Ransomware Assignment

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Ransomware

Ransomware is malware (malicious software). It is designed to block access to computers, devices, or data (by encrypting the data) until a ransom is paid to the attacker. The term ransomware is a combination of "ransom" (payment demanded for release) and "software."

How Ransomware Works

- 1. **Infection:** It can enter into a system through various methods like **phishing emails**, **removable media**, **exploits**, **etc**.
- 2. **Encrypting or Locking:** The ransomware encrypts files or locks access to the system.
- 3. Ransom Demand: Usually, a message appears on the screen, informing the victim that files are locked (or encrypted) and demanding money.
- 4. Post-Payment (or No Payment):
 - o If the victim pays, they may receive the decryption key.
 - o If they don't pay, the data remains encrypted forever or may be leaked to the public.

Steps to Simulate Ransomware

Step 1: Download VirtualBox.

Step 2: Install Windows 7/XP ISO file with 30 GB storage and 4 GB RAM.

Step 3: Install malware from Zoo-master or other sources.

Step 4: Take a system snapshot before running any ransomware.

Step 5: Run a monitoring script that captures:

- Number of processes
- CPU utilization
- RAM usage
- Other system statistics

Step 6: Install and **execute ransomware**, then capture changes in CPU, memory, and system processes. **After testing, restore the system snapshot.**

The Monitoring Script Captures:

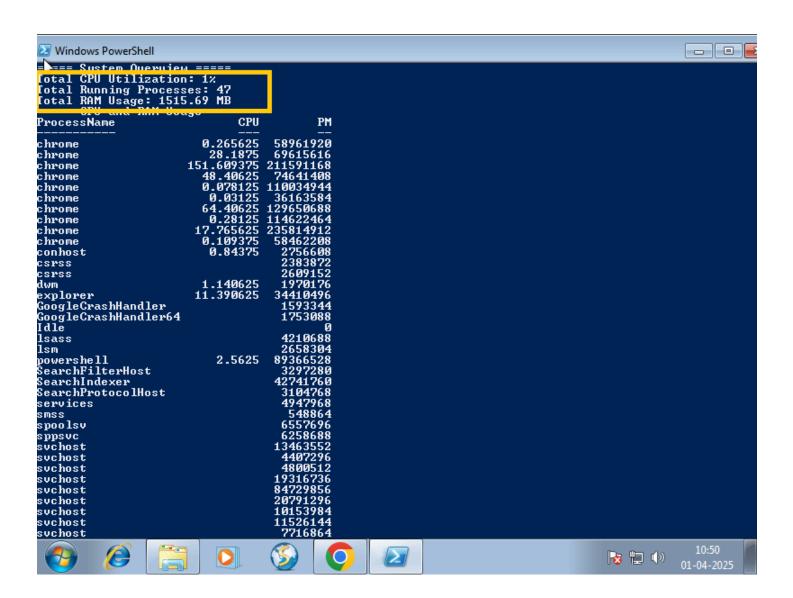
✓ **CPU Utilization** – Uses Get-WmiObject Win32_Processor to calculate the average CPU load percentage.

✓ Process Count – Counts running processes using (Get-Process).Count.

- ✓ Memory Usage & RAM Usage Monitors available system memory.
- ✓ System Processes Lists process names, IDs, and CPU usage.
- ✓ **Disk Usage** Retrieves **drive details** (total size, free space).
- ✓ Logs system state every 5 seconds and saves the information in a log file.

→ BEFORE RUNNING ANY RANSOMWARE

The state of the system (CPU utilization, memory usage, and running processes) should be recorded to analyze the impact of ransomware.

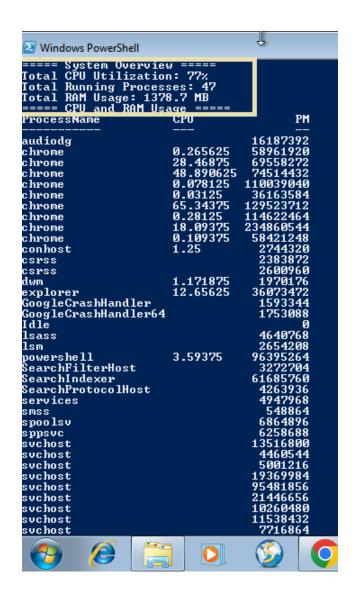


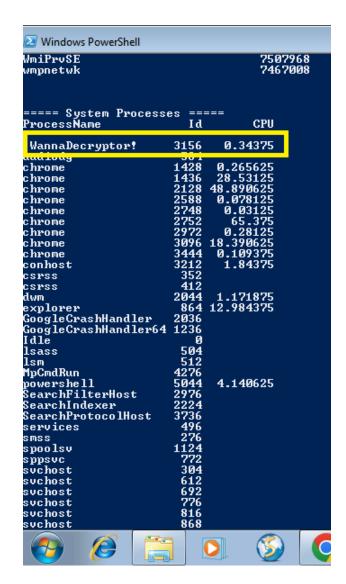
1. WANNACRY RANSOMWARE

After running wannacry ransomware we observer the following:



This is the message i got after runny Wannacry exe file on my Virtual box (windows 7). All my files are encrypted. This is popping up simultaneously.

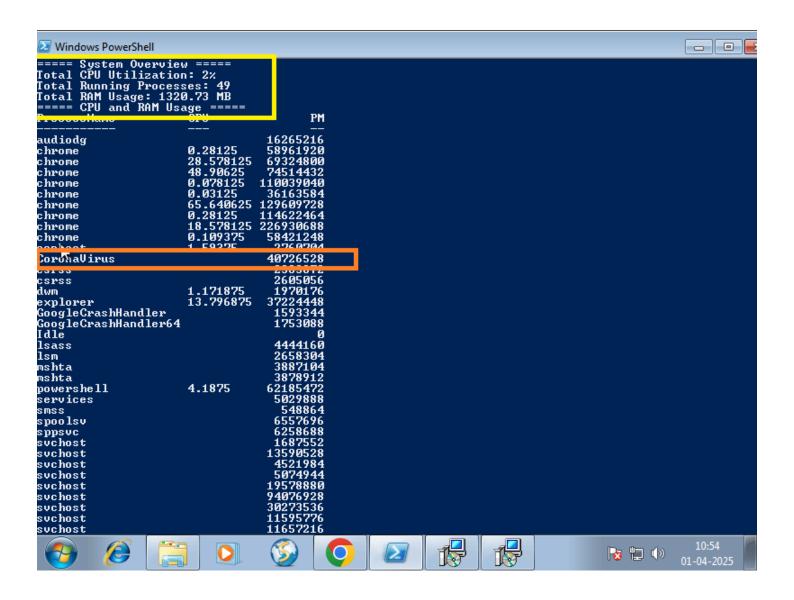




From the above analysis we can say that

- 1. **High CPU usage (77%)**: WannaCry's encryption of data and its attempts to spread via SMB likely caused the significant CPU spike, as these process are resource-intesive.
- 2. **Process Count**: New process are being created by the Wannery. Also it does renaming files with .WCRY
- 3. **RAM Impact**: No significant change is observed in the ram usage.
- 4. **Notable Behavior**: All the files in the system are encrypted, Duplication of process with same name.
- 5. **Unusual process Activity**: It interfered with system process and caused chrome to crash.

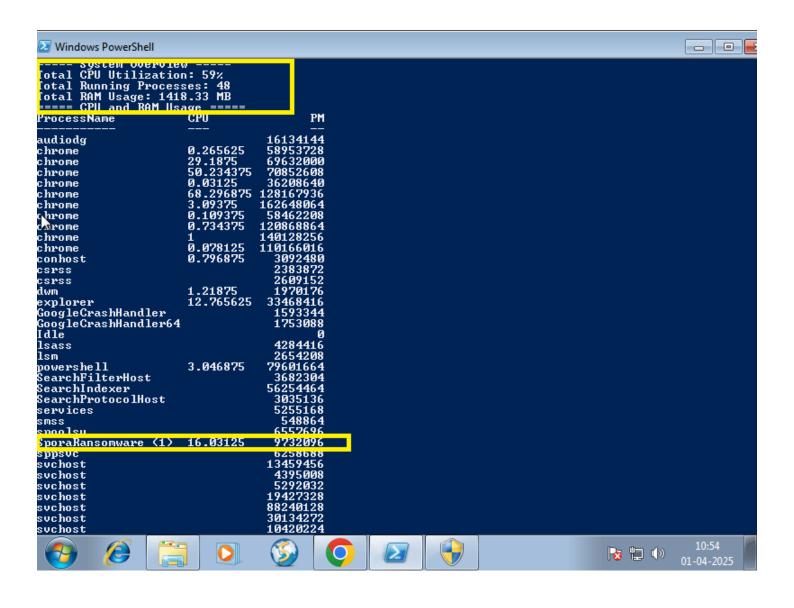
2.CORONAVIRUS

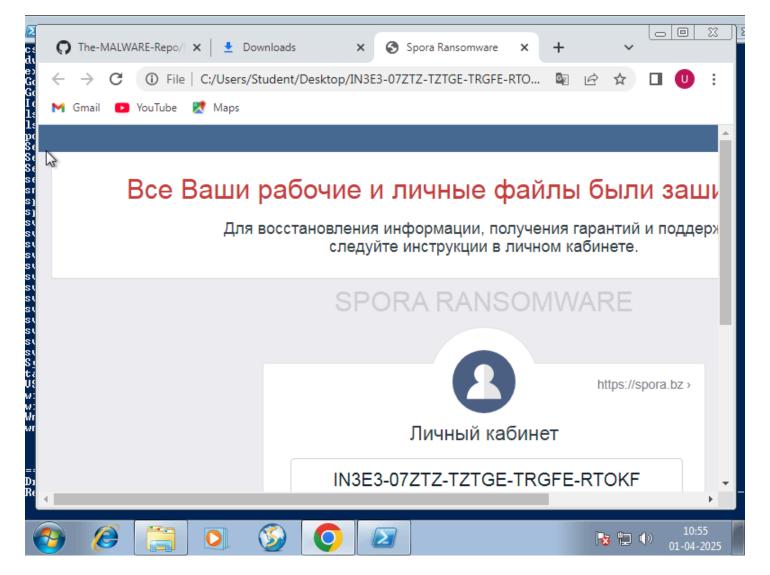




- 1. Process Manipulation: Added "CoronaVirus" process.
- 2. System Impact: No significant CPU usage increase (Total CPU Utilization remains at 0%).
- 3. RAM Impact: 407.65 MB (Moderate increase due to ransomware activity).
- 4. Process Count: 49 processes.
- 5. Notable Behavior: Files are encrypted and inaccessible.
- 6. The ransomware **displays a ransom note** demanding **Bitcoin payment** for decryption.

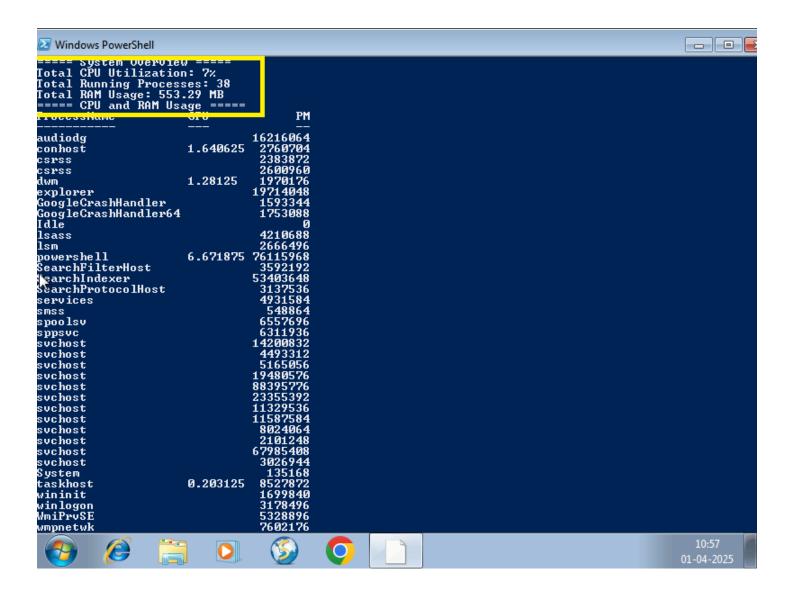
3.SPORA

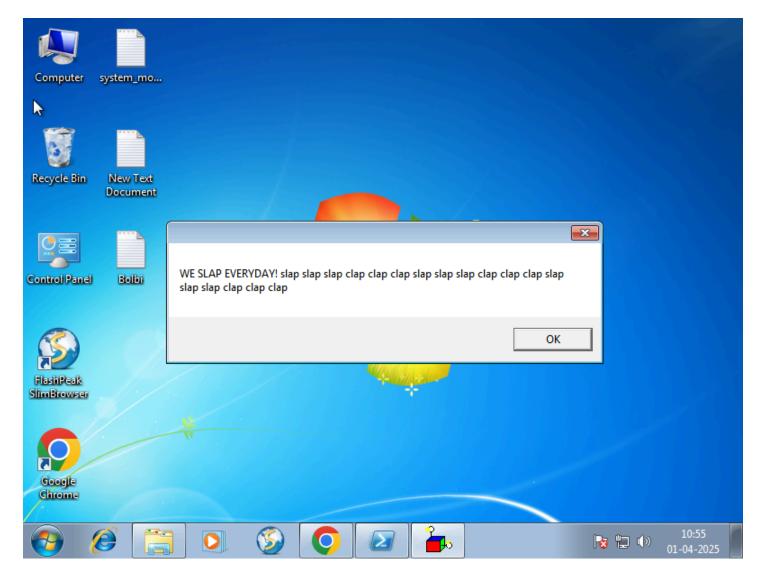




- 1. **Process Manipulation:** Added **"SporaRansomware"** process.
- 2. System Impact: Increased CPU usage to 59% (Ransomware is actively encrypting files).
- 3. RAM Impact: 1418.33 MB (Moderate increase due to encryption operations).
- 4. Process Count: 48 processes.
- 5. Notable Behavior:
 - Files are encrypted, and a ransom note is displayed in Russian.
 - o The note instructs victims to visit a payment website for decryption.
 - The ransomware **maintains high CPU usage** while running encryption tasks.

4.Bolb



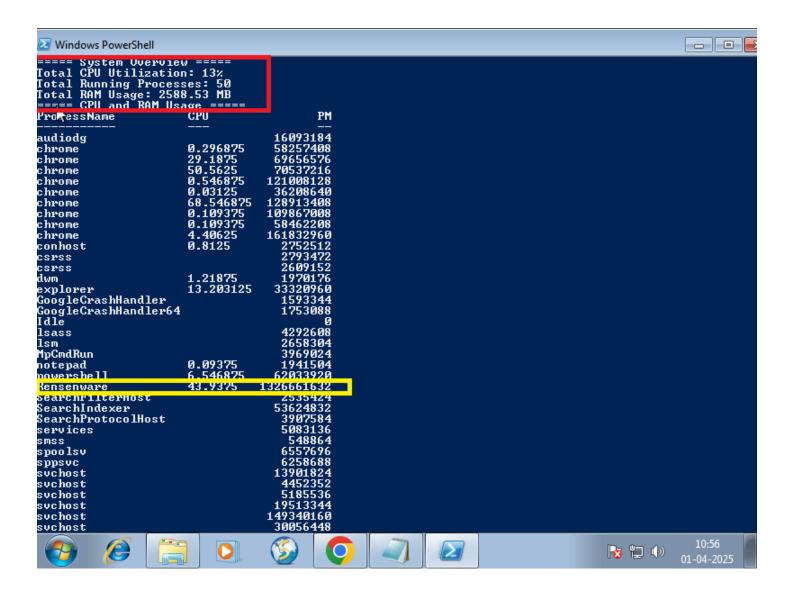


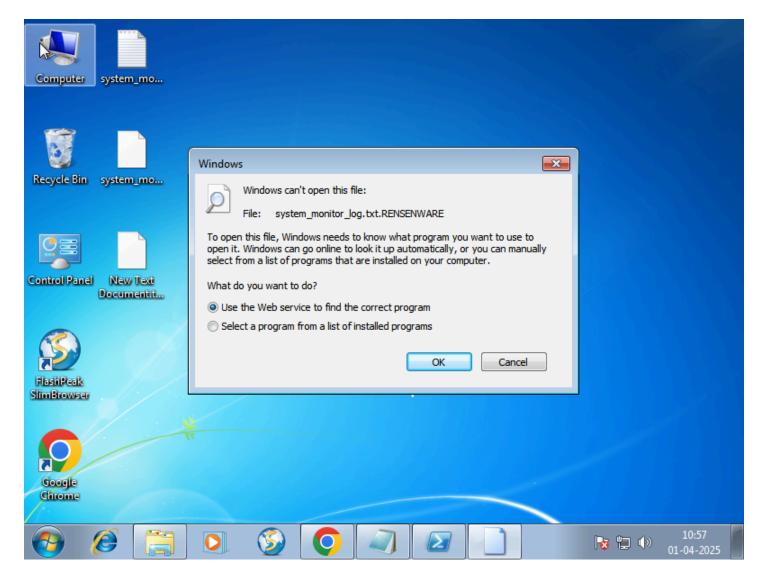
- Process Manipulation: Added "Bolbi.exe" process (Likely malware execution)
- **System Impact:** Low CPU usage at **7%**, indicating the malware is either dormant or performing lightweight operations.
- RAM Impact: 553.29 MB, with no significant spikes—suggests the malware is not heavily consuming memory yet.
- **Process Count: 38 processes**, which is within normal range, meaning the malware is not spawning excessive subprocesses.

• Notable Behavior:

- A suspicious popup appeared with repetitive text, indicating potential prankware or psychological disruption tactics.
- PowerShell is actively running, possibly used to monitor system activity or execute commands.
- No visible file encryption, but malware could be in an initial phase (e.g., reconnaissance, persistence setup).

5.RENSENWARE





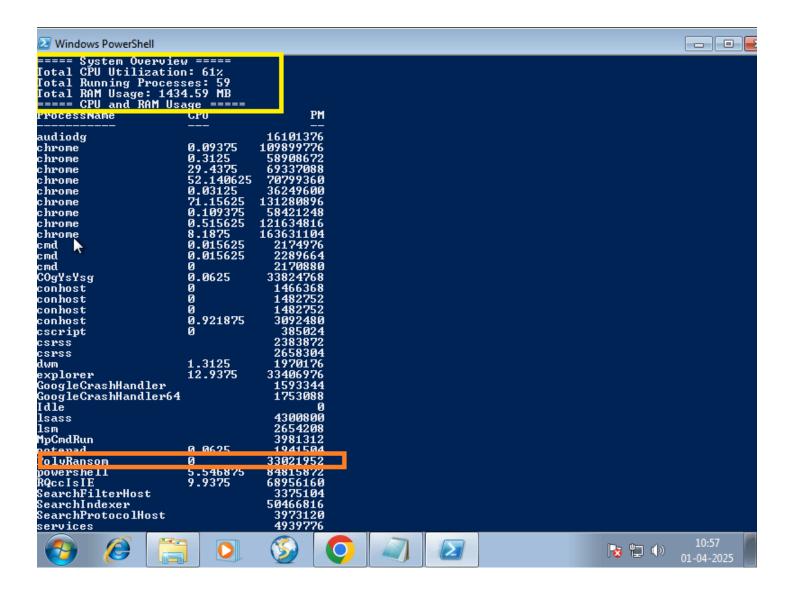
- **Process Manipulation:** Added "rensenware" process (Malware actively running).
- **System Impact:** Increased CPU usage to **13%**, indicating active background operations, possibly encryption.
- RAM Impact: 2508.53 MB, a significant increase, suggesting the malware is consuming memory to process encryption tasks.
- **Process Count: 50 processes**, indicating additional system activity, likely due to malware execution.

• Notable Behavior:

- o "rensenware" process is running, which is known ransomware.
- A file named "system_monitor_log.txt.RENSENWARE" has appeared, indicating file extension changes (potential encryption).
- The system popup suggests Windows is unable to recognize the new file format, further confirming file modification.
- o No ransom note displayed yet, but encryption is likely in progress.

More viruses/malwares and there effect

Polyransom



```
Windows PowerShell
lsm
IpCmdRun
PolyRansom
RQccIsIE
earchFilterHost
earchIndexer
SearchProtocolHost
ervices
poolsu
sppsvc
vchost
vchost
vchost
vchost
vchost
vchost
 skhost
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ininit
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| GB | Free: 13.71 GB
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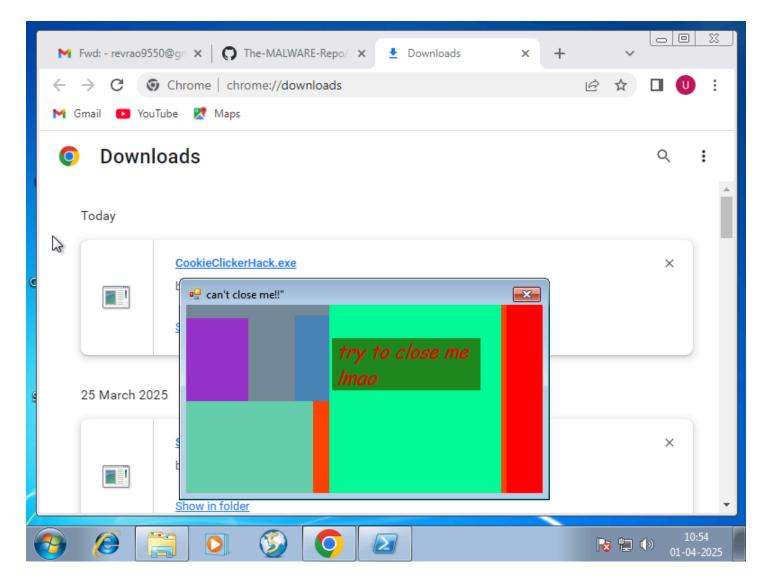
System Impact:

- **CPU Usage:** 61%, higher than normal, indicating active malware execution.
- **RAM Usage:** 1434.59 MB, moderate usage, suggesting background processes are running but not fully resource-intensive.
- **Process Count:** 59, slightly above normal, indicating additional processes spawned by malware.

Notable Behavior:

- **Presence of "Rensenware" and "PolyRansom" processes**, both associated with ransomware activity.
- PolyRansom process shows 0% CPU usage, suggesting it might be in a dormant or waiting state.
- No immediate spikes in storage usage, indicating encryption might not have started yet, or it is encrypting selectively.
- **PowerShell activity detected**, which could be used for system monitoring, execution of malicious scripts, or persistence mechanisms.
- **Possible staged ransomware attack**, with Rensenware potentially encrypting files while PolyRansom remains as a backup payload

COOKIECLICKER



System Impact:

- **CPU Usage:** Likely minimal unless it's injecting scripts.
- RAM Usage: Low, since it's just a graphical pop-up.
- Process Count: Increased by at least one due to CookieClickerHack.exe.

Notable Behavior:

- Annoying pop-up that resists closure, possibly looping to keep itself running.
- Might interfere with user input (e.g., preventing clicks on the close button).
- Potential risk: If downloaded from an untrusted source, it could contain hidden malware.

Memz



MEMZ Virus Analysis

System Impact:

- CPU & RAM Usage: Moderate at first, but increases as more payloads execute.
- Process Count: Rapidly increases due to spawned processes.
- **Disk Usage:** No traditional ransomware behavior, but it modifies the boot sector.

Notable Behavior:

- **Visual Distortions** (glitches, inverted screens, cascading text).
- Keyboard & Mouse Interference.
- Fake BSOD (Blue Screen of Death) followed by this Nyan Cat animation.
- **Self-destruction**—once executed fully, the system becomes unbootable.

Is It a Real Threat?

- The **MEMZ Clean version** is harmless, used by YouTubers for fun.
- The MEMZ Destructive version will ruin your system.