

D4.1a - VISHNU Tasks Management Service Package Design

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Chapter 1

Document presentation

1.1 Document objectives

This document presents the detailed internal design of the Users Management System (TMS) package. The purpose of this package is to handle all aspects of user management and session management within the VISHNU system. The functional and non-functional requirements for this package are those described in the referenced specification documents. The current document is part of the design phase of the software and therefore its main goal is to define the main components of the system architecture and their relationships.

1.2 Document structure

- Chapter 1 contains a brief overview of the document content.
- Chapter 2 contains a high-level overview of the system architecture.
- Chapter 3 describes the internal API used for remote procedure calls through SysFera-DS.
- Chapter 4 describes the internal class and data structures

1.3 References

- [D1.1a]: VISHNU General specifications
- [D1.1b]: VISHNU Spécifications techniques des besoins
- [D1.1c]: VISHNU API Detailed specifications

1.4 Acronyms

- **API**: Application programming interface
 - **CLI**: Command line interface
 - **DB**: DataBase
 - **n/a**: Not Applicable (used for serializable capability in function descriptions)
 - **SeD**: A Server Daemon is a SysFera-DS agent that provides services through the SysFera-DS API.
 - **TMS**: Users management system
 - **WS**: Web services
-

1.5 Glossary

- **Components:** the software components represents a library or an executable program that provides a given interface to other components or to end-users.
- **Serialized type:** this is a class of data (C++ Class) which instances can be serialized in a XML string before being sent over an API (to or from the API). The data is deserialized on the other side of the channel in order to re-build the same instance of the class.
- **SysFera-DS:** open-source middleware developped by SysFera.

Chapter 2

System Architecture

2.1 Overview of the TMS software infrastructure

We present in this section a detailed description of the TMS package architecture in terms of software components. In addition we show the dependencies between components to highlight their reuse. These components follow a client/server model. We present the different software layers from services (provided directly to the user) to the database (used by the server). The TMS client server package has been split into eight different interrelated components. The diagrams shown in section 2.3 describe the relationships between these components. The definitions of the components are the following:

- **External API** contains precisely the services provided to the user as defined in the detailed specifications. We're on the client side.
- **Internal API** is the middle layer of the server side. The services announced previously are performed here by combining a set of classes defined in the two following components.
- **TMS Client** contains intermediate (proxy) classes providing remote access to the business objects of **TMS Server**.
- **TMS Server** contains all classes implementing business objects by encapsulating the processing provided through the internal API.
- **Sysfera-DS Client API** is the C++ client API provided by the SysFera-DS toolbox.
- **Sysfera-DS Server API** is the C++ server API provided by the SysFera-DS toolbox.
- **Torque API** : the C API provided by the Torque batch scheduler.
- **LoadLeveler API** : the C API provided by the LoadLeveler batch scheduler..
- **Vishnu Database** stores all data manipulated by the TMS Server.

2.2 Deployment aspects of TMS

We explain here how the TMS package will be deployed in a physical hardware as illustrated in figure 2.1 where each cube represents an environment in which a component or a set of components execute. The TMS consists of:

- **TMS Server** is the provider of all TMS services. It consists of the TMS Monitor component and what we called the TMS SeD (TMS Server daemon) which gathers all TMS services published.
- **Client host** is TMS service requester. It contains all components allowing to make a TMS service request.
- **SysFera-DS Bus** is the specific software layer that ensures the communication between client hosts and server hosts.
- **Vishnu database**: this component represents a unique instance of an Oracle or PostgreSQL database.

It is important to note that we can have several Secondary TMS servers (where an TMS SeD is running in each) but only one instance of TMS Monitor daemon running in the Main TMS Server as we can see in figure 2.1.

2.3 Architecture diagrams

Chapter 3

Internal API specification

3.1 Generic definition formats presentation

This section presents the formats used in this chapter to describe the services provided by the internal API.

3.1.1 Service definition format

Access

Here is detailed the access level of the service 'myService' (i.e. the privilege required to use it)

Parameters

The following table contains all the input and output parameters of the service, along with their type and description.

Parameter	Type	Serialized type	Description	Mode
sessionKey	string	n/a	This is an example of a required string input parameter	IN
listOfJobs	string	ListJobs	This is an example of an object output parameter that is serialized as a string	OUT

Description

Here is detailed the purpose of the service 'myService'

Return Value

Here are detailed the different return codes provided by the service.

Name	Description
VISHNU_OK	The service has been performed successfully.
TMS_UNKNOWN_MACHINE	This is the human-readable generic message that will be available to the user of the API.

Used by this(these) API function(s):

This shows the list of functions from the external Vishnu API (see [D1_1c]) that use this service.

3.2 Definition of the services of the package

3.2.1 Service jobSubmit

Access

This service can be used by any VISHNU user

Parameters

Parameter	Type	Serialized type	Description	Mode
sessionKey	string	n/a	The session key is the encrypted identifier of the session generated by VISHNU	IN
machineId	string	n/a	Is the id of the machine where the job must be submitted	IN
scriptFilePath	string	n/a	The path to the file containing the characteristics (job command, and batch scheduler directive required or optional) of the job to submit.	IN
options	string	SubmitOptions	Is an instance of the class SubmitOptions. It allows the user to submit job by using different options	IN
jobId	string	n/a	Is the returned id of the submitted job	OUT
jobPath	string	n/a	Is the path to the file containing job characteristics	OUT
errorInfo	string	n/a	Additional information provided when an error code is returned	OUT

Description

The jobSubmit() function submits job on a machine through the use of a script (scriptFilePath).

Return Value

An error code is returned when an error occurs during the execution of the service

Name	Description
VISHNU_OK	The service was performed successfully.
TMS_UNKNOWN_MACHINE	The machine is not known.
TMS_BATCH_SCHEDULER_ERROR	Indicates an error caused by the underlying batch scheduler
TMS_INVALID_PATH	The path to the file containing the characteristics of the job to submit is not a valid path
TMS_INVALID_RESPONSE	Indicates that the implementation produced a response that does not match the criteria defined by the specification.
TMS_INVALID_REQUEST	Indicates that the request is not valid.
TMS_INVALID_SESSION_KEY	The session key is not valid to perform the service.
TMS_PERMISSION_DENIED	Indicates the requested operation is not allowed for provided user.
TMS_SERVER_NOT_AVAILABLE	Indicates that the task management server is not available.
TMS_SUBMIT_SERVICE_NOT_AVAILABLE	Indicates that the service to perform the submit operation is not found.
TMS_UNKNOWN_BATCH_SCHEDULER_TYPE	Indicates that the batch scheduler type is not known.
TMS_UNKNOWN_QUEUE	Indicates that the specified queue by the user is not known.
DB_ERROR	A problem occurs with the database

Used by this(these) API function(s):

None

3.2.2 Service jobCancel

Access

This service can be used by any VISHNU user

Parameters

Parameter	Type	Serialized type	Description	Mode
sessionKey	string	n/a	The session key	IN
machineId	string	n/a	Machine hash key	IN
jobId	string	n/a	The Id of the job	IN
infoMsg	string	n/a	The information message	OUT
errorInfo	string	n/a	Additional information provided when an error code is returned	OUT

Description

The jobCancel() function cancels a job from its id

Return Value

An error code is returned when an error occurs during the execution of the service

Name	Description
TMS_BATCH_SCHEDULER_ERROR	Indicates an error caused by the underlying batch scheduler
TMS_INVALID_RESPONSE	Indicates that the implementation produced a response that does not match the criteria defined by the specification.
TMS_INVALID_REQUEST	Indicates that the request is not valid.
TMS_INVALID_SESSION_KEY	The session key is not valid to perform the service.
TMS_PERMISSION_DENIED	Indicates the requested operation is not allowed for provided user.
VISHNU_OK	The service was performed successfully.
TMS_SERVER_NOT_AVAILABLE	Indicates that the task management server is not available.
TMS_UNKNOWN_BATCH_SCHEDULER_TYPE	Indicates that the batch scheduler type is not known.
TMS_UNKNOWN_MACHINE	The machine is not known.
DB_ERROR	A problem occurs with the database

Used by this(these) API function(s):

None

3.2.3 Service jobQueryGetInfoOfJob

Access

This service can be used by any VISHNU user

Parameters

Parameter	Type	Serialized type	Description	Mode
sessionKey	string	n/a	The session key	IN
machineId	string	n/a	Machine hash key	IN
jobId	string	n/a	The id of the job	IN
jobInfos	string	Job	The resulting information on the job	OUT
errorInfo	string	n/a	Additional information provided when an error code is returned	OUT

Description

The jobQueryGetInfoOfJob() function gets information on a job from its id

Return Value

An error code is returned when an error occurs during the execution of the service

Name	Description
TMS_BATCH_SCHEDULER_ERROR	Indicates an error caused by the underlying batch scheduler
TMS_INVALID_REQUEST	Indicates that the request is not valid.
TMS_INVALID_RESPONSE	Indicates that the implementation produced a response that does not match the criteria defined by the specification.
TMS_INVALID_SESSION_KEY	The session key is not valid to perform the service.
TMS_PERMISSION_DENIED	Indicates the requested operation is not allowed for provided user.
VISHNU_OK	The service was performed successfully.
TMS_SERVER_NOT_AVAILABLE	Indicates that the task management server is not available.
TMS_UNKNOWN_BATCH_SCHEDULER_TYPE	Indicates that the batch scheduler type is not known.
TMS_UNKNOWN_MACHINE	The machine is not known.
DB_ERROR	A problem occurs with the database

Used by this(these) API function(s):

None

3.2.4 Service jobQueryGetListOfJobs

Access

This service can be used by any VISHNU user

Parameters

Parameter	Type	Serialized type	Description	Mode
sessionKey	string	n/a	The session key	IN
machineId	string	n/a	Machine hash key	IN
options	string	ListJobsOptions	Additional options for jobs listing	IN
listOfJobs	string	ListJobs	The constructed object list of jobs	OUT
errorInfo	string	n/a	Additional information provided when an error code is returned	OUT

Description

The jobQueryGetListOfJobs() function gets a list of all submitted jobs

Return Value

An error code is returned when an error occurs during the execution of the service

Name	Description
TMS_BATCH_SCHEDULER_ERROR	Indicates an error caused by the underlying batch scheduler
TMS_INVALID_RESPONSE	Indicates that the implementation produced a response that does not match the criteria defined by the specification.
TMS_INVALID_REQUEST	Indicates that the request is not valid.
TMS_INVALID_SESSION_KEY	The session key is not valid to perform the service.
TMS_PERMISSION_DENIED	Indicates the requested operation is not allowed for provided user.
VISHNU_OK	The service was performed successfully.

Name	Description
TMS_SERVER_NOT_AVAILABLE	Indicates that the task management server is not available.
TMS_UNKNOWN_BATCH_SCHEDULER_TYPE	Indicates that the batch scheduler type is not known.
TMS_UNKNOWN_MACHINE	The machine is not known.
DB_ERROR	A problem occurs with the database

Used by this(these) API function(s):

None

3.2.5 Service jobResultGetOutPutOfJob

Access

This service can be used by any VISHNU user

Parameters

Parameter	Type	Serialized type	Description	Mode
sessionKey	string	n/a	The session key	IN
machineId	string	n/a	Machine hash key	IN
jobId	string	n/a	The Id of the job	IN
outputPath	string	n/a	The path of the file containinig the output result of the job	OUT
errorPath	string	n/a	The path of the file containinig the errors that has been occurred during the execution of the job	OUT
errorInfo	string	n/a	Additional information provided when an error code is returned	OUT

Description

The jobResultGetOutPutOfJob() function gets outputPath and errorPath of a job from its id

Return Value

An error code is returned when an error occurs during the execution of the service

Name	Description
TMS_BATCH_SCHEDULER_ERROR	Indicates an error caused by the underlying batch scheduler
TMS_INVALID_RESPONSE	Indicates that the implementation produced a response that does not match the criteria defined by the specification.
TMS_INVALID_REQUEST	Indicates that the request is not valid.
TMS_INVALID_SESSION_KEY	The session key is not valid to perform the service.
VISHNU_OK	The service was performed successfully.
TMS_PERMISSION_DENIED	Indicates the requested operation is not allowed for provided user.
TMS_SERVER_NOT_AVAILABLE	Indicates that the task management server is not available.
TMS_UNKNOWN_BATCH_SCHEDULER_TYPE	Indicates that the batch scheduler type is not known.
TMS_UNKNOWN_MACHINE	The machine is not known.
DB_ERROR	A problem occurs with the database

Used by this(these) API function(s):

None

3.2.6 Service jobResultGetAllJobsOutPut

Access

This service can be used by any VISHNU user

Parameters

Parameter	Type	Serialized type	Description	Mode
sessionKey	string	n/a	The session key	IN
machineId	string	n/a	Machine hash key	IN
listOfResults	string	ListJobResults	Is the list of jobs results	OUT
errorInfo	string	n/a	Additional information provided when an error code is returned	OUT

Description

The jobResultGetAllJobsOutPut() function dynamically gets outputPath and errorPath of completed jobs

Return Value

An error code is returned when an error occurs during the execution of the service

Name	Description
TMS_BATCH_SCHEDULER_ERROR	Indicates an error caused by the underlying batch scheduler
TMS_INVALID_RESPONSE	Indicates that the implementation produced a response that does not match the criteria defined by the specification.
TMS_INVALID_REQUEST	Indicates that the request is not valid.
TMS_INVALID_SESSION_KEY	The session key is not valid to perform the service.
VISHNU_OK	The service was performed successfully.
TMS_PERMISSION_DENIED	Indicates the requested operation is not allowed for provided user.
TMS_SERVER_NOT_AVAILABLE	Indicates that the task management server is not available.
TMS_UNKNOWN_BATCH_SCHEDULER_TYPE	Indicates that the batch scheduler type is not known.
TMS_UNKNOWN_MACHINE	The machine is not known.
DB_ERROR	A problem occurs with the database

Used by this(these) API function(s):

None

3.2.7 Service jobResultRefreshPeriodSet

Access

This service can be used by ADMIN users only

Parameters

Parameter	Type	Serialized type	Description	Mode
sessionKey	string	n/a	The session key	IN
machineId	string	n/a	The id of the machine	IN
value	##TBD##	n/a	Is the refresh interval value (in seconds)	IN
errorInfo	string	n/a	Additional information provided when an error code is returned	OUT

Description

The jobResultRefreshPeriodSet() function sets the refresh period of output and error files contents

Return Value

An error code is returned when an error occurs during the execution of the service

Name	Description
VISHNU_OK	The service was performed successfully.
TMS_UNKNOWN_MACHINE	The machine is not known.

Used by this(these) API function(s):

None

3.2.8 Service jobProgressionGetResults

Access

This service can be used by any VISHNU user

Parameters

Parameter	Type	Serialized type	Description	Mode
sessionKey	string	n/a	The session key	IN
machineId	string	n/a	Is the id of the machine to get the jobs progression.	IN
options	string	ProgressOptions	Is an object containing the available options jobs for progression .	IN
progress	string	Progression	Is the object containing jobs progression information	OUT
errorInfo	string	n/a	Additional information provided when an error code is returned	OUT

Description

The jobProgressionGetResults() function gets the progression status of jobs

Return Value

An error code is returned when an error occurs during the execution of the service

Name	Description
VISHNU_OK	The service was performed successfully.
TMS_INVALID_REQUEST	Indicates that the request is not valid.
TMS_UNKNOWN_MACHINE	The machine is not known.
TMS_INVALID_SESSION_KEY	The session key is not valid to perform the service.
TMS_SERVER_NOT_AVAILABLE	Indicates that the task management server is not available.
TMS_SUBMIT_SERVICE_NOT_AVAILABLE	Indicates that the service to perform the submit operation is not found.
DB_ERROR	A problem occurs with the database

Used by this(these) API function(s):

None

3.2.9 Service QueueList

Access

This service can be used by any VISHNU user

Parameters

Parameter	Type	Serialized type	Description	Mode
sessionKey	string	n/a	The session key	IN
machineId	string	n/a	Machine hash key	IN
listofQueues	string	ListQueues	The list of queues	OUT
errorInfo	string	n/a	Additional information provided when an error code is returned	OUT

Description

The QueueList() function gets queues information

Return Value

An error code is returned when an error occurs during the execution of the service

Name	Description
TMS_BATCH_SCHEDULER_ERROR	Indicates an error caused by the underlying batch scheduler
TMS_INVALID_RESPONSE	Indicates that the implementation produced a response that does not match the criteria defined by the specification.
TMS_INVALID_REQUEST	Indicates that the request is not valid.
TMS_INVALID_SESSION_KEY	The session key is not valid to perform the service.
TMS_PERMISSION_DENIED	Indicates the requested operation is not allowed for provided user.
VISHNU_OK	The service was performed successfully.
TMS_SERVER_NOT_AVAILABLE	Indicates that the task management server is not available.
TMS_UNKNOWN_BATCH_SCHEDULER_TYPE	Indicates that the batch scheduler type is not known.
TMS_UNKNOWN_MACHINE	The machine is not known.
DB_ERROR	A problem occurs with the database

Used by this(these) API function(s):

None

Chapter 4

Internal class and data structures

4.1 Introduction

This chapter introduces the details of the implementation of the different components described in chapter 2 (Architecture). It is composed of three sections:

- **Client modelization:** describes the classes used to implement the *TMS Client* component.
- **Server modelization:** describes the classes used to implement the *TMS Server* component.
- **Data modelization:** describes the data structure used to implement the *TMS Client* component and the *TMS Server* component.
- **Vishnu core functions modelization:** describes the classes and data structures used to implement the the VISHNU cross-modules components (components that are used by TMS and other VISHNU modules).

4.2 TMS client modelization

4.2.1 Class diagrams

4.2.1.1 UMS Client Class Diagram

This diagram describes all classes used to communicate with VISHNU System. Each class proxy contains the corresponding data class illustrated on the UMS Data modelization section and the methods usable by the UMS Client component. A QueryProxy class implements a generic model to list objects of VISHNU.

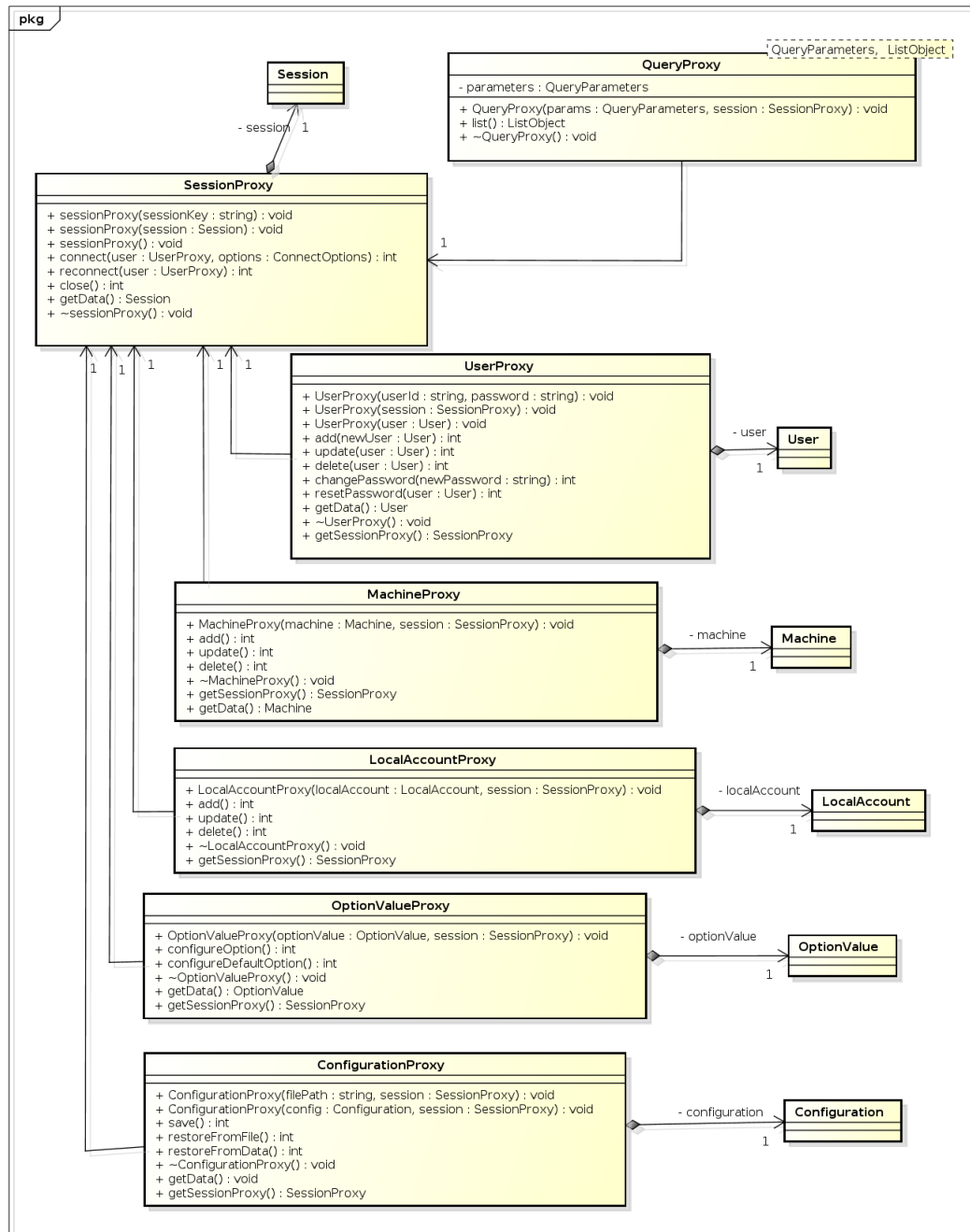


Figure 4.1: UMS Client Class Diagram

4.3 TMS server modelization

4.3.1 Class diagrams

4.3.1.1 UMS Server Class Diagram

This diagram presents the main objects used by UMS server component to process the UMS Client component requests. Each object that can be listed have a static method list with the corresponding options.

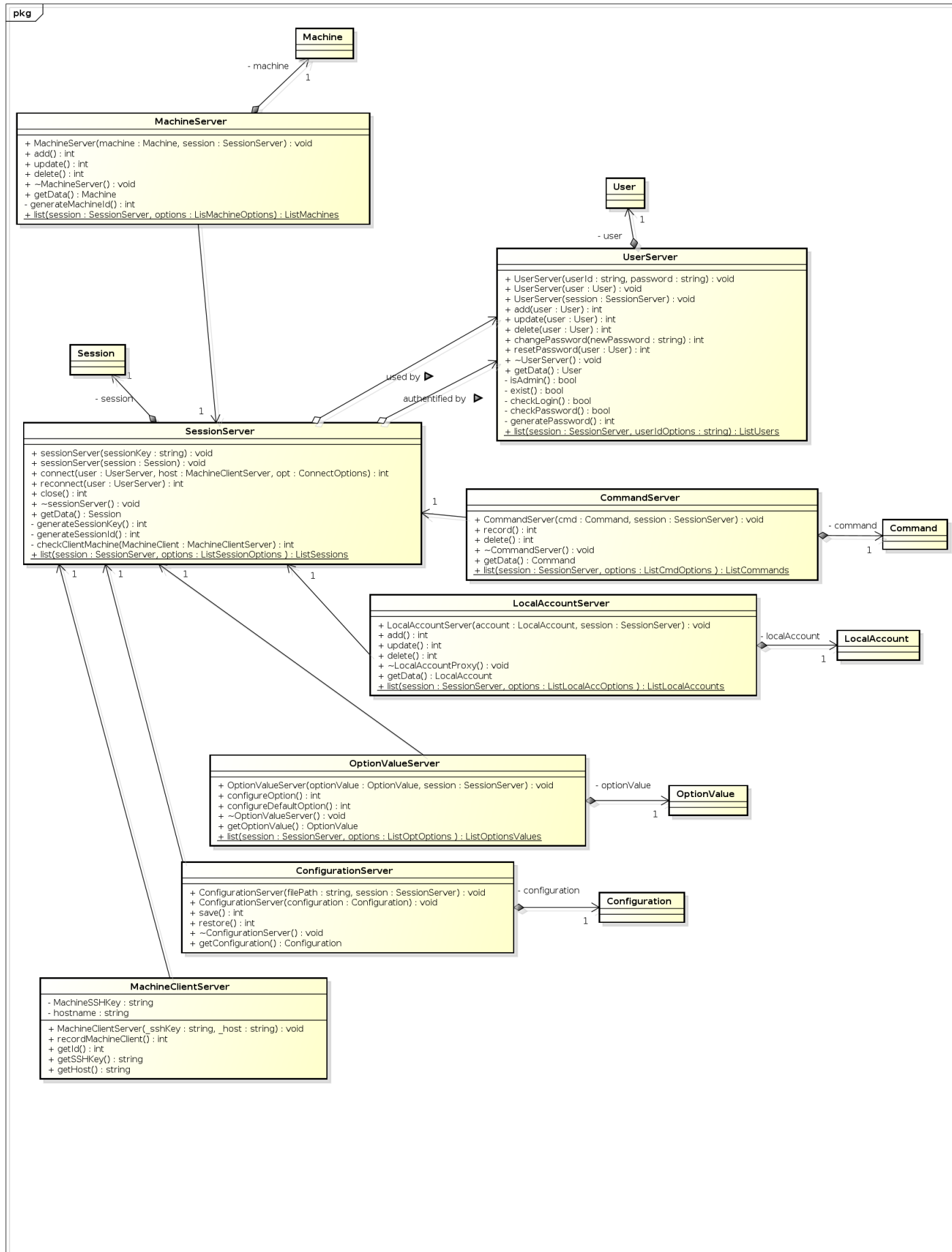


Figure 4.2: UMS Server Class Diagram

4.4 TMS data modelization

4.4.1 Class diagrams

4.4.1.1 TMS Data Class Diagram

This diagram illustrates the structure and the relationship between data manipulated by the components Client and Server.

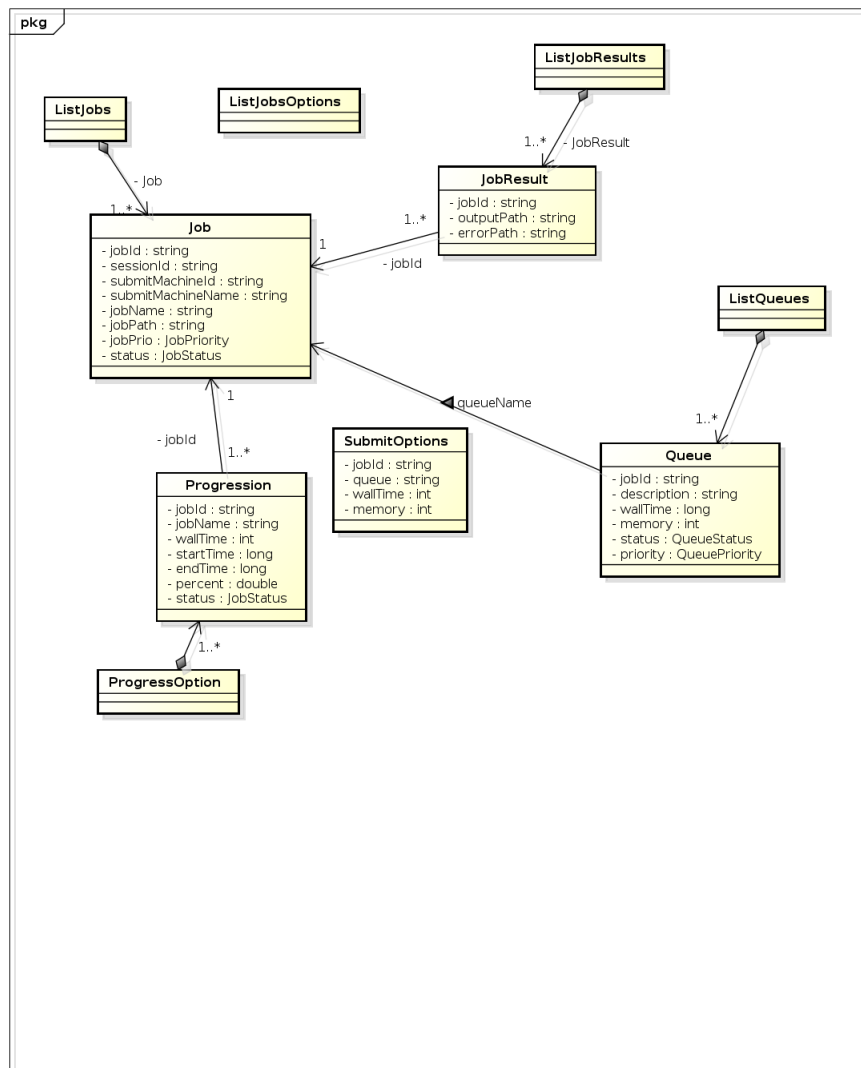


Figure 4.3: TMS Data Class Diagram

4.5 Vishnu core functions modelization

4.5.1 Introduction

The following elements describe the core classes (i.e. the classes that will be used by each module such as the exceptions and the databases). The modelization diagrams are given with some explanations about them.

4.5.2 Tables relationships

In order to have a coherent System, we have designed a relational model for the database. We need only one database that can contain all the Vishnu tables. The model is represented in figure 4.4. The rectangles are the tables and the lines represent the links between the tables.

The links between the tables are based on the following rules:

- – The *VISHNU* table has one or more *MACHINE*
 - A *MACHINE* is in one and only one *VISHNU* infrastructure
- – A *MACHINE* has one or more *CPU*
 - A *CPU* is in one and only one *MACHINE*
- – A *MACHINE* has one or more *DESCRIPTION*
 - A *DESCRIPTION* is for one and only one *MACHINE*
- – A *MACHINE* has one or more *THRESHOLD*
 - A *THRESHOLD* is for one and only one *MACHINE*
- – A *MACHINE* has one or more *ACCOUNT*
 - An *ACCOUNT* is for one and only one *MACHINE*
- – The *VISHNU* table has one or more *USER*
 - An *USER* is in one and only one *VISHNU* infrastructure
- – An *USER* has one or more *ACCOUNT*
 - An *ACCOUNT* is for one and only one *USER*
- – An *USER* has one or more *FILE TRANSFER*
 - A *FILE TRANSFER* is for one and only one *USER*
- – An *USER* has one or more *OPTION VALUE*
 - An *OPTION VALUE* is for one and only one *USER*
- – An *USER* sets one or more *THRESHOLD*
 - A *THRESHOLD* is set by one and only one *USER*
- – An *OPTION* has one or more *OPTION VALUE*
 - An *OPTION VALUE* is for one and only one *OPTION*
- – An *USER* has one or more *SESSION*
 - A *SESSION* is for one and only one *USER*
- – A *SESSION* has one or more *COMMAND*
 - A *COMMAND* is for one and only one *SESSION*
- – A *CLIENT MACHINE* has one or more *SESSION*
 - A *SESSION* is for one and only one *CLIENT MACHINE*
- – A *MACHINE* has one or more *STATE*
 - A *STATE* is for one and only one *MACHINE*
- – A *COMMAND* can have one or more *JOB*
 - A *JOB* is for one and only one *COMMAND*
- – A *COMMAND* can have one or more *FILE*
 - A *FILE* is for one and only one *COMMAND*

Figure 4.4: Relational model

4.5.4 The modelization

4.5.4.1 The database classes

The database class diagram is very simple. There is a database interface that defines a set of public operations that can be done over a database:

- commit
- rollback
- execute a query
- connect
- disconnect ...

And there are two examples of classes that implement the database. There is also a factory that can create the databases. See the diagram 4.5.

4.5.4.2 The exception classes

The exception class diagram defines a generic exception class, *VishnuException* that represents a generic exception that can be raised by a Vishnu function. This class has two subclasses, the *SystemException* that represents an exception due to a system problem and the *UserException* that represents an exception due to the user of the function (bad parameters typically). Both the server and clients have this way of building the exceptions. The *SystemException* has more specific subclasses depending on the modules that raises them. A key function is the append one, that allows to add a message to an existing vishnu exception. Thus, crossing the various level of the call can append information messages to specify the context of the exception. See the diagram 4.6.

4.5.5 Class diagrams

4.5.5.1 DB class diagram

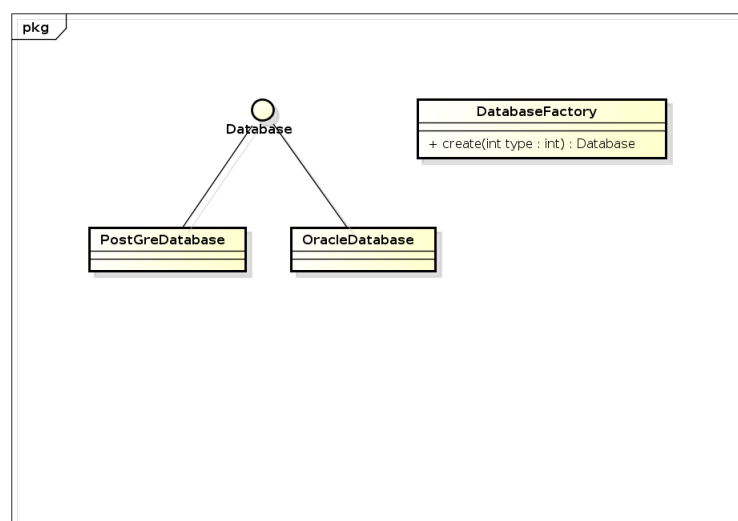


Figure 4.5: DB class diagram

4.5.5.2 exception

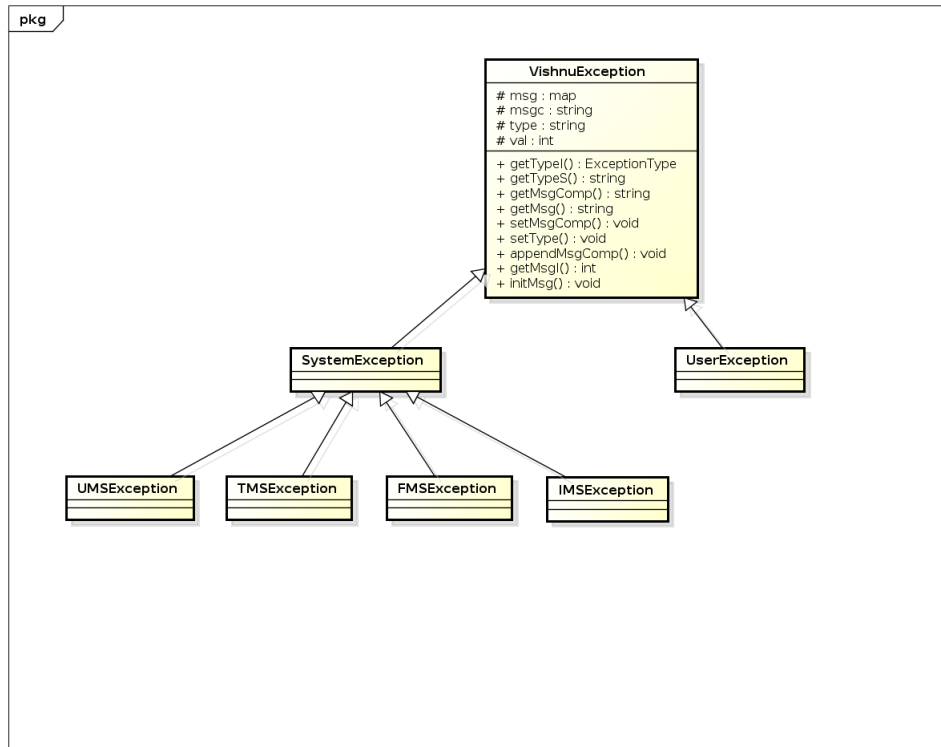


Figure 4.6: exception