

## **ATWILC1000 Programming Guide**

### **Atmel SmartConnect**

### Introduction

This user guide describes how to integrate the Atmel® ATWILC1000 and work Wi-Fi on the Atmel MCU platform. Useful information of Atmel MCU is already described in Atmel for SAM website and GitHub for the relevant source code.

In Linux® case, this user guide is based on SAMA5D3 Xplained board and explains the programing in chapters 1 to 6. For the SAMA5D3 Linux platform, there a lot of useful information is already described in Atmel Linux for SAM website. The relevant source codes are maintained on GitHub. It is highly recommended the user to visit those sites. Refer to chapters 1 to 6.

- Atmel Linux For SAM Site: http://www.at91.com/linux4sam
- GitHub Linux For SAM Site: http://github.com/linux4sam

In Android case, this user guide is based on SAMA5D3-EK board and explains the programing from Chapter 7 to Chapter 10. For the SAMA5D3 Android platform, a lot of useful information is already described in Atmel Android for SAM website. The relevant source codes are maintained on GitHub. It is highly recommended the user to visit those sites.

- Atmel Android for SAM Site: http://www.at91.com/android4sam
- GitHub Android for SAM Site: http://github.com/android4sam

In non-OS case this user guide is based on SAMG53 Xplained Pro board.





## **Prerequisites**

- Hardware Prerequisites
  - Linux
    - Atmel SAMA5D3 Xplained Evaluation Kit
    - Atmel ATWILC1000 SD Pro Card
    - USB to Serial Adaptor (for DBGU port)
  - Android
    - Atmel SAMA5D3-EK Evaluation Kit
    - Atmel ATWILC1000 SD Pro Card
    - USB to Serial Adaptor (for DBGU port)
  - Non-OS
    - Atmel SAMG53 Xplained Pro Kit
    - Atmel ATWILC1000-XPRO Wi-Fi Extension Board
  - Common
    - Micro-USB Cable (Micro-A / Micro-B)
- Build Prerequisites
  - Linux and Android
    - Linux Host PC
    - Linux and Android Software Package
  - Non-OS
    - Atmel Studio



# **Table of Contents**

Ico	on Key Identifiers	4	
1	ATWILC1000 Linux Software Package	5	
2	How to Build Kernel With ATWILC1000 Driver		
	2.1 Getting Kernel Source		
3	How to Build Root File System		
	3.1 Getting Buildroot Source and Default Configuration	14	
4	How to Update Binary On The Target		
	4.1 Updating System Image		
5	How to Run ATWILC1000		
	<ul> <li>5.1 Recognizing ATWILC1000 SDIO Card Module</li></ul>	22	
6	How to use Dynamic Log Message		
	6.1 Debugfs Mount	28	
7	Android Wi-Fi Architecture		
	7.1 Related Files		
8	Android Framework Programming	30	
	8.1 Get Source Code	30	
9	Linux Kernel Programming under Android		
	<ul> <li>9.1 Get Source Code</li></ul>	39	
10	How to Update Binary on SAMA5D3-EK	42	
	10.1 Install SAM-BA Tool	42	
11	, ,		



## **Icon Key Identifiers**

**INFO** Delivers contextual information about a specific topic.

TIPS Highlights useful tips and techniques.

Info: Highlights objectives to be completed.

RESULT Highlights the expected result of an assignment step.

WARNING Indicates important information.

**EXECUTE** Highlights actions to be executed out of the target when necessary.

## 1 ATWILC1000 Linux Software Package

The following site is included for running the Atmel ATWILC1000 SD Pro Card or other types.

https://github.com/linux4sc

Software is based on the SAMA5D3 Xplained sources described in Atmel Linux-for-SAM sites.

### 2 How to Build Kernel With ATWILC1000 Driver

There are several versions of Linux Kernel in Linux for SAM site. Some versions are made for prebuilt image. To help the user evaluating SAMA5D3 Linux board easily, this document will utilize the following prebuilt image as a reference:

ftp://www.at91.com/pub/demo/linux4sam\_4.3/linux4sam-poky-sama5d3\_xplained-4.3.zip



TIPS

This document does not describe general information on the AT91Bootstrap and U-Boot because it can be used without modification from prebuilt image.

It is better to check out the same branch source, to compare with the prebuilt image.

## 2.1 Getting Kernel Source

Get Kernel source by the following command.

\$ git clone https://github.com/linux4sam/linux-at91.git

\$ cd linux-at91

\$ git checkout origin/linux-3.10-at91 -b linux-3.10-at91



TIPS

For a reference, the branch of "linux-3.10-at91" was used and verified for AT-WILC1000 hardware.

## 2.2 Patching ATWILC1000 Driver Source

Add ATWILC1000 driver in Kernel source by the following command.

\$ git clone https://github.com/linux4sc/wireless-driver.git ./drivers/net/wireless/atmel



TIPS

Use diff-and-merge technic to see what will be changed after all.



RESULT

In the Linux Wireless driver directory, "/driver/net/wireless" directory, ATWILC1000 Linux driver are newly added as "atmel" directory.





To include the ATWILC1000 driver in Kernel build, relevant Kconfig and Makefile are also changed.

• linux-at91/drivers/net/wireless/Kconfig

```
config AT76C50X_USB
... skip
source "drivers/net/wireless/atmel/Kconfig"
```

linux-at91/drivers/net/wireless/Makefile

```
obj-$(CONFIG_AT76C50X_USB) += at76c50x-usb.o
obj-$(CONFIG_ATMEL_SMARTCONNECT) += atme1/
obj-$(CONFIG_PRISM54) += prism54/
```

• linux-at91/arch/arm/configs/sama5d3 xplained defconfig



#### **Kernel Configuration** 2.3

Because users have to configure the Linux Kernel according to the platform, input the following command.

\$ make ARCH=arm <TARGET BOARD DEFCONFIG>



SAMA5D3 Xplained board use "sama5d3 xplained defconfig" about <TAR-GET BOARD DEFCONFIG>.

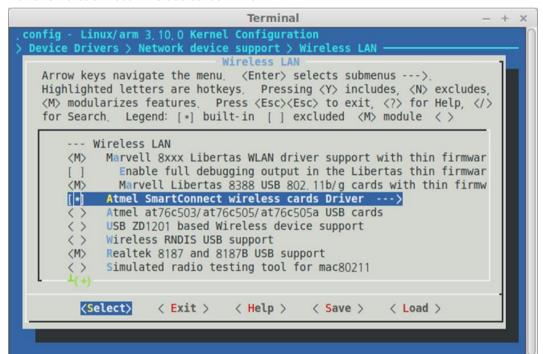
SAMA5D3 Xplained board use "ama5d3 xplained defconfig" about <TARGET BOARD DEFCONFIG>.

At this step, to include ATWILC1000 Driver, you have to modify default configuration using the "menuconfig" parameter.

\$ make ARCH=arm menuconfig

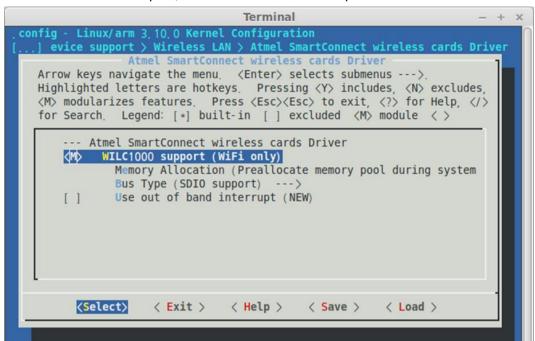
1. Common selection for ATWILC1000.

Choose the Atmel SmartConnect menu, "Device Driver  $\rightarrow$  Network device support  $\rightarrow$  Wireless LAN  $\rightarrow$ Atmel SmartConnect Wireless cards Driver".



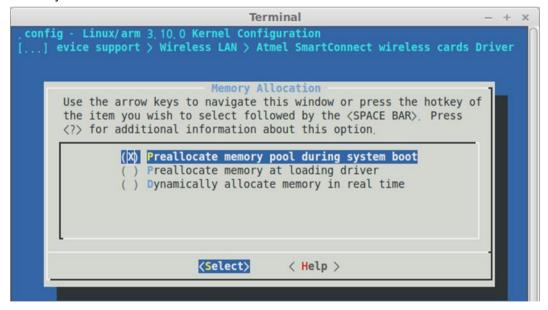


To use ATWILC1000 chipset, set to either "M" or "\*" as depicted in the below.



Heap area used in ATWILC1000 Driver can be chosen by user as allocation time. If system memory is shortage, choose first item.

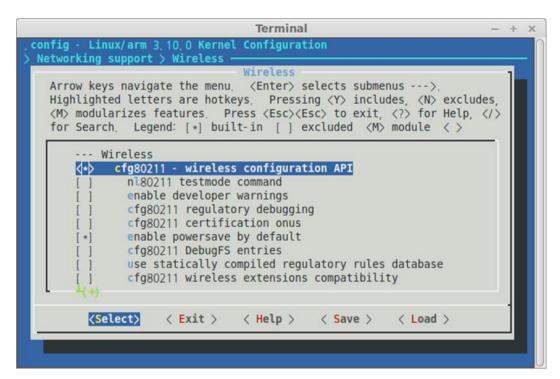
- Allocation at boot up system
- Allocation at insmod command
- Dynamic allocation while Wi-Fi driver work





WARNING

**WARNING** To communicate between wpa\_supplicant of user space and driver of Kernel space nl80211 driver must be included. So check cfg80211 on networking support → wireless menu.



2. In case of using only SDIO (Secure Digital Input Output) bus.

If WILC1000 chipset or module is connected by SDIO bus on the platform, choose "SDIO support" on bus type item. <u>Because Atmel ATWILC1000 SD Pro Card has SDIO interface, choose this option</u>.

```
(X) SDIO support
( ) SPI support
```

3. In case of using SDIO bus with external interrupt.

There may be some trouble about SDIO interrupt on special platform. If so, using the interface mixed SDIO bus and external IRQ pin, ATWILC1000 driver can be operate. To send interrupt signal to external pin, choose option 'Use out of band interrupt'. This option appears when SDIO is chosen.

```
--- Atmel SmartConnect wireless cards Driver

<M> WILC1000 support (WiFi only)

Memory Allocation (Preallocate memory pool during system

Bus Type (SDIO support) --->

Use out of band interrupt
```

4. In case of using SPI (Serial Peripheral Bus) bus.



If WILC1000 chipset or module is connected by SPI bus on the platform, choose "SPI support" on bus type item. Because SPI bus demands basically external IRQ pin to receive data from ATWILC1000, 'Use out of band interrupt' option is hided.

```
--- Atmel SmartConnect wireless cards Driver

(M) WILC1000 support (WiFi only)

Memory Allocation (Preallocate memory pool during system

Bus Type (SPI support) --->
```



**TIPS** 

Alternatively, the ".config" file in the Kernel directory can be simply editable as below.

```
CONFIG_WIRELESS=y

CONFIG_CFG80211=y

...

CONFIG_ATMEL_SMARTCONNECT=y

CONFIG_WILC1000=m

CONFIG_WILC1000_SDIO=y

CONFIG_WILC1000_PREALLOCATE_DURING_SYSTEM_BOOT=y
```

## 2.4 Customizing ATWILC1000 Source

1. For SDIO.

As standard Kernel API is used, user can easy work the ATWILC1000 without the modification of source. The SDIO ATWILC1000 related protocol is implemented in the file 'wilc\_sdio.c' while the Linux related SDIO API is implemented in the file 'linux wlan sdio.c'

When Wi-Fi driver is loaded and unloaded on Kernel, if user want to add special commands, write it in the functions 'linux\_sdio\_init' and 'linux\_sdio\_deinit' of file 'linux\_wlan\_sdio.c'.

"MAX SPEED" value of file "linux wlan sdio.c" can be changed by user as platform's bus stability.



INFO

" MAX\_SPEED" value of file "linux\_wlan\_sdio.c" can be changed by user as platform's bus stability.

#### 2. For SPI.

The SPI related protocol is implemented in the file 'wilc\_spi.c' while the Linux related SPI API is implemented in the file 'linux\_wlan\_spi.c'. When the module is inserted, the module calls the function 'linux\_spi\_init' which in turn calls the function 'spi\_register\_driver(&wilc\_bus)'.

The wilc\_bus is defined as follow in file 'linux\_wlan\_spi.c'.

```
struct spi_driver wilc_bus __refdata = {
    .driver = {
    .name = MODALIAS,
    },
```



```
.probe = wilc_bus_probe,
.remove = __exit_p(wilc_bus_remove),
};
```

The only thing that needs to be changed is the definition of the MODALIAS, it should be changed to match the target platform name. This value is defined at the file 'linux\_wlan\_common.h'.

And SPI clock can be changed to improve the communication with host processor during working. So MIN\_SPEED and MAX\_SPEED value has to be defined depends on the clock which platform support. Look at it in 'linux\_wlan\_spi.c' file.

```
#elif defined(CUSTOMER_PLATFORM)
/*
   TODO : define Clock speed under 48M.
*/
#else
   #define MIN_SPEED 24000000
   #define MAX_SPEED 48000000
#endif
```

info

But if user platform handle the peripheral device by Device-tree, rightly to register ATWILC1000 SPI driver, Device ID must be added in DTS file instead of MODALIAS. SAMA5D3 Xplained board use Device-tree. Refer the following guide.

arch/arm/boot/dts/at91-sama5d3\_xplained.dts

SPI1 channel is from 10 to 13 on J15 header of SAMA5D3 Xplained board.

```
spi1: spi@f8008000 {
    cs-gpios = <&pioC 25 0>, <0>, <0>, <&pioD 16 0>;
    status = "okay";
    wilc_spi@0 {
        compatible = "atmel,wilc_spi";
        spi-max-frequency = <60000000>;
        reg = <0>;
        status = "okay";
    };
};
```

drivers/net/wireless/atmel/linux\_wlan\_spi.c



### 3. For Interrupt.

When ATWILC1000 has SPI interface, External Pin Interrupt has to be used to transfer the data to host processor. When the module initialized it registers a GPIO (in case of SPI or SDIO with external interrupt) to act as an interrupt, the driver uses the definition GPIO\_NUM, this definition should be defined in the file 'linux\_wlan\_common.h'.

- Check and modify it as below:
  - Define GPIO number (GPIO\_NUM) which is physically mapped with ATWILC1000 in file 'linux\_wlan\_common.h"
  - If user has to allocate IRQ number as user platform, replace 'nic->dev\_irq\_num' value in function 'init\_irq' of file 'linux\_wlan.c'
  - If Interrupt enable and disable command isn't standard Kernel API, fix and add
     'linux\_wlan\_enable\_irq' and 'linux\_wlan\_disable\_irq' in file 'linux\_wlan.c'



SAMA5D3 Xplained board has the unused PC4 IO with SPI line on J15 socket. Because GPIO number of PC4, 8 of J15 header, is 0x44, GPIO\_NUM is only defined without fixing others.

### 2.5 Kernel Build

The following shows how to build the Kernel.

```
$ make ARCH=arm CROSS_COMPILE=arm-linux-gnueabi-
$ make ARCH=arm CROSS_COMPILE=arm-linux-gnueabi- zImage
$ make -j9 ARCH=arm CROSS_COMPILE=arm-linux-gnueabi- dtbs
```





## RESULT

The outputs are generated to the path as shown below. The 'dtb' file generated depends on which board type user has chosen.

- linux-at91/arch/arm/boot/zImage
- linux-at91/arch/arm/boot/dts/at91-sama5d3\_xplained.dtb
- linux-at91/drivers/net/wireless/atmel/wilc1000/wilc1000.ko



#### 3 **How to Build Root File System**

This chapter describes how to make the Linux root file system (as known as rootfs). The ATWILC1000 driver requires its firmware and some wireless utility with configuration files. They have to be included in the resulting root file system. The Atmel SAM series basically is using 'buildroot' for creating the root file system.

#### 3.1 **Getting Buildroot Source and Default Configuration**

You can easily download the buildroot source as described below.

```
$ git clone https://github.com/linux4sam/buildroot-at91
$ cd buildroot-at91
$ git checkout origin/buildroot-2013.11-at91 -b buildroot-2013.11-at91
```

Input the following command.

```
$ make <TARGET BOARD DEFCONFIG>
```



SAMA5D3 Xplained board use "sama5d3 xplained defconfig" for <TAR-GET BOARD DEFCONFIG>.

#### 3.2 The Demanded Package for ATWILC1000

The default configuration may miss some of the services for the network system. Include them by the following command before building the buildroot.

\$ make menuconfig

To load ATWILC1000 firmware binaries, the below option should be included. Move to "System configuration  $\rightarrow$  dev management  $\rightarrow$  Dynamic using udev" and check.

```
/dev management
Use the arrow keys to navigate this window or press the hotkey of
the item you wish to select followed by the (SPACE BAR). Press
<?> for additional information about this option.
                ( ) Static using device table
                    Dynamic using devtmpfs only
                    Dynamic using mdev
                (X) Dynamic using udev
                     (Select)
                                   ( Help )
```



To work Wi-Fi, the below option should be included.
 Move to "Target package → Networking applications → wpa\_supplicant" and check.

```
Networking applications
Arrow keys navigate the menu. <Enter> selects submenus --->.
Highlighted letters are hotkeys. Pressing <Y> selectes a feature,
while <N> will exclude a feature. Press <Esc><Esc> to exit, <?> for
Help, </> for Search. Legend: [*] feature is selected [] feature
    [*] Wireless tools
         Install shared library
    [ ]
       Wireshark
   [*] wpa supplicant
        Enable EAP
    [*] Install wpa cli binary
    [*] Install wpa passphrase binary
    [*] Enable support for soft AP
    [ ] Enable support for old DBus control interface
    [ ] Enable support for new DBus control interface
    [*]
        Enable support for WPS
    [ ] Wvdial
    [ ] xinetd
    [ ] x12tp
      <Select>
                 < Exit >
                             < Help >
                                         < save >
                                                     < Load >
```

For AP mode, the below option should be included.
 Move to "Target package → Networking applications → hostapd" and check.

```
Networking applications
Arrow keys navigate the menu. <Enter> selects submenus --->.
Highlighted letters are hotkeys. Pressing <Y> selectes a feature,
while <N> will exclude a feature. Press <Esc> to exit, <?> for
Help, </> for Search. Legend: [*] feature is selected [ ] feature
    [ ] gesftpserver
    [ ] heirloom-mailx
    [ ] hiawatha
   [*] hostapd
    [*] Enable EAP
    [*]
        Enable WPS
    [ ] httping
    [ ] ifplugd
    [ ] iftop
    [ ] igh-ethercat
    [ ] igmpproxy
    [ ] inadyn
    [*] iperf
    [*] iproute2
     <Select>
                 < Exit > < Help > < Save > < Load >
```



To allocate IP address between server and client, the below option should be included.
 Move to "Target package → Networking applications → dhcp" and check.

```
Networking applications
Arrow keys navigate the menu. <Enter> selects submenus --->.
Highlighted letters are hotkeys. Pressing <Y> selectes a feature,
while <N> will exclude a feature. Press <Esc><Esc> to exit, <?> for
Help, </> for Search. Legend: [*] feature is selected [ ] feature is
    [ ] cups
   [*] dhcp (ISC)
        dhcp server
           Enable delayed ACK feature
    [*]
    [*]
         dhcp relay
         dhcp client
    [*] dhcpcd
       <Select>
                              < Help >
                                                      < Load >
                  < Exit >
                                          < Save >
```

To communicate between WPA Supplicant with Kernel, the below option should be included.
 Move to "Target package → Libraries → Networking → libral" and check.

```
Networking
Arrow keys navigate the menu. (Enter) selects submenus ---).
Highlighted letters are hotkeys. Pressing (Y) selectes a feature,
while (N) will exclude a feature. Press (Esc) (Esc) to exit, (?) for
Help, </> for Search. Legend: [*] feature is selected [] feature is
       libnetfilter cthelper
       libnetfilter_cttimeout
       libnetfilter log
       libnetfilter_queue
       libnfnetlink
    -*- libnl
       install tools
       liboauth
       liboping
       libosip2
     (Select)
                                                      ( Load >
                  (Exit)
                             < Help >
                                          < Save >
```



To connect to the secured AP, the below option should be included.
 Move to "Target packages → Libraries → Crypto" and check.

```
Crypto
Arrow keys navigate the menu. (Enter) selects submenus --->.
Highlighted letters are hotkeys. Pressing \langle Y \rangle selectes a feature, while \langle N \rangle will exclude a feature. Press \langle Esc \rangle \langle Esc \rangle to exit, \langle ? \rangle for
Help, ⟨/⟩ for Search. Legend: [*] feature is selected [ ] feature is
       | libmhash
           libnss
           libsecret
          libsha1
          libssh2
        1 nettle
     -*- openssl
             openssl binary
             openssl additional engines
      [ ] polarssl
        <Select>
                         < Exit >
                                         < Help >
                                                          < Save >
                                                                          < Load >
```



#### 3.3 **Building Buildroot**

To build root file system, just make in buildroot-at91 directory.

\$ make

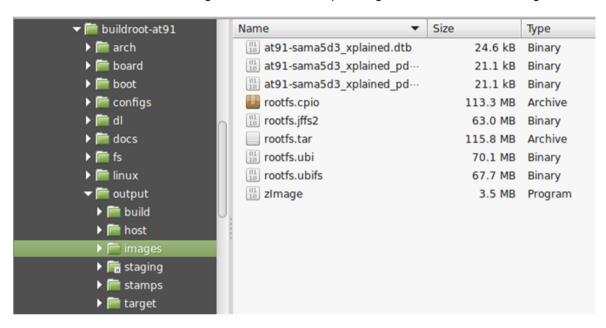


WARNING Make sure that the host PC is connected to the internet before starting the build and no -i option. It will take long time to complete.



RESULT

The "rootfs.ubi" is generated in the "output/images" folder after the building is done.





TIPS

If Kernel item of the buildroot's options was added, the Linux Kernel source will be downloaded during compiling the buildroot. The downloaded path is **buildroot**at91/output/build/linux-xxxx. Then user can ignore the sequence (see Section 3.1) and can directly patch ATWILC1000 driver like sequence (see Section 3.2). If so, buildroot's binary will include the related ATWILC1000 files without adding them in file system by the user later. If you want this way, build buildroot as the following order.

- Add the ATWILC1000 driver in "buildroot-at91/output/build/linux-xxxx". See Section 2.2.
- Fix a file ".config". See Section 0.
- Copy firmware files in "buildroot-at91/output/target/lib/firmware/atmel". See Section 0.
- Add "conf" files for WPA supplicant in "buildroot-at91/output/target/etc". See Section 0, list number 1.3.
- Remove ".stamp built", ".stamp target installed", and ".stamp images installed" in the "buildroot-at91/output/build/linux-xxxx" folder.
- Build buildroot. See Section 3.3.



## 4 How to Update Binary On The Target

## 4.1 Updating System Image

To flash the binaries to the target board, the Atmel SAM-BA® tool is required. This chapter describes how to flash the image, assuming that the SAM-BA tool is already installed in the host machine.



TIPS Check useful resource ahead.

- http://www.at91.com/linux4sam/bin/view/Linux4SAM/SoftwareTools
- http://www.at91.com/linux4sam/bin/view/Linux4SAM/GettingStarted
- http://www.atmel.com/Images/Atmel-42051-SAM-BA-for-SAM4L Application-Note AT03454.pdf
- http://www.at91.com/linux4sam/bin/view/Linux4SAM/GettingStarted xplained
- http://www.atmel.com/tools/ATSAMA5D3-XPLD.aspx?tab=documents

To make the story simpler, the user can utilize a prebuilt image.

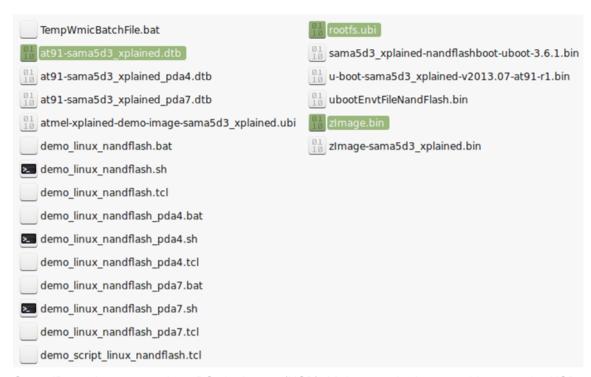
- ftp://www.at91.com/pub/demo/linux4sam\_4.3/linux4sam-poky-sama5d3\_xplained-4.3.zip
- 1. Unzip the linux4sam-poky-sama5d3\_xplained-4.3.zip.
- 2. Update the demo\_linux\_nandflash.tcl like the following.

```
set ubootFile "u-boot-sama5d3_xplained-v2013.07-at91-r1.bin"
set kernelFile "zImage"
set rootfsFile "rootfs.ubi"

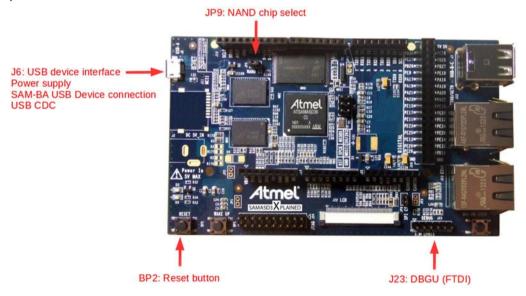
## board variant
```

- 3. Copy the following outputs to the same directory where the demo\_linux\_nandflash.tcl is located:
  - linux-at91/arm/boot/zlmage
  - linux-at91/arch/arm/boot/dts/at91-sama5d3 xplained.dtb
  - buildroot-at91/output/images/rootfs.ubi





4. Open JP9 and connect to host PC via J6 port (USB). Make sure the host machine gets the USB serial port and then close a JP9.



5. Execute demo\_linux\_nandflash.bat (Windows®) or demo\_linux\_nandflash.sh (Linux). The user can see the log via the J23 serial port.

Open the COM port with the following settings:

115200 bauds, 8-bit data, no parity, one stop bit, and no flow control



## 4.2 Adding ATWILC1000 Resource

After system boot, add the related ATWILC1000 files by the following guide in file system.

1. Copy ATWILC1000 Driver module.

Copy the following output to "/lib/modules/3.10.0/kernel/drivers/net/wireless/atmel/" or anywhere in file system:

- linux-at91/drivers/net/wireless/atmel/wilc1000/wilc1000.ko
- 2. Add ATWILC1000 firmware.

Get the firmware from https://github.com/linux4sc/wireless\_firmware and copy the following output to "/lib/firmware/atmel/":

- wilc1000 fw.bin, wilc1000 ap fw.bin, wilc1000 p2p fw.bin
- 3. Write the configuration files for WPA supplicant like the examples below:
  - "wilc\_wpa\_supplicant.conf" for the station mode

```
ctrl_interface=/var/run/wpa_supplicant
update_config=1
```

"wilc\_hostapd.conf" for the opened AP mode

```
interface=wlan0
driver=nl80211
ctrl_interface=/var/run/hostapd
ssid=SoftAP
dtim_period=2
beacon_int=100
channel=1
hw_mode=g
max_num_sta=8
ap_max_inactivity=300
```

"wilc\_hostapd\_secure.conf" for the secured AP mode

```
interface=wlan0
driver=nl80211
ctrl interface=/var/run/hostapd
ssid=SoftAP
dtim period=2
beacon_int=100
channel=6
hw_mode=g
max num sta=8
ap_max_inactivity=300
ieee80211n=1
auth_algs=1
########
             WPA/WPA2 ##########
wpa=3
wpa passphrase=12341234
wpa key mgmt=WPA-PSK
wpa pairwise=TKIP CCMP
rsn pairwise=CCMP
```



## 5 How to Run ATWILC1000

This chapter describes how to operate the ATWILC1000 on the SAMA5D3 Xplained board.



WARNING Change log level to monitoring the detail working status. See Chapter 6.

## 5.1 Recognizing ATWILC1000 SDIO Card Module

SDIO card is recognized during boot up with the following line or equivalent.

```
mmc0: new high speed SDIO card at address 0001
```

The following shows how to load the ATWILC1000 module driver.

```
Welcome to Buildroot
buildroot login: root

# insmod /lib/modules/3.10.0/kernel/drivers/net/wireless/atmel/wilc1000/wilc1000.ko
*** WILC1000 driver VERSION=[9.4.4] REVISON=[417] FW_VER=[wilc1000_fw.bin] ***

DBG [linux_wlan_device_power: 187]linux_wlan_device_power.. (1)

DBG [linux_wlan_device_detection: 203]linux_wlan_device_detection.. (1)

DBG [linux_sdio_probe: 134]probe function

DBG [linux_sdio_probe: 145]Initializing netdev

DBG [WILC_WFI_WiphyRegister: 4446]Registering wifi device

DBG [WILC_WFI_WiphyRegister: 4515]Successful Registering

DBG [WILC_WFI_WiphyRegister: 4446]Registering wifi device

DBG [WILC_WFI_WiphyRegister: 4515]Successful Registering

DBG [WILC_WFI_WiphyRegister: 4515]Successful Registering
```

## 5.2 Running as Station Mode

Station mode is normal Wi-Fi operation that is connecting to a given AP.

1. Start WPA Supplicant service.

Execute wpa\_supplicant with the following command on the terminal. The wpa\_supplicant will automatically perform the background scan with "ifconfig wlan0 up" command.

```
# wpa_supplicant -Dnl80211 -iwlan0 -c/etc/wilc_wpa_supplicant.conf &

DBG [wlan_init_locks: 1810]Initializing Locks ...

DBG [linux_to_wlan: 1881]Linux to Wlan services ...

DBG [wilc_wlan_init: 2938]Initializing WILC_Wlan ...

[wilc sdio]: chipid (001002b0)

DBG [wilc_wlan_firmware_download: 2282]Downloading firmware size = 142676 ...

DBG [linux_wlan_firmware_download: 1403]Freeing FW buffer ...

DBG [linux_wlan_firmware_download: 1404]Releasing firmware

DBG [linux_wlan_firmware_download: 1408]Download Succeeded

DBG [linux_wlan_start_firmware: 1342]Starting Firmware ...

DBG [linux_wlan_start_firmware: 1353]Waiting for Firmware to get ready ...

DBG [linux_wlan_start_firmware: 1379]Firmware successfully started
...
```





WARNING Because NL80211 may not work as the status of Kernel version or WPS supplicant, 'nl80211' option can be replaced to 'wext' option.

```
# wpa supplicant -Dwext -iwlan0 -c/etc/wilc wpa supplicant.conf &
```

- 2. Connect to AP.
  - To an unencrypted AP

The following commands demonstrate how to scan and connect to the AP.

```
# wpa cli -p/var/run/wpa supplicant ap scan 1
# wpa_cli -p/var/run/wpa_supplicant add_network
# wpa_cli -p/var/run/wpa_supplicant set_network 0 ssid '"User_AP"'
# wpa_cli -p/var/run/wpa_supplicant set_network 0 key_mgmt NONE
# wpa cli -p/var/run/wpa supplicant select network 0
```



### TIPS

Change "User AP" with the SSID of the desired AP.

To WPA protected AP

To connect to AP that uses WPA or WPA2 and TKIP or AES, the following commands demonstrate how to scan and connect to the protected AP.

```
# wpa cli -p/var/run/wpa supplicant ap scan 1
# wpa cli -p/var/run/wpa supplicant add network
# wpa cli -p/var/run/wpa supplicant set network 0 ssid '"User AP"'
# wpa cli -p/var/run/wpa supplicant set network 0 psk '"12345678"'
# wpa cli -p/var/run/wpa supplicant select network 0
```



### TIPS

Change "User AP" and "12345678" with SSID and password of desired AP.

To WEP protected AP

To connect to AP that uses WEP40 or WP104, the following commands demonstrate how to scan and connect to the protected AP.

```
#wpa_cli -p/var/run/wpa_supplicant ap_scan 1
#wpa cli -p/var/run/wpa supplicant add network
#wpa cli -p/var/run/wpa supplicant set network 0 ssid "User AP"'
#wpa cli -p/var/run/wpa supplicant set network 0 key mgmt NONE
#wpa cli -p/var/run/wpa supplicant set network 0 psk '"12345"'
#wpa cli -p/var/run/wpa supplicant set network 0 wep tx keyidx 0
#wpa cli -p/var/run/wpa supplicant set network 0 auth alg SHARED
#wpa cli -p/var/run/wpa supplicant select network 0
```



**TIPS** 

Change "User AP" and "12345" with SSID and ASCII (or Hex) of desired AP.

Run DHCP service.

If IP can be allocated from AP automatically, start the DHCP client.

```
#dhcpcd wlan0 &
```





TIPS

If AP don't support DHCP service, manually set IP value using 'ifconfig wlan0 xxx.xxx.xxx' command.

4. Check the connected Status.

Check the following command to see that the connection is established.

```
# wpa_cli status

bssid=88:9b:39:f3:d0:4d
ssid=User_AP
id=0
mode=station
pairwise_cipher=NONE
group_cipher=NONE
key_mgmt=NONE
wpa_state=COMPLETED
ip_address=192.168.43.2
address=00:80:c2:b3:d7:4d
```

## 5.3 Running as AP Mode

1. Run Hostapd as user's configuration.

The following command demonstrates how to execute the hostapd.

```
# hostapd /etc/wilc_hostapd.conf -B &

DBG [WILC_WFI_change_virt_intf: 3259]Changing virtual interface, enable scan
DBG [WILC_WFI_change_virt_intf: 3486]Downloading AP firmware
DBG [WILC_WFI_add_virt_intf: 4169]Adding monitor interface[cfbc6000]
DBG [WILC_WFI_add_virt_intf: 4176]Monitor interface mode: Initializing mon
interface virtual device driver
DBG [WILC_WFI_add_virt_intf: 4177]Adding monitor interface[cfbc6000]
DBG [WILC_WFI_add_virt_intf: 4181]Setting monitor flag in private structure
MAC OPEN[cfbc6000]
DBG [WILC_WFI_InitHostInt: 4562]Host[cfbc6000][cf09f140]
DBG [Wln_init_locks: 1810]Initializing Locks ...
DBG [linux_to_wlan: 1881]Linux to Wlan services ...
DBG [wilc_wlan_init: 2938]Initializing WILC_Wlan ...
[wilc_sdio]: chipid (001002b0)
...
```



**TIPS** 

Refer to 'wilc\_hostapd.conf' for the details of unencrypted AP settings. Refer and use 'wilc\_hostapd\_secure.conf' for WPA/WPA2 AP setting.

Run DHCP Server to allocate IP to client.

Write the dhcpd.conf like the following.

/etc/dhcpd.conf



```
ddns-update-style none;
default-lease-time 600;
max-lease-time 7200;

option subnet-mask 255.255.255.0;
option domain-name-servers 168.126.63.1, 164.124.101.2; # DNS Server IP
option domain-name "sample.example"; # domain name

subnet 192.168.0.0 netmask 255.255.255.0 {
   range 192.168.0.100 192.168.0.110; # range ip
   option broadcast-address 192.168.0.255;
   option routers 192.168.0.1; # gateway ip
}
Log-facility local7;
```



**TIPS** 

Each value must be modified to fit the test environment.

Update the S80dhcp-server like the following.

/etc/init.d/S80dhcp-server

```
. . .
INTERFACES="wlan0"
. . .
test -f /etc/dhcpd.conf || exit 0
. . .
```

Set the IP to gateway.

```
#ifconfig wlan0 192.168.0.1
```



**TIPS** 

Gateway IP is defined in the dhcpd.conf.

Start the DHCP server.

```
#/etc/init.d/S80dhcp-server start
```

Now the PC or smartphone can be connected to the ATWILC1000 device, which is running in AP mode.

## 5.4 Benchmark using iPerf

iPerf is a tool for active measurements of the maximum achievable bandwidth on IP network. The network link is delimited by two hosts running iPerf. One host must be set as client, the other one as server.

Server side (receiver): downlink mode

```
#iperf -s
```

Client side (sender): uplink mode

```
#iperf -c <server address>
```



INFO

To get more information about iPerf, visit https://iperf.fr/ site.



### Testing downlink.

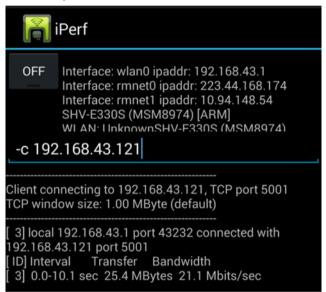
To measure the ATWILC1000's downlink, run the ATWILC1000 in server mode and then run Android as client mode.



**RESULT** The following result is output after 10 seconds.

ATWILC1000 output

Output on Android device



### 2. Testing uplink.

To measure ATWILC1000's uplink, run Android in server mode and then run ATWILC1000 as client mode.



**RESULT** The following result is output after 10 seconds.

ATWILC1000 output

```
#iperf -c 192.168.43.1

Client connecting to 192.168.43.1, TCP port 5001

TCP window size: 20.7 KByte (default)

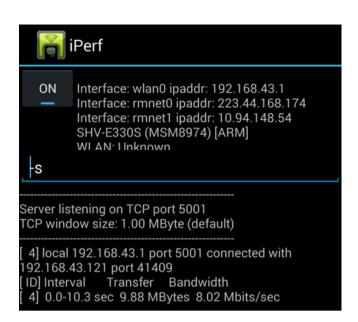
[ 3] local 192.168.43.121 port 41409 connected with 192.168.43.1 port 5001

[ ID] Interval Transfer Bandwidth

[ 3] 0.0-10.1 sec 9.88 MBytes 8.23 Mbits/sec
```

Output on Android device







## 6 How to use Dynamic Log Message

ATWILC1000 can use dynamic log message using debugfs.

## 6.1 Debugfs Mount

When ATWILC1000 is mounted, a 'wilc wifi' folder is created in the '/sys/kernel/debug/' folder.

Debugfs is automatically mounted on the system according to the setting of the target board. Otherwise, input the command with the following command.

# mount -t debugfs nodev /sys/kernel/debug/



**RESULT** If mounted, you can find a file '/sys/kernel/debug/wilc\_wifi/wilc\_debug\_level'.

## 6.2 Change Debug Level

Default debug level is error. If you want to display the log message, change the debug level.

Enable full log

# echo 1 > /sys/kernel/debug/wilc wifi/wilc debug level

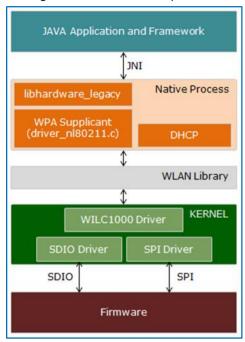
Disable full log except error log

# echo 0 > /sys/kernel/debug/wilc\_wifi/wilc\_debug\_level



## 7 Android Wi-Fi Architecture

The figure below shows simple stack related to ATWILC1000 on the Android platform.



Android uses a modified *wpa\_supplicant* daemon for Wi-Fi support. Java® Framework communicates with wpa\_supplicant using native interface wifi.c (which is part of libhardware\_legacy) and its corresponding JNI implementation.

The ATWILC1000 package includes a private library of wpa\_supplicant (named lib\_driver\_cmd\_wilc1000.a) which has an interface for additional Android commands.

About the Kernel, refer to "Chapter 1 to 4".

### 7.1 Related Files

- Framework
  - JNI implementation: frameworks/base/core/jni/android net wifi Wifi.cpp
- Native Process
  - libhardware legacy: hardware/libhardware legacy/wifi/wifi.c
  - wpa\_supplicant: external/wpa\_supplicant\_8
- WLAN Library
  - wpa\_supplicant\_private\_lib: hardware/atmel/wilc1000/wpa\_supplicant\_8\_lib/
- Firmware
  - Firmware binary: hardware/atmel/wilc1000/firmware/

### 7.2 ATWILC1000 Android Software Packages

The following site is included for running the Atmel ATWILC1000 module board on Android 4.4.

https://github.com/android4sc/kitkat.git

Software is based on the SAMA5D3-EK sources described in Atmel Android for SAM site.



#### **Android Framework Programming** 8

Setting up a build environment for Android is described in the AOSP website:

https://source.android.com/source/initializing.html

#### 8.1 **Get Source Code**

Get the Android source by the following command.

```
$ mkdir android4sam v4.4
$ cd android4sam v4.4
$ repo init -u git://github.com/Android4SAM/platform sammanifest.git
 -b android4sam v4.4
$ repo sync
```



If there is no 'repo' utility22, install the following command.

```
$ mkdir ~/bin
$ PATH=~/bin:$PATH
$ curl http://commondatastorage.googleapis.com/git-repo-downloads/repo > ~/bin/repo
$ chmod a+x ~/bin/repo
```



**TIPS** 

The manifest repository URL and branch could be updated. It is highly recommended to visit the Atmel Android for SAM site to check the latest status.



The Android SDK may not be downloaded due to your internet settings. Check the connection and firewall status.

#### 8.2 **Customizing for ATWILC1000**

The files below are for indicating that the device includes the Wi-Fi and Wi-Fi Direct® feature.

- android.hardware.wifi.xml
- android.hardware.wifi.direct.xml

To add hardware-specific feature on the device, the product .mk file is used as below:

```
# These are the hardware-specific features
PRODUCT COPY FILES += \
  frameworks/native/data/etc/handheld_core_hardware.xml:system/etc/permissions/handheld_core_hardware.xml \
  frameworks/native/data/etc/android.hardware.wifi.xml:system/etc/permissions/android.hardware.wifi.xml
  frameworks/native/data/etc/android.hardware.wifi.direct.xml:system/etc/permissions/android.hardware.wifi.d
irect.xml \
```



INFO

In SAMA5D3-EK, "device/atmel/sama5d3/ device.mk" is used for adding permission xml files.

1. Compile-time definitions.

Define the following compile-time variables in "BoardConfig.mk" file to apply ATWILC1000 Wi-Fi solution into Android.

The location of the "BoardConfig.mk" file depends on the platform.

device / <vendor-name> / <device-name> / BoardConfig.mk

INFO

In SAMA5D3-EK, the "device/atmel/sama5d3/BoardConfig.mk" is used.

```
WPA SUPPLICANT VERSION
                            := VER 0 8 X
BOARD WPA SUPPLICANT DRIVER := NL80211
BOARD WPA SUPPLICANT PRIVATE LIB := lib driver cmd wilc1000
BOARD_HOSTAPD_DRIVER
                            := NL80211
BOARD HOSTAPD PRIVATE LIB
                            := lib driver cmd wilc1000
                            := "wilc1000"
WIFI DRIVER MODULE NAME
WIFI DRIVER MODULE PATH
                            := "/system/lib/modules/wilc1000.ko"
WIFI DRIVER FW PATH STA
                            := "AUTO"
WIFI DRIVER FW PATH AP
                            := "AUTO"
WIFI DRIVER FW PATH P2P
                            := "AUTO"
BOARD WLAN DEVICE := wilc1000
```

The meaning of each value is shown below:

WPA SUPPLICANT VERSION := VER 0 8 X

Enable build of Android default external/wpa\_supplicant\_8.

BOARD\_XXX\_DRIVER := NL80211

Enable build driver\_nl80211.c in wpa\_supplicant.

– BOARD\_XXX\_PRIVATE\_LIB := lib\_driver\_cmd\_wilc1000

Enable build lib\_driver\_cmd\_wilc1000 in hardware/atmel/wilc1000/wpa\_supplicant\_8\_lib.

WIFI DRIVER MODULE NAME / WIFI DRIVER MODULE PATH

wifi.c install(insmod) or remove(rmmod) the defined Kernel module. The path could be different for platform.

WIFI\_DRIVER\_FW\_PATH\_XXX (not used, definition only)

Firmware will be downloaded by the Kernel module automatically.

BOARD\_WLAN\_DEVICE := wilc1000

This definition will be used for extra components or framework patch.



WARNING SAMA5D3-EK supports Realtek chipset for Wi-Fi/Bluetooth® module basically. Because ATWILC1000 may conflict with Realtek chipset, it is highly recommend to remove the part of RealTek in BoardConfig.mk. This is the same as on other Android platforms.

```
#BOARD WIFI VENDOR := realtek
ifeq ($(BOARD_WIFI_VENDOR), realtek)
   WPA SUPPLICANT VERSION := VER 0 8 X
   BOARD_WPA_SUPPLICANT_DRIVER := NL80211
   WIFI DRIVER FW PATH P2P
   WIFI DRIVER FW PATH PARAM := ""
endif
```

Product package definitions.

The ATWILC1000 driver requires firmware binaries, and the ATWILC1000 software package provides firmware in the "hardware/atmel/wilc1000/firmware". To add this packages in system image, declare the "PRODUCT PACKAGE" in the product mk file.

The location and name of product mk file is depends on the platform.

device / <vendor-name> / <device-name> / xxx.mk

The product "mk" file can be found by tracing from "AndroidProducts.mk" file.



In SAMA5D3-EK, "device/atmel/common/config/Android Copy.mk" is used. This file is inherited from "device/atmel/sama5d3/device.mk".

```
PRODUCT_PACKAGES += \
      wilc1000_fw.bin \
      wilc1000 ap fw.bin \
      wilc1000 p2p fw.bin
```

Launch Wi-Fi services.

To launch wpa supplicant daemon and dhcpcd, set the following in "init.xxx.rc".

The location and name of "init.xxx.rc" file is depends on the platform.

device / <vendor-name> / <device-name> / init.xxx.rc



**TIPS** 

Below settings can be written separately in multiple files.



In SAMA5D3-EK, the "init.rc" and "init.sama5-pda.rc" are used. They are located in the "device/atmel/sama5d3/".



### Permissions and paths

```
mkdir /data/misc/wifi 0770 wifi wifi
chmod 0660 /data/misc/wifi/wpa_supplicant.conf
mkdir /data/misc/wifi/sockets 0770 wifi wifi
mkdir /data/misc/dhcp 0770 dhcp dhcp
chown dhcp dhcp /data/misc/dhcp
```

### wpa\_supplicant only for Station mode

```
service wpa_supplicant /system/bin/wpa_supplicant \
    -iwlan0 -Dnl80211 -c/data/misc/wifi/wpa_supplicant.conf \
    -0/data/misc/wifi/sockets \
    -e/data/misc/wifi/entropy.bin -g@android:wpa_wlan0
    class main
    socket wpa_wlan0 dgram 660 wifi wifi
    disabled
    oneshot
```



**TIPS** 

To run wpa\_supplicant daemon, the wpa\_supplicant.conf file should be located in "/data/misc/wifi/". This file is generated by hardware/atmel/wilc1000/config/Android.mk.

#### wpa\_supplicant for concurrent mode

```
service p2p_supplicant /system/bin/wpa_supplicant \
    -ip2p0 -Dnl80211 -c/data/misc/wifi/p2p_supplicant.conf -N \
    -iwlan0 -Dnl80211 -c/data/misc/wifi/wpa_supplicant.conf \
    -0/data/misc/wifi/sockets -puse_p2p_group_interface=1 \
    -e/data/misc/wifi/entropy.bin -g@android:wpa_wlan0
    class main
    socket wpa_wlan0 dgram 660 wifi wifi
    disabled
    oneshot
```



**TIPS** 

To add Wi-Fi Direct feature, the "android.hardware.wifi.direct.xml" file is required. In this case, p2p\_supplicant service will be invoked instead of wpa\_supplicant service.



### dhcpcd

```
service dhcpcd_wlan0 /system/bin/dhcpcd -aABDKL
    class main
    disabled
    oneshot
service dhcpcd_p2p /system/bin/dhcpcd -aABKL
    class main
    disabled
    oneshot
service iprenew_wlan0 /system/bin/dhcpcd -n
    class main
    disabled
    oneshot
service iprenew_p2p /system/bin/dhcpcd -n
    class main
    disabled
    oneshot
```

4. Extra components for ATWILC1000.

ATWILC1000 specific parts are located in hardware/atmel/wilc1000.

GitHub Android ATWILC1000 Site provides this part: https://github.com/android4sc/kitkat.git.

To apply this section, BOARD\_WLAN\_DEVICE := wilc1000 should be defined in BoardConfig.mk.



```
wilc1000
Android.mk

-config
Android.mk

-firmware
Android.mk
wilc1000_ap_fw.bin
wilc1000_fw.bin
wilc1000_p2p_fw.bin

wpa_supplicant_8_lib
Android.mk
driver_cmd_nl80211.c
MODULE_LICENSE_BSD
NOTICE
```

### wpa\_supplicant.conf

hardware / atmel / wilc1000 / config /

wpa\_supplicant.conf is used for executing wpa\_supplicant service. Android.mk in this folder invokes the wpa\_supplicant\_conf.mk to generation wpa\_supplicant.conf as the version of wpa\_supplicant. In this time, wpa\_supplicant.conf file is located in "/system/etc/wifi". At the actual operating time, wifi.c will copy wpa\_supplicant.conf to "/data/misc/wifi/".

#### - firmware

hardware / atmel / wilc1000 / firmware /

There are three kinds of firmware:

Station mode: wilc1000 fw.bin

AP mode: wilc1000\_ap\_fw.binP2P mode: wilc1000\_p2p\_fw.bin

ATWILC1000 Kernel module download these files as action mode.

### Private library for wpa\_supplicant

hardware / atmel / wilc1000 / wpa\_supplicant\_8\_lib /

Android uses a vendor specific library for implementing driver interface function. This section builds the "lib\_driver\_cmd\_wilc.a" library including the wrapper code to allow this mechanism.

- 5. HAL patch for ATWILC1000.
  - "wifi.c" patch

hardware / libhardware legacy / wifi /

```
└wifi
Android.mk
wifi.c
```



 To patch for ATWILC1000 with "WILC1000\_WIFI\_USED" definition in "wifi.c" file, add below flags into Android.mk

```
ifeq ($(BOARD_WLAN_DEVICE), wilc1000)

LOCAL_CFLAGS += -DWILC1000_WIFI_USED

endif
```

 Java frameworks expects the firmware-loader. But ATWILC1000 package need not firmware-loader. Instead, the Kernel module downloads the firmware by itself.

```
int wifi_change_fw_path(const char *fwpath)
{
    int len;
    int fd;
    int ret = 0;
#ifndef WILC1000 WIFI USED
    if (!fwpath)
        return ret;
    fd = TEMP_FAILURE_RETRY(open(WIFI_DRIVER_FW_PATH_PARAM,
O WRONLY));
    if (fd < 0) {
        ALOGE("Failed to open wlan fw path param (%s)",
strerror(errno));
        return -1;
    }
    len = strlen(fwpath) + 1;
    if (TEMP_FAILURE_RETRY(write(fd, fwpath, len)) != len) {
        ALOGE("Failed to write wlan fw path param (%s)",
strerror(errno));
        ret = -1;
    }
    close(fd);
#endif
    return ret;
}
```

• After inserting ATWILC1000 Kernel module with *insmod* function, it is necessary to wait until the wlan0 interface is ready.



```
#define TIME_COUNT 20 // 200ms*20 = 4 seconds for completion
int wifi load driver()
{
    if (strcmp(FIRMWARE LOADER,"") == 0) {
#ifdef WILC1000 WIFI USED
              char tmp_buf[200] = \{0\};
              FILE *profs_entry = NULL;
              int try time = 0;
              do {
                     profs entry = fopen("/proc/net/wireless",
"r");
                     if(profs_entry == NULL){
                            ALOGE("open /proc/net/wireless
failed!");
                            property_set(DRIVER_PROP_NAME,
"failed");
                            break;
              }
              if( 0 == fread(tmp_buf, 200, 1, profs_entry) ){
                     ALOGD("faied to read proc/net/wireless");
              }
              if(NULL != strstr(tmp_buf, "wlan0")) {
                     ALOGD("insmod okay,try_time(%d)", try_time);
                     fclose(profs_entry);
                     profs_entry = NULL;
                     property_set(DRIVER_PROP_NAME, "ok");
                     break;
              }else {
                     ALOGD("initial,try_time(%d)",try_time);
                     property set(DRIVER PROP NAME, "failed");
              fclose(profs_entry);
              profs_entry = NULL;
              usleep(200000);
              }while(try_time++ <= TIME_COUNT);// 4 seconds</pre>
#else
              /* usleep(WIFI_DRIVER_LOADER_DELAY); */
              property_set(DRIVER_PROP_NAME, "ok");
#endif
 }
```



## 8.3 Build Android

1. Configure and build Android.

```
$ . build/envsetup.sh
```

- \$ lunch sama5d3-eng
- \$ make
- 2. Generate Android Image for booting from NAND flash.

```
$ mkubi_image -b sama5d3
```



If successfully, "system\_ubifs-SAMA5D3-ANDROID-4.4.2\_r2.img" and "userdata\_ubifs-SAMA5D3-ANDROID-4.4.2\_r2.img" will be generated in <android\_working\_dir>/.



#### **Linux Kernel Programming under Android** 9

#### 9.1 **Get Source Code**

Get Android Linux Kernel source by the following command.

```
$ git clone git://github.com/Android4SAM/linux-at91.git
$ cd linux-at91
$ git checkout -b linux-at91 Android4sam_v4.4
```



**TIPS** 

The manifest repository URL and branch could be updated. It is highly recommended to visit the Atmel Android for SAM site to check the latest status.



WARNING Android may not be downloaded due to your internet settings. Check the connection and firewall status.

#### 9.2 Patching ATWILC1000 Driver Source

WARNING Reference patches are based on the SAMA5D3-EK, Chapter 2 depicts the step-bystep core integration.

Kernel Configuration.

In SAMA5D3-EK, "sama5 android defconfig" is used.

Customizing ATWILC1000 source for SPI.

To register SPI slave device, Device ID must be added in the DTS (Device Tree Source) file. For the reference of **SAMA5D3-EK**, the below files are to be modified by using SPI1.

sama5d36ek\_pda7.dts

```
ahb {
                apb {
                         spi0: spi@f0004000 {
                                 status = "okay";
                         };
                         spi1: spi@f8008000 {
                                 status = "okay";
```

sama5d3xcm.dtsi



### sama5d3xmb.dtsi

```
ahb {
                  apb {
                            spi0: spi@f0004000 {
                                     m25p80@0 {
                                              compatible = "atmel,at25df321a";
                                              spi-max-frequency = <50000000>;
                                              reg = \langle 0 \rangle;
                                     };
                            };
                            spi1: spi@f8008000 {
                                     wilc_spi@0 {
                                              compatible = "atmel,wilc_spi";
                                              spi-max-frequency = <6000000>;
                                              reg = \langle 0 \rangle;
                                     };
                            };
```

3. Customizing ATWILC1000 source for interrupt.

In **SAMA5D3-EK**, the PC4 pin is already used for Ethernet port. It is highly recommended to use the other one, such as PC28 (gpio number 92). In the case of using PC28 for external interrupt, modify the driver source, "drivers/net/wireless/atmel/wilc/linux wlan common.h" as below:

```
#define GPIO_NUM(92) /* for the PIOC28 */
```



**TIPS** 

To apply modified device-tree to the device, compile and download the dtb (Device Tree Blob) file to the target.



#### 9.3 **Build Linux Kernel**



WARNING Before you build Android Linux Kernel, you need to copy the root (<android\_working\_dir> / out / target / product / sama5d3 / root) folder build from Android to the Android Linux Kernel root folder.

```
$ make mrproper
$ make ARCH=arm sama5 android defconfig
$ make ARCH=arm CROSS_COMPILE=(path_to_cross-compiler/cross-compiler-prefix-) zImage
$ make ARCH=arm CROSS COMPILE=(path to cross-compiler/cross-compiler-prefix-) modules
$ make ARCH=arm CROSS_COMPILE=(path_to_cross-compiler/cross-compiler-prefix-) dtbs
```

#### 9.4 Copy Kernel Module into File System (only for SAMAD3-EK)



INFO

Usually, the Android build system automatically include Kernel modules into system image. But in **SAMA5D3-EK**, the Kernel module should be copied manually.

If you need to update ATWILC1000 Kernel module:

- Copy new ATWILC1000 module.
  - From linux\_working\_dir>/drivers/net/wireless/atmel/wilc1000/wilc1000.ko
  - To the Android device (<android\_working\_dir>/device/atmel/common/config/) folder.
- Add the below lines into "device/atmel/common/config/Android\_Copy.mk".

```
PRODUCT_COPY_FILES += \
        $(LOCAL_PATH)/wilc1000.ko:system/lib/modules/wilc1000.ko
```

Build Android and generate Android image again.



## 10 How to Update Binary on SAMA5D3-EK

### 10.1 Install SAM-BA Tool

SAM-BA is a software that provides a way to easily program different Atmel AT91SAM devices. It is integrated in the AT91 In-system Programmer (ISP for short). This latest ISP application can be found on the Atmel official website:

http://www.atmel.com/tools/ATMELSAM-BAIN-SYSTEMPROGRAMMER.aspx

You can choose the proper version for your OS and also USB CDC driver.

## 10.2 Preparing Binary

To integrate the ATWILC1000 package, only updating the system image and Kernel image is required. In some cases, such as the SPI mode, the device-tree may also be updated.

- zlmage
- system\_ubifs-SAMA5D3-ANDROID-4.4.2\_r2.img
- sama5d36ek\_pda7.dtb

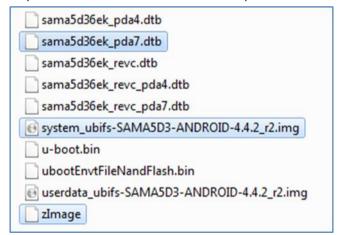
The others, such as the bootstrap and u-boot image, you can use prebuilt image provided in Demo Package section of Atmel Android for SAM website with the exception of the above files to make the story simpler:

http://www.at91.com/android4sam/bin/view/Android4SAM/Sama5d3xek

This Demo Package includes the batch file and shell script to run the SAM-BA tool.

## 10.3 Downloading Image

- For full Demo package go to Atmel Android for SAM Site: http://www.at91.com/android4sam.
- 2. Replace the marked files in the marked path below.

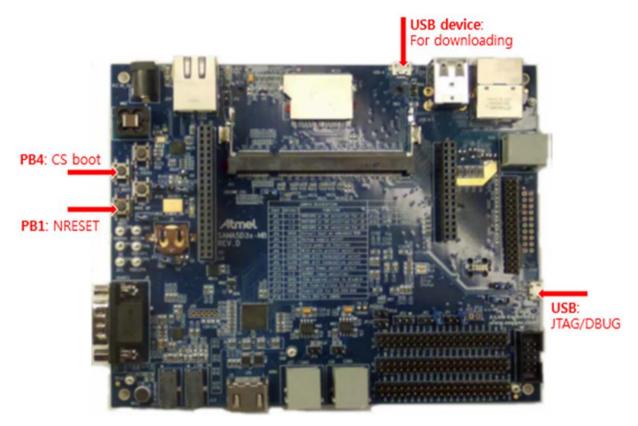


Kernel Image: from linux\_working\_dir>/arm/boot/zImageSystem Image from <android\_working\_dir> /system\*.img

Device-tree Blob: from from dir>/arm/boot/dts/sama5d36ek\_pda7.dtb

When connected the first time the USB driver must be installed. This driver is provided with the SAM-BA tool.





- 4. In order to boot from SAM-BA, keep pressing the pushbutton PB4 (CS boot disable) and perform the reset. A reset can be forced by pressing the pushbutton PB1 (NRST).
- 5. There are many batch files (Windows) and shell scripts (Linux) in the Demo Package. Choose the proper file as your host OS and target platform. In case of SAMA5D3-EK with TM7000 display module and Windows system, run the "sama5d3ek\_pda7\_nandflash.bat".
- 6. You can see the log message via USB port marked as "JTAG".



# 11 Revision History

Doc Rev.	Date	Comments
42435A	03/2015	Initial document release.

















**Atmel Corporation** 

1600 Technology Drive, San Jose, CA 95110 USA

T: (+1)(408) 441.0311

**F:** (+1)(408) 436.4200

www.atmel.com

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