Section 01: Introduction to JavaScript

Learning Outcomes

This section includes a high-level introduction to JavaScript and the Document Object Model or DOM.

- · High-level intro to JavaScript features
- · Where JavaScript is added in an HTML file
- Intro to Document Object Model (DOM)

Resources

- 1. JavaScript Home https://www.w3schools.com/js/default.asp
- 2. JavaScript Introduction https://www.w3schools.com/js/js_intro.asp
- 3. Where To Add JavaScript? https://www.w3schools.com/js/js_whereto.asp
- 4. Document Object Model (DOM) https://www.w3schools.com/js/js_htmldom.asp

1. Home: Why Study JavaScript?

- · JavaScript is the world's most popular programming language.
- JavaScript is the programming language of the Web.
- · JavaScript is easy to learn.

JavaScript is one of the 3 languages all web developers must learn:

- 1. HTML to define the content of web pages.
- 2. CSS to specify the layout of web pages.
- 3. JavaScript to program the behavior of web pages.

2. Introduction - What can JavaScript do?

JavaScript Can Change HTML Content

One of many JavaScript HTML methods is getElementById() .

The example below "finds" an HTML element (with id="demo"), and changes the element content (innerHTML) to "Hello JavaScript":

document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML = "Hello JavaScript";

In this example JavaScript changes the value of the src (source) attribute of an tag:

Link: https://www.w3schools.com/js/tryit.asp?filename=tryjs_intro_lightbulb

JavaScript Can Change HTML Styles (CSS)

Changing the style of an HTML element, is a variant of changing an HTML attribute:

```
document.getElementById("demo").style.fontSize = "35px";
```

JavaScript Can Show / Hide HTML Elements

Showing/Hiding HTML elements can be done by changing the display style:

```
document.getElementById("demo").style.display = "none"; // hide
document.getElementById("demo").style.display = "block"; // show
```

3. Where To Add JavaScript?

The <script> Tag

In HTML, JavaScript code is inserted between <script></script> tags.

JavaScript Functions and Events

A JavaScript function is a block of JavaScript code, that can be executed when "called" for. For example, a function can be called when an event occurs, like when the user clicks a button.

JavaScript in <head> or <body>

You can place any number of scripts in an HTML document. Scripts can be placed in the <body> , or in the <head> section of an HTML page, or in both.

External JavaScript

Scripts can also be placed in external files. External scripts are practical when the same code is used in multiple web pages.

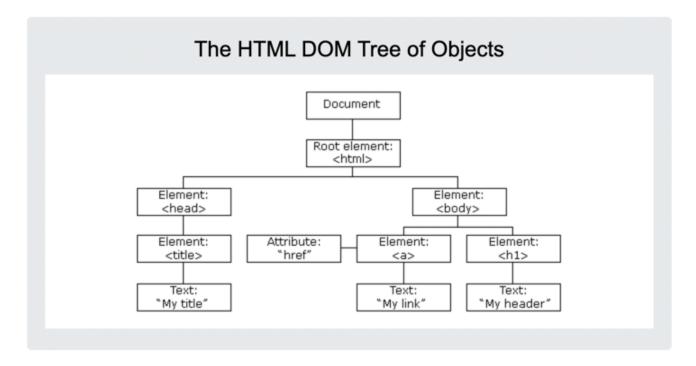
A JavaScript file has the file extension .js . To use an external script, put the name of the script file in the src (source) attribute of a <script> tag:

<script src="myScript.js"></script>

4. Document Object Model (DOM)

When a web page is loaded, the browser creates a <code>Document Object Model</code> of the page. The <code>HTML DOM model</code> is constructed as a tree of <code>Objects</code>. Elements are the tree of html tags. Elements can have attributes such as <code>href</code>, <code>id</code>, or <code>class</code>.

Dynamic web applications use JavaScript to access and manipulate objects in the DOM in different ways.



- JavaScript can change all the HTML elements in the page
- JavaScript can change all the HTML attributes in the page
- JavaScript can change all the CSS styles in the page
- JavaScript can remove existing HTML elements and attributes
- JavaScript can add new HTML elements and attributes
- JavaScript can react to all existing HTML events in the page
- · JavaScript can create new HTML events in the page

 $\textbf{More Info: } https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/API/Document_Object_Model/Introduction$