

## ← Gaussian processes

Quiz, 6 questions

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point

1.

Consider the condition from the Kolmogorov continuity theorem:  $\mathbb{E}[|X_t - X_s|^\alpha] \leq K|t - s|^{1+\beta}$ ,  $\forall t, s > 0$ .

For which parameters  $\alpha$ ,  $K$  and  $\beta$  this condition holds, if  $X_t$  is a Brownian motion?

- ☐ none of above
- ☐  $\alpha = 3, K = 3$  and  $\beta = 2$
- ☐  $\alpha = 4, K = 3$  and  $\beta = 1$
- ☐  $\alpha = 4, K = 2$  and  $\beta = 3$

1  
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2.

Choose the right statements about the Brownian motion  $W_t$ :

- ☐  $W_t$  has symmetric distribution for any  $t > 0$
- ☐  $W_t$  has continuous trajectories
- ☐  $W_0 = 0$  almost surely
- ☐  $W_t - W_s \sim N(0, t - s)$
- ☐  $W_t$  has independent increments

1  
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3.

Let  $X_t = e^{W_t}$ . Find mathematical expectation, variance and covariance of this process.

- ☐ none of above
- ☐  $\mathbb{E}[X_t] = e^{t/2}, \text{Var}[X_t] = e^t - e^{t/2}, \text{Cov}(X_t, X_s) = e^{\frac{3s+2t}{2}}$
- ☐  $\mathbb{E}[X_t] = \mathbb{E}[e^{W_t}] = e^{t/2}, \text{Var}[X_t] = e^{2t} - e^t, \text{Cov}(X_t, X_s) = e^{\frac{3s+t}{2}}$
- ☐  $\mathbb{E}[X_t] = \mathbb{E}[e^{W_t}] = e^{t/2}, \text{Var}[X_t] = e^{2t} - e^t, \text{Cov}(X_t, X_s) = e^{\frac{3s+2t}{2}}$

1  
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4.

Let  $W(1)$  and  $W(2)$  be Brownian motions with variances 1 and 2 respectively. Find  $\mathbb{P}\{W(1) + W(2) > 2\}$ .

- ☐  $\Phi\left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}\right)$ , where  $\Phi$  is a normal distribution function
- ☐ none of above

☐  $\Phi\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$ , where  $\Phi$  is a normal distribution function

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☐  $\frac{1}{2}$

1  
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5.

Which properties hold for a covariance function  $K(t, s)$ ?

- ☐  $K$  is positive definite, that is,  $\sum_{j,k} u_j u_k K(t_j, t_k) > 0$ ,  $\forall t_1, \dots, t_n \in \mathbb{R}_+$ ,  $\forall u_1, \dots, u_n \in \mathbb{R}$ ,  $(u_1, \dots, u_n) \neq (0, \dots, 0)$
- ☐ None of above
- ☐  $K$  is positive semidefinite, that is,  $\sum_{j,k} u_j u_k K(t_j, t_k) \geq 0$ ,  $\forall t_1, \dots, t_n \in \mathbb{R}_+$ ,  $\forall u_1, \dots, u_n \in \mathbb{R}$
- ☐  $K$  is symmetric, that is,  $K(t, s) = K(s, t)$ ,  $\forall t, s \in \mathbb{R}_+$

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6.

Let  $W_t$  be a Brownian motion. Which one of the following processes are also Brownian motions?

- ☐  $W_{t+s} - W_s$  with some fixed  $s > 0$
- ☐  $tW_{1/t}$ ,  $t > 0$ , and  $W_0 = 0$
- ☐  $-W_t$
- ☐  $aW_{t/a^2}$  with some fixed  $a \neq 0$ .



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