
--More-- (65%)
```

# Behind the scene: workflow JSON representation



# Behind the scene: workflow JSON representation



# Python module for workflow management

**ESDM-PAV Client** Python module provide an interface to model *Post-processing, Analytics and Visualisation (PAV)* experiments composed of multiple tasks  
(<https://github.com/OphidiaBigData/esdm-pav-client>):

- Developed in the context of the **ESiWACE2 project** for the ESDM-PAV software stack
- High-level API to **model experiments** with JSON-based schema
  - Experiments and tasks handled as Python objects
- Support for workflow **execution** and **monitoring**
- Native integration with **Jupyter Notebooks**
- Integrates Ophidia operators and can be **interfaced directly with the Ophidia WMS** and all its capabilities

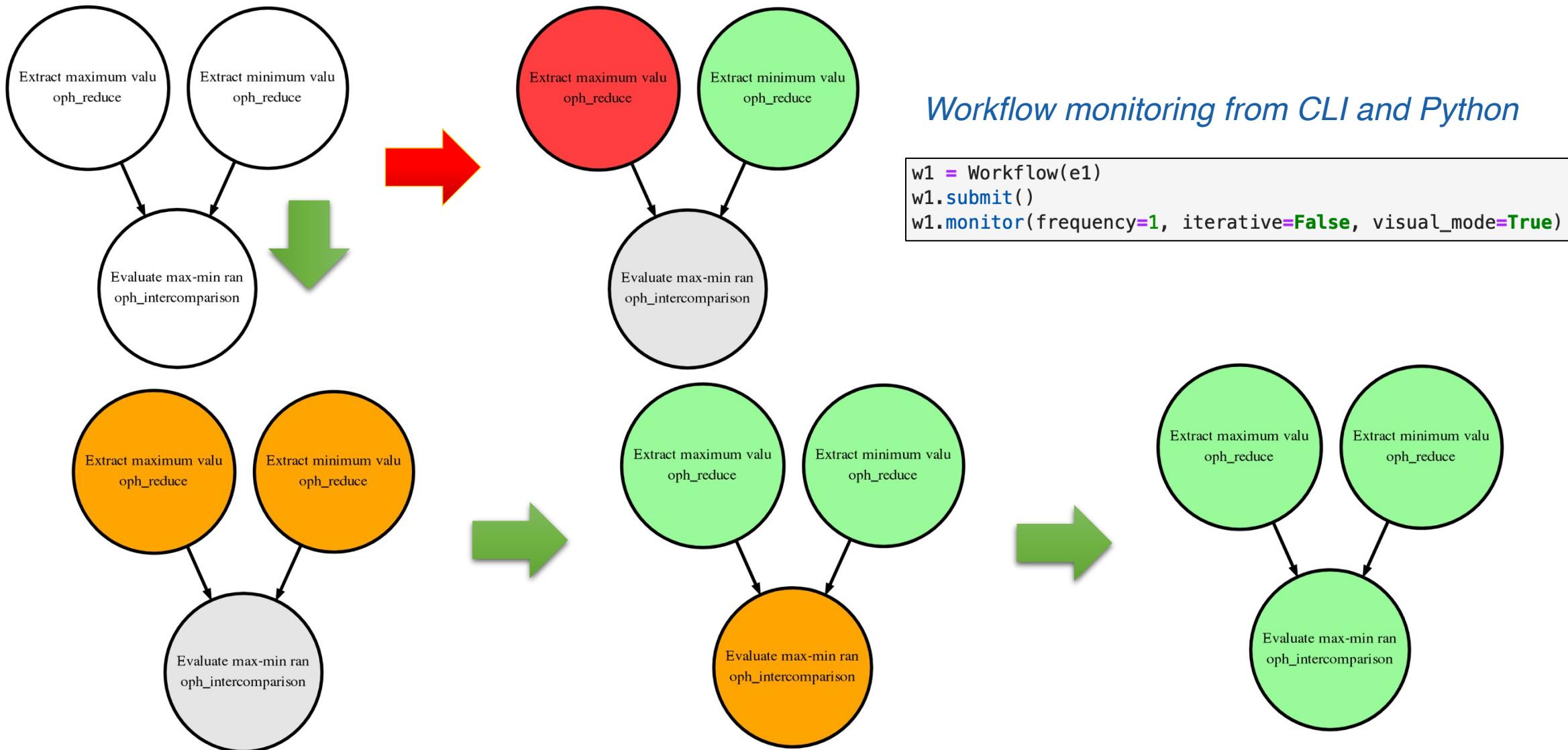
```
from esdm_pav_client import Workflow, Experiment

e1 = Experiment(
    name="Example workflow",
    author="CMCC"
)
t1 = e1.newTask(name="Import",
    type="ophidia",
    operator='oph_importnc',
    arguments={'measure': 'tas',
               'input': 'tas.nc',
               'description': 'Imported data'})
t2 = e1.newTask(name="Subset arrays",
    type="ophidia",
    operator='oph_subset',
    arguments={'subset_filter': '1:365',
               'subset_dims': 'time',
               'description': 'First year'},
    dependencies={t1:'cube'})
t3 = e1.newTask(name="Average",
    type="ophidia",
    operator='oph_reduce',
    arguments={'operation': 'avg',
               'description': 'Average cube'},
    dependencies={t2:'cube'})
t4 = e1.newTask(name="Export",
    type="ophidia",
    operator='oph_exportnc2',
    arguments={'output': 'out.nc'},
    dependencies={t3:'cube'})

e1.check()

w1 = Workflow(e1)
w1.submit()
w1.monitor(frequency=1, iterative=False, visual_mode=True)
w1.cancel()
```

# Workflow status monitoring



# Analytics workflows constructs

## Workflow Management

This group includes a number of flow control operators that could be used within an [Ophidia workflow](#) to implement complex data processing in batch mode. In particular, they implement several advanced features: [setting of run-time variables](#), [iterative and parallel interface](#), [selection interface](#), [interactive workflows](#), [interleaving workflows](#), etc.

NAME	DESCRIPTION
<a href="#">OPH_ELSE</a>	Start the last sub-block of a selection block "if".
<a href="#">OPH_ELSIF</a>	Start a new sub-block of a selection block "if".
<a href="#">OPH_ENDFOR</a>	Close a loop "for".
<a href="#">OPH_ENDIF</a>	Close a selection block "if".
<a href="#">OPH_FOR</a>	Implement a loop "for".
<a href="#">OPH_IF</a>	Open a "if" selection block.
<a href="#">OPH_INPUT</a>	It sends commands or data to an interactive task.
<a href="#">OPH_SET</a>	Set a parameter in the workflow environment.
<a href="#">OPH_WAIT</a>	Wait until an event occurs.

# Flow control: iterative interface (“for loop”)

Allows to repeat the execution of a block of workflow tasks over different input data or over the result of the previous iteration.

Selection interface operators:

- *OPH\_FOR* or *FOR*
- *OPH\_ENDFOR* or *ENDFOR*

*The statement can be used in nested fashion*

```
{  
    "name": "Begin loop on months",  
    "operator": "oph_for",  
    "arguments": [  
        {"name=index",  
         "counter=1:12",  
         "values=Jan|Feb|Mar|Apr|May|Jun|Jul|Aug|Sep|Oct|Nov|Dec"}  
    ],  
},
```

AT DEFINITION TIME      AT RUNTIME



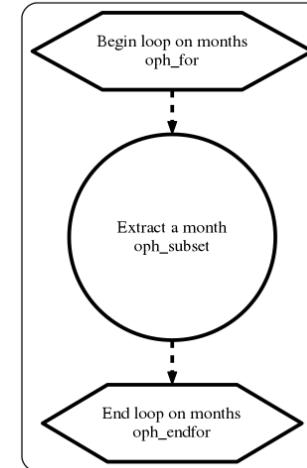
Workflow iterative interface documentation: [http://ophidia.cmcc.it/documentation/users/workflow/workflow\\_for.html](http://ophidia.cmcc.it/documentation/users/workflow/workflow_for.html)

# Flow control: parallel interface

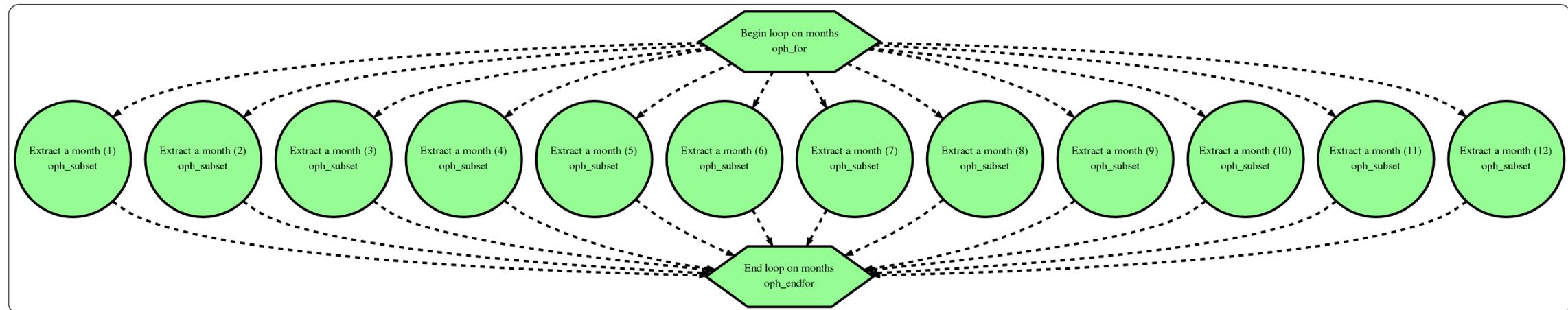
## AT DEFINITION TIME

Extension of the OPH\_FOR interface for parallel (**concurrent**) execution of the loop iterations.

```
{  
    "name": "Begin loop on months",  
    "operator": "oph_for",  
    "arguments": [  
        {"parallel": "yes"},  
        "name": "index",  
        "counter": "1:12",  
        "values": "Jan|Feb|Mar|Apr|May|Jun|Jul|Aug|Sep|Oct|Nov|Dec"  
    ]  
}
```



## AT RUNTIME



Workflow parallel interface documentation: [http://ophidia.cmcc.it/documentation/users/workflow/workflow\\_for.html#parallel-interface](http://ophidia.cmcc.it/documentation/users/workflow/workflow_for.html#parallel-interface)

# Flow control: selection Interface (“if/else”)

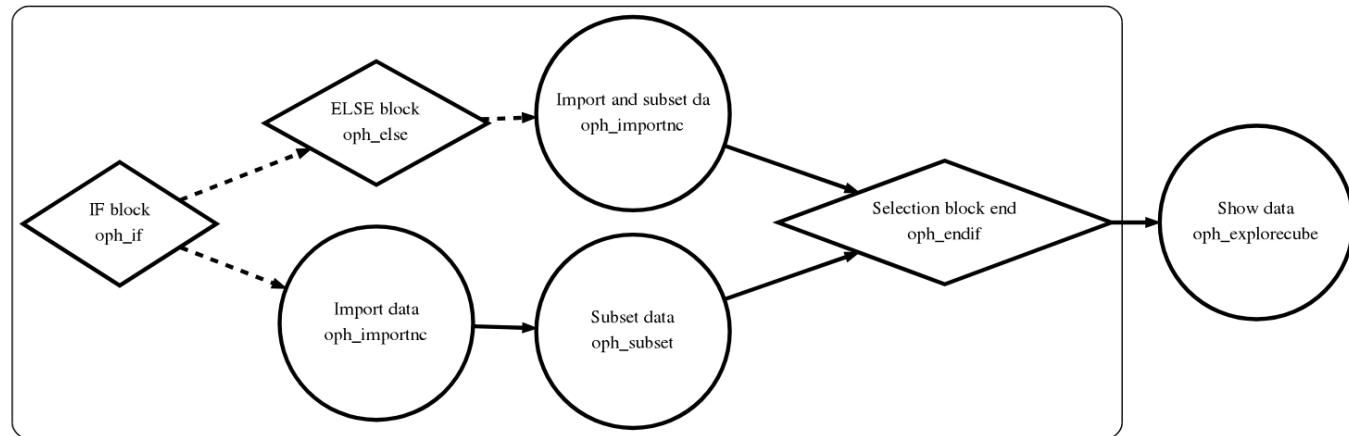
## AT DEFINITION TIME

Enables the workflow manager to **dynamically execute a block of tasks** based on boolean conditions evaluated at run-time.

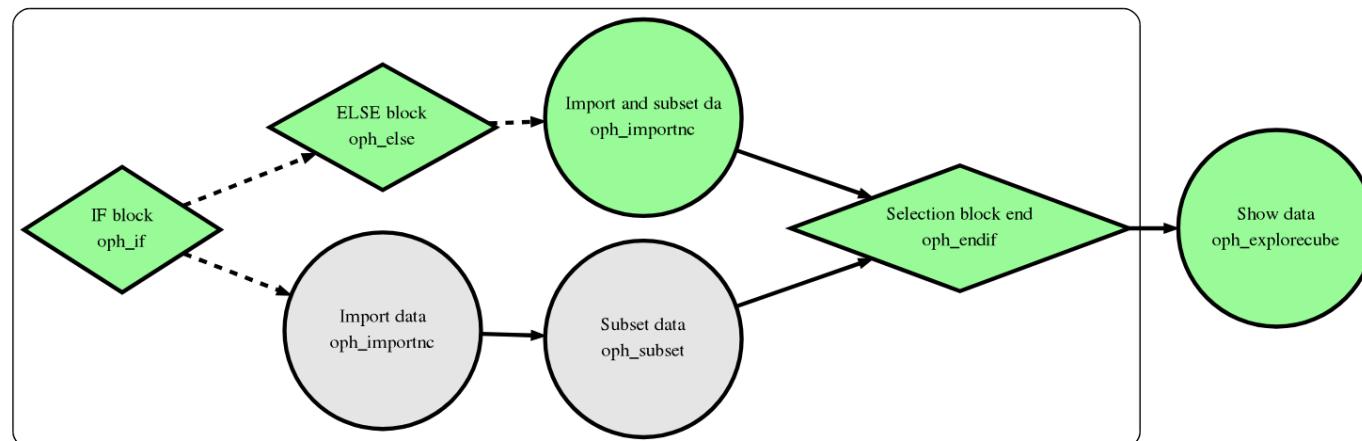
Selection interface operators:

- *OPH\_IF or IF*
- *OPH\_ELSEIF or ELSEIF*
- *OPH\_ELSE or ELSE*
- *OPH\_ENDIF or ENDIF*

```
{  
    "name": "IF block",  
    "operator": "oph_if",  
    "arguments": [ "condition=$1" ]  
},
```



## AT RUNTIME



Workflow selection interface documentation: [http://ophidia.cmcc.it/documentation/users/workflow/workflow\\_if.html](http://ophidia.cmcc.it/documentation/users/workflow/workflow_if.html)

# Workflow error handling

In case of very large workflow executions **errors** in one of more **tasks** are likely.

Supported behaviours in case of task failure:

- *abort*: the whole workflow is interrupted (default)
- *skip*: the task is skipped and execution continues on the descendant tasks
- *continue*: the task and all depending task will be ignored, while other task will be executed
- *repeat N*: the task is re-executed N times, before aborting the whole execution. A custom *timeout interval* between resubmissions can be specified.

## DEFINED AT GLOBAL WORKFLOW LEVEL

```
"name": "Example5",
"author": "Foo",
"abstract": "Simple workflow with automatic repetition",
"exec_mode": "sync",
"ncores": "1",
"cube": "http://hostname/1/1",
"on_error": "repeat 2",
"tasks":
```

## DEFINED AT TASK LEVEL (precedence)

```
{
  "name": "Extract maximum value",
  "operator": "oph_reduce",
  "arguments": [ "operation=max" ],
  "on_error": "repeat 5"
},
```

Workflow error handling documentation: [http://ophidia.cmcc.it/documentation/users/workflow/workflow\\_advanced.html#handling-task-errors](http://ophidia.cmcc.it/documentation/users/workflow/workflow_advanced.html#handling-task-errors)

# Workflow submission

```
ophrpm@ophidiarpm:~/devel/oph-client/res ophrpm@ophidiarpm:~/workflow
[37..6380] >> ./Tind_loop.json http://193.204.199.174/ophidia/29/2046 http://193.204.199.174/ophidia/30/2047 max
[JobID]:
http://193.204.199.174/ophidia/sessions/376699238311302232511449455166146380/experiment?247#3144

[37..6380] >> view 247
[247] ./Tind_loop.json http://193.204.199.174/ophidia/29/2046 http://193.204.199.174/ophidia/30/2047 max [http://193.204.199.174/ophidia/sessions/376699238311302232511449455166146380/experiment?247#3144]

[Response]:
Workflow Status
-----
OPH_STATUS_COMPLETED

Workflow Progress
-----
+=====+=====+
| NUMBER OF COMPLETED TASKS | TOTAL NUMBER OF TASKS |
+=====+=====+
| 82 | 82 |
+=====+=====+

Workflow Task List
-----
+=====+=====+=====+=====+=====+=====+=====+=====+=====+
| OPH JOB ID | SESSION CODE | WORKFL OW ID | MARKE R ID | PARENT MA RKER ID | TASK NAME | TYP E | EXIT STATUS |
+=====+=====+=====+=====+=====+=====+=====+=====+=====+
| http://193.204.199.174/ophidia/sessions/376699238311302232511449455166146380/experiment?247#3145 | 37669923831130223251 | 247 | 3145 | 3144 | Loop on tasmin and tasmax cubes | SIM | OPH_STATUS_PLE |
| http://193.204.199.174/ophidia/sessions/376699238311302232511449455166146380/experiment?247#3146 | 37669923831130223251 | 247 | 3146 | 3144 | Compute operation over time (1) | SIM | OPH_STATUS_PLE |
| http://193.204.199.174/ophidia/sessions/376699238311302232511449455166146380/experiment?247#3147 | 37669923831130223251 | 247 | 3147 | 3144 | Compute operation over time (2) | SIM | OPH_STATUS_PLE |
| http://193.204.199.174/ophidia/sessions/376699238311302232511449455166146380/experiment?247#3148 | 37669923831130223251 | 247 | 3148 | 3144 | Conversion from Kelvin to Celsius degrees (1) | SIM | OPH_STATUS_PLE |
| http://193.204.199.174/ophidia/sessions/376699238311302232511449455166146380/experiment?247#3149 | 37669923831130223251 | 247 | 3149 | 3144 | Conversion from Kelvin to Celsius degrees (2) | SIM | OPH_STATUS_PLE |
```

# Workflow submission

```
ophrpm@ophidiarpm:~/devel/oph-client/res ophrpm@ophidiarpm:~/workflow
[37..6380] >> ./Tind_loop.json http://193.204.199.174/ophidia/29/2046 http://193.204.199.174/ophidia/30/2047 max
[37..6380] >> [http://193.204.199.174/ophidia/sessions/376699238311302232511449455166146380/experiment?247#3144]
[JobID]:
http://193.204.199.174/ophidia/sessions/376699238311302232511449455166146380/experiment?247#3144

[37..6380] >> view 247
[247] ./Tind_loop.json http://193.204.199.174/ophidia/29/2046 http://193.204.199.174/ophidia/30/2047 max [http://193.204.199.174/ophidia/sessions/376699238311302232511449455166146380/experiment?247#3144]

[Response]:
Workflow Status
-----
OPH_STATUS_COMPLETED

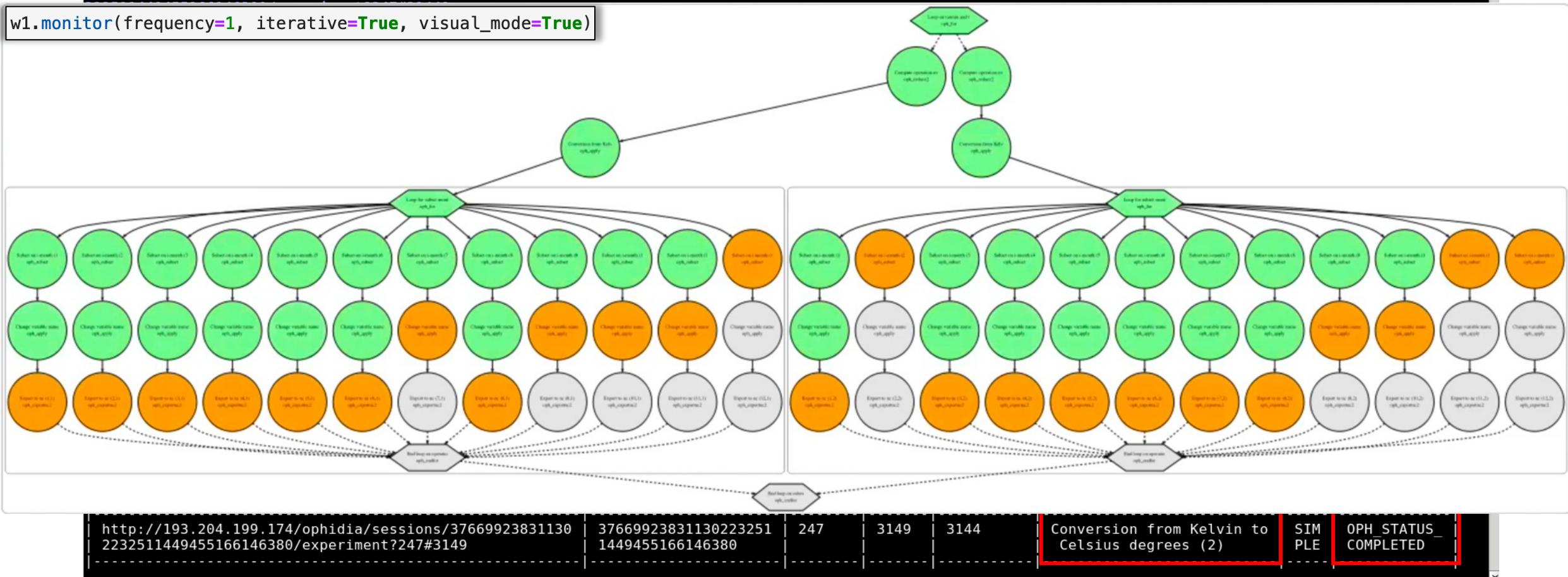
Workflow Progress
-----
+-----+-----+
| NUMBER OF COMPLETED TASKS | TOTAL NUMBER OF TASKS |
+-----+-----+
| 82 | 82 |
+-----+-----+

Workflow Task List
-----
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| OPH JOB ID | SESSION CODE | WORKFL OW ID | MARKE R ID | PARENT MA RKER ID | TASK NAME | TYP E | EXIT STATUS |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| http://193.204.199.174/ophidia/sessions/376699238311302232511449455166146380/experiment?247#3145 | 376699238311302232511449455166146380 | 247 | 3145 | 3144 | Loop on tasmin and tasmax cubes | SIM PLE | OPH_STATUS_COMPLETED |
| http://193.204.199.174/ophidia/sessions/376699238311302232511449455166146380/experiment?247#3146 | 376699238311302232511449455166146380 | 247 | 3146 | 3144 | Compute operation over time (1) | SIM PLE | OPH_STATUS_COMPLETED |
| http://193.204.199.174/ophidia/sessions/376699238311302232511449455166146380/experiment?247#3147 | 376699238311302232511449455166146380 | 247 | 3147 | 3144 | Compute operation over time (2) | SIM PLE | OPH_STATUS_COMPLETED |
| http://193.204.199.174/ophidia/sessions/376699238311302232511449455166146380/experiment?247#3148 | 376699238311302232511449455166146380 | 247 | 3148 | 3144 | Conversion from Kelvin to Celsius degrees (1) | SIM PLE | OPH_STATUS_COMPLETED |
| http://193.204.199.174/ophidia/sessions/376699238311302232511449455166146380/experiment?247#3149 | 376699238311302232511449455166146380 | 247 | 3149 | 3144 | Conversion from Kelvin to Celsius degrees (2) | SIM PLE | OPH_STATUS_COMPLETED |
```

# Workflow submission

```
ophrpm@ophidiarpm:~/devel/oph-client/res          ophrpm@ophidiarpm:~/workflow
[37..6380] >> ./Tind_loop.json http://193.204.199.174/ophidia/29/2046 http://193.204.199.174/ophidia/30/2047 max
[JobID]:
http://193.204.199.174/ophidia/sessions/376699238311302232511449455166146380/experiment?247#3144
[37..6380] >> view 247
[247] ./Tind_loop.json http://193.204.199.174/ophidia/29/2046 http://193.204.199.174/ophidia/30/2047 max [http://193.204.199.174/ophidia/sessions/376699238311302
```

```
w1.monitor(frequency=1, iterative=True, visual_mode=True)
```



# What have we learned so far?

*Complex climate data analysis requires workflow support*

*Real case studies can be effectively modeled as (complex) workflows composed of hundreds of tasks*

*The **Ophidia HPDA** framework provides workflow management features:*

- *Target large-scale analysis and parallel execution of tasks*
- *Support for different constructs and workflow resiliency*
- *Integrated job orchestration, management and monitoring features*

*The PAV Python module can help the workflow modeling, execution and monitoring*

**Next: Demo and hands-on of Ophidia workflows**

# References and further readings

- E. Deelman, et al. (2018) ‘The future of scientific workflows’, *The International Journal of High Performance Computing Applications*, 32(1), pp. 159–175.
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# Questions?

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## More about Ophidia



<http://ophidia.cmcc.it>



<https://github.com/OphidiaBigData>



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<https://twitter.com/OphidiaBigData>