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## Lập trình WWW Java



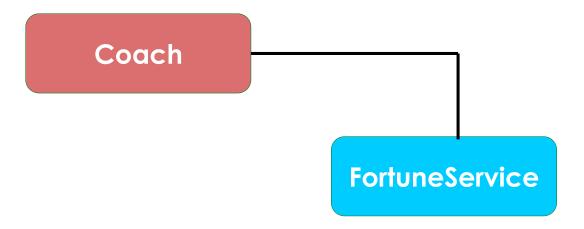
# Spring DI (Dependency Injection)



#### **Coding Scenario**



- Our Coach already provide daily workouts
- » Now will also provide daily fortune → FortuneService (dependency)



#### **Spring Auto Wiring**



Coach

» For dependency injection, Spring can use auto wiring

**FortuneService** 

- » Spring will look for a class that matches the property —> match by type: class or interface
- » Spring will inject it automatically ...hence it is autowired

#### **Autowiring Injection Types**



- » Constructor Injection
- » Setter Injection
- » Field Injection



#### **Constructor Injection**

#### **Development Process - Constructor Injection**



- » Define dependency interface and class
- » Create a constructor in your class for injection
- » Configure the dependency injection with @Autowired annotation

#### Step 1: Define dependency interface and class



File: FortuneService.java

```
public interface FortuneService {
    public String getFortune();
}
```

File: Coach.java

```
public interface Coach {
    public String getDailyWorkout();
    public String getDailyFortune();
}
```

File: HappyFortuneService.java

```
import com.se.annotation.interfaces.FortuneService;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Component;
@Component
public class HappyFortuneService implements FortuneService {
         @Override
         public String getFortune() {
              return "Today is your lucky day"; }
}
```

## Step 2, 3: Create a constructor in your class for injection Configure the dependency injection with @Autowired annotation

File: TennisCoach.java

spring

#### **Test Demo Application**



File: AnnotationDemoApp.java

```
Coach theCoach= context.getBean("tennisCoach", Coach.class);
//call method on the bean
System.out.println(theCoach.getDailyWorkout());
//call method to get the daily fortune
System.out.println(theCoach.getDailyFortune());
context.close();
```



#### **Setter Injection**

### Setter Injection



## Inject dependencies by calling setter method(s) on your class

#### **Development Process - Setter Injection**



- » Create setter method(s) in your class for injection
- » Configure the dependency injection with @Autowired annotation

#### Step 1: Create setter method(s) in your class for injection Step 2: Configure the dependency injection with @Autowired annotation



File: TennisCoach.java

```
public TennisCoach() {
    System.out.println(">>> tennisCoach: inside dafault constructor");

@Autowired
public void setFortuneService (FortuneService theFortuneService) {
    System.out.println(">>TennisCoach: Inside setFortuneService");
    fortuneService= theFortuneService;}
```

#### File: AnnotationDemoApp.java

```
System.out.println(theCoach.getDailyWorkout());
//call method to get the daily fortune
System.out.println(theCoach.getDailyFortune());
context.close();
```

```
>> tennisCoach: inside dafault constructor
>>TennisCoach: Inside setFortuneService
Pratice your backhand volley
Today is your lucky day
```

### Method Injection



## Inject dependencies by calling ANY method(s) on your class

Simply give @autowire



#### **Field Injection**

### Field Injection



# Inject the dependencies by setting the field values on your class directly (even private fields)

Accomplished by using Java Reflection

#### **Development Process - Field Injection**



## Config the **dependency injection** with **Autowired annotation**

- » Applied directly to the field
- » No need setter method/constructor

#### **Development Process - Field Injection**



```
File: TennisCoach.java
```

```
@Autowired
private FortuneService fortuneService;
//no need for setter method or constructor
```

>>tennisCoach: inside dafault constructor
Pratice your backhand volley
Today is your lucky day

#### Which one should I use?



- » Constructor Injection
- » Setter Injection
- » Field Injection

Choose a style and stay consistency in your project



#### **QUESTIONS**