



COMPTE RENDU DE CHAPITRE 5 + TPS



les exemples de cours & tps

-----project Class Complexe -----

```
#include <string.h>
     #include <iostream>
     #include <math.h>
     using namespace std;
     You, 10 seconds ago | 1 author (You)
 5 🖇
     class Complex
         double reel, imaginaire;
     public:
10 {
         // Constructeur par défaut
11.
         Complex()
12
          {
13
              reel = 0;
14
              imaginaire = \theta;
15
16
17
          // constructeur plein
         Complex(double re, double imag = 0)
18
          €
19
              reel = re:
20
              imaginaire = imag;
21
22
         // partie real
23
         double real()
24
25
              return reel;
26
27
          // partie imaginaire
         double imag()
28
          1
29
              return imaginaire; You, 46 minutes ago •
30
31
32 {
          // the complex congugate
33 }
         Complex conj()
34
35
              Complex res;
              res.reel = reel;
36
              res.imaginaire = -imaginaire;
37
38
              return res;
39
```

```
40
         // addition
41 3
         Complex operator+(Complex c)
42
43 §
             Complex res;
             res.reel = c.real() + reel;
44
             res.imaginaire = c.imag() + imaginaire;
45
             return res;
47
         Complex operator-(Complex c)
49
50
51 }
             Complex res;
52
             res.reel = c.real() - reel;
             res.imaginaire = c.imag() - imaginaire;
53
54
             return res;
55
56
57
         Complex operator*(Complex c)
58
59 }
             Complex res;
             res.reel = (c.real() * reel) - imaginaire * c.imag();
60
             res.imaginaire = reel * c.imag() + imaginaire * c.reel;
61
             return res;
62
63
64
65
         int operator!=(Complex c)
             if (c.imag() == imaginaire && c.real() == reel)
67
                 return 0;
68
69
             else
70
                 return 1;
71
72
73
74
         int operator==(Complex c)
75
             if (c.imag() == imaginaire && c.real() == reel)
76
                 return 1:
77
             else
78
79
                 return 0;
80
```

```
// Magnitude of Square of a complex number
          double norm()
             double res;
             res = imaginaire * imaginaire + reel * reel;
             return res;
          double arg()
             double res = \theta;
             res = atan(imaginaire / reel);
             return res;
         Complex polar(double mag, double angle = 0)
             Complex c(mag * cos(angle), mag * sin(angle));
             return c:
          Complex operator/(Complex c)
             Complex res;
             res.reel = (c.real() * reel + c.imag() * imaginaire) / (c.imag() * c.imag() + c.real() * c.real());
             res.imaginaire = (c.real() * imaginaire + c.imag() * reel) / (c.imag() * c.imag() + c.real());
             return res;
          friend ostream &operator << (ostream &, Complex &);
          friend istream &operator>>>(istream &, Complex &);
          friend Complex operator*(double, Complex);
          friend Complex operator+(Complex, double);
          friend Complex operator*(Complex, double);
          friend Complex operator/(double, Complex);
          friend Complex operator/(Complex, double);
123
          friend Complex operator-(double, Complex);
          friend Complex operator-(Complex, double);
          friend Complex operator+(double, Complex);
          friend Complex operator+(Complex, double);
```

```
ostream &operator<<(ostream &os, Complex &c)
128
129
130 }
          os << "The Complex object is : " << c.reel << " + " << c.imaginaire << "i " << endl;
131
          return os;
132
     istream &operator>>(istream &in, Complex &c)
133
134
135
          cout << "Enter Real Part ";
136
          in >> c.reel:
137
          cout << "Enter Imaginary Part ";
138
          in >> c.imaginaire;
139
          return in;
140
141
     Complex operator+(double d, Complex c)
142
143
          Complex res;
          res.reel = c.real() + d;
          res.imaginaire = c.imag() + d;
146
          return res;
148
     Complex operator+(Complex c, double d)
149
150 }
          Complex res;
151
          res.reel = c.real() + d;
152
          res.imaginaire = c.imag() + d;
153
          return res;
154
     Complex operator-(double d, Complex c)
155
156
157 {
          Complex res:
          res.reel = c.real() - d;
158
          res.imaginaire = c.imag() - d;
159
          return res;
162
      Complex operator-(Complex c, double d)
163
164
          Complex res;
165
          res.reel = c.real() - d;
          res.imaginaire = c.imag() - d;
167
          return res;
```

```
169
     Complex operator*(Complex c, double d){
170
        Complex res;
        res.reel = (c.real() * d) - d * c.imag();
        res.imaginaire = d * c.imag() + d * c.reel;
        return res:
175
    Complex operator*(double d, Complex c){
        Complex res;
176
        res.reel = (c.real() * d) - d * c.imag();
        res.imaginaire = d * c.imag() + d * c.reel;
        return res;
    Complex operator/(double d, Complex c){
181
182
        Complex res;
        res.reel = (c.real() * d + c.imag() * d) / (c.imag() * c.imag() + c.real() * c.real());
        res.imaginaire = (c.real() * d + c.imag() * d) / (c.imag() * c.imag() + c.real() * c.real());
        return res;
187
    Complex operator/(Complex c, double d){
188
        Complex res;
        res.reel = (c.real() * d + c.imag() * d) / (c.imag() * c.imag() + c.real() * c.real());
        res.imaginaire = (c.real() * d + c.imag() * d) / (c.imag() * c.imag() + c.real() * c.real());
        return res;
197
        int main()
        R
198 🖁
199
              Complex c1;
200
              cin >> cl:
201
              cout << cl << endl;</pre>
202
              // angle of magnitude
              cout << "Angle \varphi = " << cl.arg() << endl;
203
              // Polar to Complex
204
              Complex c2 = c1.polar(2, 0.93);
205
              cout << c2 << endl;
206
              // Multiplication
              Complex c3 = c2 * c1;
208
              cout \ll c3 \ll endl;
209 3
              // devision
210
              Complex c4 = c2 / c1;
211
              cout << c4 << endl;
212
213
              // addition
              Complex c5 = c2 + c1;
214
              cout << c5 << endl;
215
216
              // soustraction
217
              Complex c6 = c2 - c1;
218
              cout << c6 << endl;
219 🖁
              return 0;
        团
220 🖁
```

```
Enter Real Part 2
Enter Imaginary Part 4
The Complex object is : 2 + 4i

Angle \varphi = 1.10715
The Complex object is : 1.19567 + 1.60324i

The Complex object is : -4.02162 + 7.98915i

The Complex object is : 0.440215 + 0.399458i

The Complex object is : 3.19567 + 5.60324i

The Complex object is : 0.804332 + 2.39676i
```

-----exemple de cours-----

```
You, 1 hour ago | 1 author (You)
     #include <iostream>
    using namespace std;
     class vecteur
         float x, y;
     public:
         vecteur(float, float);
         void afficher();
         vecteur operator+(vecteur);
11
     };;
12
     vecteur::vecteur(float abs = 0, float ord = 0)
13
14
         x = abs;
         y = ord;
15
     void vecteur::afficher()
         cout << "x =" << x << " y=" << y << "\n";
     vecteur vecteur::operator+(vecteur v)
     H
       vecteur res;
24
         res.x = v.x + x;
25
         res.y = v.y + y;
         return res;
     团
27
     int main()
29
         vecteur a(2, 6), b(4, 8), c, d, e, f;
         c = a + b;
31
         c.afficher();
33
         d = a.operator+(b);
                                  x = 6 y = 14
         d.afficher();
         e = b.operator+(a);
                                   x = 6 y = 14
         e.afficher();
36
         f = a + b + c;
                                  x =6 y=14
38
         f.afficher();
39
        return 1;
41
                                   x = 12 y = 28
42
```

```
#include <iostream>
     using namespace std;
     class vecteur
         float x, y;
     public:
         vecteur(float, float);
         void afficher();
         vecteur operator+(vecteur);
10
         float operator*(vecteur);
11
     };
12
     vecteur::vecteur(float abs = 0, float ord = 0)
13
14
         x = abs;
         y = ord;
16
17
     void vecteur::afficher()
19
         cout << x << " , " << y;
20
21
     vecteur vecteur::operator+(vecteur v)
     €
23
         vecteur res;
24
         res.x = v.x + x;
25
         res.y = v.y + y;
26
         return res;
28
     float vecteur::operator*(vecteur v)
29
30
         float res;
         res = v.x * x + v.y * y;
31
32
         return res;
33
     int main()
34
35
         vecteur a(2, 6), b(4, 8);
36
37
         float f;
38
         f = a * b;
         cout << "produit scalaire de : vecteur A:( ";
39
40
         a.afficher();
         cout << " ) et vecteur B: (";
41
42
         b.afficher();
43
         cout << ") est " << f;
44
         return 1;
45
```



```
#include <iostream>
      using namespace std;
      class liste
            int taille;
            float *adr;
      public:
            liste(int);
            liste(liste &);
           void saisie();
void affiche();
11
            void operator=(liste &);
14
15
      };
liste::liste(int t)
           taille = t;
           adr = new float[taille];
           cout << "Construction \n";
cout << " Adresse de l'objet: " << this;
cout << " Adresse de liste: " << adr << "\n";</pre>
20
21
22
23
      liste::liste(liste &v)
24
      ď
25
26
27
28
            taille = v.taille;
           adr = new float[taille];
for (int i = 0; i < taille; i++)</pre>
                 adr[i] = v.adr[i];
           cout << "\nConstructeur par recopie";
cout << " Adresse de l'objet:" << this;
cout << " Adresse de liste:" << adr << "\n";</pre>
      void liste::saisie()
34
            int i;
            for (i = 0; i < taille; i++)
                 cout << "Entrer un nombre:";
39
                 cin >> *(adr + i);
42
43
         void liste::affiche()
         €
                int i;
 44
                        << "Adresse:"
               court: -
                                                    this <<
                     (i = 0; i < taille; i+
cout << *(adr + i) <<
                TOR
 46
                cout << "\n\n":
 49
 5.0
         void liste::operator=(liste &lis)
         €
                cout << " \n hello from operator \n";
                int i:
 54
                taille = lis.taille;
               delete adr;
adr = new float[taille];
for (i = 0; i < taille;
   adr[i] = lis.adr[i];
 56
 57
 59
         int main()
         €
                cout << "Debutde main()\n";</pre>
                liste a(5);
               liste b(2);
 64
               a.saisie();
                a.affiche();
 66
               b.saisie();
b.affiche();
 67
               b = a;
b.affiche();
a.affiche();
 70
 71
                             "Fin de main() \n";
                court <<
 74
```

```
Debutde main()
Construction
 Adresse de l'objet: 0x7ffc596cc0d0 Adresse de liste: 0x55a9490e22c0
Construction
 Adresse de l'objet: 0x7ffc596cc0e0 Adresse de liste: 0x55a9490e22e0
Entrer un nombre:2
Entrer un nombre:4
Entrer un nombre:1
Entrer un nombre:5
Entrer un nombre:7
Adresse: 0x7ffc596cc0d0 2 4 1 5 7
Entrer un nombre:2
Entrer un nombre:5
Adresse:0x7ffc596cc0e0 2 5
hello from operator
Adresse:0x7ffc596cc0e0 2 4 1 5 7
Adresse:0x7ffc596cc0d0 2 4 1 5 7
Fin de main()
```

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
You, 1 hour ago | 1 author (You)
       class liste
             int taille;
             float *adr;
       public:
             liste(int);
             liste(liste &);
11
12
13
             void saisie();
             void affiche();
void operator=(liste &);
float &operator[](int);
// ~liste();
       };
float &liste::operator[](int i)
17
18
L9
             return this->adr[i];
21
22
23
       liste::liste(int t)
             taille = t;
             adr = new float[taille];
26
27
       liste::liste(liste &v)
            taille = v.taille;
adr = new float[taille];
for (int i = 0; i < taille; i++)
   adr[i] = v[i];
29
30
31
32
33
34
35
       void liste::saisie()
36
37
             int i;
             for (i = 0; i < taille; i++)
38
39
                   cout << "Entrer un nombre:";
                   cin >> (*this)[i];
40
41
```

```
void liste::affiche()
       int i;
       cout << "Adresse:" << this << " ";
       for (i = 0; i < taille; i++)
47
          cout << (*this)[i] << " ";
    void liste::operator=(liste &lis)
       int i;
54
       taille = lis.taille;
       delete adr;
      adr = new float[taille];
       for (i = 0; i < taille; i++)
          adr[i] = lis[i];
    int main()
62
       cout << "Debutde main()\n";</pre>
64
       liste a(5);
       liste b(2);
      a.saisie();
       cout << "\n----\n";
      a.affiche();
      cout << "\n----\n";
      b.saisie();
      b.affiche();
     cout << "\n----\n";
73
       b = a;
      b.affiche();
      cout << "\n----\n";
      a.affiche();
      cout << "\n----\n";
cout << "Fin de main() \n";</pre>
79
```

```
Debutde main()
Entrer un nombre:2
Entrer un nombre:4
Entrer un nombre:5
Entrer un nombre:6
Entrer un nombre:8

Adresse:0x7ffdd82d15f0 2 4 5 6 8

Entrer un nombre:7
Entrer un nombre:9
Adresse:0x7ffdd82d1600 7 9

Adresse:0x7ffdd82d1600 2 4 5 6 8

Adresse:0x7ffdd82d15f0 2 4 5 6 8

Fin de main()
```

```
#include <iostream>
     #include <stdio.h>
     #include <stdlib.h>
     #include <string.h>
     using namespace std;
     You, 1 hour ago | 1 author (You)
     class chaine
         int l:
         char *adr;
10
     public:
         chaine()
11
12
13
             l = 0;
14
             adr = (char *)malloc(10 * sizeof(char));
             adr = NULL;
15
16
17
         chaine(char *);
18
         char *getChaine();
19
         chaine(chaine &);
20
         chaine operator=(char *);
         bool operator == (char *);
21
22
         chaine operator+(char *);
23
         char operator[](int i);
24
         void afficher();
25
     };
26
     chaine::chaine(char *t)
27
28
         l = strlen(t);
29
         strcpy(adr, t);
     H
30
31
     chaine::chaine(chaine &a)
32
     €
33
         l = a.l;
34
         for (int i = 0; i < l; i++)
35
             adr[i] = a[i];
36
37
     chaine chaine::operator=(char *cp)
38
     €.
39
         chaine c;
         c.l = strlen(cp);
40
41
         strcpy(c.adr, cp);
42
         return c;
43
```

```
bool chaine::operator==(char *t)
44
45
     {
         if (strcmp(adr, t))
46
             return true;
47
         return false;
48
49
     chaine chaine::operator+(char *b)
50
51
52
         chaine c;
         c.adr = strcat(this->adr, b);
53
         c.l = strlen(b) + l;
54
55
         return c;
56
57
     char chaine::operator[](int i)
58
59
         return adr[i];
60
     void chaine::afficher()
61
62
         cout << adr << endl;
63
64
     char *chaine::getChaine()
65
66
67
         return adr;
68
69
     int main()
70
         char *test = (char *) "hi";
71
         char *test2 = (char *) "hello";
72
73
         chaine a(test);
74
         chaine b(test2);
75 <sup>†</sup>
         if (a.operator==(b.getChaine()))
             printf("oui \n");
76
77
         else
78
             printf("non \n");
79 i
         chaine c;
80
         c = a.operator+(b.getChaine());
81
         c.afficher();
82
         return 0;
83
84
```

-----tp------

```
// partiel
class Coordonee
{
private:
    int x, y;

public:
    Coordonee(int, int);
    void deplace(int, int);
    void affichage();
};
Coordonee::Coordonee(int a = 0, int b = 0)
{
    x = a;
    y = b;
}
void Coordonee::deplace(int a, int b)
{
    x += a;
    y += b;
}
void Coordonee::affichage()
{
    cout << "X = " << x << " Y = " << y << endl;
}</pre>
```

```
class Forme
protected:
   short couleur;
public:
   Forme(short);
    Forme(const Forme &);
    void affichage();
    Forme operator=(Forme &);
};
Forme::Forme(short c) : couleur(c) {}
Forme::Forme(const Forme &forme)
    cout << "Copy Constructor" << endl;
void Forme::affichage()
    cout << "Couleur : " << couleur << endl;
Forme Forme::operator=(Forme &forme)
    cout << "Operator =" << endl;
    forme.couleur = this->couleur;
    return forme;
```

```
// partie3
class Triangle : public Forme
protected:
    Coordonee a, b, c;
bublic:
   Triangle(int, int, int, int, int, short);
    Triangle(Triangle &);
   Triangle operator=(Triangle &);
    void affichage();
   void deplace(int, int);
    float surface();
    float perimetre();
Triangle::Triangle(int d, int e, int f, int g, int h, int i, short couleur) : Forme(couleur)
    a = Coordonee(d, e);
   b = Coordonee(f, g);
    c = Coordonee(h, i);
Triangle::Triangle(Triangle &triangle) : Forme(triangle)
void Triangle::affichage()
    cout << "Affichage d'un Triangle" << endl;</pre>
    Forme::affichage();
    a.affichage();
    b.affichage();
    c.affichage();
void Triangle::deplace(int x, int y)
    a.deplace(x, y);
    b.deplace(x, y);
    c.deplace(x, y);
float Triangle::surface()
    return 1; // formule de surface d'un triangle
float Triangle::perimetre()
    return 2; // formule de perimetre d'un triangle
 float cercle::perimetre()
       return 2 * 3.14 * rayon;
```

```
// partie4
class Rectangle : public Forme
protected:
    Coordonee a, b;
public:
    Rectangle(int, int, int, int, short);
    Rectangle (Rectangle &);
    Rectangle operator=(Rectangle &);
    void affichage();
    void deplace(int, int);
    float surface():
    float perimetre();
Rectangle::Rectangle(int d, int e, int f, int g, short couleur) : Forme(couleur)
    a = Coordonee(d, e);
    b = Coordonee(f, g);
Rectangle::Rectangle(Rectangle &rectangle) : Forme(rectangle)
void Rectangle::affichage()
    cout << "Affichage d'un Rectangle" << endl;</pre>
    Forme::affichage();
    a.affichage();
    b.affichage();
void Rectangle::deplace(int x, int y)
    a.deplace(x, y);
    b.deplace(x, y);
float Rectangle::surface()
    return 10; // formule de surface d'un rectangle
float Rectangle::perimetre()
    return 20; // formule de perimetre d'un rectangle
```

```
// Partie5
class Carre : public Forme
protected:
    Coordonee a:
    short cote;
public:
    Carre(int, int, short, short);
    Carre(Carre &);
    Carre operator=(Carre &);
    void affichage();
    void deplace(int, int);
    float surface();
    float perimetre();
Carre::Carre(int x, int y, short c, short couleur) : Forme(couleur)
    a = Coordonee(x, y);
    cote = c;
Carre::Carre(Carre &carre) : Forme(carre)
void Carre::affichage()
    cout << "Affichage d'un Carre" << endl;</pre>
    Forme::affichage();
    a.affichage();
    cout << "Cote : " << cote << endl;
void Carre::deplace(int x, int y)
    a.deplace(x, y);
float Carre::surface()
    return cote * cote;
float Carre::perimetre()
    return 4 * cote;
```

```
C++ main.cpp > 
 main(int, char **)
      #include "classes.hpp"
      int main(int argc, char **argv)
      R
           Cercle cl(10, 20, 5, 12);
           cl.affichage();
           cl.deplace(5, 4);
           cl.affichage();
          Triangle t(10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 50, 11);
           t.affichage();
           t.deplace(4, 5);
 11
          t.affichage();
 12
          Rectangle r(10, 20, 30, 40, 50);
 13
 14
           r.affichage();
 15
           r.deplace(4, 5);
           r.affichage();
           Carre cr(10, 20, 5, 10);
 17
           cr.affichage();
 18
 19
          cr.deplace(4, 5);
 20
           cr.affichage();
 21
           return 0;
      Ħ
 22
```

```
Affichage d'un Cercle
Couleur : 12
X = 10 Y = 20
Rayon: 5
Affichage d'un Cercle
Couleur : 12
X = 15 Y = 24
Rayon: 5
Affichage d'un Triangle
Couleur : 11
X = 10 Y = 20
X = 30 Y = 40
X = 50 Y = 50
Affichage d'un Triangle
Couleur: 11
X = 14 Y = 25
X = 34 Y = 45
X = 54 Y = 55
Affichage d'un Rectangle
Couleur : 50
X = 10 Y = 20
X = 30 Y = 40
Affichage d'un Rectangle
Couleur : 50
X = 14 Y = 25
X = 34 Y = 45
Affichage d'un Carre
Couleur : 10
X = 10 Y = 20
Cote : 5
Affichage d'un Carre
Couleur : 10
X = 14 Y = 25
Cote : 5
```