

# Ctrl+Alt+Analyze

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## 0.1 Rebooting Student Success, One Habit at a Time

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ETC5513 – Collaborative & Reproducible Practices ::: {.columns}

- Rebooting learning through daily habits
- **Ctrl** your study time, **Alt** your distractions, **Del** your doubts.

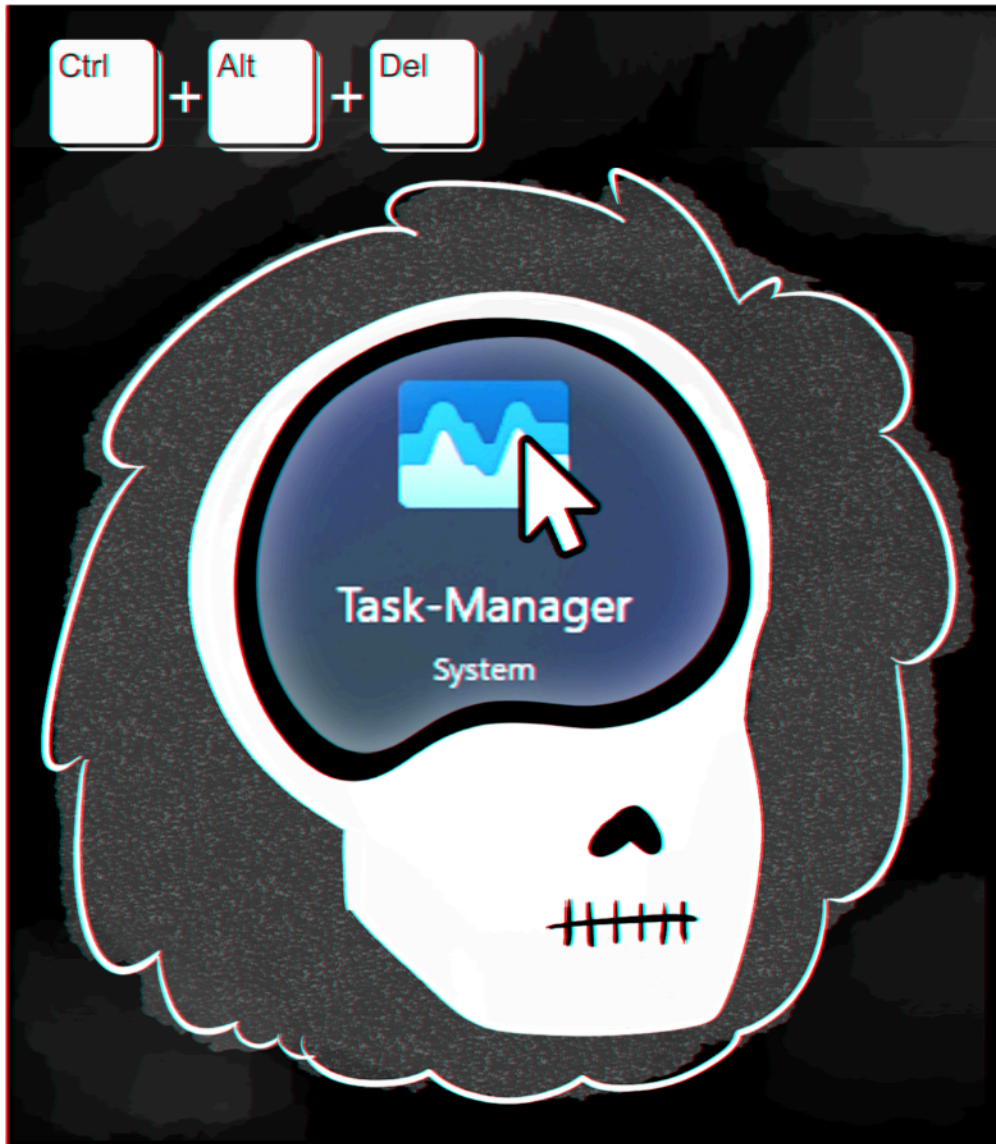


Figure 1: Ctrl + Alt + Del your distractions for academic success

## 0.2 Problem introduction

- Academic performance is affected by daily habits like:
- Study hours per day, Classroom attendance, Sleep hours
- On the other hand, spending too much time on:
- Social media, Streaming platforms like Netflix may reduce focus and study time.
- Research Objective: Quantify the relationship between student habits and academic performance using correlation analysis.
- We aim to discover which habits support academic success and which habits hinder it.

### 0.3 Dataset description

- The dataset includes **100 students** and **16 variables** covering lifestyle habits and exam performance.
- Main variables include:
  - Study hours per day
  - Class attendance (%)
  - Sleep hours
  - Social media hours
  - Netflix hours
  - Exam score
- Main variables are grouped into:
  - **Good habits:**  
StudyHours, AttendanceRate, SleepHours
  - **Bad habits:**  
SocialMediaHours, NetflixHours
- Target variable:  
ExamScore (numeric score for student performance)
- Data was cleaned and renamed for clarity before analysis.

## 0.4 Methods

### 0.4.1 Analysis method

**Correlational analysis** used to test how student lifestyle habits relate to academic performance

## 0.5 Technique

- **Pearson correlations** drawn using `cor()` in R
- Created **bubble-style** plots using `corrplot()` to visualize magnitude and direction of relationships
  - Blue = positive
  - Red = negative
  - Circle size = strength

### 0.6 Table 1: Good Habits Correlation Table

	StudyHours	AttendanceRate	SleepHours	ExamScore
StudyHours	1.00	0.03	-0.03	0.83
AttendanceRate	0.03	1.00	0.01	0.09
SleepHours	-0.03	0.01	1.00	0.12
ExamScore	0.83	0.09	0.12	1.00

### 0.7 Table 2: Bad Habits Correlation Table

	SocialMediaHours	NetflixHours	ExamScore
SocialMediaHours	1.00	0.01	-0.17
NetflixHours	0.01	1.00	-0.17
ExamScore	-0.17	-0.17	1.00

## 0.8 Results

- Study hours shows a **strong positive correlation** with exam scores

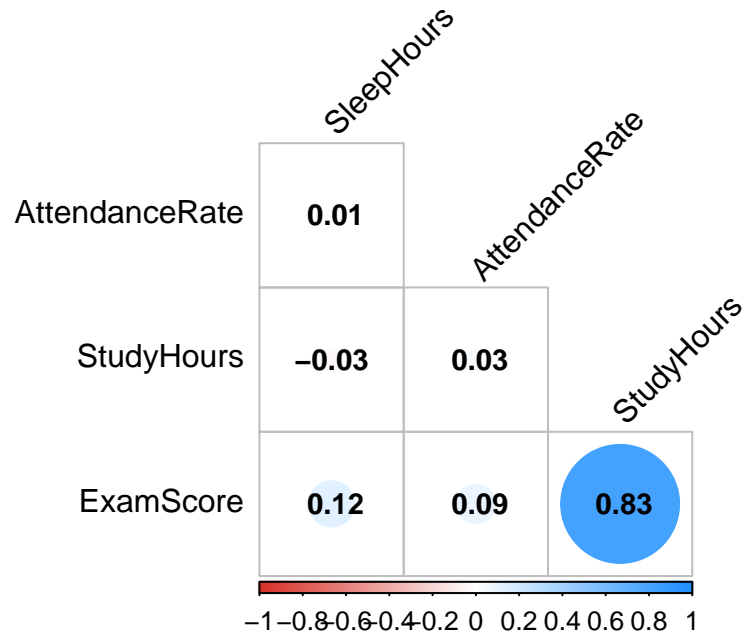


Figure 2: Bubble-style correlation matrix of student habits and exam score

## 0.9 Results Continued

- *Social media hours* and *Netflix hours* show only **weak negative correlation** with exam scores
- *Attendance rate* and *Sleep hours* also show only **weak positive correlation** with exam scores

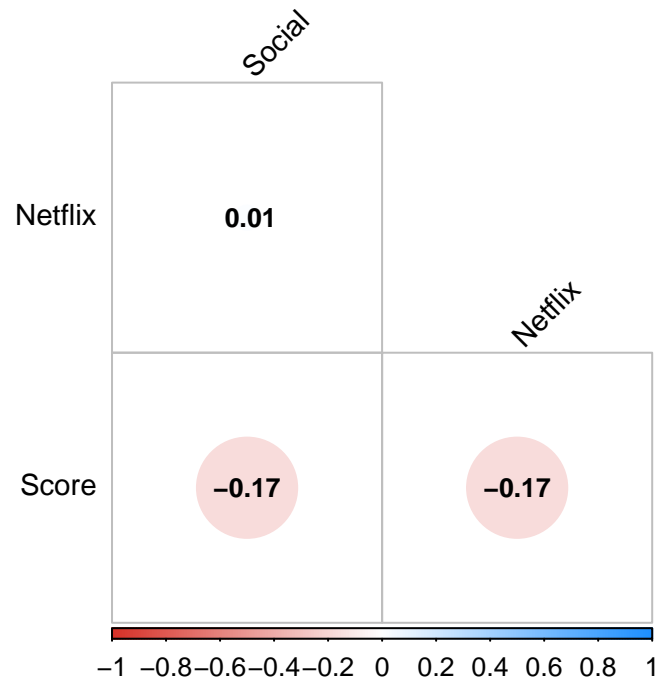


Figure 3: Bubble-style correlation matrix of student habits and exam score

## 0.10 Conclusions & Recommendations

- **StudyHours** has a **strong positive correlation** with **ExamScore** ( $r = 0.83$ ).
- **AttendanceRate** ( $r = 0.09$ ) and **SleepHours** ( $r = 0.12$ ) show **weak positive links**.
- **SocialMediaHours** and **NetflixHours** each have a **weak negative correlation** ( $r = -0.17$ ) with scores.
- These results suggest **study time is the most reliable predictor** of academic success.