

Unit 4测试 错题整理

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I. Grammar and Vocabulary

Section A: Multiple Choice

1. +++++ the company puts it, the more use of the Internet the greater demand for painters.

A. When **B. As** C. If D. Since

主句描述的是一种**phenomenon**, as在此处指代后面整句（如as we know, as he said等）。put在此处的含义为**express** 表达: (as sb. put it)

put

- vt. (place) 安置 *person*; 放 *object, feet*
- vt. (affix) 安装
- vt. (cause to be or do) 使处于...状态
- vt. (cause to have) 产生 *gloss*; 留下 *edge, hole*
- vt. (rate) 给...评级
- **vt. (express) 表达 *thoughts, feelings*; 提出 *argument, proposal***
 - **as the poet puts it, ...** 正像诗人所说的那样, ...
 - **to put it bluntly, ...** 直截了当地说, ...
 - **that's one way of putting it** 这是一种说法
 - **to put sth into ...; 用...表达某事物 *words, music*** 把某物翻译成 *bǎ mǒu wù fānyì chéng* *another language*
 - **to put sth in a few words** 简述某事
 - **how would you put that in Chinese?** 这个用汉语怎么说?
 - **nicely put!** 说得好!
- vt. (thrust) 塞 *object*
- vt. (devote, invest) 投入 *money, time, energy*
- vt. (wager) 赌
- vt. (assign) 确定; (attribute) 认定
- vt. (impose) 施加
- vt. (add) 增加 *money, savings*
- vt. (write) 写出 *name, initials, punctuation mark*; 画出 *cross, mark*
- vt. (offer for consideration) 提出...供考虑 *argument, proposal*
- vt. (estimate) 估计

11. How many of the following sentences are CORRECT?

- Since the plants may not survive from the frost, we'd better keep them in a greenhouse.
- Due to the rationing of goods, the kids had no choice but to have dry sandwich in lunch.
- In official occasions, boys are expected to wear smart suits, shirts with collars and ties.

- Highclere is one of the most expensive houses in Britain that worth more than 150 million pounds.

A. 0 B. 1 C. 2 D. 3

- Since the plants may not **survive from the frost**, we'd better keep them in a greenhouse.

survive

- vi. «person, animal, plant, project, government» 存留; «custom, belief» 遗存
 - to survive on sth 靠某物活下去
 - you haven't had any lunch! — don't worry, I'll survive 你还没吃午饭! ——别担心, 我活得下去
- vt. (live through) 经历...而幸存 *«heart attack, winter, flood, fire, crisis, recession»*
- vt. (outlive) 比...活得长
 - she is survived by three daughters 她身后留下3个女儿
 - to survive sb by 10 years 比某人多活10年
- Due to the rationing of goods, the kids had no choice but to have **a dry sandwich / dry sandwiches dry sandwich in for lunch**.
- ~~In~~ **On official occasions**, boys are expected to wear smart suits, shirts with collars and ties.
- Highclere is one of the most expensive houses in Britain that **is worth** more than 150 million pounds.

(of specified financial value) to be worth sth; 值某金额

Section B

21. If more museums ++**were to adopt**++ free admission policies, support mechanisms would need to be in place.

would need to be in place 虚拟语态, 使用**be to adapt**, 故为**were to adapt**。

III. Fill in the blanks with proper forms of the given words.

adept credit extract hail relentless

54. The Paris agreement has been widely ++**hailed**++ as a positive step forward in addressing climate change for all.
57. ++**Relentless**++ in his pursuit of quality, his technical ability was remarkable.
58. As time goes by, he becomes increasingly ++**adept**++ at keeping his private life out of the media.

hail:

- vt. (call) 招呼 *«person, ship»*
 - within hailing distance 在听得见招呼的距离内
- vt. (flag down) 打手势叫住 *«taxi, driver»*
- vt. (acclaim) 称颂
 - **to be hailed as sth; 被誉为 «a masterpiece, the hero»**
 - to be hailed as the new leader 被拥立为新领袖
- vi.

- to hail from ...; «person, ship» 来自...
- exclamation archaic 欢迎
 - hail the conquering hero! 向所向披靡的英雄致敬!

relentless:

- **adj. (never-ending)** 没完没了的 *«noise, storm»*; 持续的 *«pressure, thirst, heat»*; 不懈的 *«pursuit, ambition»*
- **adj. (implacable)** 无情的 *«enemy, cruelty, advance»*; (inflexible) 固执的 *«hostility»*

adept:

- **adj. 熟练的**
 - **to be adept at sth/doing sth;** 擅长某事/做某事
- **n. 能手**
 - an adept in or at sth 某方面的行家

IV. Translation

62. 省力的家电与无忧无虑的生活之间关联不大。(contribute)

Labour-saving domestic appliances contribute little to a **trouble-free** life.

63. Lyn 一家在后院挖了个防空洞*以防敌军在他们国土上投掷炸弹。(in case)

The Lyns dug a hole in the backyard **in case** the enemies should drop bombs over their homeland.

64. 这个城堡能吸引成百上千万游客的原因是它也是很多电视剧的拍摄地。(where)

The reason why the castle attracts millions of travellers is that it's also **where many TV series are filmed**.

65. 这个实验的目的是探索究竟是什么给我们的生活带来了这么翻天覆地的变化。(purpose)

The purpose of the experiment is to explore **what on earth** has **brought about** such dramatic change to our daily life.

66. 战时物资匮乏，政府不得已对诸如汽油、煤炭等必需品实施定量配给政策。(such..that)

There was such **a severe shortage of goods** during the war that the government had to ration the **necessities** such as petrol and coal.