The homogenous form of x-3y+4=0 is  $x_1-3x_2+4x_3=0$ , which is  $(1,-3,4)^T$ .

And the homogenous coordinate of the infinity line is  $(0,0,1)^T$ .

Then we can caculate the infinity point of the line by

get its intersection with the infinity line.

$$egin{aligned} (1,-3,4)^T imes (0,0,1)^T &= egin{array}{ccc} i & j & k \ 1 & -3 & 4 \ 0 & 0 & 1 \ \end{array} \ &= egin{array}{cccc} -3 & 4 \ 0 & 1 \ \end{vmatrix} i + egin{array}{cccc} 4 & 1 \ 1 & 0 \ \end{vmatrix} j + egin{array}{cccc} 1 & -3 \ 0 & 0 \ \end{vmatrix} k \ &= -3i - j + 0k \end{aligned}$$

So the the homogeneous coordinate of the infinity point of this line is  $k(-3,-1,0)(k\neq 0)$ , or more safely  $(\frac{-3}{\sqrt{10}},\frac{-1}{\sqrt{10}},0)$ 

## Q2

Let 
$$A(x_1, y_1, z_1), B(x_2, y_2, z_2), C(x_3, y_3, z_3), D(x_4, y_4, z_4)$$
.

They form three vectors which are  $a(x_2-x_1,y_2-y_1,z_2-z_1)$ ,  $b(x_3-x_1,y_3-y_1,z_3-z_1)$ ,  $c(x_4-x_1,y_4-y_1,z_4-z_1)$ .

We know that:

a,b,c are coplanar  $\Leftrightarrow$  (a,b,c)=0

What is more:

$$(a,b,c) = egin{array}{cccc} x_2-x_1 & y_2-y_1 & z_2-z_1 \ x_3-x_1 & y_3-y_1 & z_3-z_1 \ x_4-x_1 & y_4-y_1 & z_4-z_1 \ \end{array}$$

So we have:

$$a,b,c$$
 are coplanar  $\Leftrightarrow egin{array}{c|ccc} x_2-x_1 & y_2-y_1 & z_2-z_1 \ x_3-x_1 & y_3-y_1 & z_3-z_1 \ x_4-x_1 & y_4-y_1 & z_4-z_1 \ \end{array} = 0$ 

We have:

$$\begin{vmatrix} x_1 & y_1 & z_1 & 1 \\ x_2 & y_2 & z_2 & 1 \\ x_3 & y_3 & z_3 & 1 \\ x_4 & y_4 & z_4 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} x_1 & y_1 & z_1 & 1 \\ x_2 - x_1 & y_2 - y_1 & z_2 - z_1 & 0 \\ x_3 - x_1 & y_3 - y_1 & z_3 - z_1 & 0 \\ x_4 - x_1 & y_4 - y_1 & z_4 - z_1 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= (-1)^5 * \begin{vmatrix} x_2 - x_1 & y_2 - y_1 & z_2 - z_1 \\ x_3 - x_1 & y_3 - y_1 & z_3 - z_1 \\ x_4 - x_1 & y_4 - y_1 & z_4 - z_1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= - \begin{vmatrix} x_2 - x_1 & y_2 - y_1 & z_2 - z_1 \\ x_3 - x_1 & y_3 - y_1 & z_3 - z_1 \\ x_4 - x_1 & y_4 - y_1 & z_4 - z_1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= - \begin{vmatrix} x_1 & y_1 & z_1 & 1 \\ x_2 & y_2 & z_2 & 1 \\ x_3 & y_3 & z_3 & 1 \\ x_4 & y_4 & z_4 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 0$$
So  $a, b, c$  are coplanar  $\Leftrightarrow \begin{vmatrix} x_1 & y_1 & z_1 & 1 \\ x_2 & y_2 & z_2 & 1 \\ x_3 & y_3 & z_3 & 1 \\ x_4 & y_4 & z_4 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 0$ 

## Q3

Based on the conditions, the process of the caculation is as follow:

$$egin{aligned} rac{\mathrm{d}p_d}{\mathrm{d}p_n^T} &= egin{bmatrix} rac{\partial x_d}{\partial x} & rac{\partial x_d}{\partial y} \ rac{\partial y_d}{\partial x} & rac{\partial y_d}{\partial y} \end{bmatrix} \ r^2 &= x^2 + y^2 \ rac{\partial r^2}{\partial x} &= 2x \ rac{\partial r^2}{\partial y} &= 2y \end{aligned}$$

(1):

$$\begin{split} \frac{\partial x_d}{\partial x} &= \frac{\partial [x + k_1 r^2 x + k_2 (r^2)^2 x + 2\rho_1 xy + \rho_2 r^2 + 2\rho_2 x^2 + k_3 x (r^2)^3]}{\partial x} \\ &= 1 + k_1 (r^2 + 2x^2) + k_2 [r^4 + x (2r^2 * 2x)] + 2\rho_1 y + 2\rho_2 x + 4\rho_2 x + k_3 [r^6 + x (3r^4 * 2x)] \\ &= 1 + (r^2 + 2x^2) k_1 + (r^4 + 4r^2 x^2) k_2 + 2\rho_1 y + 6\rho_2 x + (r^6 + 6r^4 x^2) k_3 \end{split}$$

(2):

$$\begin{split} \frac{\partial x_d}{\partial y} &= \frac{\partial [x + k_1 r^2 x + k_2 (r^2)^2 x + 2\rho_1 xy + \rho_2 r^2 + 2\rho_2 x^2 + k_3 x (r^2)^3]}{\partial y} \\ &= 2k_1 xy + k_2 x * 2r^2 * 2y + 2\rho_1 x + 2\rho_2 y + k_3 x * 3r^4 * 2y \\ &= 2xyk_1 + 4r^2 xyk_2 + 2\rho_1 x + 2\rho_2 y + 6xyr^4 k_3 \end{split}$$

(3):

$$\frac{\partial y_d}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial [y + k_1 r^2 y + k_2 (r^2)^2 y + 2\rho_2 xy + \rho_1 r^2 + 2\rho_1 y^2 + k_3 y (r^2)^3]}{\partial x}$$

$$= 2k_1 xy + k_2 y * 2r^2 * 2x + 2\rho_1 y + 2\rho_2 x + k_3 y * 3r^4 * 2x$$

$$= 2xyk_1 + 4r^2 xyk_2 + 2\rho_2 y + 2\rho_1 x + 6xyr^4 k_3$$

(4):

$$\begin{split} \frac{\partial y_d}{\partial y} &= \frac{\partial [y + k_1 r^2 y + k_2 (r^2)^2 y + 2\rho_2 xy + \rho_1 r^2 + 2\rho_1 y^2 + k_3 y (r^2)^3]}{\partial y} \\ &= 1 + k_1 (r^2 + 2y^2) + k_2 [r^4 + y (2r^2 * 2y)] + 2\rho_2 x + 2\rho_1 y + 4\rho_1 y + k_3 [r^6 + y (3r^4 * 2y)] \\ &= 1 + (r^2 + 2y^2) k_1 + (r^4 + 4r^2 y^2) k_2 + 2\rho_2 x + 6\rho_1 y + (r^6 + 6r^4 y^2) k_3 \end{split}$$

So

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}p_d}{\mathrm{d}p_n^T} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 + (r^2 + 2x^2)k_1 + (r^4 + 4r^2x^2)k_2 + 2\rho_1y + 6\rho_2x + (r^6 + 6r^4x^2)k_3 & 2xyk_1 + 4r^2xyk_2 + 2\rho_1x + 2\rho_2y + 6xyr^4k_3 \\ 2xyk_1 + 4r^2xyk_2 + 2\rho_2y + 2\rho_1x + 6xyr^4k_3 & 1 + (r^2 + 2y^2)k_1 + (r^4 + 4r^2y^2)k_2 + 2\rho_2x + 6\rho_1y + (r^6 + 6r^4y^2)k_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

## **Q4**

Because n is a 3D unit vector and  $r=\theta n=egin{bmatrix} r_1 \\ r_2 \\ r_3 \end{bmatrix}$  , we have:

$$n_1^2 + n_2^2 + n_3^2 = 1$$
  
 $r_1^2 + r_2^2 + r_3^2 = \theta^2$ 

Based on Rodrigues formula:

$$R = cos\theta + (1 - cos\theta)nn^T + sin\theta n^{\hat{}}$$

Let  $sin\theta = \alpha, cos\theta = \beta, 1 - cos\theta = \gamma$ , we have:

$$\begin{split} R &= \beta + \gamma n n^T + \alpha n^{\hat{}} \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} \beta & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \beta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \beta \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} \gamma n_1^2 & \gamma n_1 n_2 & \gamma n_1 n_3 \\ \gamma n_1 n_2 & \gamma n_2^2 & \gamma n_2 n_3 \\ \gamma n_1 n_3 & \gamma n_2 n_3 & \gamma n_3^2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -\alpha n_3 & \alpha n_2 \\ \alpha n_3 & 0 & -\alpha n_1 \\ -\alpha n_2 & \alpha n_1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} \beta + \gamma n_1^2 & \gamma n_1 n_2 - \alpha n_3 & \gamma n_1 n_3 + \alpha n_2 \\ \alpha n_3 + \gamma n_1 n_2 & \beta + \gamma n_2^2 & \gamma n_2 n_3 - \alpha n_1 \\ \gamma n_1 n_3 - \alpha n_2 & \gamma n_2 n_3 + \alpha n_1 & \beta + \gamma n_3^2 \end{bmatrix} \end{split}$$

Let  $u=(R_{11},R_{12},R_{13},R_{21},R_{22},R_{23},R_{31},R_{32},R_{33})$ , we have:

$$rac{\mathrm{d}u}{\mathrm{d}r^T} = egin{bmatrix} rac{\partial R_{11}}{\partial r_1} & rac{\partial R_{11}}{\partial r_2} & rac{\partial R_{11}}{\partial r_3} \ \dots & \dots & \dots \ rac{\partial R_{33}}{\partial r_1} & rac{\partial R_{33}}{\partial r_2} & rac{\partial R_{33}}{\partial r_3} \end{bmatrix}_{9 imes3}$$

(1):

$$egin{aligned} rac{\partial R_{11}}{\partial r_1} &= rac{\partial [eta + \gamma rac{r_1^2}{ heta^2}]}{\partial r_1} \ &= (rac{2\gamma}{ heta} - lpha) n_1 (n_2^2 + n_3^2) \end{aligned}$$

(2):

$$egin{aligned} rac{\partial R_{11}}{\partial r_2} &= rac{\partial [eta + \gamma rac{r_1^2}{ heta^2}]}{\partial r_2} \ &= lpha n_2 (n_1^2 - 1) - rac{2 \gamma n_1^2 n_2}{ heta} \end{aligned}$$

(3):

$$egin{aligned} rac{\partial R_{11}}{\partial r_3} &= rac{\partial [eta + \gamma rac{r_1^2}{ heta^2}]}{\partial r_3} \ &= lpha n_3 (n_1^2 - 1) - rac{2 \gamma n_1^2 n_3}{ heta} \end{aligned}$$

(4):

$$\begin{split} \frac{\partial R_{12}}{\partial r_1} &= \frac{\partial \left[\gamma \frac{r_1 r_2}{\theta^2} - \alpha \frac{r_3}{\theta}\right]}{\partial r_1} \\ &= \frac{1}{\theta} \left[ (\alpha \theta - 2\gamma) n_1^2 n_2 + \gamma n_2 - (\beta \theta - \alpha) n_1 n_3 \right] \end{split}$$

(5):

$$\begin{split} \frac{\partial R_{12}}{\partial r_2} &= \frac{\partial [\gamma \frac{r_1 r_2}{\theta^2} - \alpha \frac{r_3}{\theta}]}{\partial r_2} \\ &= \frac{1}{\theta} [(\alpha \theta - 2\gamma) n_2^2 n_1 + \gamma n_1 - (\beta \theta - \alpha) n_2 n_3] \end{split}$$

(6):

$$egin{aligned} rac{\partial R_{12}}{\partial r_3} &= rac{\partial [\gamma rac{r_1 r_2}{ heta^2} - lpha rac{r_3}{ heta}]}{\partial r_3} \ &= rac{1}{ heta} [(lpha heta - 2\gamma) n_1 n_2 n_3 - (eta heta - lpha) n_3^2 - lpha] \end{aligned}$$

(7):

$$\begin{split} \frac{\partial R_{13}}{\partial r_1} &= \frac{\partial \left[\gamma \frac{r_1 r_3}{\theta^2} + \alpha \frac{r_2}{\theta}\right]}{\partial r_1} \\ &= \frac{1}{\theta} \left[ (\alpha \theta - 2\gamma) n_1^2 n_3 + n_3 \gamma + (\beta \theta - \alpha) n_1 n_2 \right] \end{split}$$

(8):

$$egin{aligned} rac{\partial R_{13}}{\partial r_2} &= rac{\partial [\gamma rac{r_1 r_3}{ heta^2} + lpha rac{r_2}{ heta}]}{\partial r_2} \ &= rac{1}{ heta} [(lpha heta - 2\gamma) n_1 n_2 n_3 + (eta heta - lpha) n_2^2 + lpha] \end{aligned}$$

(9):

$$egin{aligned} rac{\partial R_{13}}{\partial r_3} &= rac{\partial [\gamma rac{r_1 r_3}{ heta^2} + lpha rac{r_2}{ heta}]}{\partial r_3} \ &= rac{1}{ heta} [(lpha heta - 2\gamma) n_3^2 n_1 + n_1 \gamma + (eta heta - lpha) n_2 n_3] \end{aligned}$$

We can find some patterns in the process of the calculation, so we can easily get:

(10):

$$egin{aligned} rac{\partial R_{21}}{\partial r_1} &= rac{\partial [\gamma rac{r_1 r_2}{ heta^2} + lpha rac{r_3}{ heta}]}{\partial r_1} \ &= rac{1}{ heta} [(lpha heta - 2\gamma) n_1^2 n_2 + n_2 \gamma + (eta heta - lpha) n_1 n_3] \end{aligned}$$

(11):

$$egin{aligned} rac{\partial R_{21}}{\partial r_2} &= rac{\partial [\gamma rac{r_1 r_2}{ heta^2} + lpha rac{r_3}{ heta}]}{\partial r_2} \ &= rac{1}{ heta} [(lpha heta - 2\gamma) n_2^2 n_1 + n_1 \gamma + (eta heta - lpha) n_2 n_3] \end{aligned}$$

(12):

$$egin{aligned} rac{\partial R_{21}}{\partial r_3} &= rac{\partial [\gamma rac{r_1 r_2}{ heta^2} + lpha rac{r_3}{ heta}]}{\partial r_3} \ &= rac{1}{ heta} [(lpha heta - 2\gamma) n_1 n_2 n_3 + (eta heta - lpha) n_3^2 + lpha] \end{aligned}$$

(13):

$$egin{align} rac{\partial R_{22}}{\partial r_1} &= rac{\partial [eta + \gamma rac{r_2^2}{ heta^2}]}{\partial r_1} \ &= lpha n_1 (n_2^2 - 1) - rac{2 \gamma n_2^2 n_1}{ heta} 
onumber \end{aligned}$$

(14):

$$egin{aligned} rac{\partial R_{22}}{\partial r_2} &= rac{\partial [eta + \gamma rac{r_2^2}{ heta^2}]}{\partial r_2} \ &= (rac{2\gamma}{ heta} - lpha) n_2 (n_1^2 + n_3^2) \end{aligned}$$

(15):

$$egin{aligned} rac{\partial R_{22}}{\partial r_3} &= rac{\partial [eta + \gamma rac{r_2^2}{ heta^2}]}{\partial r_3} \ &= lpha n_3 (n_2^2 - 1) - rac{2 \gamma n_2^2 n_3}{ heta} \end{aligned}$$

(16):

$$egin{aligned} rac{\partial R_{23}}{\partial r_1} &= rac{\partial [\gamma rac{r_3 r_2}{ heta^2} - lpha rac{r_3}{ heta}]}{\partial r_1} \ &= rac{1}{ heta} [(lpha heta - 2\gamma) n_1 n_2 n_3 - (eta heta - lpha) n_1^2 - lpha] \end{aligned}$$

(17):

$$egin{aligned} rac{\partial R_{23}}{\partial r_2} &= rac{\partial [\gamma rac{r_3 r_2}{ heta^2} - lpha rac{r_1}{ heta}]}{\partial r_2} \ &= rac{1}{ heta} [(lpha heta - 2\gamma) n_2^2 n_3 + \gamma n_3 - (eta heta - lpha) n_2 n_1] \end{aligned}$$

(18):

$$egin{aligned} rac{\partial R_{23}}{\partial r_3} &= rac{\partial \left[ \gamma rac{r_3 r_2}{ heta^2} - lpha rac{r_1}{ heta} 
ight]}{\partial r_3} \ &= rac{1}{ heta} [(lpha heta - 2\gamma) n_3^2 n_2 + \gamma n_2 - (eta heta - lpha) n_1 n_3] \end{aligned}$$

(19):

$$egin{aligned} rac{\partial R_{31}}{\partial r_1} &= rac{\partial [\gamma rac{r_1 r_3}{ heta^2} - lpha rac{r_2}{ heta}]}{\partial r_1} \ &= rac{1}{ heta} [(lpha heta - 2\gamma) n_1^2 n_3 + \gamma n_3 - (eta heta - lpha) n_1 n_2] \end{aligned}$$

(20):

$$egin{aligned} rac{\partial R_{31}}{\partial r_2} &= rac{\partial [\gamma rac{r_1 r_3}{ heta^2} - lpha rac{r_2}{ heta}]}{\partial r_2} \ &= rac{1}{ heta} [(lpha heta - 2\gamma) n_1 n_2 n_3 - (eta heta - lpha) n_2^2 - lpha] \end{aligned}$$

(21):

$$egin{aligned} rac{\partial R_{31}}{\partial r_3} &= rac{\partial [\gamma rac{r_1 r_3}{ heta^2} - lpha rac{r_2}{ heta}]}{\partial r_3} \ &= rac{1}{ heta} [(lpha heta - 2\gamma) n_3^2 n_1 + \gamma n_1 - (eta heta - lpha) n_2 n_3] \end{aligned}$$

(22):

$$egin{aligned} rac{\partial R_{32}}{\partial r_1} &= rac{\partial [\gamma rac{r_2 r_3}{ heta^2} + lpha rac{r_1}{ heta}]}{\partial r_1} \ &= rac{1}{ heta} [(lpha heta - 2\gamma) n_1 n_2 n_3 + (eta heta - lpha) n_1^2 + lpha] \end{aligned}$$

(23):

$$egin{aligned} rac{\partial R_{32}}{\partial r_2} &= rac{\partial [\gamma rac{r_2 r_3}{ heta^2} + lpha rac{r_1}{ heta}]}{\partial r_2} \ &= rac{1}{ heta} [(lpha heta - 2\gamma) n_2^2 n_3 + n_3 \gamma + (eta heta - lpha) n_1 n_2] \end{aligned}$$

(24):

$$egin{aligned} rac{\partial R_{32}}{\partial r_3} &= rac{\partial \left[ \gamma rac{r_2 r_3}{ heta^2} + lpha rac{r_1}{ heta} 
ight]}{\partial r_3} \ &= rac{1}{ heta} [(lpha heta - 2\gamma) n_3^2 n_2 + n_2 \gamma + (eta heta - lpha) n_1 n_3] \end{aligned}$$

(25):

$$egin{aligned} rac{\partial R_{33}}{\partial r_1} &= rac{\partial [eta + \gamma rac{r_3^2}{ heta^2}]}{\partial r_1} \ &= lpha n_1 (n_3^2 - 1) - rac{2 \gamma n_3^2 n_1}{ heta} \end{aligned}$$

(26):

$$egin{align} rac{\partial R_{33}}{\partial r_2} &= rac{\partial [eta + \gamma rac{r_3^2}{ heta^2}]}{\partial r_2} \ &= lpha n_2 (n_3^2 - 1) - rac{2 \gamma n_3^2 n_2}{ heta} 
onumber \end{aligned}$$

(27):

$$egin{align} rac{\partial R_{33}}{\partial r_3} &= rac{\partial [eta + \gamma rac{r_3^2}{ heta^2}]}{\partial r_3} \ &= (rac{2\gamma}{ heta} - lpha) n_3 (n_2^2 + n_1^2) \ \end{aligned}$$

So:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}u}{\mathrm{d}r^T} = \begin{bmatrix} (\frac{2\gamma}{\theta} - \alpha)n_1(n_2^2 + n_3^2) & \alpha n_2(n_1^2 - 1) - \frac{2\gamma n_1^2 n_2}{\theta} & \alpha n_3(n_1^2 - 1) - \frac{2\gamma n_1^2 n_3}{\theta} \\ \frac{1}{\theta}[(\alpha\theta - 2\gamma)n_1^2 n_2 + \gamma n_2 - (\beta\theta - \alpha)n_1 n_3] & \frac{1}{\theta}[(\alpha\theta - 2\gamma)n_2^2 n_1 + \gamma n_1 - (\beta\theta - \alpha)n_2 n_3] & \frac{1}{\theta}[(\alpha\theta - 2\gamma)n_1 n_2 n_3 - (\beta\theta - \alpha)n_3^2 - \alpha] \\ \frac{1}{\theta}[(\alpha\theta - 2\gamma)n_1^2 n_3 + n_3\gamma + (\beta\theta - \alpha)n_1 n_2] & \frac{1}{\theta}[(\alpha\theta - 2\gamma)n_1 n_2 n_3 + (\beta\theta - \alpha)n_2^2 + \alpha] & \frac{1}{\theta}[(\alpha\theta - 2\gamma)n_3^2 n_1 + n_1\gamma + (\beta\theta - \alpha)n_2 n_3] \\ \frac{1}{\theta}[(\alpha\theta - 2\gamma)n_1^2 n_2 + n_2\gamma + (\beta\theta - \alpha)n_1 n_3] & \frac{1}{\theta}[(\alpha\theta - 2\gamma)n_2^2 n_1 + n_1\gamma + (\beta\theta - \alpha)n_2 n_3] & \frac{1}{\theta}[(\alpha\theta - 2\gamma)n_1 n_2 n_3 + (\beta\theta - \alpha)n_3^2 + \alpha] \\ \alpha n_1(n_2^2 - 1) - \frac{2\gamma n_2^2 n_1}{\theta} & (\frac{2\gamma}{\theta} - \alpha)n_2(n_1^2 + n_3^2) & \alpha n_3(n_2^2 - 1) - \frac{2\gamma n_2^2 n_3}{\theta} \\ \frac{1}{\theta}[(\alpha\theta - 2\gamma)n_1 n_2 n_3 - (\beta\theta - \alpha)n_1^2 - \alpha] & \frac{1}{\theta}[(\alpha\theta - 2\gamma)n_2^2 n_3 + \gamma n_3 - (\beta\theta - \alpha)n_2 n_1] & \frac{1}{\theta}[(\alpha\theta - 2\gamma)n_3^2 n_2 + \gamma n_2 - (\beta\theta - \alpha)n_1 n_3] \\ \frac{1}{\theta}[(\alpha\theta - 2\gamma)n_1^2 n_3 + \gamma n_3 - (\beta\theta - \alpha)n_1 n_2] & \frac{1}{\theta}[(\alpha\theta - 2\gamma)n_1 n_2 n_3 - (\beta\theta - \alpha)n_2 n_2] & \frac{1}{\theta}[(\alpha\theta - 2\gamma)n_3^2 n_2 + \gamma n_2 - (\beta\theta - \alpha)n_2 n_3] \\ \frac{1}{\theta}[(\alpha\theta - 2\gamma)n_1 n_2 n_3 + (\beta\theta - \alpha)n_1^2 + \alpha] & \frac{1}{\theta}[(\alpha\theta - 2\gamma)n_2^2 n_3 + n_3\gamma + (\beta\theta - \alpha)n_1 n_2] & \frac{1}{\theta}[(\alpha\theta - 2\gamma)n_3^2 n_2 + n_2\gamma + (\beta\theta - \alpha)n_1 n_3] \\ \alpha n_1(n_3^2 - 1) - \frac{2\gamma n_3^2 n_1}{\theta} & \alpha n_2(n_3^2 - 1) - \frac{2\gamma n_3^2 n_2}{\theta} & (\frac{2\gamma}{\theta} - \alpha)n_3(n_2^2 + n_1^2) \end{bmatrix}_{9 \times 9}$$