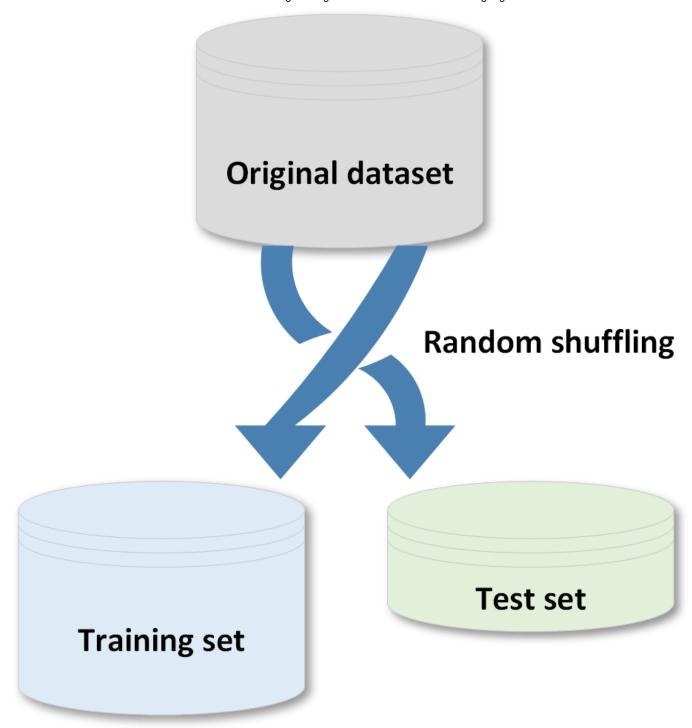


Creating training and test sets

When a dataset is large enough, it's a good practice to split it into training and test sets; the former to be used for training the model and the latter to test its performances. In the following figure, there's a schematic representation of this process:





There are two main rules in performing such an operation:

- ▶ Both datasets must reflect the original distribution
- The original dataset must be randomly shuffled before the split phase in order to avoid a correlation between consequent elements

With scikit-learn, this can be achieved using the train_test_split() function:

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 $from sklearn. \verb|model_selectionimporttrain_test_split|$

>>> X_train, X_test, Y_train, Y_test = train_test_split(X, Y, test_size=0.25, random_state=1000)

The parameter test_size (as well as training_size) allows specifying the percentage of elements to put into the test/training set. In this case, the ratio is 75 percent for training and 25 percent for the test phase. Another important parameter...

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