Exercise Sheet 4

Handout: Oct 12 — Deadline: Oct 19, 4pm

Question 4.1 (0.25 marks) Say whether the following array is a Max-Heap (justify your answer):

34 | 20 | 21 | 16 | 14 | 11 | 3 | 14 | 17 | 13

Question 4.2 (0.25 marks)

Consider the following input for HEAPSORT:

12	10	4	2	9	6	5	25	8
----	----	---	---	---	---	---	----	---

Create a heap from the given array and sort it by executing HEAPSORT. Draw the heap (the tree) after Build-Max-Heap and after every execution of Max-Heapify in line 5 of HEAPSORT. You don't need to draw elements extracted from the heap, but you can if you wish.

Question $4.3 \quad (0.5 \text{ marks})$

- 1. Provide the pseudo-code of a MAX-HEAPIFY (A, i) algorithm that uses a WHILE loop instead of the recursion used by the algorithm shown at lecture.
- 2. Prove correctness of the algorithm by loop invariant.

Question 4.4 (1.25 marks)

- 1. Show that each child of the root of an *n*-node heap is the root of a sub-tree of at most (2/3)n nodes. (HINT: consider that the maximum number of elements in a subtree happens when the left subtree has the last level full and the right tree has the last level empty. You might want to use the formula seen at lecture: $\sum_{i=0}^{k-1} 2^i = 2^k 1$).
- 2. As a consequence of (1) we can use the recurrence equation $T(n) \leq T(2n/3) + \Theta(1)$ to describe the runtime of Max-Heapify(A, n). Prove the runtime of Max-Heapify using the Master Theorem.

Question 4.5 (1 mark)

Argue that the runtime of HEAPSORT on an already sorted array of distinct numbers is $\Omega(n \log n)$.

Question 4.6 (0.25 marks)

Implement HEAPSORT(A, n).