CS6888 Software Analysis HW1 report

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1. Specify the machine, OS, and the versions of AFL and TCC used.

Machine1: google cloud n1-standard-1 1 vCPU, 3.75 GB memory

OS: Ubuntu 18.04.4 LTS (GNU/Linux 5.3.0-1018-gcp x86_64)

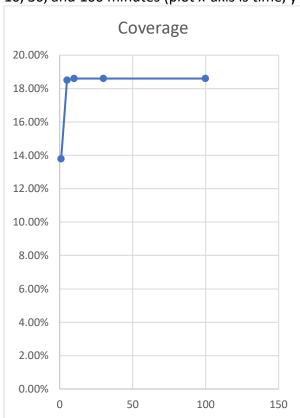
AFL: 2.52b TCC: 0..6.2

Machine2: google cloud e2-highcpu-4 4 vCPU, 4 GB memory

OS: Ubuntu 18.04.4 LTS

AFL: 2.52b TCC: 0..6.2

2. Plot the line coverage achieved by AFL when running the provided sample program for 1, 5, 10, 30, and 100 minutes (plot x-axis is time, y-axis is coverage). Discuss what you observe.



1min 13.8% 1699/12310; 5min 18.5% 2273/12310; 10min 18.6% 2288/12310; 30min 18.6% 2293/12310; 100min 18.6% 2293/12310

I find that before 5min, the line coverage grows rapidly. But after it is over 18.5%, it almost stays there.

It may be caused by the limitation of new line generation. Since the testcase is only 1, AFL could only generate limited types of new lines. After the new lines increases to a certain amount, it's hard to generate new lines.

- 3. Explain the strategies used to increase the coverage generated by the Fuzzer.
 - Increase the testcase number but keep the size small:
 I have searched different types of C program(https://github.com/Ratheshprabakar/C-Complete-practice), and put it in the testcase. But the coverage is always 47%~49%. I think the reason is the Basic Block of this practice is too simple and similar. So I add

- some complex questions like DFS, DP, C pointers. After this implementation, the coverage increases to 50.8% in 30 minutes.
- Parallelize the fuzzers
 I rent a 4 cpus server provided by Google cloud. In 30 minutes, the coverage increases to 53%.

afl-fuzz -M fuzzer1 -i /usr/local/share/aflIO/afl-input -o /usr/local/share/aflIO/afl-output /usr/local/share/tcc-0.9.27/tcc @@

afl-fuzz -S fuzzer2 -i /usr/local/share/aflIO/afl-input -o /usr/local/share/aflIO/afl-output /usr/local/share/tcc-0.9.27/tcc @@

afl-fuzz -S fuzzer3 -i /usr/local/share/aflIO/afl-input -o /usr/local/share/aflIO/afl-output /usr/local/share/tcc-0.9.27/tcc @@

afl-fuzz -S fuzzer4 -i /usr/local/share/aflIO/afl-input -o /usr/local/share/aflIO/afl-output /usr/local/share/tcc-0.9.27/tcc @@

- Add parameter
 I use some suggestion about keep memory use and timeouts. Add -m [memory] -t [time]. But no difference.
- 4. Provide the LCOV code coverage report (screenshot of the tool output is sufficient) after implementing those strategies. If you found any failures, please explain how they manifested and what input led to them.



LCOV - code coverage report

Generated by: LCOV version 1.12

Unfortunately, AFL doesn't find bugs in the tcc.

5. Discuss what strategies were the most cost-effective and explain why that was the case. I think add small size testcase is the most cost-effective strategy and this method is actually the best performance method.

Because the AFL will select favored testcase. As we talked in our class, if the testcase is "interesting", it will more likely to generate more new lines and find bugs. Different BBs, lines, edges will help AFL to generate more lines to cover more lines of source code.

6. Name the functions not being covered in the "tccgen.c", "tccpp.c", and "tccrun.c" files, and explain why they are not covered and what it would take to cover it. In tccgen.c:

Function name	Describtion	Why not cover	How to cover
ST_FUNC int	It is to avoid potential	Type 1: no valid	Solution1: spcial
ieee_finite(double d)	problems with non	input	testcase
	standard math libs	We have	Import some
		defined libs for	testcase using
		Math. And all	undefined Math
		testcase follow	lib.
		standard c libs.	
ST_FUNC void vrote (SValue	rotate the n elements	Type2: linked	Solution2: make
*e, int n)	before entry e towards	func not run	link func run
	the top	This function	Cover the vrott
		only used by the	function will
		vrott function	cover this
			function
ST_FUNC void	push type size as	Type2: linked	
vla_runtime_type_size(CType	known at runtime time	func not run	Solution2: make
*type, int *a)	on top of value stack.	Other functions	link func run
	Put alignment at 'a'	using this	
		function is not	
		covered	
ST_FUNC void vrott(int n)	rotate n first stack	Type2: linked	Solution1: spcial
	elements to the top	func not run	testcase

In tccpp.c:

Function name	Describtion	Why not cover	How to cover
cstr_wccat(CString *cstr, int	add a wide char	The input string	Solution1: spcial
ch)		is not long	testcase
		enough, jumped	
add_char(CString *cstr, int c)		Related to go-to	Solution3: goto
		statement	statement is
			harmful, change
Sym *label_find(int v)	label lookup	Type 3: No func	Solution4: Make
		use this func	other func use it
Sym *label_push(Sym		Type 3: No func	Solution4: Make
**ptop, int v, int flags)		use this func	other func use it
int tcc_preprocess(TCCState	Preprocess the current	Type 3: No func	Solution4: Make
*s1)	file	use this func	other func use it

In tccrun.c:

Function name	Describtion	Why not cover	How to cover
tcc_set_num_callers(int n)		Type 3: No func	Solution4: Make
		use this func	other func use it

Bonus question:

I want to test https://github.com/BennyQBD/CGFX5 But failed... May be not compiled correct.

Compile CGFX5:

```
export CC=/usr/local/share/afl-2.52b/afl-gcc CXX=/usr/local/share/afl-2.52b/afl-gcc
```

install dependencies mkdir build cd build

cmake ../

make

Compile CGFX5-cov:

for cov:

export CC=/usr/bin/gcc5.4.0 CXX=/usr/bin/g++5.4.0

install dependencies mkdir build cd build cmake ../

```
make

root@cs6888:/usr/local/share/CGFX5# cd build
root@cs6888:/usr/local/share/CGFX5/build# cmake ../

-- The C compiler identification is GNU 5.4.0

-- The CXX compiler identification is GNU 5.4.0

-- Check for working C compiler: /usr/local/share/afl-2.52b/afl-gcc

-- Check for working C compiler: /usr/local/share/afl-2.52b/afl-gcc

-- Check for working C compiler: /usr/local/share/afl-2.52b/afl-gcc

-- Detecting C compile ABI info

-- Detecting C compile features

-- Detecting C compile features

-- Detecting C compile features - done

-- Check for working CXX compiler: /usr/local/share/afl-2.52b/afl-g++

-- Check for working CXX compiler: /usr/local/share/afl-2.52b/afl-g++

-- Check for working CXX compiler: /usr/local/share/afl-2.52b/afl-g++

-- Detecting CXX compiler ABI info

-- Detecting CXX compile features

-- Dotecting CXX compile f
```

Fuzz result:

```
[-] Oops, the program crashed with one of the test cases provided. There are several possible explanations:

- The test case causes known crashes under normal working conditions. If so, please remove it. The fuzzer should be seeded with interesting inputs - but not ones that cause an outright crash.

- The current memory limit (300 MB) is too low for this program, causing it to die due to OOM when parsing valid files. To fix this, try bumping it up with the -m setting in the command line. If in doubt, try something along the lines of:

( ulimit -Sv $[299 << 10]; /path/to/binary [...] <testcase )

Tip: you can use http://jwilk.net/software/recidivm to quickly estimate the required amount of virtual memory for the binary. Also, if you are using ASAN, see /usr/local/share/doc/afl/notes_for_asan.txt.

- Least likely, there is a horrible bug in the fuzzer. If other options fail, poke <lcamtuf@coredump.cx> for troubleshooting tips.

[-] PROGRAM ABORT : Test case 'id:000000,orig:vecmath_tests.cpp' results in a crash Location : perform_dry_run(), afl-fuzz.c:2852
```

```
    [-] Looks like there are no valid test cases in the input directory! The fuzzer needs one or more test case to start with - ideally, a small file under 1 kB or so. The cases must be stored as regular files directly in the input directory.
    [-] PROGRAM ABORT : No usable test cases in '/usr/local/share/CGFXIO/afl-input' Location : read_testcases(), afl-fuzz.c:1496
```