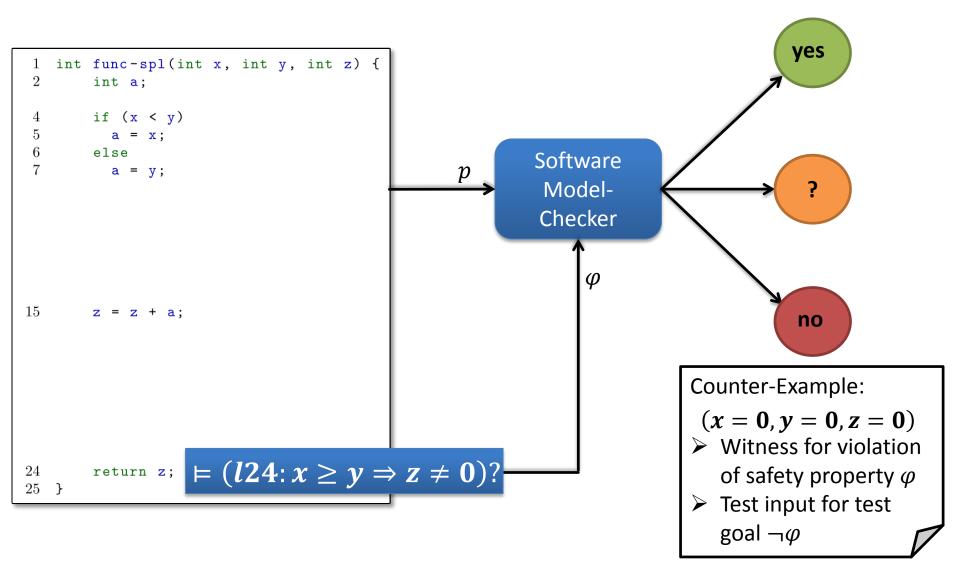
N-way Program Merging for Efficient Test Coverage of Configurable Software

Malte Lochau (TU Darmstadt)

(Joint Work with Dennis Reuling and Johannes Bürdek)

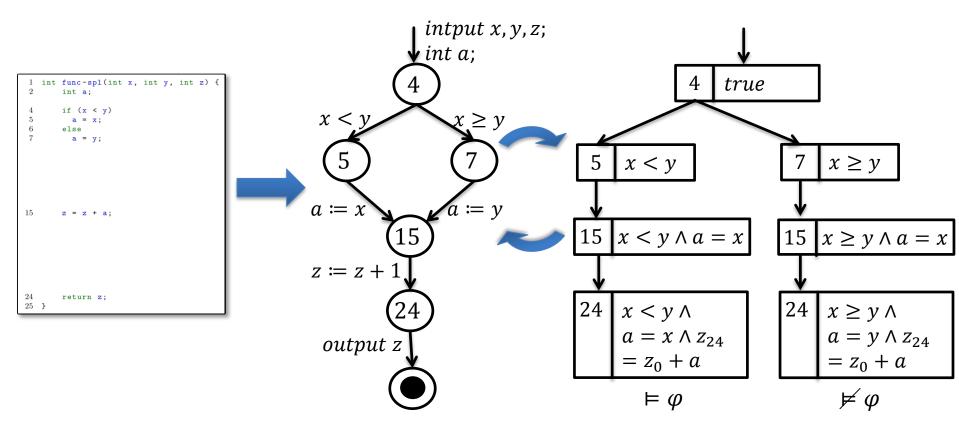
FOSD Meeting 2017

Program Analysis



Counter-Example Guided Abstraction Refinement

[Clarke et al. 2004]

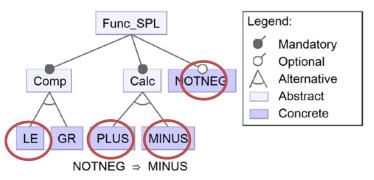


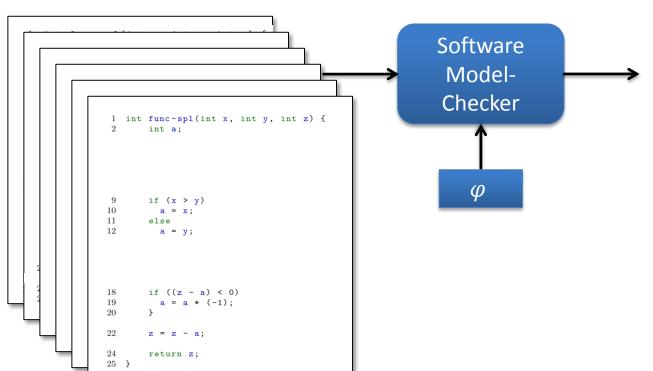
Program P

Control-Flow Automaton (CFA)

Abstract Reachability Graph (ARG)

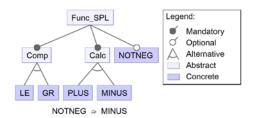
Product-based Product-Line Analysis



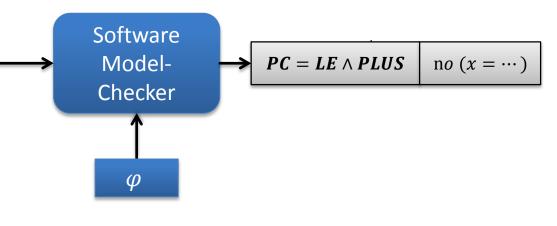


P1	yes	
P2	$no(x = \cdots)$	
Р3	$no(x = \cdots)$	
P4	$no(x = \cdots)$	
P5	$no(x = \cdots)$	
P6	yes	

Family-based Product-Line Analysis



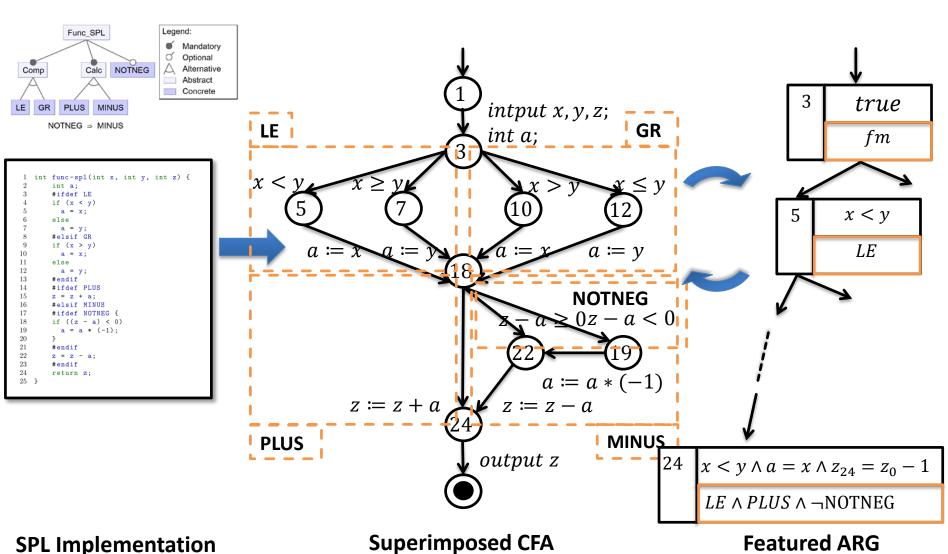
```
int func-spl(int x, int y, int z) {
        int a;
        #ifdef LE
        if (x < y)
          a = x;
 6
        else
          a = y;
        #elsif GR
        if (x > y)
10
          a = x;
11
        else
12
          a = y;
13
        #endif
14
        #ifdef PLUS
15
        z = z + a;
        #elsif MINUS
        #ifdef NOTNEG {
        if ((z - a) < 0)
18
19
          a = a * (-1);
20
        #endif
22
        z = z - a;
        #endif
24
        return z;
25 }
```



[Apel et al., 2013]

[Bürdek et al., 2015]

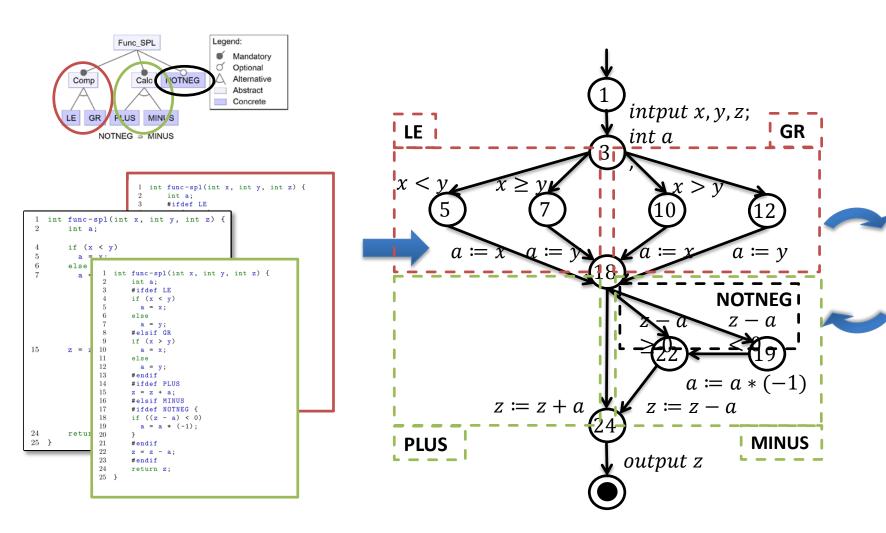
Family-based Product-Line Analysis



Challenges

- Scalability / Precision Trade-offs
- Partial / Incomplete / Evolving SPL Implementations
- Product/Family-based SPL Analysis

Product/Family-based Analysis

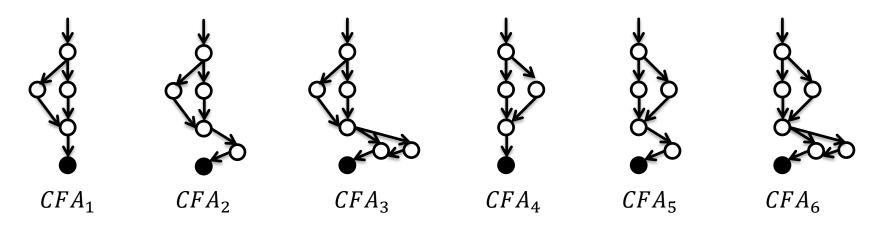


Partial/Evolving/Incomplete SPL Implementation Artifacts

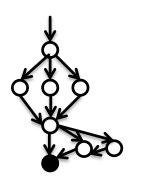
(Continuously) Superimposed CFA

N-Way Model-Merging

• Given: N input models M_i



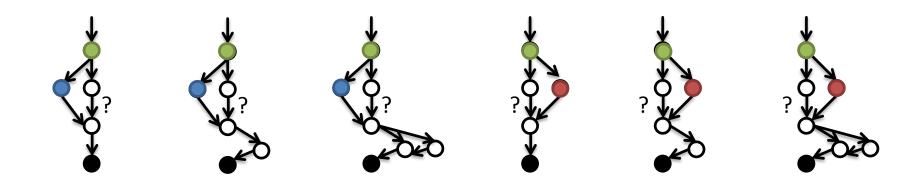
 \Rightarrow Find: a <u>correct</u> and <u>good</u> family model M



Compare, ...

[Rubin and Chechik, 2013]

• N-tuple $\mathbf{t}=(e_1,\dots,e_k)\in T, 1\leq k\leq N,$ such that no two elements belong to the same input model

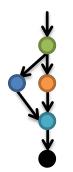


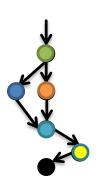
• $compare: T \rightarrow [0,1]$

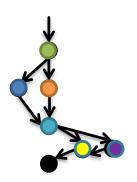
..., Match, ...

[Rubin and Chechik, 2013]

- Subset $T' \subseteq T$ is a (complete) match iff each model element occurs in exactly one N-tuple $t \in T'$
- Match T' is minimal iff for every match T'' it holds that $\sum_{t' \in T'} compare(t') \ge \sum_{t'' \in T''} compare(t'')$

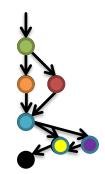








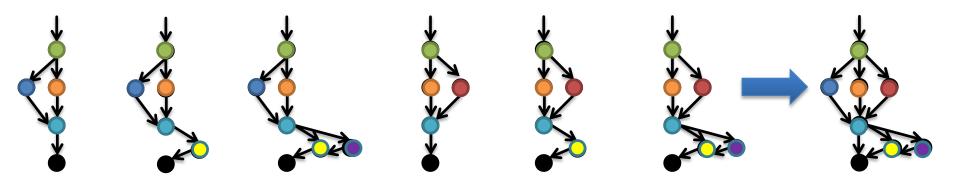




... and Merge

[Rubin and Chechik, 2013]

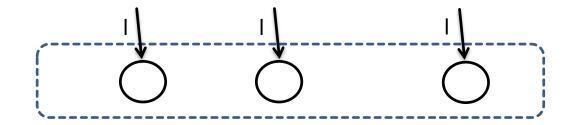
 Compose N models into one by integrating matched elements



Compare/Match/Merge has Problems

- Three hard problems to be solved at once
 - 1. Enumerate *N*-tuples: "combinatorial explosion"
 - 2. Compare locations: "path explosion"
 - 3. Find minimal match: "knapsack problem"
- Configuration information is not preserved
- Match/merge may produce ill-formed models as model elements are untyped
- Metrics for measuring quality of merging results?

Location Prepartitioning

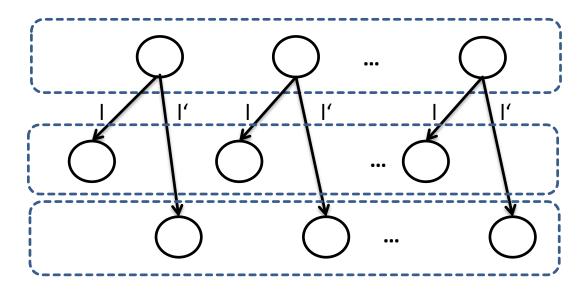


Group similar locations with...

- same type (initial, termination, sequence, branch, ...)
- at least one equally labeled incoming edge
- similar block nestings

=> Parameter: Minimum Group Size (MGS)

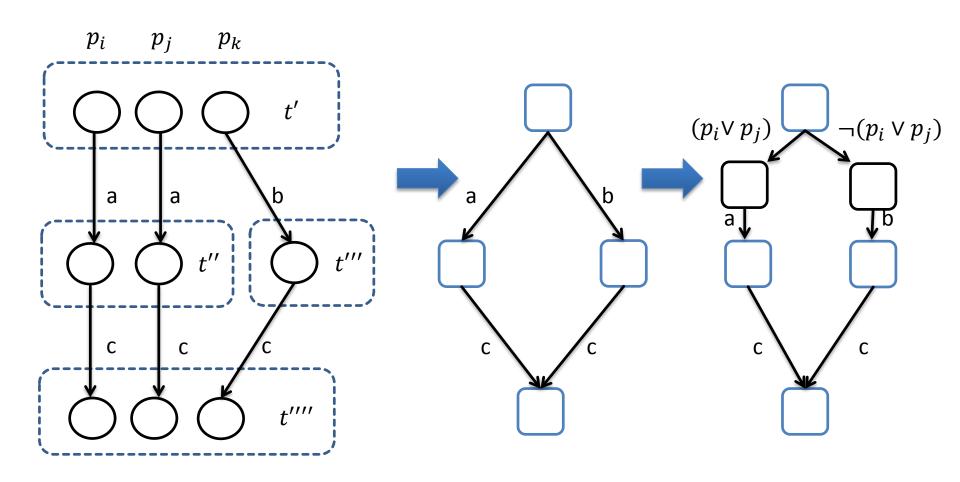
Incremental Location Matching

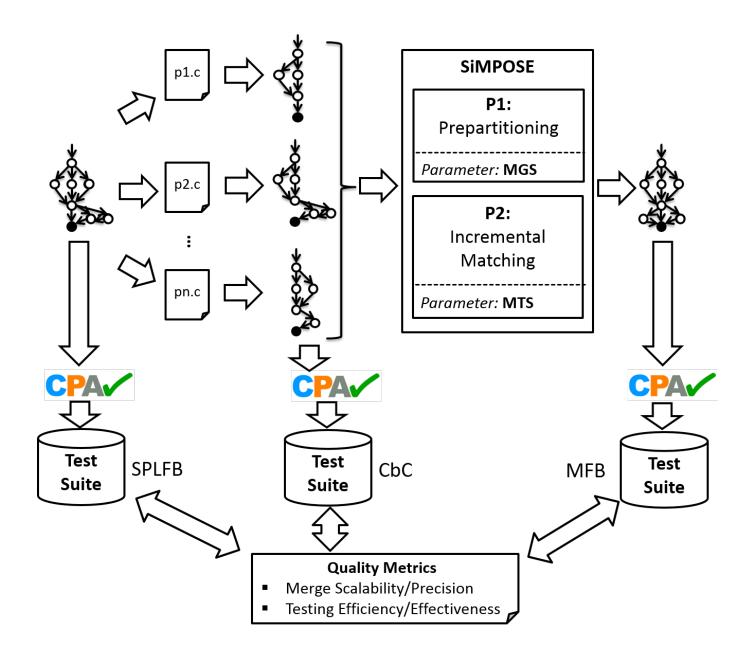


Match grouped locations

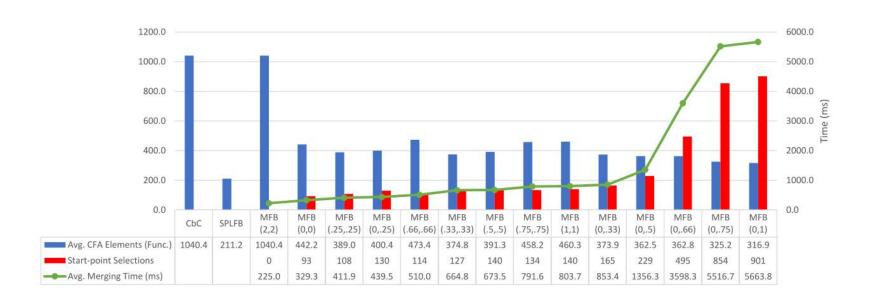
- Combination of depth-first and bredth-first traversal
- Interleaved with randomized matching attempts
- => Parameter: Minimum Tuple Size (MTS)

Merging with Variability Encoding





Evaluation Results for BusyBox



MFB /	Model Size Reduction Factor	CPU Time Speedup Factor	Test Suite Size Reduction Factor
CbC	2.2 – 3.3	1.3 – 3.3	1.3 – 2.8
SPLFB	0.5 - 0.7	0.5 - 0.8	0.2 - 0.5

Thank You!