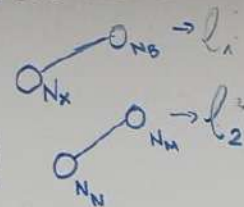
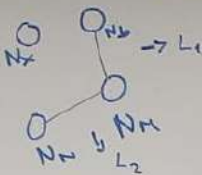


$$\ell = -2S(N_w, N_n) + [S(N_w, N_x) + S(N_w, N_x)]$$



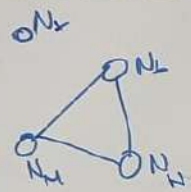
$$L = l_1 + l_2$$



$$L = l_1 - l_2$$

$$L = \sum_{p \in G} L_p$$

pairs (min partition)



l??

$$C_1: S(N_w, N_n) > S(N_w, N_x)$$

$$C_2: S(N_w, N_n) > S(N_w, N_x)$$

$$f_1: S(N_w, N_n) - S(N_w, N_x) = \mu_1$$

$$f_2: S(N_w, N_n) - S(N_w, N_x) = \mu_2$$

$$\arg \max_{\mu} \sum \mu$$

$$f = 2S(N_w, N_n) - \left[\sum_{N_x, N_n} S(N_x, n) \right]$$

$$\max f \rightarrow \min -f \rightarrow \min \ell$$

$$\ell = -2S(N_w, N_n) + [\sum + S(N_x, n)]$$

$$\ell = -2S(N_w, N_n) + [S(N_x, N_w) + S(N_x, N_w)]$$

for many non-connected

$$f = 2S(N_w, N_n) - \left[\sum_{N_x \in G \setminus N_w, N_n} \sum_{N_w, N_n} S(x, n) \right]$$

Does it make sense?

what if 1 ball 1x2 ???

$$f = \left[\frac{2}{|C|} \sum_{j \in C} \sum_{i \neq j} S(i, j) \right] - \left[\sum_{N_x \in G \setminus N_w, N_n} \sum_{N_w, N_n} S(x, n) \right]$$

