# 数学物理方程期末复习之一起学套路1

## 一. 分离变量法

【例 1】给出特征值问题 
$$\begin{cases} X''(x) + \lambda X(x) = 0, & 0 < x < l \\ X(0) = 0, X'(l) = 0 \end{cases}$$

- (1) 当特征值取何值时 X(x) 有非零解,并求出该特征函数 X(x)
- (2) 描述特征函数系 $\{X_n(x)\}$ 在区间[0,l]上的正交性
- (3) 假设函数 f(x) 能够按照特征函数系  $\{X_n(x)\}$  展开为级数,试写出展开式中的系数表达式

#### 【例2】利用分离变量法求解下列定解问题:

$$\begin{cases} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} = a^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} & 0 < x < l, \quad t > 0 \\ u\big|_{x=0} = 0, & \frac{\partial u}{\partial x}\big|_{x=l} = 0 & t > 0 \\ u\big|_{t=0} = \sin \frac{5\pi x}{2l}, & \frac{\partial u}{\partial t}\big|_{t=0} = 0 & 0 \le x \le l \end{cases}$$

【例3】试用函数代换将下列方程转化为齐次方程齐次边界条件的形式(不用解方程)

$$\begin{cases} \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = a^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + A & 0 < x < l, \quad t > 0 \\ u\big|_{x=0} = B & \frac{\partial u}{\partial x}\big|_{x=l} = C & t > 0 \\ u\big|_{t=0} = D, & \frac{\partial u}{\partial t}\big|_{t=0} = E & 0 \le x \le l \end{cases}$$

## 二. 行波法与积分变换法

【例4】证明定解问题 
$$\begin{cases} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} = a^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}, & -\infty < x < +\infty \\ u\big|_{t=0} = \varphi(x) & \frac{\partial u}{\partial t}\big|_{t=0} = \psi(x) \end{cases}$$
的解为

$$u(x,t) = \frac{1}{2} [\varphi(x+at) + \varphi(x-at)] + \frac{1}{2a} \int_{x-at}^{x+at} \psi(\xi) d\xi$$
 (即达朗贝尔公式的证明)

【例5】求下列初值问题的解:

$$\begin{cases} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} - \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} - 2\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0, & -\infty < x < +\infty, y > 0 \\ u\Big|_{y=0} = 0, & \frac{\partial u}{\partial y}\Big|_{y=0} = 2x, & -\infty < x < +\infty \end{cases}$$

【例 6】写出单位脉冲函数  $\delta(t)$  的定义,并求  $\delta(t)$  的傅里叶变换。验证  $\delta(t)$  是单位阶跃函数 u(t) 的弱导数,并分别求解  $\delta(t)$  以及单位阶跃函数 u(t) 的拉普拉斯变换。

【例7】利用积分变换法求解定解问题:

$$\begin{cases} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} = a^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}, & -\infty < x < +\infty \\ u\big|_{t=0} = \varphi(x) & \frac{\partial u}{\partial t}\big|_{t=0} = \psi(x) \end{cases}$$

### 【例8】求解下面的非齐次波动问题

$$\begin{cases} \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = a^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \cos t \cdot \sin x, & -\infty < x < +\infty, t > 0 \\ u\big|_{t=0} = x^2 \quad \frac{\partial u}{\partial t}\big|_{t=0} = x \end{cases}$$

可能用到的傅里叶变换对:  $g(t) = \begin{cases} h, -\tau < t < \tau \stackrel{FT}{\Longrightarrow} 2h \frac{\sin \omega \tau}{\omega} \\ 0, otherwise \stackrel{FT}{FT^{-1}} 2h \frac{\sin \omega \tau}{\omega} \end{cases}$ 

【例 9】设 x > 1, y > 0, 利用积分变换法求解定解问题:  $\begin{cases} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} = x^2 y \\ u|_{y=0} = x^2 \\ u|_{x=1} = \cos y \end{cases}$