Solutions

Exercises 2nd Semester

Exercise 3.1 (Authentication Bypass)

#	Username	Password	Created SQL Query	Query Result
1	horst	n@Rd4kAD3m!E	<pre>SELECT id FROM users WHERE name = 'horst' AND password = 'n0Rd4kAD3m!E'</pre>	42
2	•	qwertz	SELECT id FROM users WHERE name = ''' AND password = 'qwertz'	Error
3	¹	abc123	SELECT id FROM users WHERE name = '' AND password = 'abc123'	null

#	Username	Password	Created SQL Query	Query Result
4	horst'	qwertz	<pre>SELECT id FROM users WHERE name = 'horst' AND password = 'qwertz'</pre>	42
5	admin'	<anything></anything>	SELECT id FROM users WHERE name = 'admin'	1
6	' OR 1=1-	<anything></anything>	SELECT id FROM users	1, 2,

Exercise 6.1 (Info. Classification)

Practice	Public	Internal	Confidential	Secret
Publish on Internet	✓	×	×	×
Publish on Intranet	✓	✓	X	X
Print on 🖶	✓	✓	✓ if picked up immediately	✓ on personal or otherwise secured printer

Practice	Public	Internal	Confidential	Secret
Share with third parties	✓	✓ with NDA	✓ with NDA + permission	✓ with NDA + permission
Copy to USB key	✓	✓	✓ with encryption + permission	✓ with encryption + permission

lacktriangledown Many organizations do not allow the use of USB keys **in general**. This kind of restriction would obviously **overrule** any of the above "Copy to USB" assessments with lacktriangledown.

Exercise 6.2 (Data Lifecycle Phases)

Phase Internal		Confidential	Secret
Permanent storage	Access Control(against external access)	AccessControlOAccess logs,Encryption	Access Control, Accesslogs, Encryption
Transfer (internal network)	No restrictions	O Encryption (e.g. TLS)	Encryption (e.g. TLS)O/ End-to-endencryption (e.g. PGP, Signal)

Phase	Internal	Confidential	Secret
Transfer (public network)	O Encryption (e.g. VPN)	O Encryption (e.g. VPN, TLS)	Encryption (e.g. VPN, TLS)O/ End-to-end encryption(e.g. PGP, Signal)
Disposal	No restrictions	Shredding, secure deletion, data wipe	● Shredding, secure deletion, data wipe O/● Destroy medium physically (ヘ, ♣)

i For "Public" data no restrictions for any lifecycle phases apply.

Exercise 8.2 (ArrayList Deserialization)

```
/**
 * The maximum size of array to allocate.
 * Some VMs reserve some header words in an array.
 * Attempts to allocate larger arrays may result in
 * OutOfMemoryError: Requested array size exceeds VM limit
 */
private static final int MAX_ARRAY_SIZE = Integer.MAX_VALUE - 8;
```

Whenever an OutOfMemoryError occurs, the affected JVM crashes.

Exercise 8.3 (HashSet Deserialization)

With its members recursively linked to each other, when deserializing root, the JVM will begin creating a recursive object graph. It will never complete, and consume CPU indefinitely.

If you view this as a PDF, zoom in as much as possible on the above code snippet to get an idea what is going on. You might want to look at the original Markdown file to actually be able to read something.

Exercise 9.1 (Protection Req. Calc.)

Aspect / Application	Website	VCS	Webshop	B2B API
Business criticality	2 🔷	1 🛡	5	2 🔷
Information classification	0	2 🔷	2 🔷	2 🔷
Compliance requirements	0	0	2 🔷	1 🛡
Exposure to threats	5	1 🛡	5	5
Authentication mechanism	0	-2	-1 🔷	-1 🔷
Total Score	7 🔷	2 🖤	13	9 🔷
Rating	Medium	Low	High	Medium

Exercise 9.2 (OWASP Benchmark)



