

Faculty of Mathematics and Physics  
Charles University  
1<sup>st</sup> March 2023



UT2004 bots made easy!

# Pogamut 3

Lab 03 – Navigation, Items,  
Communication



# Warm Up!



- Fill the short test for this lessons  
6 minutes limit

<https://tinyurl.com/42sk3nxw>

0 vs. 0, i vs. 1 vs. 1

Permalink

[https://docs.google.com/forms/d/e/1FAIpQLSfSbAPWPbwqY16dq8dL0sYtbIiyeh9zomenpMvK4nW4hutA\\_w/viewform](https://docs.google.com/forms/d/e/1FAIpQLSfSbAPWPbwqY16dq8dL0sYtbIiyeh9zomenpMvK4nW4hutA_w/viewform)

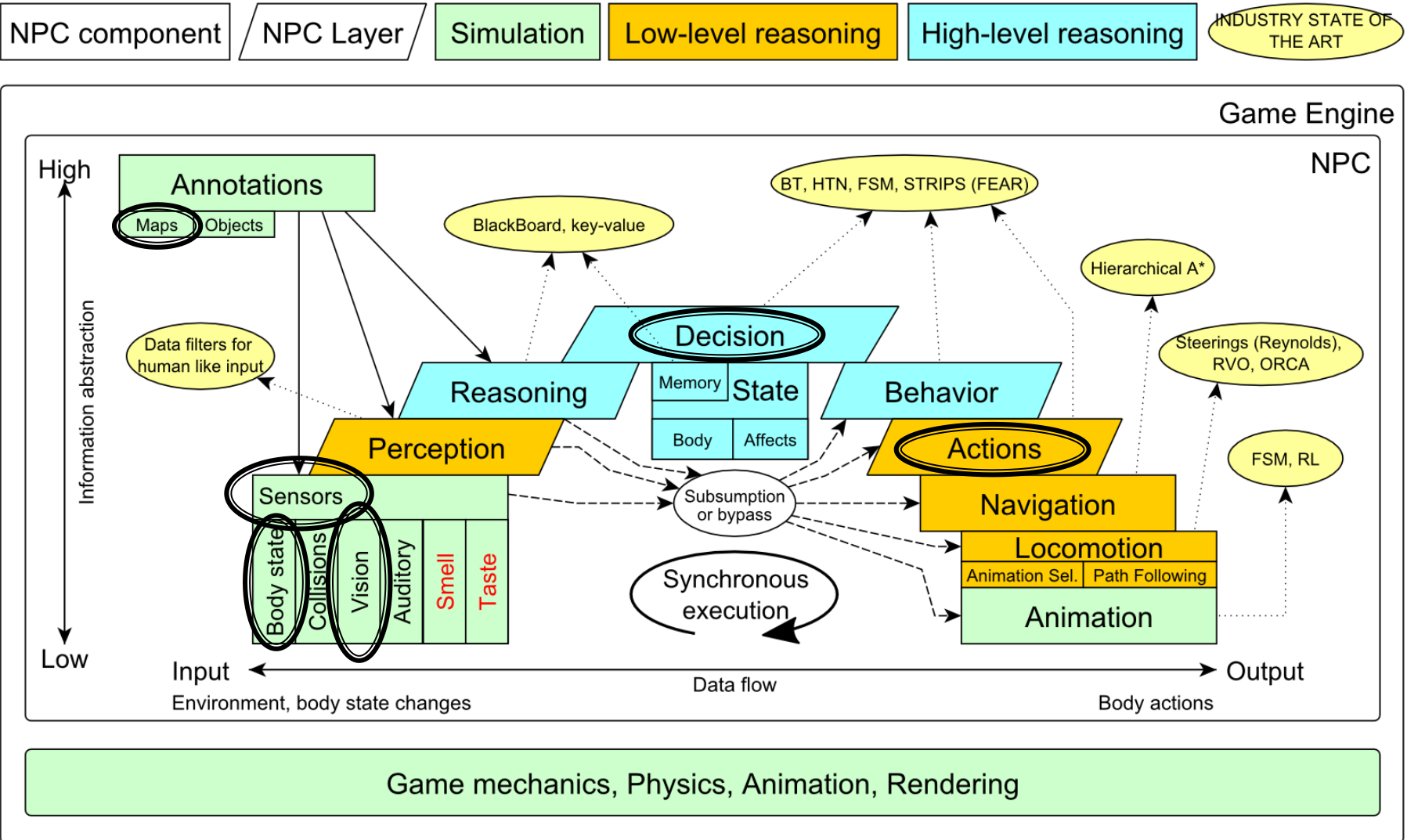
# Today's menu



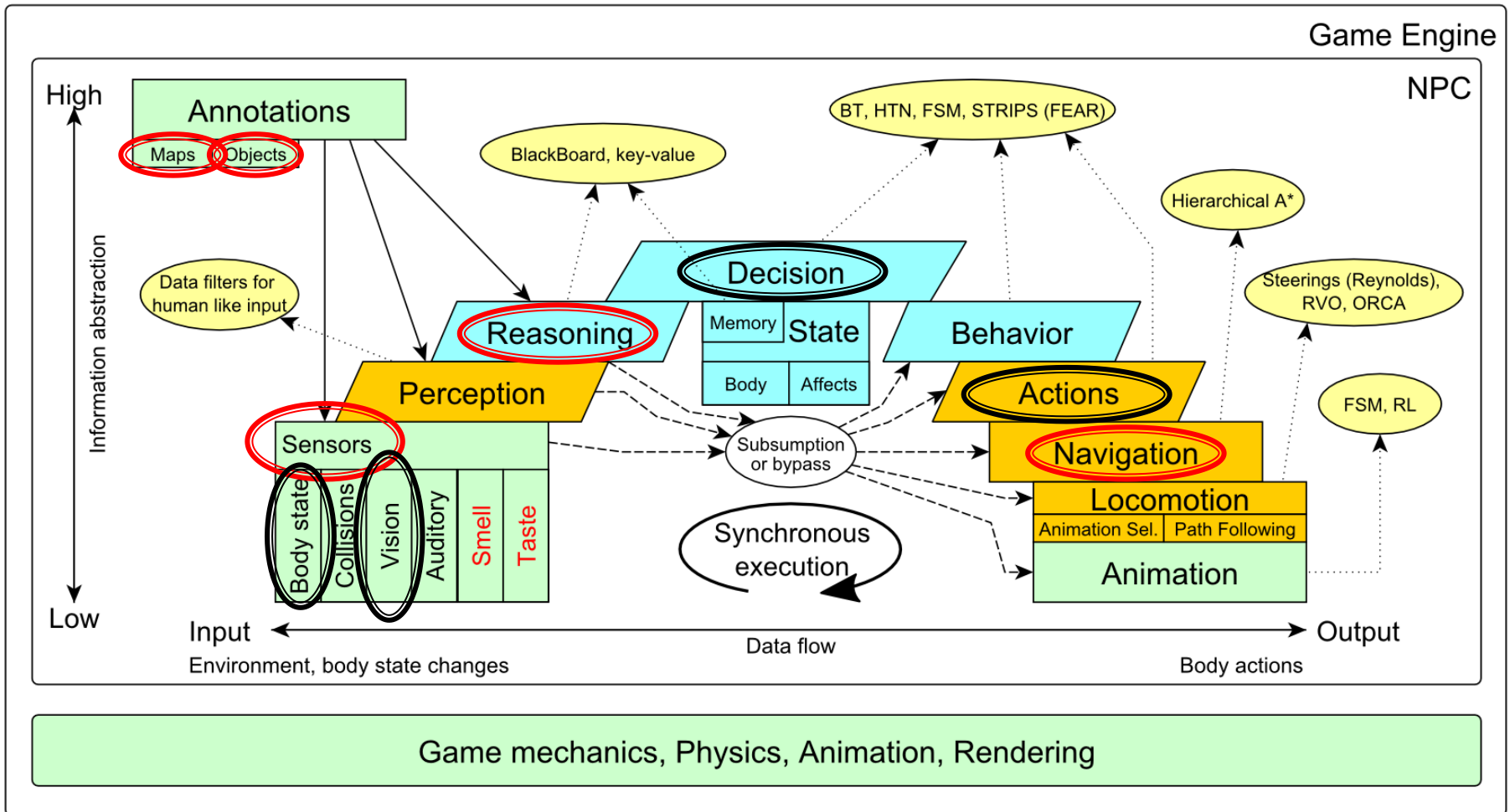
1. **Big Picture**
2. ItemPickerSquad Homework
3. World Abstraction
4. Navigation Environment Abstraction
5. Items
6. Navigation
7. Team Communication

# Big Picture

## Already covered



# Big Picture Today



# Homework 03



## ItemPicker Squad

3 bots, many items to pick, time is ticking

# Homework 03

## Gotta COLLECT `em all!



- You have to implement an `ItemPickerBot` squad that will be able to collect all “interesting” items on the map; **3 bots** in a team
- You will have to communicate **as if you are not running in the same JVM**
- 3 maps to play on
  - DM-10n1-Albatross, DM-Rankin-FE, DM-10n1-Roughinery-FPS
- Interesting items: **Weapons, Armors, Shields**
- BASE: implement a picking squad that shares info about items they picked
- ADVANCED: **make sure** that a situation “two bots are pursuing the same item” never happens + if two bots want the same item, then one that is nearer will pursue it
  - 10 advanced points
  - Deadline for advanced points: see the website
- Squad template (includes UT2004 patch)
  - <https://tinyurl.com/77a3uewt>
  - Full link: <https://drive.google.com/file/d/1qsJp3-HXtWzLCkK9liSUfh0eJu2KwzKN/view?usp=sharing>

# World Abstraction



Item, Navpoint

+ modules, helper classes and events



# Pogamut 3 World Abstraction

## New Stuff



### Objects - IWorldObject

- Player
- Self
- *New* Item
- *New* NavPoint
- Modules:
  - `this.players`, `this.info`
  - *New* `this.items`, `this.navPoints`
- *New* Helper classes
  - MyCollections – operations over collections
  - DistanceUtils – operations over distances

### ■ Registering IWorldEvent listener example

```
@EventListener(eventClass = ItemPickedUp.class)
public void pickedUp(ItemPickedUp chatEvent) { ... }
```

### Events - IWorldEvent

- GlobalChat
- *New* HearPickup
  - I've heard someone else
- *New* ItemPickedUp
  - I've picked up something

You can register callback to any class that is implementing IWorldEvent using this template.

# Environment Abstraction



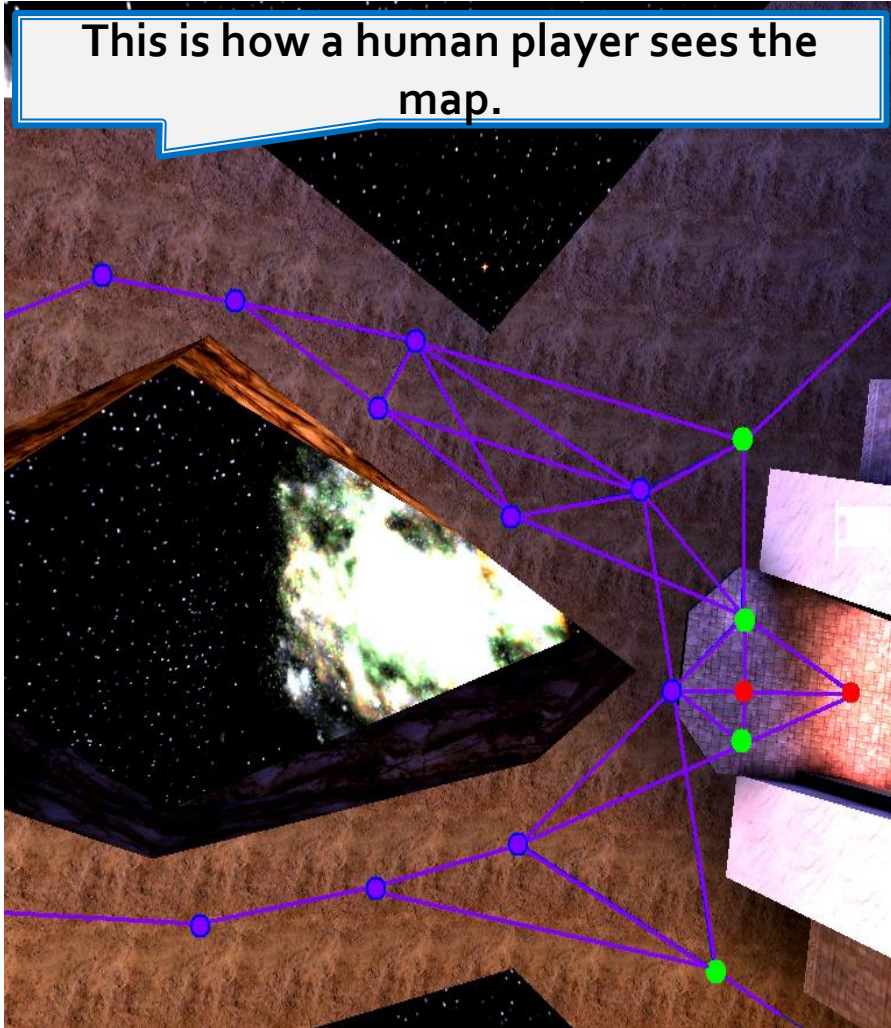
Navigation Graph  
+  
Navigation Mesh

# Navigation Graph

## Original UT2004 navigation abstraction

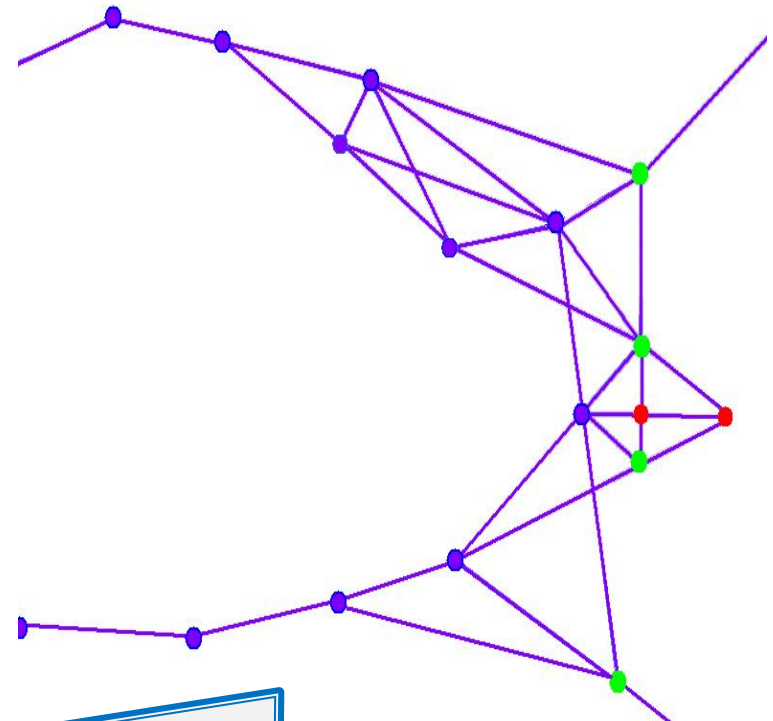


This is how a human player sees the map.



This is how original UT2004 bots “see” this map.

#Navpoints in a map = 100 – 5000



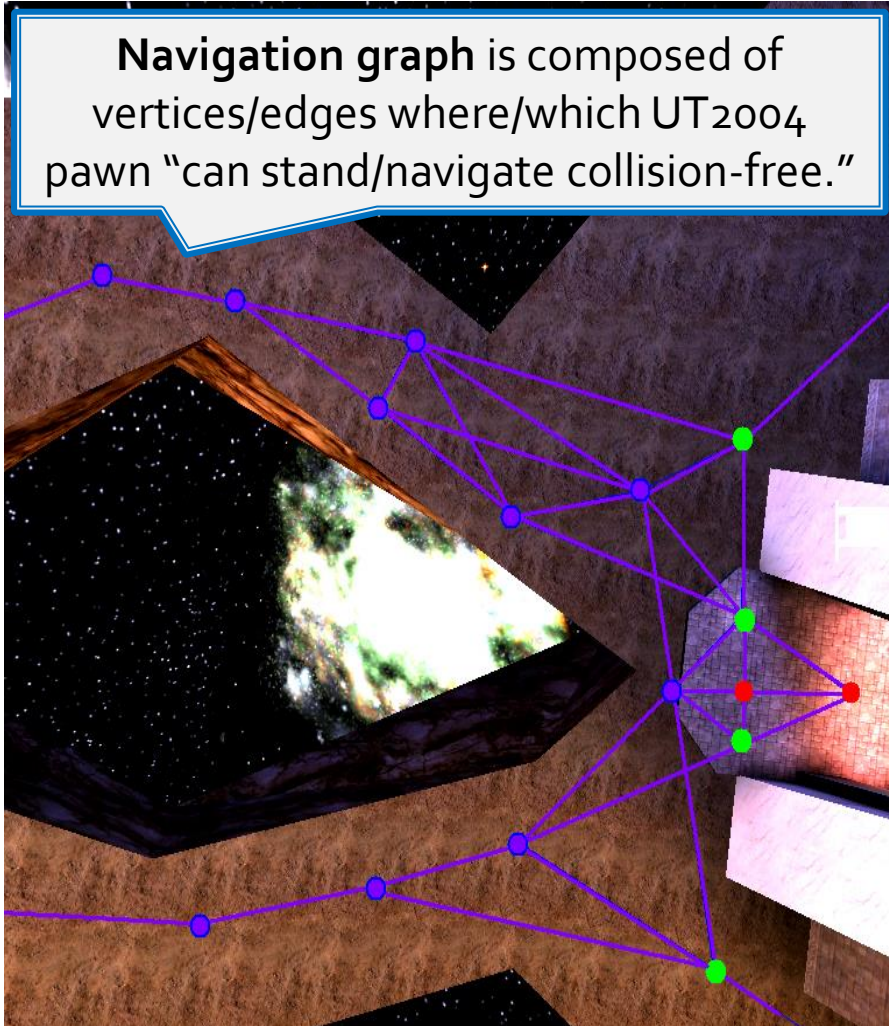
This is how the bot sees the environment!

# Navigation Graph

## Original UT2004 navigation abstraction

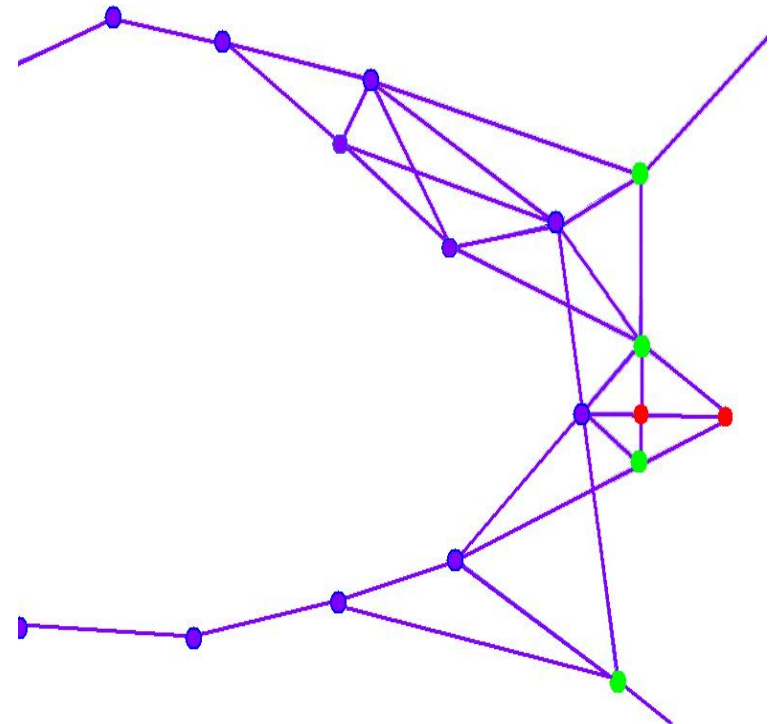


Navigation graph is composed of vertices/edges where/which UT2004 pawn "can stand/navigate collision-free."



This is how original UT2004 bots "see" this map.

#Navpoints in a map = 100 – 5000



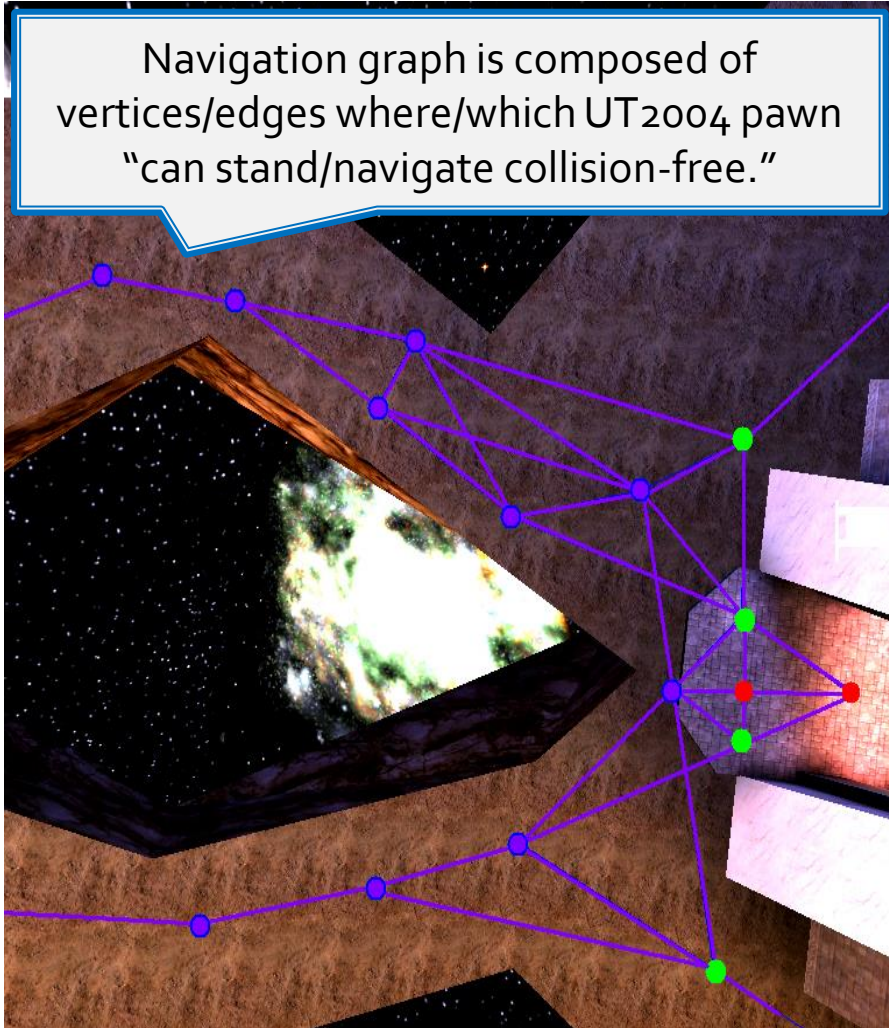


# Navigation Graph

## Original UT2004 navigation abstraction

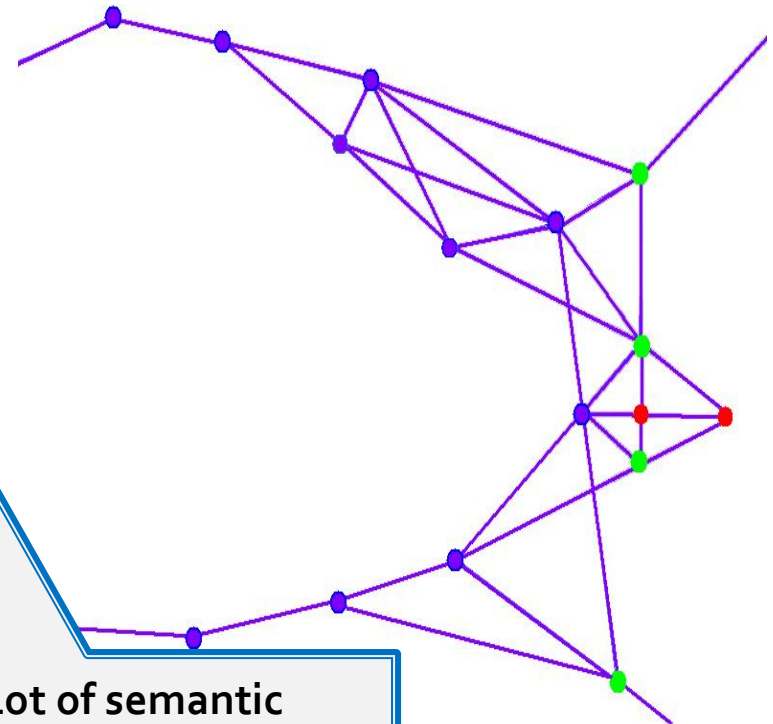


Navigation graph is composed of vertices/edges where/which UT2004 pawn "can stand/navigate collision-free."



This is how original UT2004 bots "see" this map.

#Navpoints in a map = 100 – 5000



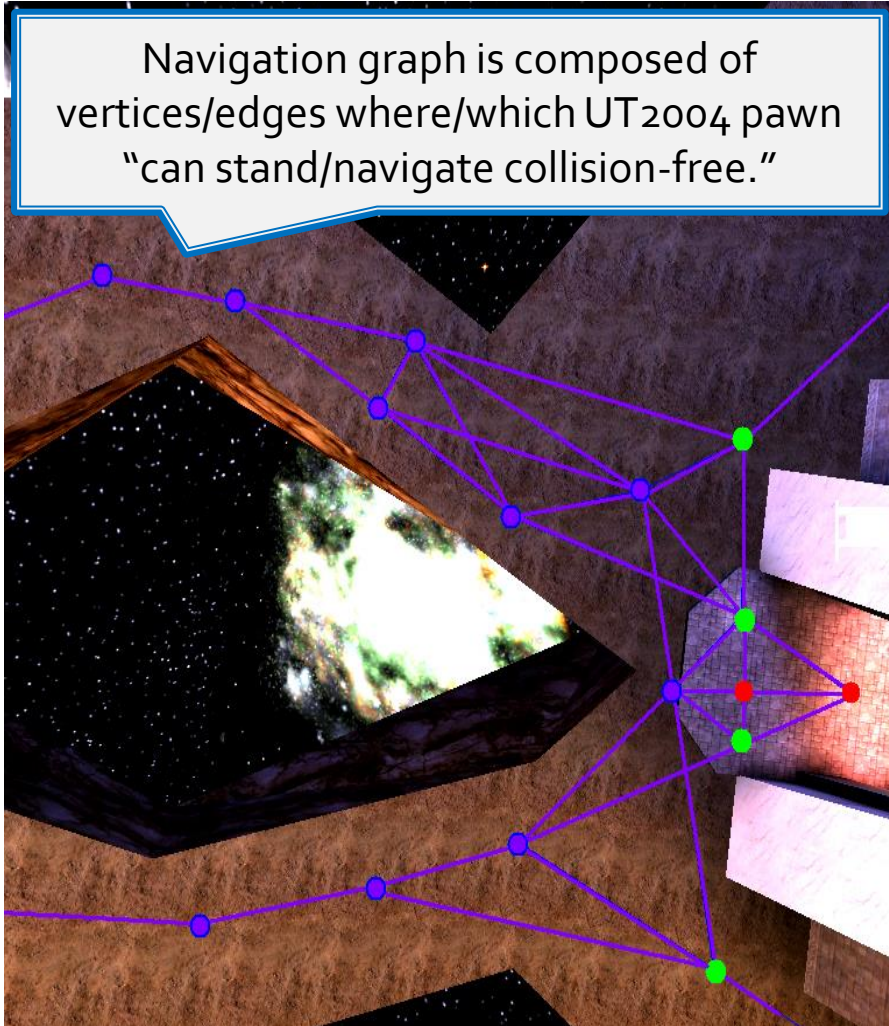
Lot of semantic information is lost (e.g. walls, holes, visibility)!

# Navigation Graph

## Original UT2004 navigation abstraction



Navigation graph is composed of vertices/edges where/which UT2004 pawn "can stand/navigate collision-free."



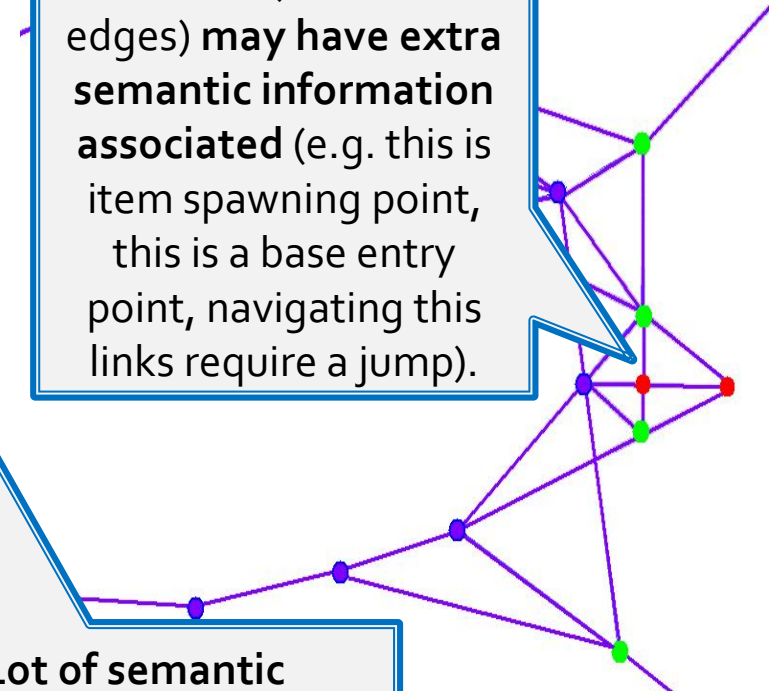
This is how original UT2004 bots **"see"** this map.

**#Navpoints in a map = 100 – 5000**

Vertices (as well as edges) **may have extra semantic information associated** (e.g. this is item spawning point, this is a base entry point, navigating this links require a jump).



**Lot of semantic information is lost** (e.g. walls, holes, visibility)!





# Navigation Graph

## Low-level API



### *Classes of interest:*

NavPoints – module wrapping navpoints

NavPoint, NavPointNeighbourLink  
– navgraph data

Item == **usually** item spawning point!

NavigationGraphBuilder

### *Methods of interest:*

```
this.navPoints.getNavPoints()
```

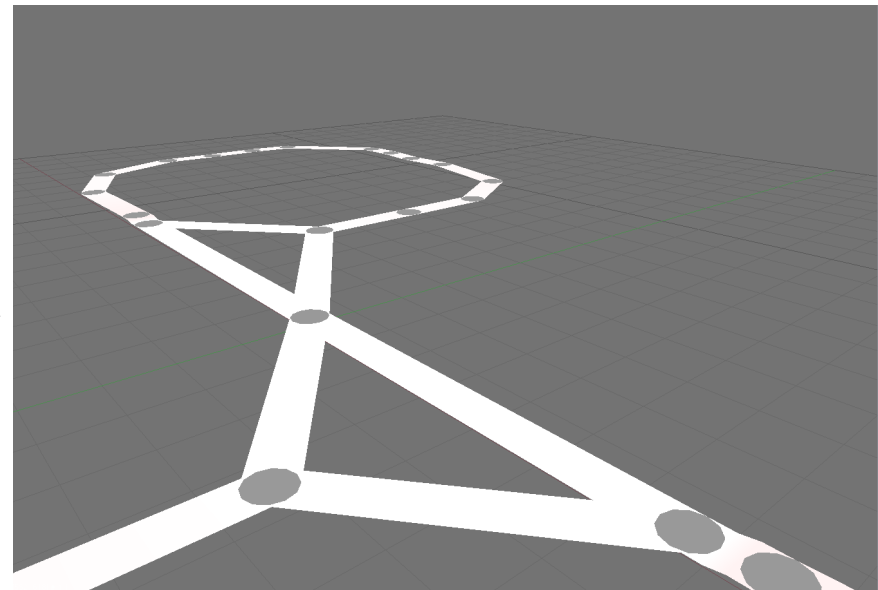
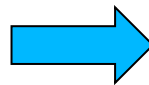
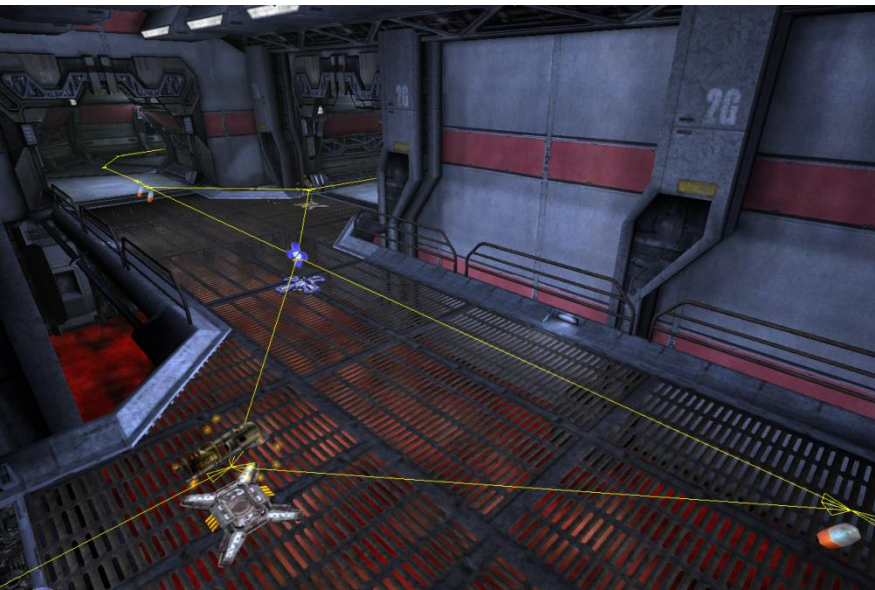
```
this.items.getAllItems()
```

```
this.world.getAll(NavPoint.class)
```

```
this.world.getAll(Item.class)
```

```
someNavPoint.getOutgoingEdges()
```

```
someNavPoint.getIncomingEdges()
```



# Navigation Mesh

Custom navig. abstr. computed from the map geom.



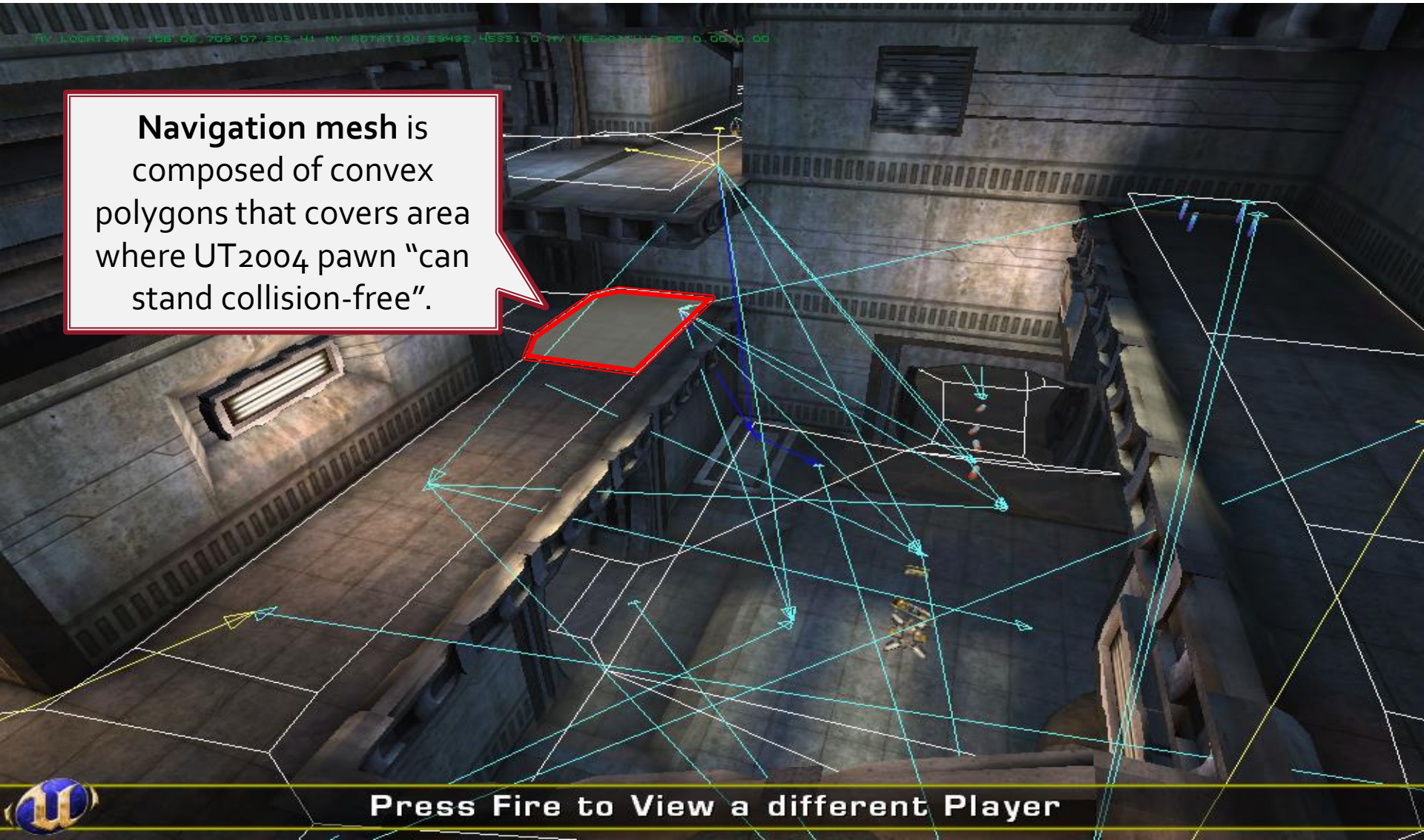


# Navigation Mesh

Custom navig. abstr. computed from the map geom.



Navigation mesh is composed of convex polygons that covers area where UT2004 pawn "can stand collision-free".





# Navigation Mesh

Custom navig. abstr. computed from the map geom.



Navigation mesh is composed of convex polygons that covers area where UT2004 pawn "can stand collision-free".

Jump-links are represented as "off-mesh links", these are oriented 1D segments connecting two polygons that do not share any edge. Taken from navgraph.

Press Fire to View a different Player



# Navigation Mesh

Custom navig. abstr. computed from the map geom.



Navigation mesh is composed of convex polygons that covers area where UT2004 pawn "can stand collision-free".

Some off-mesh links may carry **extra semantic information**, e.g. lift-links.

Jump-links are represented as "off-mesh links", these are oriented 1D segments connecting two polygons that do not share any edge. Taken from navgraph.

Press Fire to View a different Player

# Navigation Mesh

## Low-level API



### *Classes of interest:*

NavMeshModule:

NavMesh – „raw“ data vertices, polys, off-mesh points

NavMeshDropGrounder – find nearest poly

NavMeshClearanceComputer – NM “raycast”

### *Methods of interest:*

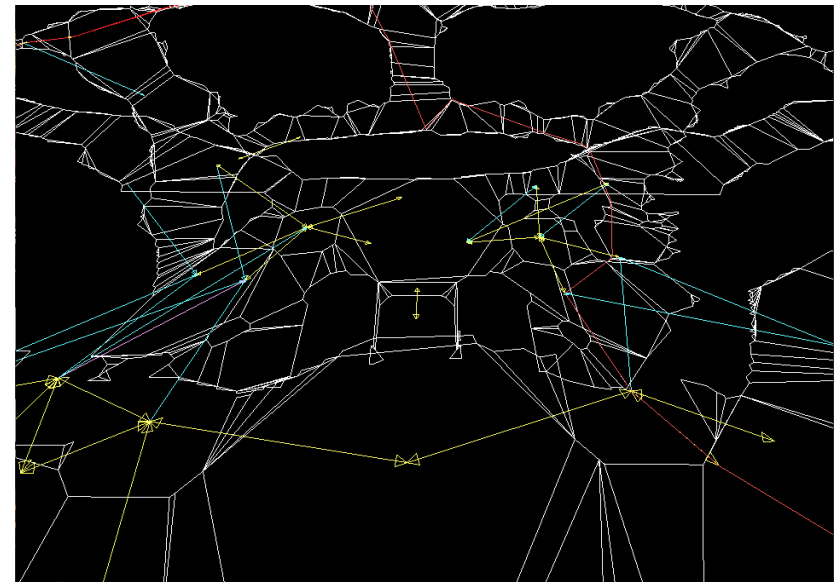
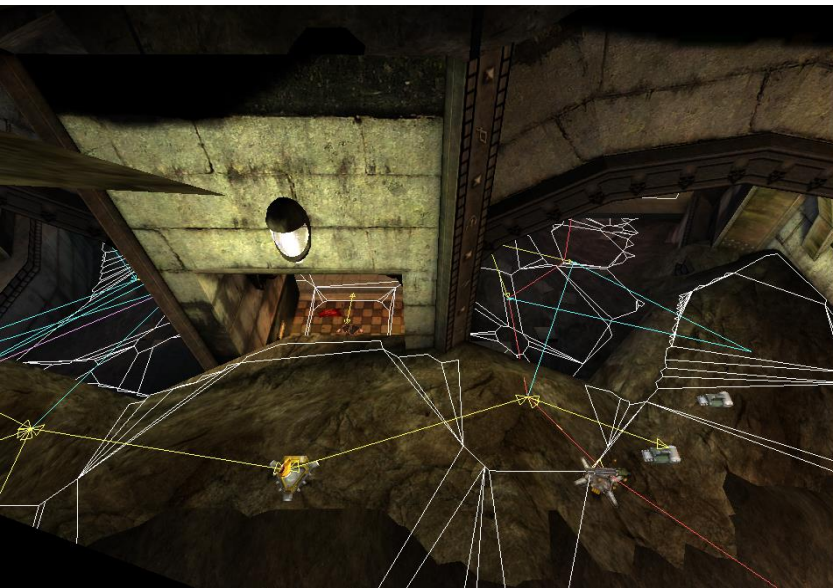
```
this.navMeshModule
```

```
.getNavMesh()
```

```
.getDropGrounder()
```

```
.getClearanceComputer()
```

```
.getAStarPathPlanner()
```



# World Abstraction



`Item, ItemType`

All the small things (details) ...

# Pogamut World Abstraction



## Items overview

### Objects - IWorldObject

- Player
- Self
- **Item**
- NavPoint
- Module for quick sensory readings
  - `this.items`
- Some interesting methods:
  - `items.getItem(UnrealId)`
    - Translation UnrealId -> Item instance
  - `items.getItemRespawnTime(Item)`
    - How often is this item respawning
  - `items.isPickable(Item)`
    - Is item pickable given its “spawned” state and my self/inventory state?
  - `items.isPickupSpawned(Item)`
    - Whether the bot thinks the item is spawned within the environment
  - `items.getSpawnedItems()`
    - Map of all items that are believed to be spawned right now

### Events - IWorldEvent

- GlobalChat
- HearPickup
- **ItemPickedUp**

# Pogamut World Abstraction



## Items overview

- Item
  - More “item spawning location” than item
    - `items.isPickupSpawned(item)`
  - Unique `UnrealId` => Can be used in `Set`, `Map`
  - `ILocated` ~ `getLocation()` ~ `X, Y, Z`
  - `IViewable` ~ `isVisible()`
  - Usually has corresponding `NavPoint` instance
    - `NavPoint itemNP = item.getNavPoint()`
  - Described by `UT2004ItemType`
    - `item.getType()`

# Pogamut World Abstraction



## Items overview

- `Item`
  - Not all `Item` instances are “item spawning locations”!
  - `Item.isDropped()`
    - `False` => `Item` describes item spawning location, once picked up, will respawn after some time
    - `True` => `Item` has been dropped by some killed player, once picked up, will never respawn at the same location



# Pogamut World Abstraction



## Items overview

- `Item.getType()` returns `UT2004ItemType`
  - Enum holding concrete type of the item
  - Part of some `ItemType.Category`
    - Categories are divided based on what items are intended to do
    - `ItemType.Category.HEALTH`
    - `ItemType.Category.ARMOR`
    - `ItemType.Category.SHIELD`
    - `ItemType.Category.WEAPON`
    - `ItemType.Category.AMMO`

"Armor" value a player sees in HUD is a sum of its "armor" and "shield"; different weapons damages/bypasses different "armor types".

# Pogamut World Abstraction



## Items overview

- `items.getSpawnedItems()`
- Is the item spawned?
  - A crucial question to answer in order to decide what to start navigating to
  - Subject to partial observability of UT2004; if the bot does not see “item spawning point”, and it did not pickup the item recently, the bot cannot be sure whether some item is spawned or not
  - The bot can only “believe” that the item is spawned

# Pogamut World Abstraction



## Items overview

Listening to `ItemPickedUp` event is a bit tricky...

```
@EventListener(eventClass = ItemPickedUp.class)
public void itemPickedUp(ItemPickedUp event) {
    Item item = items.getItem(event.getId());
    ...
}
```

Typically, one would think that the callback is raised when you pick some item up ONLY.

However, the problem is that “`ItemPickedUp`” is broadcast also before the bot is spawned into the environment for “initial bot equipment” a bot receives every time it is launched into the environment. Such IDs will not have `Item` instance counterparts!

This is especially problematic for the case when you are spawned into the game for the very first time as you, for instance, have not received `Self` message yet and so, e.g., `this.self` is not properly initialized yet.

# Navigation



**... and how to decide  
where to go?**

# Navigation



## Picking an Item step by step

### Navigation means to:

1. Decide where to go
2. Plan the path (list of path points)
3. Follow the path
  - Keep checking that you still want to continue with the navigation.
4. Check that you have truly reached your destination once navigation stops!

# Navigation



## 1. Decide where to go example

```
targetItem =  
    DistanceUtils.getNearest(  
        items.getSpawnedItems().values(),  
        info.getLocation(),  
        new DistanceUtils.IGetDistance<Item>() {  
            @Override  
            public double getDistance(  
                Item object, ILocated target) {  
                return  
                    navMeshModule  
                        .getAStarPathPlanner()  
                        .getDistance(target, object);  
            }  
        });
```

3. Make sure to save the item you're navigating to into your memory.

1. Returns nearest item you think is spawned wrt. your current location.

2. Using path-metric instead of default Euclidean one.

# Navigation



## 2.+3. Plan & Navigate

```
navigation.navigate(targetItem);  
if (navigation.isNavigating()) return;  
else {  
    // item location unreachable from my current  
    // position  
}
```

- Notice the `else` branch; it might happen that you are trying to start/continue navigation towards unreachable location (depending on your “item selection” routine and your current position)

# Navigation



## 4. Check that you have grabbed the item

```
@EventListener(eventClass = ItemPickedUp.class)
public void itemPickedUp(ItemPickedUp event) {
    if (targetItem != null
        && targetItem.getId() == event.getId())
        itemPicked = true;
}

if (!navigation.isNavigating()) {
    if (itemPicked) {
        // item obtained
    } else {
        if (targetItem "is visible and near") {
            // move to a location a bit behind the item to grab it
        } else {
            // navigation stuck => you might try to restart it
            // item unreachable => pick different item
        }
    }
}
```

That's why you  
need the  
memory!



# Navigation

## Cheatsheet



- Deciding where to go
  - `navPoints.getNavPoint()`
  - `DistanceUtils...` // Euclidean metric
  - `fwMap.getNearest(...)` // Path-length metric for navigation graph
  - `navMeshModule.getAStarPathPlanner().getDistance(object, target)`
- Navigation module
  - `this.navigation.navigate(...)`
  - `this.navigation.isNavigating()`
- Stuck listening (*differentiates between "item unreachable" / "stuck"*)
  - `this.navigation`
    - `.addStrongNavigationListener(  
new FlagListener<NavigationState>() { ... })`
  - Register this in `beforeFirstLogic()`
- Info about the bot
  - `this.info.getLocation()`
  - `this.info.atLocation(ILocated, epsilon)`
  - `this.info.getNearestNavPoint()`

# Team Communciation



**... how to talk to each other?**  
**WhatsApp for bots!**

# TeamComm Server

## Instant messaging for bots



```
public class TeamCommBot extends  
    UT2004BotTCController<UT2004Bot>
```

```
<dependencies>  
  <dependency>  
    <groupId>cz.cuni.amis.pogamut.ut2004</groupId>  
    <artifactId>ut2004-team-comm</artifactId>  
    <version>3.8.1-SNAPSHOT</version>  
  </dependency>  
</dependencies>
```

Java Example available at:

- `svn://artemis.ms.mff.cuni.cz/pogamut/trunk/project/Main/PogamutUT2004Examples/26-TeamCommBot`

# TeamComm Server

## Instant messaging for bots



- TeamComm server is custom solution for sending serializable Java objects (subclasses of `TCMessageData`) between UT2004 bots written in Java
- Requires team-oriented game type to be running (e.g. Team Deathmatch)
- The server understands the game => it makes sure that messages send to the team is not broadcast to members of a different one
- You have to start the TC server manually via:
  - `UT2004TCServer.startTCServer();`
- Once running, you can leave it be (quite stable, handles dis/connection of bots gracefully)

# TeamComm Server

## Instant messaging for bots



- Module `tcClient`
  - Is connecting to the TeamComm server automatically  

```
if (!tcClient.isConnected()) return;
```
  - Provides methods for sending messages to other bots  

```
tcClient.sendToTeam(...);  
tcClient.sendToTeamOthers(...);
```
- Message is any object that is serializable and extends `TCMessageData`
  - `UnrealId` is serializable
  - `Item`, `Player`, `NavPoint`, ... are not!

# TeamComm Server

## Instant messaging for bots



```
public class TCItemPicked extends TCMessagesData {  
  
    private static final long serialVersionUID = 7866323423491232L;  
  
    public static final IToken MESSAGE_TYPE =  
        Tokens.get("TCItemPicked");  
  
    public UnrealId who;  
  
    public UnrealId what;  
  
    public TCItemPicked(UnrealId who, UnrealId what) {  
        super(MESSAGE_TYPE);  
        this.who = who;  
        this.what = what;  
    }  
}
```

Java: Each serializable object must have its unique magic number; do not forget to change this when copy-pasting!

# TeamComm Server

## Instant messaging for bots



```
public class TCItemPicked extends TCMessagesData {  
  
    private static final long serialVersionUID = 7866323423491232L;  
  
    public static final IToken MESSAGE_TYPE =  
        Tokens.get("TCItemPicked");  
  
    public UnrealId who;  
  
    public UnrealId what;  
  
    public TCItemPicked(UnrealId who, UnrealId what) {  
        super(MESSAGE_TYPE);  
        this.who = who;  
        this.what = what;  
    }  
}
```

TeamComm: is requiring all messages to define their unique id token; do not forget to change this when copy-pasting!

# TeamComm Server

## Instant messaging for bots



```
public class TCItemPicked extends TCMessagesData {  
  
    private static final long serialVersionUID = 7866323423491232L;  
  
    public static final IToken MESSAGE_TYPE =  
        Tokens.get("TCItemPicked");  
  
    public UnrealId who;  
  
    public UnrealId what;  
  
    public TCItemPicked(UnrealId who, UnrealId what) {  
        super(MESSAGE_TYPE);  
        this.who = who;  
        this.what = what;  
    }  
}
```

TeamComm: is requiring all messages to define their unique id token; pass the token to the super constructor.



# TeamComm Server

## Instant messaging for bots



```
@EventListener(eventClass=TCMessage.class)
public void allMsg(TCMessage tcMessage) {
    log.info("@EventListener(TCMessage)");
}
```

- Hook for listening to ALL messages TeamComm->Bot
  - Not advised to use for reading, useful for logging while debugging

```
@EventListener(eventClass=TCItemPicked.class)
public void tcItemPicked(TCItemPicked event) {
    log.info("@EventListener(TCItemPicked)");
}
```

- Hook for listening to TCItemPicked custom messages
  - Advised way, create separate message handler for every specific message
  - TCItemPicked message is user-defined, you may create as many of such a classes as you need

# Homework 03



## ItemPicker Squad

Revisiting the reasoning

# Homework 03

## Gotta COLLECT `em all!



- So now you know how to share information between bots
- How to pick all the items as fast as possible?
  1. One bot will solve the optimization problem and commands the others
    - While you can try to do it ... it's resource-demanding => this is not how you would implement in fast-paced games like FPSs; simulation is non-deterministic => pointless to try to plan too much into future
  2. Distributed solution
    - Let it be solved emergently during the simulation itself
    - Each bot is having some information and trying to do the best for itself while cooperating with others
    - You can do a lookahead:
      - Level 0 = be sure not to try to pick something someone else is pursuing
      - Level 1 = be able to interrupt someone else, if you are closer to item other is pursuing
      - Level 2 = assume the common goal and pick the item so the sum of all "current and next run" are the lowest
      - Level 3 = dtto but "current next 2 runs"; usually pointless because of CPU time and simulation non-determinism

# Homework 03

## Submissions



Submissions will happen through Gdrive again.

Once you finish your homework, ZIP UP your project folder COMPLETELY (except the `target` folder) and upload the ZIP file to shared shared GDrive folder into the `03-ItemPicker` directory.

# Questions?

I sense a soul in search of answers...



ASK AT DISCORD!

<https://discord.gg/c49DHBj>