# Summer 2017.

# **Aid Management Application (AMA)**

When disaster hits an area, the most important thing is to be able provide the people affected with what they need as quickly and as efficiently possible.

Your job for this project is to prepare an application that manages the list of goods needed to be shipped to the area. The application should be able to keep track of the quantity of items needed, the quantity on hand, and store them in a file for future use.

The types of goods needed to be shipped in this situation are divided into two categories;

* Non-Perishable products, such as blankets and tents, that have no expiry date, we refer to these type of products as AMA\_product.
* Perishable products, such as food and medicine, that have an expiry date, we refer to these products as AMA\_Perishable.

To accomplish this task you need to create several classes to encapsulate the problem and provide a solution for this application.

**Classes to be developed**

The classes needed for this application are:

**Date**A class to be used to hold the expiry date of the perishable items.

**ErrorMessage**A class to keep track of the errors occurring during data entry and user interaction.

**Streamable**This interface (a class with “only” pure virtual functions) enforces the classes that inherit from it to be *streamable*. Any class derived from “Streamable” can read from or write to the console, or can be saved to or loaded from a text file.

Using this class the list of items can be saved into a file and retrieved later, and individual item specifications can be displayed on screen or read from keyboard.

**Product**A class inherited from Streamable, containing general information about an item, like the name, Stock Keeping Unit (SKU), price etc.

**AMA\_Product**A class for non-perishable items that is inherited from the “Product” class and implements the requirements of the “Streamable” class (i.e. implements the pure virtual methods of the Streamable class)

**AMA\_Perishable**A class inherited from the “AMA\_Product” that provides expiry date for Perishable items.

**AidApp**The main application class that is essentially the manager class for the NFI and Perishable items. This class provides the user with a user-interface to list, add and update the items saved in a data file.

**Project Class Diagram**

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**Project Development Process**

The Development process of the project is divided into 6 milestones and therefore six deliverables. Shortly before the due date of each deliverable a tester program and a script will be provided to you to test and submit each of the deliverables. The approximate schedule for deliverables is as follows

* Due: Kickoff (KO) + 33 days
* The Date class. Due: Jul 8th, 5 days
* The ErrorMessage class Due: Jul 11th, 3 days
* The Streamable class Due: Jul 12th, 1 day
* The Product class Due: Jul 18th, 6 days
* The AMA product classes Due: Jul 27th, 9 days
* The AidApp class. Due: Aug 5th, 9 days

**General Project Submission**

This is the first of several milestones and in order to complete the whole project, all milestones must be completed and assembled for the final submission.

Note that at the end of the semester you **MUST submit a fully functional project to pass this subject**. If you fail to do so you will fail the subject. If your project is not completed by the end of the semester and your total average, without the project’s mark, is above %50, your professor may give you an “INC” (incomplete mark) for the subject. With the release of your transcript you will receive a new due date to complete your project for a maximum mark of “49%” and your total mark for the subject will be calculated accordingly.

**File Structure of the project**

Each class will have its own header file and cpp file. The names of these files should be the same as the class name.   
Example: Class **Date** has two files: **Date.h** and **Date.cpp**

In addition to header files for each class, create a header file called “general.h” that will hold the general defined values for the project, such as:

TAX (0.13) The tax value for the NFI items

MAX\_SKU\_LEN (7) The maximum size of a SKU

DISPLAY\_LINES (10) Product lines to display before each pause

MIN\_YEAR (2000) The min and max for year to be used for date validation

MAX\_YEAR (2030)

MAX\_NO\_RECS (2000) The maximum number of records in the data file.

This header file should get included were these values are needed.

Note that all the code developed for this application should be in **sict** namespace.

**Milestone 1: the Date class**

The Date class encapsulates a date value in three integers for year, month and day, and is readable by istreams and printable by ostream using the following format for both reading and writing: YYYY/MM/DD

Complete the implementation of Date class using following information:

## **Member Data:**

int year\_; Holds the year; a four digit integer between MIN\_YEAR and MAX\_YEAR, defined in “general.h”

int mon\_; Month of the year, between 1 to 12

int day\_; Day of the month, note that in a leap year February is 29 days, (see mday() member function)

int readErrorCode\_; This variable holds an error code with which the caller program can reference to find out if the date value is valid, and if not, which part is erroneous. The following possible error values should be defined in the date class header-file as follows:

NO\_ERROR 0 -- No error the date is valid

CIN\_FAILED 1 -- istream failed when entering information

YEAR\_ERROR 2 -- Year value is invalid

MON\_ERROR 3 -- Month value is invalid

DAY\_ERROR 4 -- Day value is invalid

## **Private Member functions:**

int value()const; (this function is already implemented and provided)

This function returns a unique integer number based on the date. This value is used to compare two dates. (If the value() of date one is larger than date two, then date one is after/more recent than date two).

void errCode(int errorCode);

Sets the readErrorCode\_ member-variable to one of the values mentioned above.

## **Constructors:**

No argument (default) constructor: sets year\_, mon\_ and day\_ to “0” and readErrorCode\_ to NO\_ERROR.

Three argument constructor: Accepts three arguments to set the values of year\_, mon\_ and day\_ attributes. It also sets the readErrorCode\_ to NO\_ERROR.

## **Public member-functions and operators**

Comparison Logical operator overloads:

bool operator==(const Date& D)const;

bool operator!=(const Date& D)const;

bool operator<(const Date& D)const;

bool operator>(const Date& D)const;

bool operator<=(const Date& D)const;

bool operator>=(const Date& D)const;

These operators return the comparison result of the return value of the value() function applied to left and right operands (The Date objects on the left and right side of the operators).

For example operator< returns true if this->value() is less than D.value() or else it returns false.

int mdays(int mon)const; (this function is already implemented and provided)

Returns the number of days in a month.

**Accessor or getter member functions:**int errCode()const; Returns the readErrorCode\_ value.

bool bad()const; Returns true if readErrorCode\_ is not equal to zero.

**IO member-funtions**

std::istream& read(std::istream& istr);

Reads the date in the following format: YYYY?MM?DD (e.g. 2016/03/24 or 2016-03-24) from the console. This function will not prompt the user. If the istream (istr) fails at any point, it will set the readErrorCode\_ to CIN\_FAILED and will NOT clear the istream object. If the numbers are successfully read in, it will validate them to be in range, in the order of year, month and day (see general header-file and mday() method for acceptable ranges for years and days respectively. Month can be between 1 and 12 inclusive). If any of the numbers are not within range, the readErrorCode\_ will be set to the appropriate error code and stop further validation. Irrespective of the result of the process, this function will return the incoming istr argument.

std::ostream& write(std::ostream& ostr)const;

Writes the date using the ostr argument in the following format: YYYY/MM/DD, then return the ostr.

**Non-member IO operator overloads:**

After implementing the Date class, overload the operator<< and operator>> to work with cout to print a Date, and cin to read a Date, from/to the console respectively.

Use the read and write methods and DO NOT use friends for these operator overloads.

Make sure the prototype of the functions are in Date.h.

# **Preliminary task**

To kick-start the first milestone, clone/download milestone 1 from the repository and implement the Date class.

Compile and test you code using the four tester programs starting from tester number 1 up to 4.

**Milestone 1 SUBMISSION**

If not on matrix already, upload **general.h, Date.h, Date.cpp** and the four testers to your matrix account. Compile and run your code and make sure everything works properly.

Then run the following script from your account: (replace profname.proflastname with your professors Seneca userid)

**~profname.proflastname/submit 200\_ms1 <ENTER>**

and follow the instructions.

Please note that a successful submission does not guarantee full credit for this workshop.

If the professor is not satisfied with your implementation, your professor may ask you to resubmit. Resubmissions will attract a penalty.