

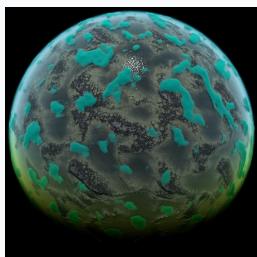


The ultimate planet rendering system.

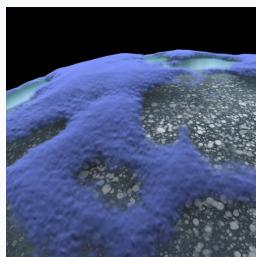
This asset is designed to work in Unity 2021 LTS, Unity 2022 LTS, Unity 2023, and Unity 6, with the Built-In Render Pipeline, URP, and HDRP.

This asset includes a custom planet LOD system with fully configurable biomes, a volumetric atmosphere and cloud system, and an ocean system with underwater effects.

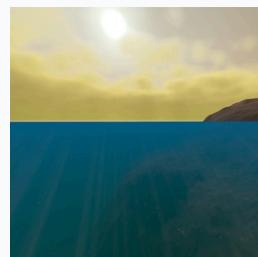
All example scenes are in the "**Plugins/CW/Planet Forge/Scenes**" folder, which show you what fully configured planets look like.



Seamlessly Fly  
 From Space



Through The  
 Atmosphere



Through The Ocean



And Go Underwater

# Required Packages

 Your project must have the **Burst** and **Mathematics** and **Collections** packages installed.

> Package Installation Guide

## Making Your Own Planet

To make your own planet from scratch, you can either:

- Right click in the Hierarchy tab, and select the “**CW / Planet Forge / Planet (Radius = 500)**” option.
- Go to the menu bar, and select the “**GameObject / CW / Planet Forge / Planet (Radius = 500)**” option.

There are also options for 5,000 meter and 5,000,000 meter (similar to Earth) planets if you wish.

 If you make a large planet, your main **Camera** component’s **Clipping Planes / Far** setting must be large enough to render the whole planet.

 If you make a large planet, it may spawn on top of the camera. If so, increase the planet’s **Transform** component’s **Position Z** value.

This will create a new **GameObject** called “**Planet**” with 4 child **GameObjects**:

1. "**Landscape**" - This handles rendering of the planet surface.
2. "**Sky**" - This handles rendering of the atmosphere.
3. "**Cloud**" - This handles rendering of the clouds.
4. "**Ocean**" - This handles rendering of the ocean, and underwater effects.

If your planet doesn't need an ocean/clouds/etc, then you can delete it. However, cloud rendering requires the sky (just like in real life).

ⓘ You can hover the mouse over any inspector setting, and it will tell you what it does.

❗ Your main scene light must have the **SgtLight** component to calculate lighting on the atmosphere and clouds. When you create a new gas giant, this will automatically be added.

❗ Your scene must have the **SgtVolumeManager** component to render the gas giants. When you create a new gas giant, this will automatically be added.

❗ Your main camera must have the **SgtVolumeCamera** component to render the gas giants. When you create a new gas giant, this will automatically be added.

## Landscape

The "**Landscape**" GameObject has the [\*\*SgtSphereLandscape\*\*](#) component, which handles LOD mesh generation for your planet.

The LOD is driven by the **Detail** setting relative to the **Main Camera**'s position. However, if you want to override this, or have multiple cameras altering the LOD, then you can drag and drop them into the **Observers** list.

The landscape is generated using height and color textures, which are defined in the **Bundle** setting. If you want to create your own bundle, then you can add the **SgtLandscapeBundle** component to this GameObject (or in a prefab), and drag and drop it into the **Bundle** setting. By default, the “**Example Bundle**” is used, which contains a few example textures.

The “**Add Collider**” button will add the [SgtLandscapeCollider](#) component. This will generate colliders for the whole planet down to the specified MinimumTriangleSize in this component.

- ⓘ If you have a large planet, then Unity may output warnings that there are large colliders in your scene, but there doesn't seem to be a way to disable this...

The “**Add Detail**” button will add a child GameObject with the [SgtLandscapeDetail](#) component. This can apply a layer of detail around the whole planet, or to a specific region.

The “**Add Flatten**” button will add a child GameObject with the [SgtLandscapeFlatten](#) component. This can flatten the landscape in specific regions.

The “**Add Color**” button will add a child GameObject with the [SgtLandscapeColor](#) component. This can color the whole planet based on height and slope data, or to a specific region.

The “**Add Biome**” button will add a child GameObject with the [SgtLandscapeBiome](#) component. This combines the features of [SgtLandscapeDetail](#) and [SgtLandscapeColor](#) into one component, simplifying configuration.

The “**Add Prefab Spawner**” button will add a child GameObject with the [SgtLandscapePrefabSpawner](#) component. This will spawn prefabs on the surface of your planet as you approach.

The “**Add Static Spawner**” button will add a child GameObject with the [SgtLandscapeStaticSpawner](#) component. This will spawn static meshes

on the surface of your planet as you approach.

- ⓘ By default, your planet is given one biome, which is in the **"SgtLandscapeBiome"** child GameObject.

If you want the planet to be based on a pre-generated albedo or height texture, then you can set it in the **AlbedoTex** or **HeightTex** setting.

- ⓘ These must use cylindrical (equirectangular) projection, use the **Single Channel Red** format, and have **Read/Write** enabled.

## Sky

The **"Sky"** GameObject has the [SgtSky](#) component, which handles rendering of the sky and (optional) clouds.

You can adjust the **UpperColor** and **LowerColor** settings to change its look.

The **InnerMeshRadius** setting should match the radius of your ocean, or your landscape radius if your planet doesn't have an ocean.

If you enable the **Lighting** setting, then the atmosphere can receive light from one **SgtLight** component.

- ⓘ When you create a planet, the **SgtLight** component will automatically be added to the Sun or brightest light in your scene. Otherwise you must manually add this component.

## Cloud

The **"Cloud"** GameObject has the [SgtCloud](#) component, which handles LOD mesh generation for your planet.

If you want the overall cloud coverage to have a specific shape, you can set it in the CoverageTex setting.

- ⓘ This texture must use cylindrical (equirectangular) projection. The R/G/B/A channels can all be used with the CloudLayers setting.

You can add up to 4 cloud layers, and control settings like the Height, Thickness and Density of each layer.

You can also erode each layer with a detail texture using the [SgtCloudDetail](#) component.

## Ocean

The "Ocean" GameObject has the [SgtOcean](#), [SgtOceanRays](#), and [SgtOceanDebris](#) components, which handle rendering of the ocean surface and underwater effects.

This component has the Radius setting, which should be greater than your landscape's radius.

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