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Stationarity and Linear filters

Quiz, 6 questions

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1.
Does any stochastic process with the covariance function $K(t,s) = \sin(\lambda(t-s))$ exist?

- ☐ Yes
- ☒ No

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2.
Let Y_n be a stochastic process which is defined as follows:

$Y_{n+1} = \alpha Y_n + X_n, n = 0, 1, \dots$ Assume $Y_0 = 0, |\alpha| < 1$ and X_n is a sequence of i.i.d. standard normal random random variables for $n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$ Decide whether Y_n is stationary and find its mean and variance:

- ☐ none of above
- ☐ Y_n is stationary, $\mathbb{E}Y_n = 0, VarY_n = \alpha^2 + 1$
- ☐ Y_n is non-stationary, $\mathbb{E}Y_n = 0, VarY_n = \frac{1}{1-\alpha^2}$
- ☐ Y_n is non-stationary, $\mathbb{E}Y_n = 0, VarY_n = \alpha^2 + 1 + 2K(Y_n, X_n)$
- ☒ Y_n is stationary, $\mathbb{E}Y_n = 0, VarY_n = \frac{1}{1-\alpha^2}$

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3.
Let W_t be a Brownian Motion. Is $X_t = (1-t)W_{t/(1-t)}$ a stationary process?

- ☐ X_t is strictly stationary process
- ☒ X_t is weakly stationary process
- ☐ none of above

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4.
Let W_t be a Brownian Motion and $h > 0$ is a fixed number. Find a covariance function of a process $X_t = W_{t+h} - W_t$:

- ☒ $K(t,s) = \begin{cases} h - |t-s|, & \text{if } |t-s| \leq h \\ 0, & \text{if } |t-s| > h \end{cases}$
- ☐ $K(t,s) = \begin{cases} \min(t,s), & \text{if } |t-s| \leq h \\ 0, & \text{if } |t-s| > h \end{cases}$
- ☐ none of above
- ☐ $K(t,s) = 0 \forall t,s$



1
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Stationarity and Linear filters

Quiz 5, 6 questions

Let X_t is a process with independent and stationary increments. Moreover, $\mathbb{E}X_t = 0$ and $\mathbb{E}X_t^2 < \infty$. Is $Y_t = X_{t+h} - X_t$ is a wide-sense stationary process $\forall h > 0$?

- ☒ Yes
- ☐ No
- ☐ Additional information on X_t is required

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6. Let X_t be a wide-sense stationary process with autocovariance function γ , which equals to $\gamma(0) = 2$, $\gamma(1) = \gamma(-1) = 1$ and $\gamma(n) = 0$ for all other n . Find a spectral density $g_X(u)$ of this process:

- ☒ $g_X(u) = \frac{1 + \cos u}{\pi}$
- ☐ None of above
- ☐ $g_X(u) = \frac{1 + 2\cos u}{\pi}$
- ☐ $g_X(u) = \frac{1 + 2\cos u}{2\pi}$
- ☐ $g_X(u) = \frac{1 + \cos u}{2\pi}$

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