南京航空航天大学

第1页 (共13页)

本题分数		50
得	分	

一、 读程序,写输出结果(每题5分,共50分)。

```
1.
    class IntValue{
       int value;
       static int count;
    public:
       IntValue (int i = 0):value(i) { count++;}
       IntValue (char c):value(c) { count++;}
       static int GetCount (){
          return count;
       int GetValue (){ return value;}
    int IntValue::count = 0;
    int main()
       IntValue a, b(10), c('A');
       cout<< IntValue:: GetCount ()<<endl;</pre>
       cout<<a.GetValue()<<endl;</pre>
      cout<<br/>b.GetValue()<<endl;</pre>
      cout << c. Get Value() << endl;
    return 0;
    class Book{
       string name;
       float price;
      Book (string n = "", float p = 0.0):name(n), price(p){cout << " constructor" << endl;}
      Book(const Book& in):name(in.name), price(in.price)
      {cout<<"copy constructor"<<endl;}
      ~Book(){cout <<"~deconstructor"<<endl;}
      string GetName(){return name;}
      float GetPrice(){return price;}
    void PrintBook(Book b){
    cout<<b.GetName()<<" "<<b.GetPrice()<<endl;</pre>
    int main(){
    Book book1, book2("C++", 30.0);
    PrintBook(book1);
         PrintBook(book2);
    return 0;
```

```
3.
class Language{
public:
     Language(){cout<<"Language"<<endl;}
     ~Language(){cout<<"~Language"<<endl;}
     virtual void Fun( ) {cout << "Base\n" ;}</pre>
};
class CPlusPlus:public Language{
public:
     CPlusPlus(){cout<<"C++"<<endl;}
     ~CPlusPlus(){cout<<"~C++"<<endl;}
     virtual void Fun() {cout << "Derived\n";}
};
int main(){
Language obj1;
CPlusPlus obj2;
Language* ptr = \&obj2;
ptr->Fun();
ptr = \&obj1;
ptr->Fun();
return 0;
}
4.
class Shape{
   float area;
public:
     Shape (){cout<<"Shape"<<endl;}
     virtual float Area() = 0;
class Rectangle: public Shape{
   int width, height;
public:
     Rectangle (int a, int b):width(a), height(b){cout<<"?Rectangle"<<endl;}
     float Area () {return width * height;}
};
class Square: public Shape{
   int width;
public:
     Square (int r):width (r) {cout<<"Square"<<endl;}
     float Area () {return width * width;}
};
int main(){
     Rectangle r(10, 3);
        Square s(5);
     Shape* p = &r;
     cout << p-> Area() << endl;
     p = \&s;
```

```
cout << p-> Area () << endl;
     return 0;
}
class IntValue{
      int val;
public:
     IntValue (int v = 0): val(v){}
     IntValue (const IntValue & in): val(in.val){}
     IntValue operator++(int a)
          cout << "suffix" << endl;
          IntValue temp = *this;
          val++;
          return temp;
     IntValue operator++()
          cout << "prefix" << endl;
          val++;
          return *this;
     void Print() {cout<<"val: "<<val<<endl;}</pre>
};
int main(){
IntValue v1(5), v2, v3;
v2 = v1++;
v3 = ++v2;
v1.Print();
v2. Print ();
v3. Print();
     return 0;
class Complex{
     float real, imag;
public:
     Complex(float a, float b):real(a), imag(b){cout<<"constructor"<<endl;}
     Complex(const Complex& in):real(in.real), imag(in.imag){
          cout<<"copy constructor"<<endl;</pre>
      ~Complex(){cout<<"deconstructor"<<endl;}
     friend void IncreaseReal(Complex& in, int val);
     friend void IncreaseImag(Complex in, int val);
     void Print(){cout<<real<<" "<<imag<<endl;}</pre>
void IncreaseReal(Complex& in, int val)
in.real += val;
```

```
void IncreaseImag(Complex in, int val)
in.imag += val;
int main()
Complex* c1 = new Complex(1, 2);
IncreaseReal(*c1, 2);
IncreaseImag(*c1, 2);
c1->Print();
delete c1;
return 0;
7.
template <class T >
void Swap (T& a, T& b)
T temp;
   temp = a;
   a = b;
   b = temp;
template<class T>
   class Obj{
         T val1, val2;
     public:
        Obj(T a, T b):val1(a), val2(b) \{ if(val1 < val2) Swap(val1, val2); \}
    void Print(){cout<<val1<<endl<<val2<<endl;}</pre>
};
int main ()
    int x = 10, y = 20;
         string s1 = "C++", s2 = "Java";
         Swap(s1, s2);
         Swap(x, y);
         cout<<x<" "<<y<endl;
         cout << s1 << " " << s2 << endl;
         Obj<int> obj('a', 'A');
        obj.Print();
     return 0;
class A{
int a,b;
public:
A( int i, int j) { a=i; b=j; }
int Cal () \{ \text{ return a + b; } \}
int GetA(){return a;}
int GetB(){return b;}
};
```

```
class B : public A {
public:
      B( int i,int j):A(i,j) { }
     int Cal (){ return GetA() * GetB(); }
};
int main() {
B b(3, 4);
     Aa = b;
   cout<<a.Cal()<<" "<<b.Cal()<<endl;
return 0;
class DataType{
     string name;
     int size;
public:
DataType(string a, int b):name(a), size(b){cout<<"DataType"<<endl;}
~DataType(){cout<<"~DataType"<<endl;}
};
class Int: public DataType{
   int value;
public:
     Int(int v):DataType("int", sizeof(int)), value(v) {cout<<"Int"<<endl;}</pre>
     \simInt(){cout<<"\simInt"<<endl;}
};
class IntPair{
   Int a, b;
public:
    IntPair (int x, int y): a(x), b(y){cout<<"IntPair"<<endl;}
         ~IntPair (){cout<<"~ IntPair"<<endl;}
int main() {
     IntPair* ptr2 = new IntPair(2, 5);
     delete ptr2;
return 0;
10.
int main()
fstream dataFile;
dataFile.open("a.txt", ios::out);
dataFile<<"Hello NUAA ";
dataFile.close();
dataFile.open("a.txt", ios::in);
char ch1;
dataFile.seekg (-2, ios::end);
dataFile.get(ch1);
cout << ch1 << endl;
```

```
dataFile.seekg (0, ios::beg);
char buf[5];
dataFile>>buf;
cout<<br/>endl;
dataFile.close();
return 0;
```

答题		F
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一、 读程序, 写输出结果(每题5分, 共50分)。

1. 2.

3. 4.

5. 6.

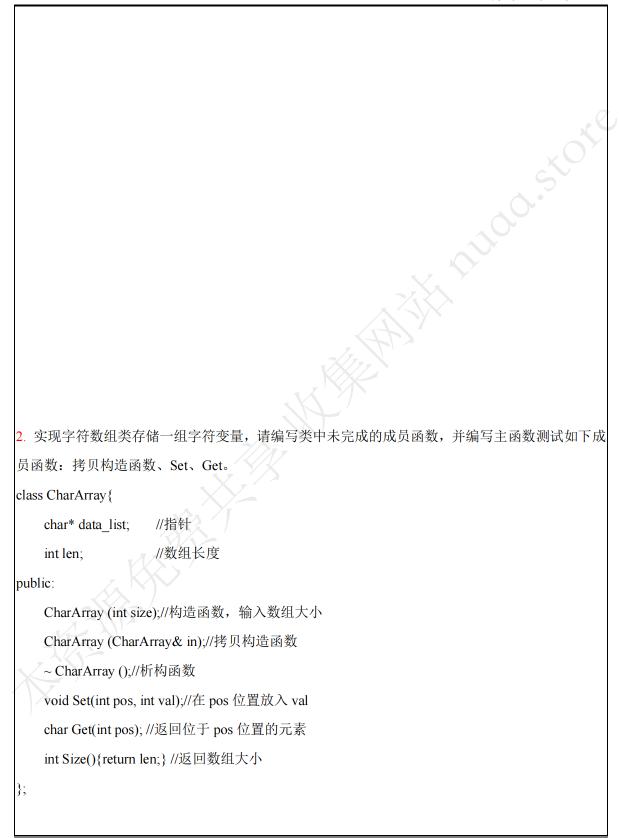
7. 8.

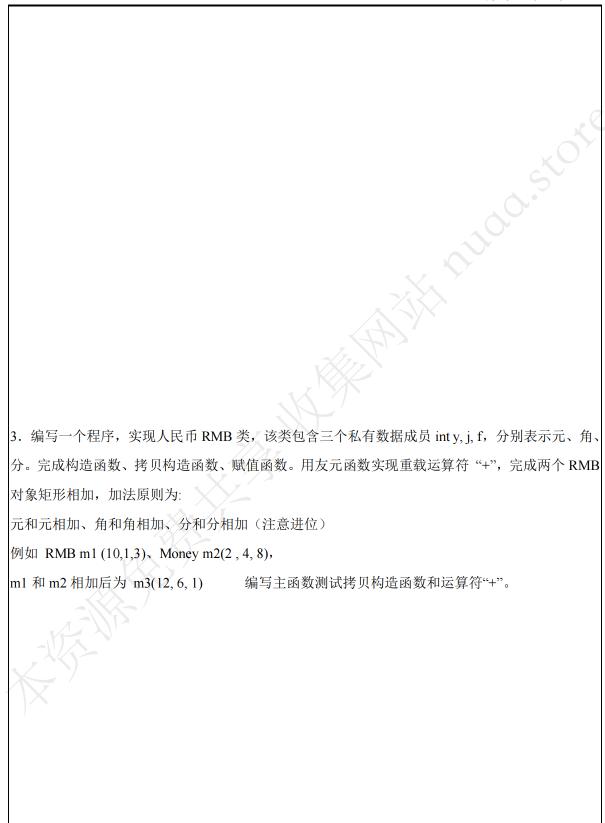
9.

本题分数	10
得 分	K

二、编程题(每题10分,共50分)。

1. 写一个程序依次读入文本文件 1.txt 中的每一行,将偶数行内容添加行号后写到另一个文件 2.txt 中。







```
5. 已有如下一个基类:
```

```
class Variable {
```

int size; //变量占据的字节数

public:

Variable (int s) :size(s){}

Variable (const Variable& in):size(in.size){}

virtual int Calculate () = 0;

int GetSize(){return size;}

};要求:

- (1) 建立两个派生类 IntVariable 和 StringVariable。其中, IntVariable 类有一个私有成员 int val 存储整型变量, StringVariable 有一个私有成员 char* ptr 存储字符串。 完成类 IntVariable 和 StringVariable 的构造函数、拷贝构造函数、析构函数。
- (2) 完成类 IntVariable 和 StringVariable 的函数 Calculate(), 返回变量占据的字节数。
- (3) 写出主函数程序,分别创建一个值为 10 的 IntVariable 对象和"HelloNUAA"的 StringVariable 对象,并通过使用基类指针调用虚函数(即运行时的多态性)输出变量占据的字节数。

南京航空航天大学

```
第1页 (共8页)
 读程序,写输出结果(每题5分,共50分)。
1.
3
0
10
65
2.
   constructor
   constructor
   copy constructor
   ~deconstructor
   copy constructor
   C++30
   ~deconstructor
   ~deconstructor
   ~deconstructor
3.
       Language
       Language
       C++
       Derived
       Base
       ~C++
     ~Language
     ~Language
       Shape
       Rectangle
       Shape
       Square
      30
      25
5.
   suffix
   prefix
```

```
val:7
    val:5
    val:7
6.
    constructor
    copy constructor
   deconstructor
   3 2
    deconstructor
7.
    20 10
    Java C++
    97
    65
8.
      7
        12
9. DataType
    Int
    DataType
    Int
    IntPair
    ~IntPair
    ~Int
    ~DataType
    ~Int
    ~DataType
10.
    Α
    Hello
、编程题(每题10分,共50分)。
```

```
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
using namespace std;
#define MAX SIZE 256
int main()
    ifstream in file("1.txt", ios::in); //1 分
    ofstream out file("2.txt", ios::out); //1 分
    if(in_file.fail() || out_file.fail()) return -1; //1 分
    char buffer[MAX SIZE];
    int count = 0; //1 分
    int count2 = 1;
    while(!in file.eof()){ //1 分
            in file.getline(buffer, MAX SIZE); //1 分
            count++;
            if(count \% 2 == 0){
                                       //2 分
                 out file << count 2 << " " << buffer << endl;
                 count2++;
            if(in file.fail())break;
    in file.close(); //1 分
    out file.close();//1 分
    return 0;
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class CharArray {
    char* data list; //
    int len;
                     //数组长度
public:
    CharArray(int size);//构造函数
    CharArray(CharArray &in);//拷贝构造函数
    ~CharArray();//析构函数
```

```
int Set(int pos, int val);
    char Get(int pos) {return data list[pos];}
    int Size(){return len;}
};
CharArray::CharArray (int size)//构造函数 //2 分
    if(size \leq 0) data list = NULL;
    else{
        len = size;
        data list = new char[size];
CharArray::CharArray(CharArray &in)//拷贝构造函数 //3 分
    if(in.len > 0){
        len = in.len;
        data list = new char[len];
        for(unsigned int i = 0; i < len; i++)
             data list[i] = in.Get(i);
int CharArray::Set(int pos, int val) //1 分
    if(0 \le pos \&\& pos \le len) {
        data list[pos] = val;
        return_1;
    return -1;
CharArray::~CharArray()//析构函数 //1 分
    if(data list != NULL) delete[] data list;
                      //3 分
int main()
    CharArray array 1(5);
```

```
unsigned int i = 0;
    for(; i < 5; i++)
         array1.Set(i, 'a');
    CharArray array2(array1);
    for(i = 0; i < array2.Size(); i++)
         cout << array 2. Get(i) << endl;
    return 0;
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class RMB{
    int y, j, f;
    public:
         RMB(int a, int b, int c):y(a), j(b), f(c){} //1 \%
         RMB(const RMB& in):y(in.y), j(in.j), f(in.f){} //1 \hat{A}
         RMB& operator=(const RMB& in) //2 分
             y = in.y;
             j = in.j;
             f = in.f;
             return *this;
         friend RMB operator+(RMB& in1, RMB& in2);
         void Print() //1 分
             cout<<y<<" "<<j<<" "<<f<endl:
RMB operator+(RMB& in1, RMB& in2) //3 分
    int y = in1.y + in2.y;
    int j = in1.j + in2.j;
    int f = in1.f + in2.f;
    if(f > 10){
        j++;
        f = f \% 10;
    if(j > 10){
        y++;
        j = j \% 10;
```

```
return RMB(y, j, f);
int main() //2 分
    RMB m1(10, 1, 3);
    RMB m2(2, 4, 8);
    RMB m3 = m1 + m2;
    m3.Print();
    return 0;
#include <iostream>
#include <string.h>
using namespace std;
class Employee{
    char name[12];
    int employee id;
    float salary;
    static int num;
public:
    Employee(char* p, int id, float f):employee id(id), salary(f)
                                                                //2 分
        strcpy(name, p);
        num++;
    Employee(const Employee& in) //2 分
        strcpy(name, in.name);
        employee id = in.employee id;
        salary = in.salary;
                                         //2 分
    static int GetNum(){return num;}
    float GetSalary(){return salary;}
    char* GetName(){return name;}
int Employee::num = 0;
int main()
```

```
Employee e1("Tommy", 1, 2000);
                                        //2 分
    Employee e2("Bobby", 2, 3000);
    Employee e3("Mike", 3, 2300);
    cout<<e1.GetName()<<" "<<e1.GetSalary()<<endl; //1 分
    cout<<e2.GetName()<<" "<<e2.GetSalary()<<endl;</pre>
    cout<<e3.GetName()<<" "<<e3.GetSalary()<<endl;</pre>
    cout << (e1.GetSalary() + e2.GetSalary() + e3.GetSalary())/ Employee::GetNum()
<<endl: //1 分
    return 0;
#include <iostream>
#include <string.h>
using namespace std;
class Variable {
                     //变量占据的字节数
        int size;
    public:
        Variable (int s) :size(s){}
        Variable (const Variable& in):size(in.size){}
        virtual int Calculate () = 0;
        int GetSize(){return size;}
};
class IntVariable:public Variable{
                                               //3 分
    int val;
public:
    IntVariable(int in): Variable(sizeof(in)), val(in){}
    IntVariable(const IntVariable& in):Variable(in), val(in.val){}
    int Calculate(){return sizeof(int);}
    ~IntVariable(){}
```

```
};
class StringVariable:public Variable{
                                        //4 分
    char* ptr;
public:
    StringVariable(char* p):Variable(strlen(p)){
        ptr = new char[strlen(p) + 1];
        strcpy(ptr,p);
    StringVariable(const StringVariable& in): Variable(in){
        if(ptr == NULL)
             ptr = new char[GetSize()];
             strcpy(ptr,in.ptr);
         }else{
             delete[] ptr;
             ptr = new char[GetSize()];
             strcpy(ptr,in.ptr);
    ~StringVariable(){
        if(ptr != NULL) delete[] ptr;
    int Calculate(){return strlen(ptr) + 1;}
};
int main()
                                   //3 分
        IntVariable a(10);
        StringVariable b("Hello NUAA");
        Variable* p1 = &a;
        Variable* p2 = \&b;
        cout<<p1->Calculate()<<" "<<p2->Calculate()<<endl;</pre>
        return 0;
```