

Spatial and Frequency Feature Extraction

Table of Contents

About the Data.....	1
Features to be Extracted.....	1
Feature Extraction Procedure.....	2
Baltimore Oriole (Class 0).....	2
Cockatoos (Class 1).....	3
Cotinga (Class 2).....	5
Crow (Class 3).....	6
Macaw (Class 4).....	8
Nothorn Cardinal (Class 5).....	9
Parakeets (Class 6).....	11
Parrots (Class 7).....	12
Toucans (Class 8).....	14
Function to get the Wavelet Transformation.....	16

About the Data

We will be extracting the necessary features from 9 different class of Birds. The classes available to us are:-

1. **Baltimore Oriole** → Class 0
2. **Cockatoos** → Class 1
3. **Cotinga** → Class 2
4. **Crow** → Class 3
5. **Macaw** → Class 4
6. **Northern Cardinal** → Class 5
7. **Parakeet** → Class 6
8. **Parrot** → Class 7
9. **Toucan** → Class 8

Features to be Extracted

We will be extracting the following features for the **Spatial Domain**:

- **Mean** → For Red, Green, Blue and Gray
- **Median** → For Red, Green, Blue and Gray
- **Standard Deviation**
- **Maximum**
- **Minimum**
- **Inter Quartile Range (IQR)**
- **Skewness**
- **Kurtosis**
- **Entropy**

As for the **Frequency Domain**, we will focus on:

- *Average*
- *Median*
- *Maximum*
- *Minimum*

These will be performed after applying both the Fast Fourier Transformation and Haar Wavelet Transformation on Red channel. Apart from the above mentioned features we will also extract the Discrete Cosine Transformation of the image for the Frequency Domain.

Feature Extraction Procedure

Baltimore Oriole (Class 0)



```
mydir='D:\USER\Desktop\PYTHON CLASS\Bird Classification\Birds\Baltimore_Oriole';
fileformat='*.jpg';
dd=dir(fullfile(mydir,fileformat));
assert(numel(dd) > 0, 'No file was found. Check that the path is correct');
my_img = struct('img', cell(size(dd)));
k=numel(dd)+1;
for zz=1:numel(dd)
my_img(zz).img = imread(fullfile(mydir,dd(zz).name));
end

for i= 1:numel(dd)
    current = imresize(my_img(i).img,[400,400]);

%%% Spatial Domain
% RGB Channels
% Red image
RedMean = mean(mean(current(:,:,1)));
RedMedian = median(median(current(:,:,1)));
% Green image
GreenMean = mean(mean(current(:,:,2)));
GreenMedian = median(median(current(:,:,2)));
% Blue image
BlueMean = mean(mean(current(:,:,3)));
BlueMedian = median(median(current(:,:,3)));

% Gray Scale Image
GrayImage = double(rgb2gray(current));

% Statistical Measures
Mean = mean(mean(GrayImage));
```

```

Median = median(median(GrayImage));
Maximum = max(max(GrayImage));
Minimum = min(min(GrayImage));
Std_Dev = std(std(double(GrayImage)));
Kurtosis = real(kurtosis(GrayImage,1,'all'));
Skewness = real(skewness(GrayImage,1,'all'));
IQR = iqr(GrayImage,'all');

% Entropy -> Statistical measure of randomness that can be used to characterize the texture
Entropy = entropy(GrayImage);

%%% Frequency Domain
% Fast-Fourier Transform of Red Channels
Red_FFT = fft2(current(:,:,1));

FFT_Mean = real(mean(mean(Red_FFT)));
FFT_Median = real(median(median(Red_FFT)));
FFT_Maximum = real(max(max(Red_FFT)));
FFT_Minimum = real(min(min(Red_FFT)));

% Haar Wavelet Transformation of Red Channels
Red_Wave = wave(current(:,:,1),'haar',3);

Wave_Mean = real(mean(mean(Red_Wave)));
Wave_Median = real(median(median(Red_Wave)));
Wave_Maximum = real(max(max(Red_Wave)));
Wave_Minimum = real(min(min(Red_Wave)));

% Discrete Cosine Transformation
DCT_Img = dct2(current(:,:,1));
DCT = DCT_Img(1,1);

% Selected Column Values
Column_Names = [RedMean, RedMedian, GreenMean, GreenMedian, BlueMean, BlueMedian, Mean, Med
% Writing into Excel Sheets
writematrix(Column_Names,'D:\USER\Desktop\PYTHON CLASS\Bird Classification\Birds\Class0.csv
end

```

Cockatoos (Class 1)



```

mydir='D:\USER\Desktop\PYTHON CLASS\Bird Classification\Birds\Cockatoos';
fileformat='*.jpg';
dd=dir(fullfile(mydir,fileformat));

```

```

assert(numel(dd) > 0, 'No file was found. Check that the path is correct');
my_img = struct('img', cell(size(dd)));
k=numel(dd)+1;
for zz=1:numel(dd)
my_img(zz).img = imread(fullfile(mydir,dd(zz).name));
end

for i= 1:numel(dd)
    current = imresize(my_img(i).img,[400,400]);

%%% Spatial Domain
% RGB Channels
% Red image
RedMean = mean(mean(current(:,:,1)));
RedMedian = median(median(current(:,:,1)));
% Green image
GreenMean = mean(mean(current(:,:,2)));
GreenMedian = median(median(current(:,:,2)));
% Blue image
BlueMean = mean(mean(current(:,:,3)));
BlueMedian = median(median(current(:,:,3)));

% Gray Scale Image
GrayImage = double(rgb2gray(current));

% Statistical Measures
Mean = mean(mean(GrayImage));
Median = median(median(GrayImage));
Maximum = max(max(GrayImage));
Minimum = min(min(GrayImage));
Std_Dev = std(std(double(GrayImage)));
Kurtosis = real(kurtosis(GrayImage,1,'all'));
Skewness = real(skewness(GrayImage,1,'all'));
IQR = iqr(GrayImage,'all');

% Entropy -> Statistical measure of randomness that can be used to characterize the texture
Entropy = entropy(GrayImage);

%%% Frequency Domain
% Fast-Fourier Transform of Red Channels
Red_FFT = fft2(current(:,:,1));

FFT_Mean = real(mean(mean(Red_FFT)));
FFT_Median = real(median(median(Red_FFT)));
FFT_Maximum = real(max(max(Red_FFT)));
FFT_Minimum = real(min(min(Red_FFT)));

% Haar Wavelet Transformation of Red Channels
Red_Wave = wave(current(:,:,1),'haar',3);

Wave_Mean = real(mean(mean(Red_Wave)));
Wave_Median = real(median(median(Red_Wave)));
Wave_Maximum = real(max(max(Red_Wave)));

```

```

Wave_Minimum = real(min(min(Red_Wave)));

% Discrete Cosine Transformation
DCT_Img = dct2(current(:,:,1));
DCT = DCT_Img(1,1);

% Selected Column Values
Column_Names = [RedMean, RedMedian, GreenMean, GreenMedian, BlueMean, BlueMedian, Mean, Median];
% Writing into Excel Sheets
writematrix(Column_Names, 'D:\USER\Desktop\PYTHON CLASS\Bird Classification\Birds\Class1.csv');
end

```

Cotinga (Class 2)



```

mydir='D:\USER\Desktop\PYTHON CLASS\Bird Classification\Birds\Cotinga';
fileformat='*.jpg';
dd=dir(fullfile(mydir,fileformat));
assert(numel(dd) > 0, 'No file was found. Check that the path is correct');
my_img = struct('img', cell(size(dd)));
k=numel(dd)+1;
for zz=1:numel(dd)
my_img(zz).img = imread(fullfile(mydir,dd(zz).name));
end

for i= 1:numel(dd)
current = imresize(my_img(i).img,[400,400]);

%%% Spatial Domain
% RGB Channels
% Red image
RedMean = mean(mean(current(:,:,1)));
RedMedian = median(median(current(:,:,1)));
% Green image
GreenMean = mean(mean(current(:,:,2)));
GreenMedian = median(median(current(:,:,2)));
% Blue image
BlueMean = mean(mean(current(:,:,3)));
BlueMedian = median(median(current(:,:,3)));

% Gray Scale Image
GrayImage = double(rgb2gray(current));

% Statistical Measures

```

```

Mean = mean(mean(GrayImage));
Median = median(median(GrayImage));
Maximum = max(max(GrayImage));
Minimum = min(min(GrayImage));
Std_Dev = std(std(double(GrayImage)));
Kurtosis = real(kurtosis(GrayImage,1,'all'));
Skewness = real(skewness(GrayImage,1,'all'));
IQR = iqr(GrayImage,'all');

% Entropy -> Statistical measure of randomness that can be used to characterize the texture
Entropy = entropy(GrayImage);

%%% Frequency Domain
% Fast-Fourier Transform of Red Channels
Red_FFT = fft2(current(:,:,1));

FFT_Mean = real(mean(mean(Red_FFT)));
FFT_Median = real(median(median(Red_FFT)));
FFT_Maximum = real(max(max(Red_FFT)));
FFT_Minimum = real(min(min(Red_FFT)));

% Haar Wavelet Transformation of Red Channels
Red_Wave = wave(current(:,:,1), 'haar',3);

Wave_Mean = real(mean(mean(Red_Wave)));
Wave_Median = real(median(median(Red_Wave)));
Wave_Maximum = real(max(max(Red_Wave)));
Wave_Minimum = real(min(min(Red_Wave)));

% Discrete Cosine Transformation
DCT_Img = dct2(current(:,:,1));
DCT = DCT_Img(1,1);

% Selected Column Values
Column_Names = [RedMean, RedMedian, GreenMean, GreenMedian, BlueMean, BlueMedian, Mean, Median];
% Writing into Excel Sheets
writematrix(Column_Names, 'D:\USER\Desktop\PYTHON CLASS\Bird Classification\Birds\Class2.csv');
end

```

Crow (Class 3)



```

mydir='D:\USER\Desktop\PYTHON CLASS\Bird Classification\Birds\Crow';
fileformat='*.jpg';
dd=dir(fullfile(mydir,fileformat));

```

```

assert(numel(dd) > 0, 'No file was found. Check that the path is correct');
my_img = struct('img', cell(size(dd)));
k=numel(dd)+1;
for zz=1:numel(dd)
my_img(zz).img = imread(fullfile(mydir,dd(zz).name));
end

for i= 1:numel(dd)
    current = imresize(my_img(i).img,[400,400]);

%%% Spatial Domain
% RGB Channels
% Red image
RedMean = mean(mean(current(:,:,1)));
RedMedian = median(median(current(:,:,1)));
% Green image
GreenMean = mean(mean(current(:,:,2)));
GreenMedian = median(median(current(:,:,2)));
% Blue image
BlueMean = mean(mean(current(:,:,3)));
BlueMedian = median(median(current(:,:,3)));

% Gray Scale Image
GrayImage = double(rgb2gray(current));

% Statistical Measures
Mean = mean(mean(GrayImage));
Median = median(median(GrayImage));
Maximum = max(max(GrayImage));
Minimum = min(min(GrayImage));
Std_Dev = std(std(double(GrayImage)));
Kurtosis = real(kurtosis(GrayImage,1,'all'));
Skewness = real(skewness(GrayImage,1,'all'));
IQR = iqr(GrayImage,'all');

% Entropy -> Statistical measure of randomness that can be used to characterize the texture
Entropy = entropy(GrayImage);

%%% Frequency Domain
% Fast-Fourier Transform of Red Channels
Red_FFT = fft2(current(:,:,1));

FFT_Mean = real(mean(mean(Red_FFT)));
FFT_Median = real(median(median(Red_FFT)));
FFT_Maximum = real(max(max(Red_FFT)));
FFT_Minimum = real(min(min(Red_FFT)));

% Haar Wavelet Transformation of Red Channels
Red_Wave = wave(current(:,:,1),'haar',3);

Wave_Mean = real(mean(mean(Red_Wave)));
Wave_Median = real(median(median(Red_Wave)));
Wave_Maximum = real(max(max(Red_Wave)));

```

```

Wave_Minimum = real(min(min(Red_Wave)));

% Discrete Cosine Transformation
DCT_Img = dct2(current(:,:,1));
DCT = DCT_Img(1,1);

% Selected Column Values
Column_Names = [RedMean, RedMedian, GreenMean, GreenMedian, BlueMean, BlueMedian, Mean, Median];
% Writing into Excel Sheets
writematrix(Column_Names, 'D:\USER\Desktop\PYTHON CLASS\Bird Classification\Birds\Class3.csv');
end

```

Macaw (Class 4)



```

mydir='D:\USER\Desktop\PYTHON CLASS\Bird Classification\Birds\Macaw';
fileformat='*.jpg';
dd=dir(fullfile(mydir,fileformat));
assert(numel(dd) > 0, 'No file was found. Check that the path is correct');
my_img = struct('img', cell(size(dd)));
k=numel(dd)+1;
for zz=1:numel(dd)
my_img(zz).img = imread(fullfile(mydir,dd(zz).name));
end

for i= 1:numel(dd)
current = imresize(my_img(i).img,[400,400]);

%%% Spatial Domain
% RGB Channels
% Red image
RedMean = mean(mean(current(:,:,1)));
RedMedian = median(median(current(:,:,1)));
% Green image
GreenMean = mean(mean(current(:,:,2)));
GreenMedian = median(median(current(:,:,2)));
% Blue image
BlueMean = mean(mean(current(:,:,3)));
BlueMedian = median(median(current(:,:,3)));

% Gray Scale Image
GrayImage = double(rgb2gray(current));

```



```

% Statistical Measures
Mean = mean(mean(GrayImage));
Median = median(median(GrayImage));
Maximum = max(max(GrayImage));
Minimum = min(min(GrayImage));
Std_Dev = std(std(double(GrayImage)));
Kurtosis = real(kurtosis(GrayImage,1,'all'));
Skewness = real(skewness(GrayImage,1,'all'));
IQR = iqr(GrayImage,'all');

% Entropy -> Statistical measure of randomness that can be used to characterize the texture
Entropy = entropy(GrayImage);

%%% Frequency Domain
% Fast-Fourier Transform of Red Channels
Red_FFT = fft2(current(:,:,1));

FFT_Mean = real(mean(mean(Red_FFT)));
FFT_Median = real(median(median(Red_FFT)));
FFT_Maximum = real(max(max(Red_FFT)));
FFT_Minimum = real(min(min(Red_FFT)));

% Haar Wavelet Transformation of Red Channels
Red_Wave = wave(current(:,:,1),'haar',3);

Wave_Mean = real(mean(mean(Red_Wave)));
Wave_Median = real(median(median(Red_Wave)));
Wave_Maximum = real(max(max(Red_Wave)));
Wave_Minimum = real(min(min(Red_Wave)));

% Discrete Cosine Transformation
DCT_Img = dct2(current(:,:,1));
DCT = DCT_Img(1,1);

% Selected Column Values
Column_Names = [RedMean, RedMedian, GreenMean, GreenMedian, BlueMean, BlueMedian, Mean, Median];
% Writing into Excel Sheets
writematrix(Column_Names, 'D:\USER\Desktop\PYTHON CLASS\Bird Classification\Birds\Class4.csv');
end

```

Nothorn Cardinal (Class 5)



```
mydir='D:\USER\Desktop\PYTHON CLASS\Bird Classification\Birds\Northern_Cardinal';
```

```

fileformat='*.jpg';
dd=dir(fullfile(mydir,fileformat));
assert(numel(dd) > 0, 'No file was found. Check that the path is correct');
my_img = struct('img', cell(size(dd)));
k=numel(dd)+1;
for zz=1:numel(dd)
my_img(zz).img = imread(fullfile(mydir,dd(zz).name));
end

for i= 1:numel(dd)
    current = imresize(my_img(i).img,[400,400]);

%%% Spatial Domain
% RGB Channels
% Red image
RedMean = mean(mean(current(:,:,1)));
RedMedian = median(median(current(:,:,1)));
% Green image
GreenMean = mean(mean(current(:,:,2)));
GreenMedian = median(median(current(:,:,2)));
% Blue image
BlueMean = mean(mean(current(:,:,3)));
BlueMedian = median(median(current(:,:,3)));

% Gray Scale Image
GrayImage = double(rgb2gray(current));

% Statistical Measures
Mean = mean(mean(GrayImage));
Median = median(median(GrayImage));
Maximum = max(max(GrayImage));
Minimum = min(min(GrayImage));
Std_Dev = std(std(double(GrayImage)));
Kurtosis = real(kurtosis(GrayImage,1,'all'));
Skewness = real(skewness(GrayImage,1,'all'));
IQR = iqr(GrayImage,'all');

% Entropy -> Statistical measure of randomness that can be used to characterize the texture
Entropy = entropy(GrayImage);

%%% Frequency Domain
% Fast-Fourier Transform of Red Channels
Red_FFT = fft2(current(:,:,1));

FFT_Mean = real(mean(mean(Red_FFT)));
FFT_Median = real(median(median(Red_FFT)));
FFT_Maximum = real(max(max(Red_FFT)));
FFT_Minimum = real(min(min(Red_FFT)));

% Haar Wavelet Transformation of Red Channels
Red_Wave = wave(current(:,:,1),'haar',3);

Wave_Mean = real(mean(mean(Red_Wave)));

```

```

Wave_Median = real(median(median(Red_Wave)));
Wave_Maximum = real(max(max(Red_Wave)));
Wave_Minimum = real(min(min(Red_Wave)));

% Discrete Cosine Transformation
DCT_Img = dct2(current(:,:,1));
DCT = DCT_Img(1,1);

% Selected Column Values
Column_Names = [RedMean, RedMedian, GreenMean, GreenMedian, BlueMean, BlueMedian, Mean, Median];
% Writing into Excel Sheets
writematrix(Column_Names,'D:\USER\Desktop\PYTHON CLASS\Bird Classification\Birds\Class5.csv');
end

```

Parakeets (Class 6)



```

mydir='D:\USER\Desktop\PYTHON CLASS\Bird Classification\Birds\Parakeets';
fileformat='*.jpg';
dd=dir(fullfile(mydir,fileformat));
assert(numel(dd) > 0, 'No file was found. Check that the path is correct');
my_img = struct('img', cell(size(dd)));
k=numel(dd)+1;
for zz=1:numel(dd)
my_img(zz).img = imread(fullfile(mydir,dd(zz).name));
end

for i= 1:numel(dd)
current = imresize(my_img(i).img,[400,400]);

%%% Spatial Domain
% RGB Channels
% Red image
RedMean = mean(mean(current(:,:,1)));
RedMedian = median(median(current(:,:,1)));
% Green image
GreenMean = mean(mean(current(:,:,2)));
GreenMedian = median(median(current(:,:,2)));
% Blue image
BlueMean = mean(mean(current(:,:,3)));
BlueMedian = median(median(current(:,:,3)));

% Gray Scale Image
GrayImage = double(rgb2gray(current));

```

```

% Statistical Measures
Mean = mean(mean(GrayImage));
Median = median(median(GrayImage));
Maximum = max(max(GrayImage));
Minimum = min(min(GrayImage));
Std_Dev = std(std(double(GrayImage)));
Kurtosis = real(kurtosis(GrayImage,1,'all'));
Skewness = real(skewness(GrayImage,1,'all'));
IQR = iqr(GrayImage,'all');

% Entropy -> Statistical measure of randomness that can be used to characterize the texture
Entropy = entropy(GrayImage);

%%% Frequency Domain
% Fast-Fourier Transform of Red Channels
Red_FFT = fft2(current(:,:,1));

FFT_Mean = real(mean(mean(Red_FFT)));
FFT_Median = real(median(median(Red_FFT)));
FFT_Maximum = real(max(max(Red_FFT)));
FFT_Minimum = real(min(min(Red_FFT)));

% Haar Wavelet Transformation of Red Channels
Red_Wave = wave(current(:,:,1),'haar',3);

Wave_Mean = real(mean(mean(Red_Wave)));
Wave_Median = real(median(median(Red_Wave)));
Wave_Maximum = real(max(max(Red_Wave)));
Wave_Minimum = real(min(min(Red_Wave)));

% Discrete Cosine Transformation
DCT_Img = dct2(current(:,:,1));
DCT = DCT_Img(1,1);

% Selected Column Values
Column_Names = [RedMean, RedMedian, GreenMean, GreenMedian, BlueMean, BlueMedian, Mean, Median];
% Writing into Excel Sheets
writematrix(Column_Names,'D:\USER\Desktop\PYTHON CLASS\Bird Classification\Birds\Class6.csv','a');
end

```

Parrots (Class 7)



```

mydir='D:\USER\Desktop\PYTHON CLASS\Bird Classification\Birds\Parrot';
fileformat='*.jpg';
dd=dir(fullfile(mydir,fileformat));
assert(numel(dd) > 0, 'No file was found. Check that the path is correct');
my_img = struct('img', cell(size(dd)));
k=numel(dd)+1;
for zz=1:numel(dd)
my_img(zz).img = imread(fullfile(mydir,dd(zz).name));
end

for i= 1:numel(dd)
    current = imresize(my_img(i).img,[400,400]);

%%% Spatial Domain
% RGB Channels
% Red image
RedMean = mean(mean(current(:,:,1)));
RedMedian = median(median(current(:,:,1)));
% Green image
GreenMean = mean(mean(current(:,:,2)));
GreenMedian = median(median(current(:,:,2)));
% Blue image
BlueMean = mean(mean(current(:,:,3)));
BlueMedian = median(median(current(:,:,3)));

% Gray Scale Image
GrayImage = double(rgb2gray(current));

% Statistical Measures
Mean = mean(mean(GrayImage));
Median = median(median(GrayImage));
Maximum = max(max(GrayImage));
Minimum = min(min(GrayImage));
Std_Dev = std(std(double(GrayImage)));
Kurtosis = real(kurtosis(GrayImage,1,'all'));
Skewness = real(skewness(GrayImage,1,'all'));
IQR = iqr(GrayImage,'all');

% Entropy -> Statistical measure of randomness that can be used to characterize the texture
Entropy = entropy(GrayImage);

%%% Frequency Domain
% Fast-Fourier Transform of Red Channels

```

```

Red_FFT = fft2(current(:,:,1));

FFT_Mean = real(mean(mean(Red_FFT)));
FFT_Median = real(median(median(Red_FFT)));
FFT_Maximum = real(max(max(Red_FFT)));
FFT_Minimum = real(min(min(Red_FFT)));

% Haar Wavelet Transformation of Red Channels
Red_Wave = wave(current(:,:,1), 'haar', 3);

Wave_Mean = real(mean(mean(Red_Wave)));
Wave_Median = real(median(median(Red_Wave)));
Wave_Maximum = real(max(max(Red_Wave)));
Wave_Minimum = real(min(min(Red_Wave)));

% Discrete Cosine Transformation
DCT_Img = dct2(current(:,:,1));
DCT = DCT_Img(1,1);

% Selected Column Values
Column_Names = [RedMean, RedMedian, GreenMean, GreenMedian, BlueMean, BlueMedian, Mean, Median];
% Writing into Excel Sheets
writematrix(Column_Names, 'D:\USER\Desktop\PYTHON CLASS\Bird Classification\Birds\Class7.csv', 'w');
end

```

Toucans (Class 8)



```

mydir='D:\USER\Desktop\PYTHON CLASS\Bird Classification\Birds\Toucans';
fileformat='*.jpg';
dd=dir(fullfile(mydir,fileformat));
assert(numel(dd) > 0, 'No file was found. Check that the path is correct');
my_img = struct('img', cell(size(dd)));
k=numel(dd)+1;
for zz=1:numel(dd)
my_img(zz).img = imread(fullfile(mydir,dd(zz).name));
end

for i= 1:numel(dd)
current = imresize(my_img(i).img,[400,400]);

%%% Spatial Domain
% RGB Channels

```

```

% Red image
RedMean = mean(mean(current(:,:,1)));
RedMedian = median(median(current(:,:,1)));
% Green image
GreenMean = mean(mean(current(:,:,2)));
GreenMedian = median(median(current(:,:,2)));
% Blue image
BlueMean = mean(mean(current(:,:,3)));
BlueMedian = median(median(current(:,:,3)));

% Gray Scale Image
GrayImage = double(rgb2gray(current));

% Statistical Measures
Mean = mean(mean(GrayImage));
Median = median(median(GrayImage));
Maximum = max(max(GrayImage));
Minimum = min(min(GrayImage));
Std_Dev = std(std(double(GrayImage)));
Kurtosis = real(kurtosis(GrayImage,1,'all'));
Skewness = real(skewness(GrayImage,1,'all'));
IQR = iqr(GrayImage,'all');

% Entropy -> Statistical measure of randomness that can be used to characterize the texture
Entropy = entropy(GrayImage);

%%% Frequency Domain
% Fast-Fourier Transform of Red Channels
Red_FFT = fft2(current(:,:,1));

FFT_Mean = real(mean(mean(Red_FFT)));
FFT_Median = real(median(median(Red_FFT)));
FFT_Maximum = real(max(max(Red_FFT)));
FFT_Minimum = real(min(min(Red_FFT)));

% Haar Wavelet Transformation of Red Channels
Red_Wave = wave(current(:,:,1),'haar',3);

Wave_Mean = real(mean(mean(Red_Wave)));
Wave_Median = real(median(median(Red_Wave)));
Wave_Maximum = real(max(max(Red_Wave)));
Wave_Minimum = real(min(min(Red_Wave)));

% Discrete Cosine Transformation
DCT_Img = dct2(current(:,:,1));
DCT = DCT_Img(1,1);

% Selected Column Values
Column_Names = [RedMean, RedMedian, GreenMean, GreenMedian, BlueMean, BlueMedian, Mean, Median, Std_Dev, Kurtosis, Skewness, IQR, Entropy];
% Writing into Excel Sheets
writematrix(Column_Names,'D:\USER\Desktop\PYTHON CLASS\Bird Classification\Birds\Class8.csv','w');
end

```

Function to get the Wavelet Transformation

```
function A3 = wave(im, wname, no_levels)
    [C, S]=wavedec2(im2double(im),no_levels,wname);
    A3=appcoef2(C,S,wname,no_levels);
end
```