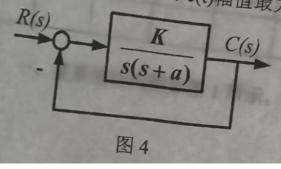
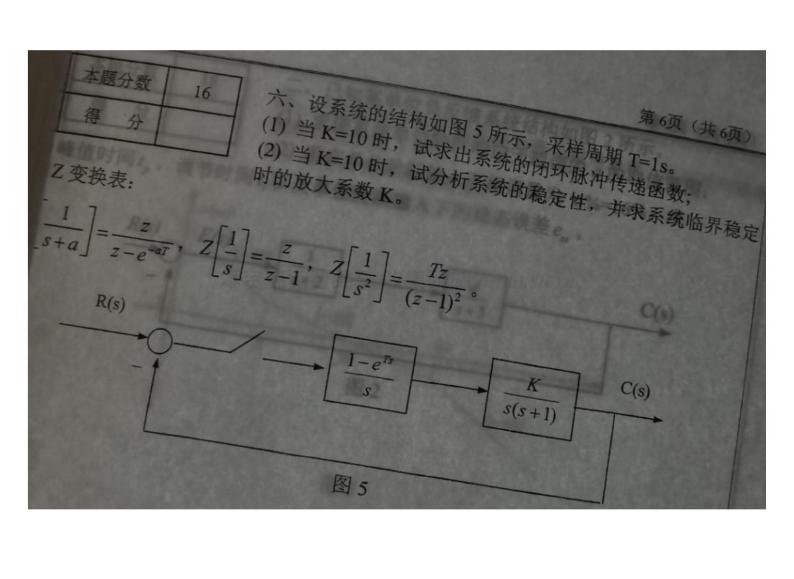


- (1) 确定参数 a, K 的值;
- (2) 若 r(t)=3cos ω t,确定 ω 为何值时, 稳态输出 c(t)幅值最大, 并求此幅值。





回路: Li: -GiHi

Li: -GiHi

Li: -GiHi

Li: -GiGzHiHzHi

Li: GiGzHiHz

前旬: Pi: GiGz Δi=1 P2: G2G3 Δz=1+GiHi

C(5)= G162+G2G3(1+G1H1) R(5) 1+G1H1+G2H3+G1G2H1H2H3+G1G2H1H3

前向: Pi: 1 A1=1+G2H3
P2: -G2G3H1H2H3 A2=1

E(5)= 1+G2H3 -G2G3H1H2H3 (215) 1+G1H1+G2H3+G1G2H1H2H3+G1G2H1H3

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}}}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}}}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}}}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}}}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}}}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}}}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}}}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}}}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}}}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}}}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{$$

$$[M. 6]_{0} = e^{-\pi i \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{1 - s^{2}}} \times 100 / s = [6]_{0} \cdot \frac{1}{100}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = 0.867 \cdot \frac{3}{3} = 0.867 \cdot \frac{3}{3} = \frac$$

## 1、绘制根轨迹

- (1)系统有有3个开环极点(起点):0、-3、-3,无开环零点(有限终点);
- (2)实轴上的轨迹: (-∞, -3) 及 (-3, 0);

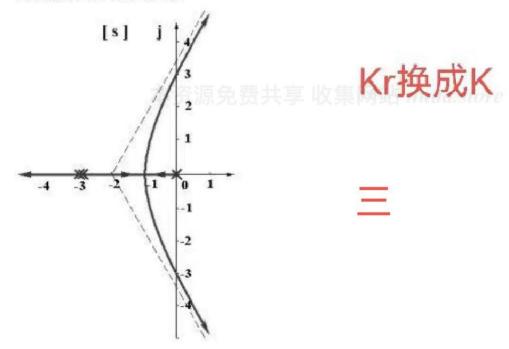
(3) 3 条渐近线: 
$$\begin{cases} \sigma_a = \frac{-3-3}{3} = -2 \\ \pm 60^{\circ}, 180^{\circ} \end{cases}$$

(4) 分离点: 
$$\frac{1}{d} + \frac{2}{d+3} = 0$$
 得:  $d = -1$    
  $K_r = d | \cdot |d+3|^2 = 4$ 

(5)与虚轴交点: 
$$D(s) = s^3 + 6s^2 + 9s + K_r = 0$$

$$\begin{cases} \operatorname{Im}[D(j\omega)] = -\omega^3 + 9\omega = 0 \\ \operatorname{Re}[D(j\omega)] = -6\omega^2 + K_r = 0 \end{cases} \begin{cases} \omega = 3 \\ K_r = 54 \end{cases}$$

绘制根轨迹如右图所示。



2、 开环增益 
$$K$$
 与根轨迹增益  $K_r$ 的关系。  $G(s) = \frac{K_r}{s(s+3)^2} = \frac{\frac{K_r}{9}}{s\left[\left(\frac{s}{3}\right)^2 + 1\right]}$ 

得 $K = K_r / 9$ 

系统稳定时根轨迹增益  $K_r$ 的取值范围。  $K_r < 54$ ,

系统稳定且为欠阻尼状态时根轨迹增益  $K_r$ 的取值范围。  $4 < K_r < 54$ ,

$$\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{5^{2}} \frac{1}{5^{$$

由旋新性

(1) 
$$k=10$$
.  $G(z)=\frac{Z-1}{Z}\left[\frac{TZ}{(Z-1)^2}-\frac{Z}{Z-1}+\frac{Z}{Z-\bar{e}^T}\right]K$ 

$$G(Z) = \frac{3.68Z + 2.64}{(Z-1)(Z-0.368)}$$

$$\overline{\Phi(Z)} = \frac{G(Z)}{(+G(Z))} = \frac{3.68Z + 2.64}{Z^2 + 2.3/2Z + 3.008}$$

(2) 
$$D(z) = z^2 + 2.312z + 3.008$$
  
 $D(1) = 20$  =) 穩定  
 $D(-1) = 20$