1. (10 scores) The signal x(t) is shown in Fig.1, please—sketch the waveform y(t) = x(-2t+6).

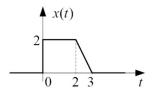


Fig.1

- 2. (12 scores) A system is described by $y(t) = \cos\left(3t \frac{\pi}{2}\right)x(t)$, please judge the properties of the system and give your reasons.
 - (1) memory?; (2) linear?; (4) time-invariant?; (3) causal?

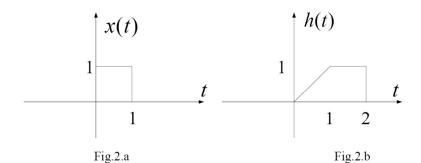
3. (10 scores)The differential equation of a system is

$$\frac{d^2y(t)}{dt^2} + 5\frac{dy(t)}{dt} + 6y(t) = x(t)$$

Please calculate:

- (1) the impulse response h(t);
- (2) if $x(t) = e^{-t}u(t)$, calculate the zero-state response y(t).

- 4. (12 scores) Please calculate the following convolutions:
- (1) x(t) and h(t) are shown in Fig.2.a and Fig.2.b, please calculate y(t)=x(t)*h(t).



(2) $x[n] = \delta[n+1] + 2\delta[n] + \delta[n-1], \quad v[n] = \delta[n-1] + 2\delta[n-2],$

y[n] = x[n] * v[n] = ? (convolution sum)

(3)
$$x[n] = 2\delta[n] + \delta[n-1] - \delta[n-2] + 3\delta[n-3], \quad v[n] = \delta[n] + 2\delta[n-1]$$

y[n] = x[n] 4 v[n] = ? or expressed as y[n] = x[n] * v[n] = ?

N=4,4-point circular convolution

- 5. (10 scores) A periodic signal is shown in Fig.3, Please calculate:
 - (1) trigonometric Fourier series;
- (2) exponential Fourier series.

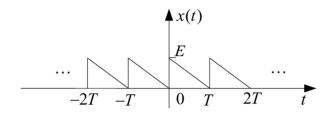


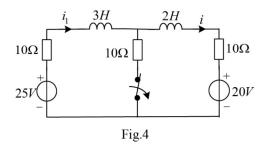
Fig.3

6. (8 scores) Calculate Laplace transform for the following signals:

$$(1) \quad x(t) = te^{-2t}u(t)$$

(2)
$$x(t) = (t-1)[u(t-1)-u(t-2)]$$

7. (12 scores) A circuit is shown in Fig. 4. Assuming that the circuit is in steady state at t < 0, and the switch is opened at t = 0, Please calculate the current i(t), $t \ge 0$.



8. (10 scores) A continuous time signal is $x(t) = \cos(2\pi f t)$, if f = 1Hz, the sampling

interval $T_S = \frac{1}{4}$ seconds, the sampled signal is x[n], please calculate:

- (1) the discrete values of the 4 points;
- (2) four-point DFT of x[n];
- (3) four-point DTFT of x[n].

 $9.\,(10\,\mathrm{scores})\,\mathrm{A}\,\mathrm{causal}$ linear time invariant system is described by following difference equation

$$y[n] - \frac{3}{4}y[n-1] + \frac{1}{2}y[n-2] = x[n]$$

- (1) calculate the transfer function (or system function) H(z);
- (2) calculate the unit pulse response h[n];
- (3) calculate the unit step response y[n];
- (4) judge the stability of the system.