lab06P Dining Philosophers Problem

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Target

- 1. Write a c/c++ program
- 2. To implement the dining philosophers problem
- 3. Gcc
- 1) Install GCC Software Colletion
- >> sudo apt-get install build-essential
- 2) How to use GCC
 - gcc and make
- 3) posix thread

#include <pthread.h>
pthread_create()

- 4) write a c program to implement the dining philosophers problem:
 - 5 philosophers
 - 思考随机时间 3~8s
 - 就餐随机时间 2~10s
 - 就餐 10 次后结束

>>>>>

仅当哲学家的左右手筷子都拿起时才允许进餐,利用信号量的保护机制实现。 原理:通过互斥信号量 mutex 对 eat() 之前取左侧和右侧筷子的操作进行保护,可以 防止死锁的出现。

• main.cpp:

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <semaphore.h> // 信号量 sem_init、sem_wait、sem_post、sem_destroy
#include <sys/time.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <memory.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <math.h>
//筷子作为 mutex
pthread_mutex_t chopstick[6];
sem_t NUM;
sem_t Left,Right;
int num=0;
void *eat_think(void *arg)
{
    char phi = *(char *)arg;
    int left,right; //左右筷子的编号
    switch (phi){
         case 'A':
             left = 5;
             right = 1;
             break;
         case 'B':
             left = 1;
             right = 2;
             break;
         case 'C':
             left = 2;
             right = 3;
             break;
         case 'D':
             left = 3;
             right = 4;
             break;
         case 'E':
             left = 4;
             right = 5;
             break;
    }
```

```
int i;
    for(;;){
        if(num > = 10)
            exit(0);
        int time1=(rand() \% (8-3+1)) + 3;
        usleep(time1); //思考
        printf("思考: 哲学家 %c 思考了%d 秒\n",phi,time1);
        sem_wait(&Left);
        pthread_mutex_lock(&chopstick[left]); //拿起左手的筷子
        printf("哲学家 %c 拿起了左手边的筷子 %d\n", phi, left);
        pthread_mutex_lock(&chopstick[right]);
        printf("哲学家 %c 拿起了右手边的筷子 %d, 开始就餐\n", phi, right);
        num++;
                                  【就餐次数: 共 %d 次】\n",num);
        printf("
        sem_post(&Left);
        int time2=(rand() % (10-2+1))+ 2;
        usleep(time2); //吃饭
        printf("----哲学家 %c 就餐%d 秒, 就餐结束----\n",phi,time2);
        pthread_mutex_unlock(&chopstick[left]); //放下左手的筷子
        printf("哲学家 %c 放下了左手边的筷子 %d\n", phi, left);
        pthread_mutex_unlock(&chopstick[right]); //放下右手的筷子
        printf("哲学家 %c 放下了右手边的筷子 %d\n", phi, right);
    }
    return 0;
}
int main(){
    pthread_t A,B,C,D,E; //5 个哲学家
    char a='A',b='B',c='C',d='D',e='E';
    sem_init(&NUM,0,1);
    sem_init(&Left,0,1);
    sem_init(&Right,0,1);
    int i;
    for (i = 0; i < 5; i++)
        pthread_mutex_init(&chopstick[i],NULL);
    pthread_create(&A,NULL, eat_think, &a);
    pthread_create(&B,NULL, eat_think, &b);
    pthread_create(&C,NULL, eat_think, &c);
    pthread_create(&D,NULL, eat_think, &d);
    pthread_create(&E,NULL, eat_think, &e);
    pthread_join(A,NULL);
    pthread_join(B,NULL);
    pthread_join(C,NULL);
    pthread_join(D,NULL);
```

```
pthread_join(E,NULL);
return 0;
}
```

liuyin1813075@echo-virtual-machine:~/copyfile\$ g++ -o main main.cpp -lpthread liuyin1813075@echo-virtual-machine:~/copyfile\$./main

结果 截图: