

Practice Exercise

Level - I

68. If the sum of the digits of any integer lying between 100 and 1000 is subtracted from the number, the result always is [SSC 10+2-2013]
 (a) divisible by 5 (b) divisible by 6
 (c) divisible by 2 (d) divisible by 9
69. If a number is as much greater than 31 as it is less than 75, then the number is. [SSC 10+2-2013]
 (a) 53 (b) 106
 (c) 44 (d) 74
70. The H.C.F. and L.C.M. of two numbers are 44 and 264 respectively. If the first number is divided by 2, the quotient is 44. The other number is [SSC 10+2-2014]
 (a) 147 (b) 528
 (c) 132 (d) 264
71. The sum of five consecutive odd numbers is 265. What is the sum of the largest number and twice the smallest number? [IBPS Clerk-2012]
 (a) 156 (b) 153
 (c) 155 (d) 151
 (e) None of these
72. 'A', 'B' and 'C' are three consecutive even integers such that four times 'A' is equal to three times 'C'. What is the value of B ? [IBPS Clerk-2012]
 (a) 12 (b) 10
 (c) 16 (d) 14
 (e) None of these

Level - II

1. What is the remainder obtained on dividing $34^{43} + 43^{34}$ by 7?
 (a) 4 (b) 3 (c) 1 (d) 0
2. Two different prime numbers X and Y , both are greater than 2, then which of the following must be true?
 (a) $X - Y = 23$ (b) $X + Y \neq 87$
 (c) Both (a) and (b) (d) None of these
3. What is the remainder when $1! + 2! + 3! + \dots + 100!$ is divided by 7?
 (a) 0 (b) 5 (c) 6 (d) 3
4. On dividing 2272 as well as 875 by 3-digit number N , we get the same remainder. The sum of the digits of N is:
 (a) 10 (b) 11 (c) 12 (d) 13
5. Which one of the following numbers will completely divide $(3^{25} + 3^{26} + 3^{27} + 3^{28})$?
 (a) 11 (b) 16 (c) 25 (d) 30
6. There are two integers 34041 and 32506, when divided by a three-digit integer n , leave the same remainder. What is the value of n ?
 (a) 298 (b) 307
 (c) 461 (d) can't be determined
7. After distributing the sweets equally among 25 children, 8 sweets remain. Had the number of children been 28, 22 sweets would have been left after equally distributing. What was the total number of sweets?
 (a) 328 (b) 348
 (c) 358 (d) Data inadequate
8. Find the remainder when 7^{99} is divided by 2400.
 (a) 1 (b) 343 (c) 49 (d) 7
9. A number N when factorized can be written as $N = p_1^4 \times p_2^3 \times p_3^7$. Find the number of perfect squares which are factors of N . (The 3 prime numbers $p_1, p_2, p_3 > 2$)
 (a) 12 (b) 24 (c) 36 (d) 6
10. The number $\log_2 7$ is
 (a) An integer (b) A rational number
 (c) An irrational number (d) A prime number
11. Which of the following is true?
 (a) The cube of an odd integer is of the form $8q + 1$, where q is an integer.
12. The square of an odd integer is of the form $8q + 1$, where q is an integer.
 (c) The fourth power of any integer is of the form $10q + 1$, where q is an integer
 (d) None of these
13. $94^3 - 23^3 - 71^3$ is at least divisible by
 (a) 71 and 23 (b) 23 and 74
 (c) 71 and 94 (d) 23, 71 and 94
14. p, q and r are three non-negative integers such that $p + q + r = 10$. The maximum value of $pq + qr + pr + pqr$ is
 (a) ≥ 40 and < 50 (b) ≥ 50 and < 60
 (c) ≥ 60 and < 70 (d) ≥ 70 and < 80
15. Let a, b, c, d and e be integers such that $a = 6b = 12c$, and $2b = 9d = 12e$. Then which of the following pairs contains a number that is not an integer?
 (a) $\left(\frac{a}{27}, \frac{b}{e}\right)$ (b) $\left(\frac{a}{36}, \frac{c}{e}\right)$
 (c) $\left(\frac{a}{12}, \frac{bd}{18}\right)$ (d) $\left(\frac{a}{6}, \frac{c}{d}\right)$
16. If $x = (16^3 + 17^3 + 18^3 + 19^3)$, then x divided by 70 leaves a remainder of
 (a) 0 (b) 1 (c) 69 (d) 35
17. Find the total number of prime factors in
 $2^{17} \times 6^{31} \times 7^5 \times 10^{11} \times 11^{10} \times (323)^{23}$
 (a) 162 (b) 161 (c) 346 (d) 97
18. The digits of a three-digit number A are written in the reverse order to form another three-digit number B . If $B > A$ and $B - A$ is perfectly divisible by 7, then which of the following is necessarily true?
 (a) $100 < A < 299$ (b) $106 < A < 305$
 (c) $112 < A < 311$ (d) $118 < A < 317$

19. If $N = 1! - 2! + 3! - 4! + \dots + 47! - 48! + 49!$, then what is the unit digit of N^N ?

(a) 0 (b) 9 (c) 7 (d) 1

20. The digits of a 3-digit number in Base 4 get reversed when it is converted into Base 3. How many such numbers exist?

(a) 0 (b) 1 (c) 2 (d) 3

21. Find the remainder when $73 \times 75 \times 78 \times 57 \times 197$ is divided by 34.

(a) 22 (b) 30 (c) 15 (d) 28

22. Find the HCF of $(3^{125} - 1)$ and $(3^{35} - 1)$.

(a) 5 (b) 3 (c) $(3^5 - 1)$ (d) $(3^{35} - 1)$

23. A computer program was tested 300 times before its release. The testing was done in three stages of 100 tests each. The software failed 15 times in Stage I, 12 times in Stage II, 8 times in Stage III, 6 times in both Stage I and Stage II, 7 times in both Stage II and Stage III, 4 times in both Stage I and Stage III, and 4 times in all the three stages. How many times the software failed in a single stage only?

(a) 10 (b) 13 (c) 15 (d) 17

24. Let x denote the greatest 4-digit number which when divided by 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 leaves a remainder of 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 respectively. Then, the sum of the four-digits of x is 8 respectively. Then, the sum of the four-digits of x is

(a) 25 (b) 18 (c) 20 (d) 22

25. A is the set of the first 100 natural numbers. What is the minimum number of elements that should be picked from A to ensure that atleast one pair of numbers whose difference is 10 is picked?

(a) 51 (b) 55 (c) 20 (d) 11

26. The power of 45 that will exactly divide $123!$ is

(a) 28 (b) 30 (c) 31 (d) 59

27. What is the remainder when 32^{32} is divided by 7?

(a) 2 (b) 3 (c) 4 (d) 6

28. Two different two-digit natural numbers are written beside each other such that the larger number is written on the left. When the absolute difference of the two numbers is subtracted from the four-digit number so formed, the number obtained is 5481. What is the sum of the two two-digit numbers?

(a) 70 (b) 71 (c) 72 (d) 73

29. In a three-digit number, the unit digit is twice the tens digit and the tens digit is twice the hundreds digit. The same number is written as $1XY$ and $1YX$ in base 8 and base 9 respectively. Find the sum of X and Y in the decimal system.

(a) 15 (b) 7 (c) 11 (d) Cannot be determined

30. $a + \frac{1}{b + \frac{1}{c + \frac{1}{d + \dots}}}$

If a, b, c, d etc. are positive integers, then what is the value of ' b '?

(a) 2 (b) 4 (c) 3 (d) 5

31. If m and n are positive integers such that $(m-n)^2 = \frac{4mn}{(m+n-1)}$, then how many pairs (m, n) are possible?

(a) 4 (b) 10 (c) 16 (d) Infinite

32. $x^2 - 3y^2 = 1376$

How many integer solutions exist for the given equation?

(a) One (b) Two (c) Four (d) Zero

33. The number of zeros at the end of the product of $222^{111} \times 35^{53} + (7!)^{6!} \times (10!)^{5!} + 42^{42} \times 25^{25}$ is

(a) 42 (b) 53 (c) 1055 (d) None of these

34. The highest power of 17 which can divide exactly the following expression :
 $(18^2 - 1)(18^4 - 1)(18^6 - 1)(18^8 - 1)(18^{10} - 1) \times \dots (18^{16} - 1)(18^{18} - 1)$ is :

(a) 1 (b) 17 (c) 9 (d) can't be determined

35. The remainder when $2^2 + 22^2 + 222^2 + 2222^2 + \dots (222 \dots .49 \text{ twos})^2$ is divided by 9 is:

(a) 2 (b) 5 (c) 6 (d) 7

36. Find the last non-zero digit of $96!$.

(a) 2 (b) 4 (c) 6 (d) 8

37. When 96 is added to a N^2 , it gives another perfect square. If N is a natural no., how many distinct values of N are possible?

(a) 3 (b) 4 (c) 5 (d) None of these

38. The numbers 1 to 29 are written side by side as follows
 1234567891011.....2829
 If the number is divided by 9, then what is the remainder?

(a) 3 (b) 1 (c) 0 (d) None of these

39. The remainder when the number 123456789101112.....484950 is divided by 16 is

(a) 3 (b) 4 (c) 5 (d) 6

40. The product of three consecutive even numbers is 4032. The product of the first and the third number is 252. What is five times the second number ? [IBPS-PO-2012]

(a) 80 (b) 100 (c) 60 (d) 70 (e) 90

41. What would be the sum of $1 + 3 + 5 + 7 + 9 + 11 + 13 + 15 + \dots$ up to 15th term? [SSC CGL-2012]

(a) 250 (b) 240 (c) 225 (d) 265

42. The least number which when divided by 48, 64, 90, 120 will leave the remainders 38, 54, 80, 110 respectively, is [SSC CGL-2012]

(a) 2870 (b) 2860 (c) 2890 (d) 2880

43. If $1^3 + 2^3 + \dots + 9^3 = 2025$, then the approx. value of $(0.11)^3 + (0.22)^3 + \dots + (0.99)^3$ is [SSC CGL-2012]

(a) 0.2695 (b) 0.3695 (c) 2.695 (d) 3.695

44. If the product of first fifty positive consecutive integers be divisible by 7^n , where n is an integer, then the largest possible value of n is [SSC CGL-2014]

(a) 7 (b) 8 (c) 10 (d) 5