

Ctrl+Alt+Analyze

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0.1 Rebooting Student Success, One Habit at a Time

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ETC5513 – Collaborative & Reproducible Practices ::: {.columns}

- Rebooting learning through daily habits
- **Ctrl** your study time, **Alt** your distractions, **Del** your doubts.

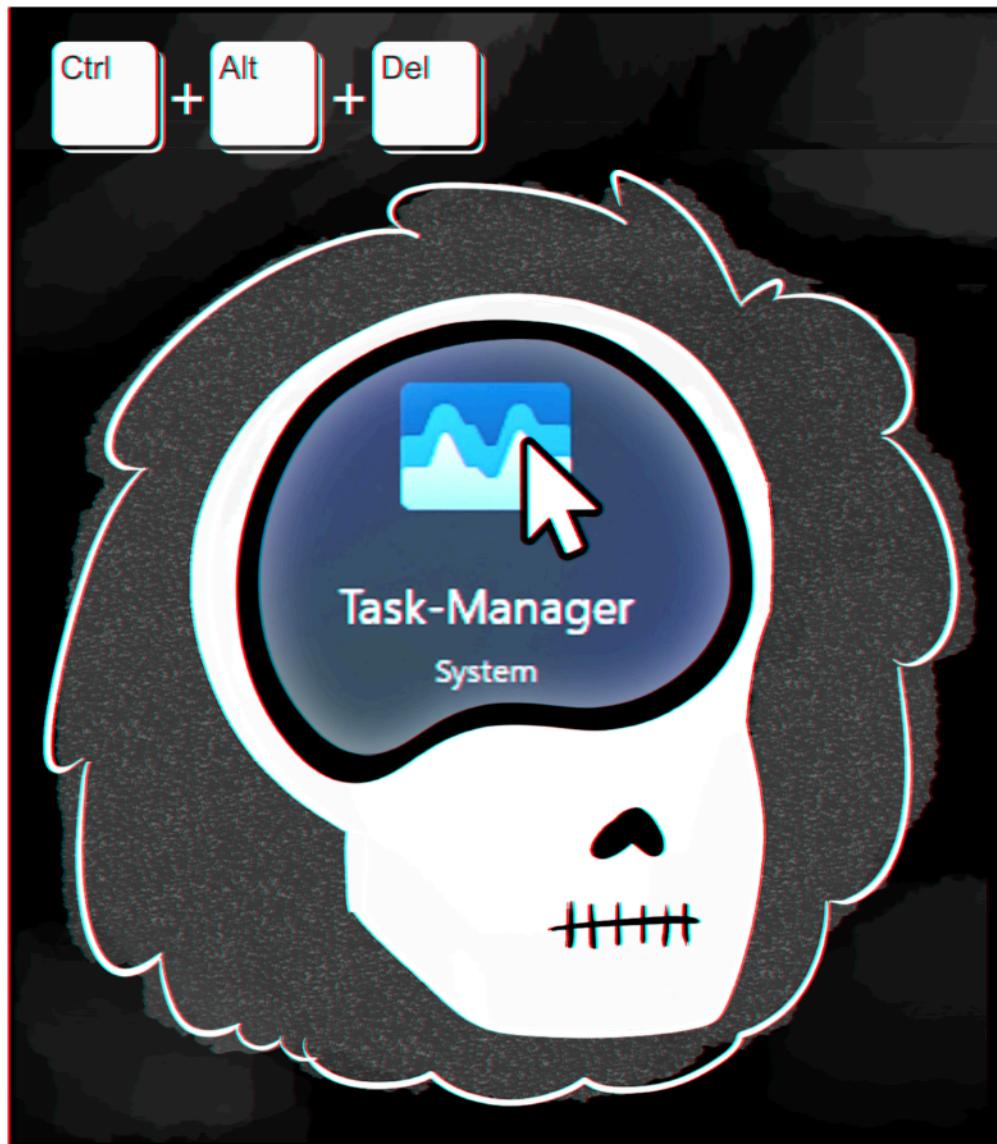


Figure 1: Ctrl + Alt + Del your distractions for academic success

0.2 Problem introduction

- Academic performance is affected by daily habits like:
- Study hours per day, Classroom attendance, Sleep hours
- On the other hand, spending too much time on:
- Social media, Streaming platforms like Netflix may reduce focus and study time.
- Research Objective: Quantify the relationship between student habits and academic performance using correlation analysis.
- We aim to discover which habits support academic success and which habits hinder it.

0.3 Dataset description

- The dataset includes **100 students** and **16 variables** covering lifestyle habits and exam performance.
- Main variables include:
 - Study hours per day
 - Class attendance (%)
 - Sleep hours
 - Social media hours
 - Netflix hours
 - Exam score
- Main variables are grouped into:
 - **Good habits:**
StudyHours, AttendanceRate, SleepHours
 - **Bad habits:**
SocialMediaHours, NetflixHours
- Target variable:
ExamScore (numeric score for student performance)
- Data was cleaned and renamed for clarity before analysis.

0.4 Methods

0.4.1 Analysis method

Correlational analysis used to test how student lifestyle habits relate to academic performance

0.5 Technique

- **Pearson correlations** drawn using `cor()` in R
- Created **bubble-style** plots using `corrplot()` to visualize magnitude and direction of relationships
 - Blue = positive
 - Red = negative
 - Circle size = strength

0.6 Table 1: Good Habits Correlation Table

	StudyHours	AttendanceRate	SleepHours	ExamScore
StudyHours	1.00	0.03	-0.03	0.83
AttendanceRate	0.03	1.00	0.01	0.09
SleepHours	-0.03	0.01	1.00	0.12
ExamScore	0.83	0.09	0.12	1.00

0.7 Table 2: Bad Habits Correlation Table

	SocialMediaHours	NetflixHours	ExamScore
SocialMediaHours	1.00	0.01	-0.17
NetflixHours	0.01	1.00	-0.17
ExamScore	-0.17	-0.17	1.00

0.8 Results

- Study hours shows a **strong positive correlation** with exam scores

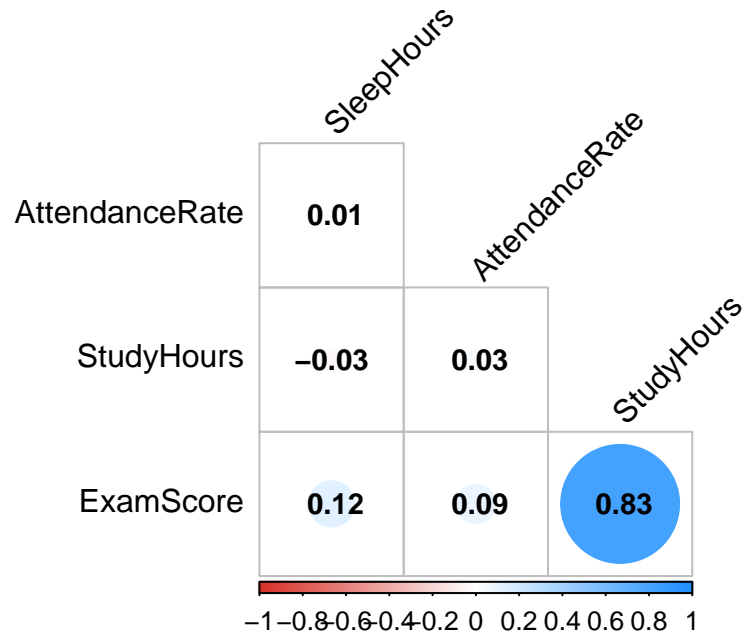


Figure 2: Bubble-style correlation matrix of student habits and exam score

0.9 Results Continued

- *Social media hours* and *Netflix hours* show only **weak negative correlation** with exam scores
- *Attendance rate* and *Sleep hours* also show only **weak positive correlation** with exam scores

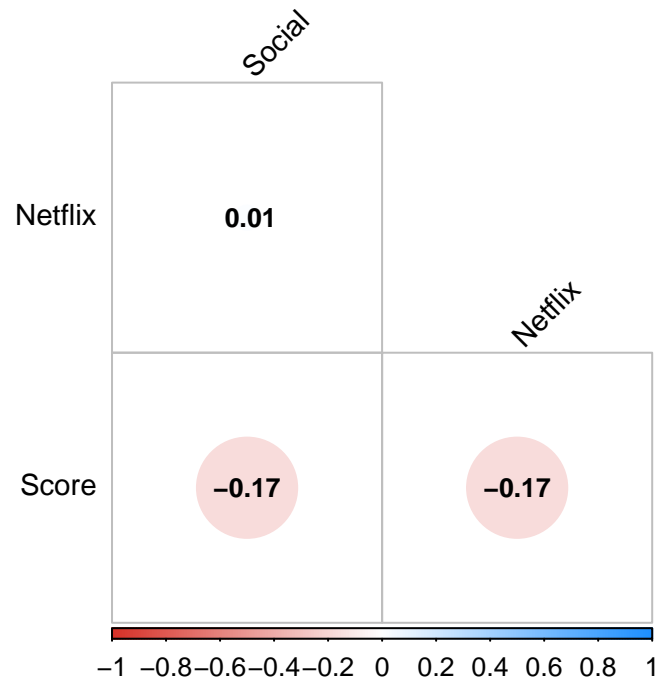


Figure 3: Bubble-style correlation matrix of student habits and exam score

0.10 Conclusions & Recommendations

- **StudyHours** has a **strong positive correlation** with **ExamScore** ($r = 0.83$).
- **AttendanceRate** ($r = 0.09$) and **SleepHours** ($r = 0.12$) show **weak positive links**.
- **SocialMediaHours** and **NetflixHours** each have a **weak negative correlation** ($r = -0.17$) with scores.
- These results suggest **study time is the most reliable predictor** of academic success.