



MAIBORNWOLFF



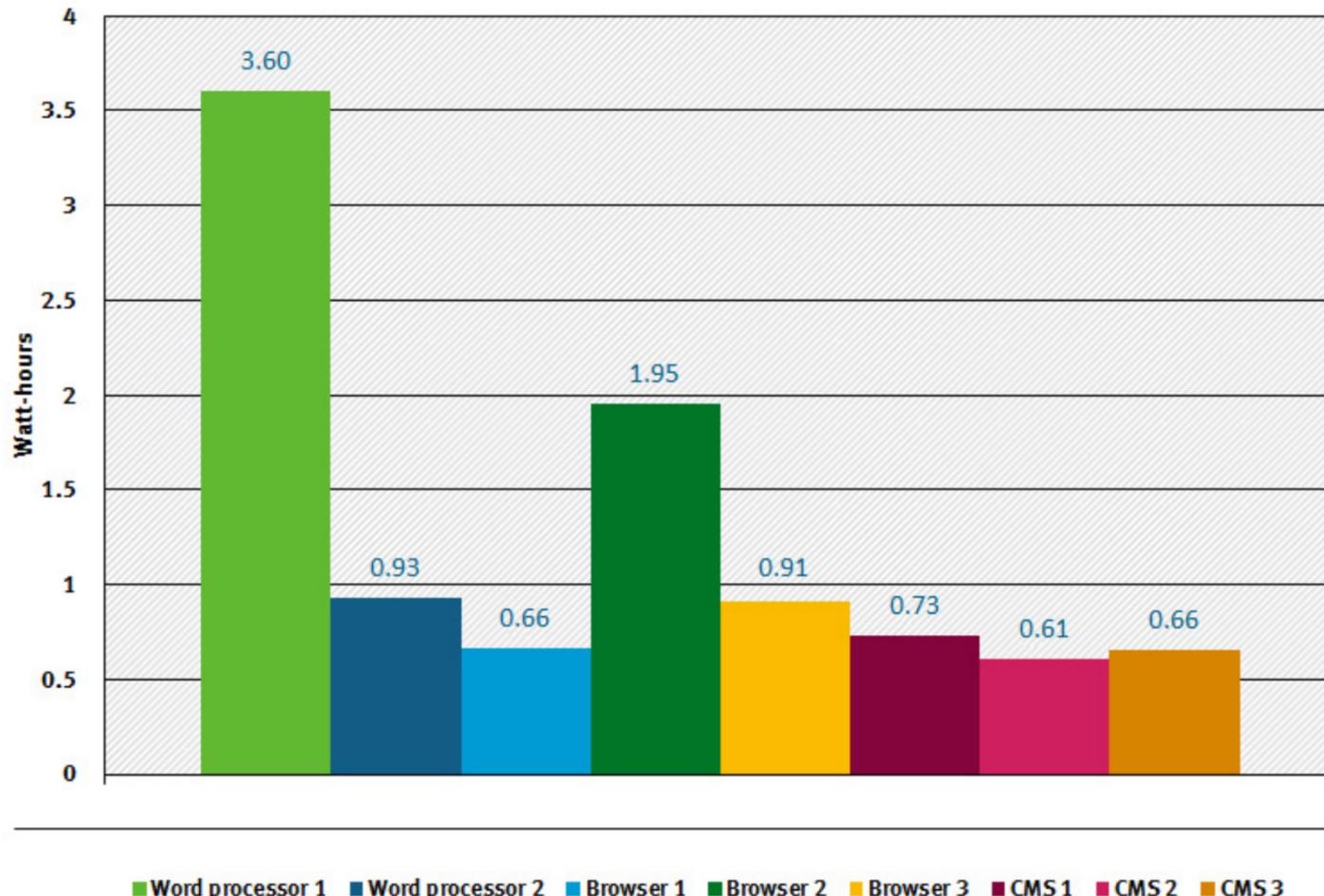
DevSusOps

Jochen Joswig



MAIBORNWOLFF

Energy consumed per use case scenario



Questions

Questions!



How do I know how good I am?
How do I measure?
Which tools should I use?
How accurate is an approach?
How do I find potential optimization?



Who can impact my products sustainability?
Who is responsible?
How much effort is it?
How do I get management on board?
How do I get my team on board?
What do we have to do differently?
We are committed now what?
Do I need new processes?
What can XYZ do?



Does it really help?
Is it worth it?
Where can I find more information?
How do I raise awareness?
How can I educate my staff?
Are there certifications and how do I get certified?



My Qualifications



Jochen Joswig



With MaibornWolff since June 2020

Senior Full Stack Engineer & Project Lead



DevOps & Cloud-Native Department

Azure Cloud, Development, CI/CD, GreenOps



Topics

Client Work, Green in IT, R&D, Schools & Workshops



Volunteering

Green Software Foundation Champion, CNCF TAG env. Project Lead,
Green Software Development Manifesto Co-Author & Community Orga



Contact

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Challenges

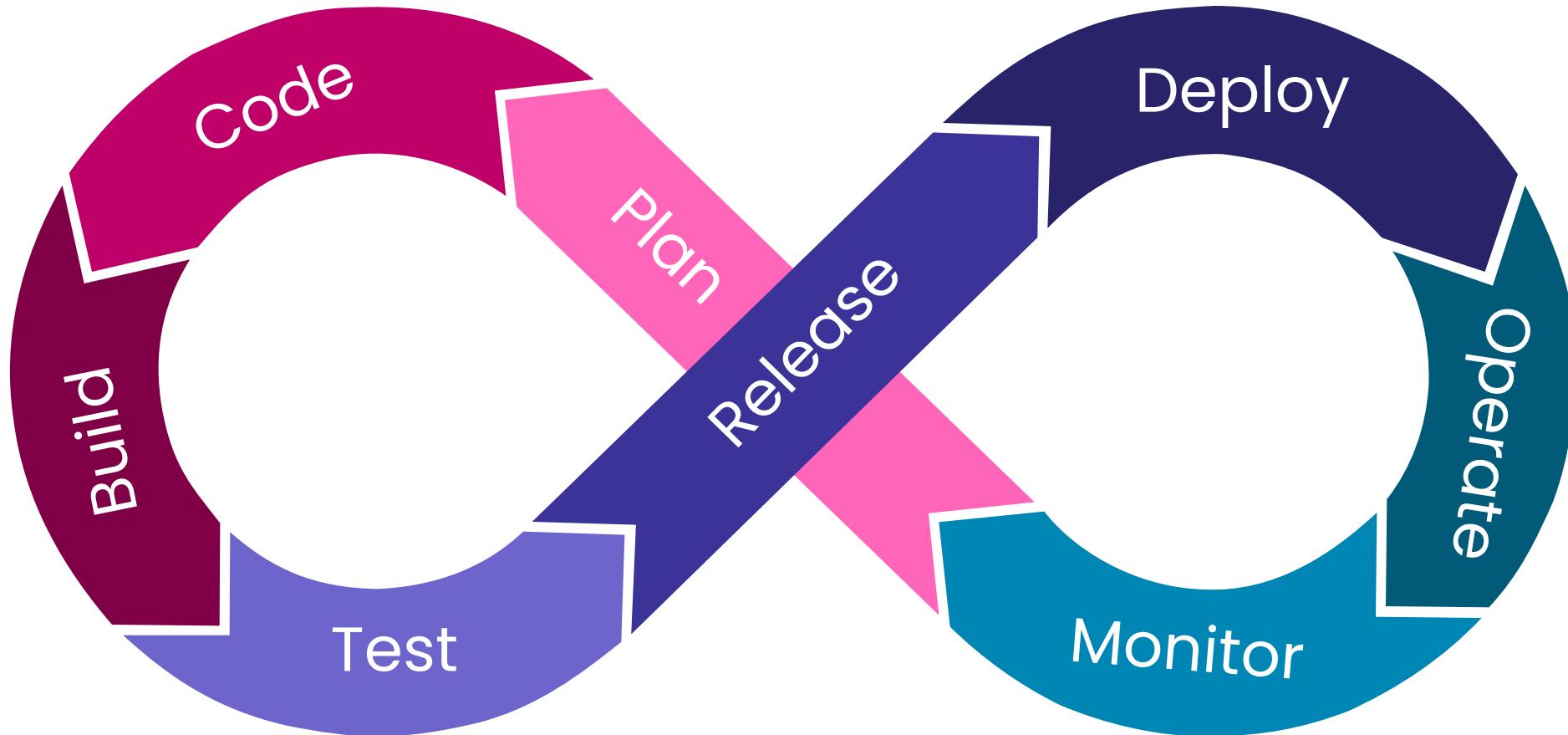
The challenge of finding a good approach

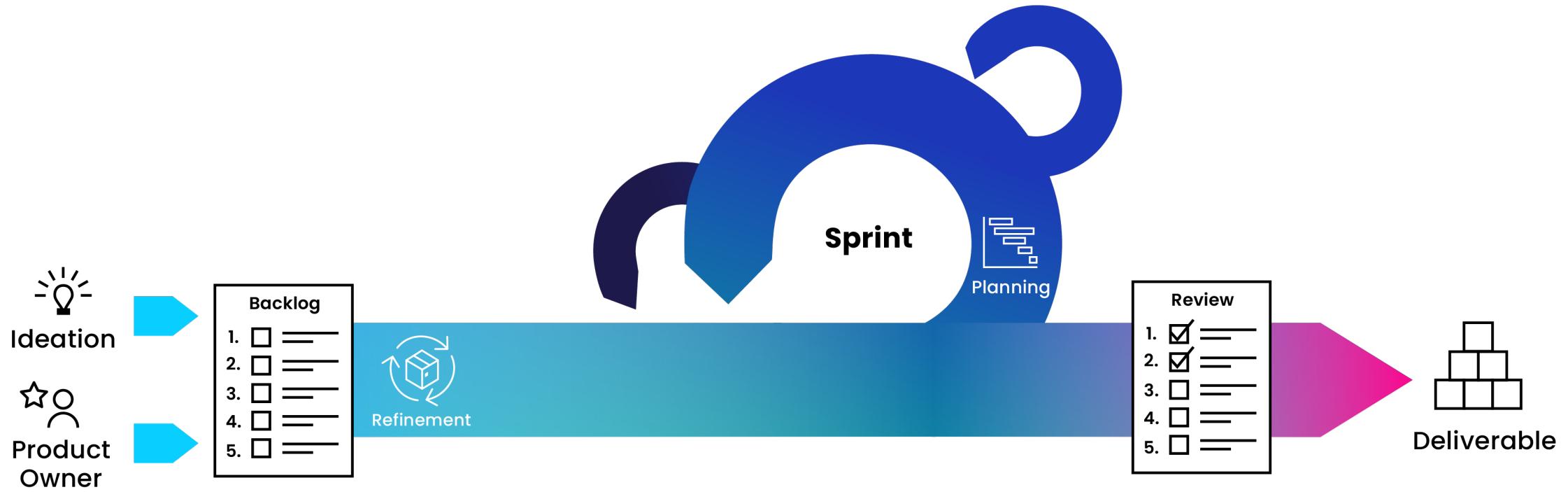
- Must be **easy** to rollout and apply
- Must be **predictable** in outcome and cost
- Must be **fast** and **agile**
- Must be **flexible** and **adaptable**
- Must ensure other common **software quality** criteria
- Must facilitate **knowledge** exchange
- Must ensure **sustainability** optimization

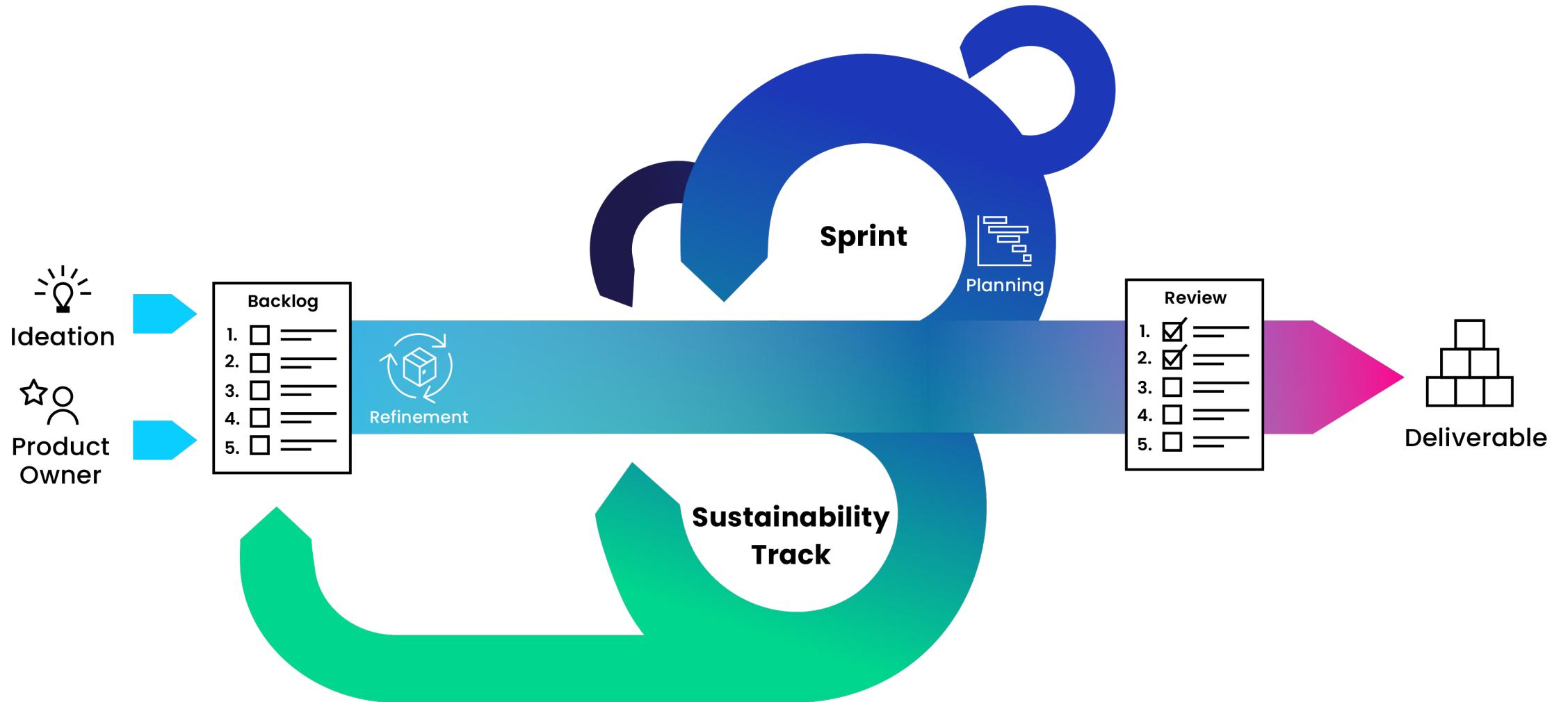


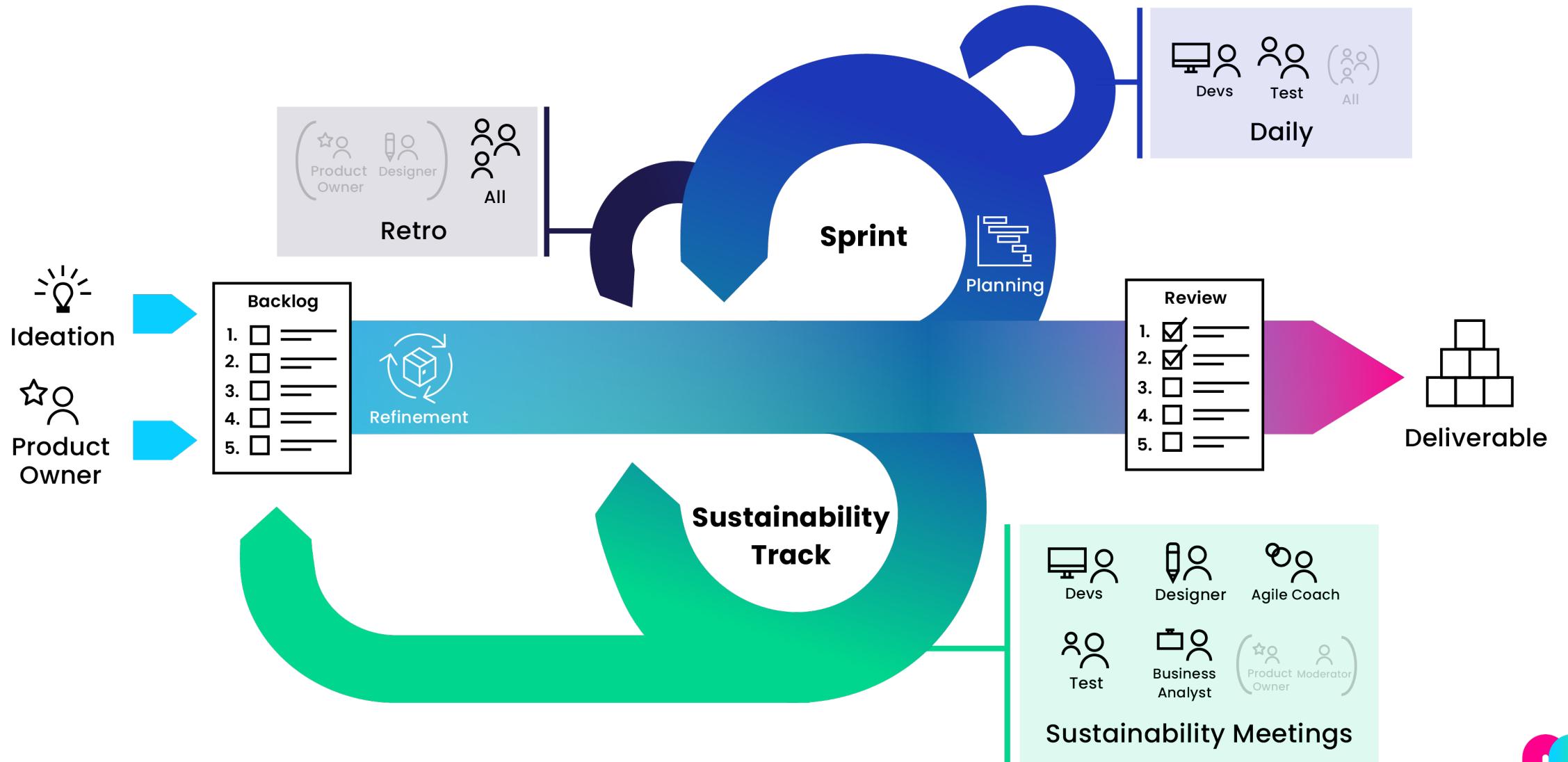
State of the Art

DevOps









Code

Handbook of sustainable design of digital services

Strategy

The project strategy stage makes it possible to determine the relevance and the challenges of the project.

Specifications

The specifications group together the elements of the project framework, the means implemented, the objectives and constraints of the project over the entire lifespan of the target product. Regardless of the type of project management: AGILE or...

UX/UI

The stages and methods of designing digital services to define the best solutions for interactions with the user.

Contents

All elements of a digital service available to the end user.

Frontend

The stages and methods of designing digital services to define the best solutions for interactions with the user.

Architecture

It defines all the typologies of common technical service components which are interposed between the application components and the hardware components to manage these physical resources: components for managing local technical resources (OS, ...)

Backend

The backend represents the computer translation of business processes, the technical means and data implemented for their use, as well as all the external interactions implemented for their realization.

Hosting

Allowing remote users to use a digital service.



Code - Recommendation

Azure Well-Architected Framework

Sustainability workload documentation

In partnership with the Green Software Foundation, we've developed this set of recommendations for optimizing Azure workloads. This documentation helps you plan your path forward, improve your sustainability posture, and create new business value while reducing your operational footprint.



[Sustainability workload documentation – Microsoft Azure Well-Architected Framework | Microsoft Learn](#)

Code - Recommendation

AWS Well-Architected Framework

Sustainability Pillar - AWS Well-Architected Framework

[PDF](#) | [RSS](#)

Publication date: **October 3, 2023** ([Document revisions](#))

This whitepaper focuses on the sustainability pillar of the Amazon Web Services (AWS) Well-Architected Framework. It provides design principles, operational guidance, best-practices, potential trade-offs, and improvement plans you can use to meet sustainability targets for your AWS workloads.



[Sustainability Pillar - AWS Well-Architected Framework - Sustainability Pillar \(amazon.com\)](#)

Code - Recommendation

GSF Patterns

Green Software Patterns



Summary

An online open-source database of software patterns reviewed and curated by the Green Software Foundation across a wide range of categories. You can be confident that applying any of our published and live patterns will reduce your software emissions.

Any software practitioner can find the patterns related to their field, technology, or domain. Anyone can submit a pattern that triggers a detailed review process by the Foundation.



Code - Recommendation

Blue Angle



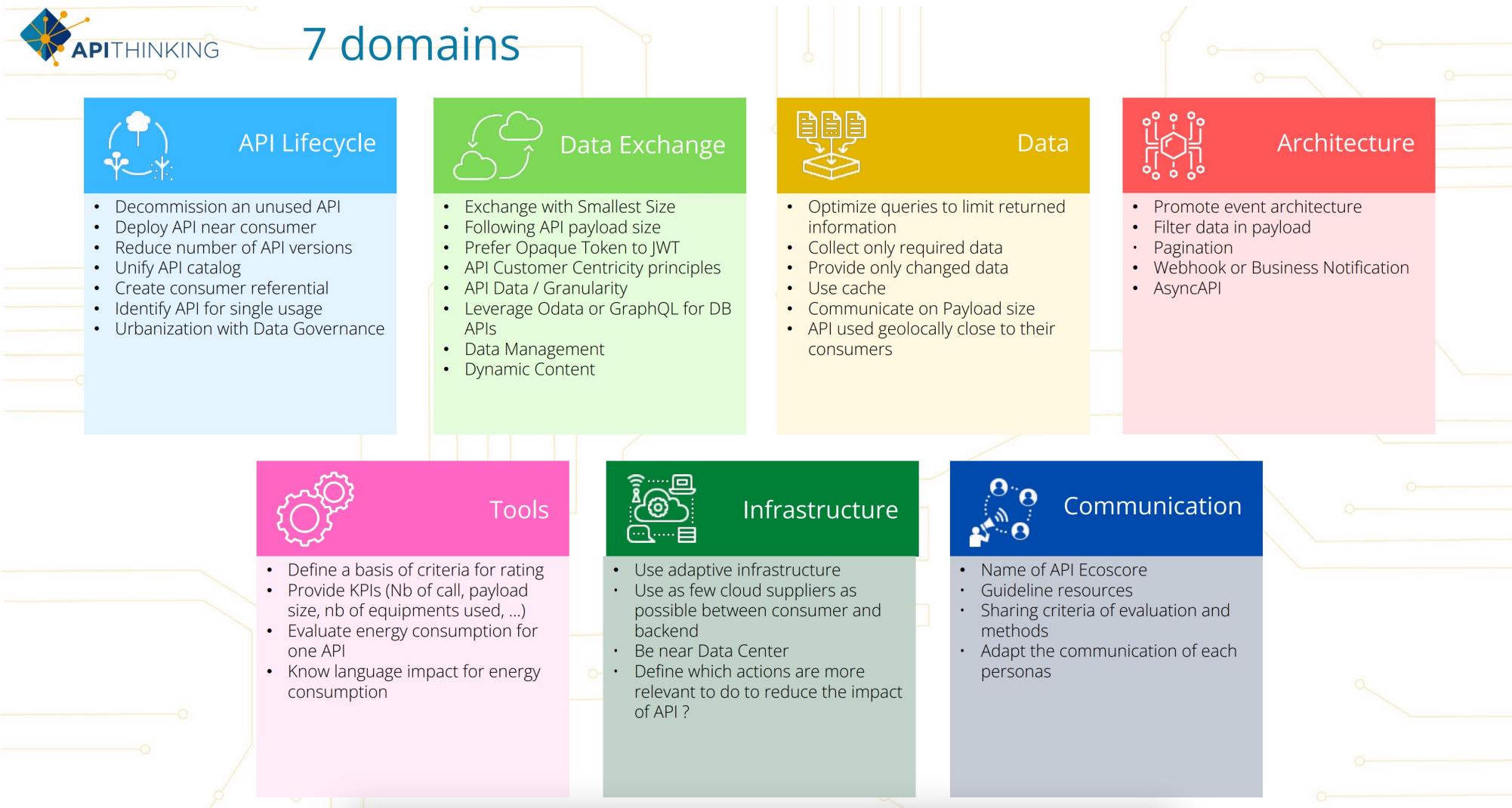
**Resource and Energy-Efficient
Software Products**

DE-UZ 215



Code - Recommendation

Sustainable API Design



C o d e - T o o l s

Static Code Analysis



C o d e

Example 1

	Total		
	Energy (J)		
	Time (ms)	Mb	
(c) C	1.00	1.00	1.00
(c) Rust	1.03	1.04	1.05
(c) C++	1.34	1.56	1.17
(c) Ada	1.70	1.85	1.24
(v) Java	1.98	1.89	1.34
(c) Pascal	2.14	2.14	1.47
(c) Chapel	2.18	2.83	1.54
(v) Lisp	2.27	3.02	1.92
(c) Ocaml	2.40	3.09	2.45
(c) Fortran	2.52	3.14	2.57
(c) Swift	2.79	3.40	2.71
(c) Haskell	3.10	3.55	2.80
(v) C#	3.14	4.20	2.82
(c) Go	3.23	4.20	2.85
(i) Dart	3.83	6.30	3.34
(v) F#	4.13	6.52	3.52
(i) JavaScript	4.45	6.67	3.97
(v) Racket	7.91	11.27	4.00
(i) TypeScript	21.50	26.99	4.25
(i) Hack	24.02	27.64	4.59
(i) PHP	29.30	36.71	4.69
(v) Erlang	42.23	43.44	6.01
(i) Lua	45.98	46.20	6.62
(i) Jruby	46.54	59.34	6.72
(i) Ruby	69.91	65.79	7.20
(i) Python	75.88	71.90	8.64
(i) Perl	79.58	82.91	19.84



Example 2

Pattern	System	Overall Time	Energy (J)	Difference (%)	
				Time	Energy
Facade	"Clean"	15,40	395,60	1,80	2,50
	Pattern	15,70	405,60		
Abstract Factory	"Clean"	13,50	342,10	14,20	15,90
	Pattern	15,40	396,60		
Observer	"Clean"	15,10	373,70	0,90	0,10
	Pattern	15,20	373,90		
Decorator	"Clean"	15,20	374,00	132,40	133,60
	Pattern	35,40	873,80		
Prototype	"Clean"	11,20	271,80	33,00	33,20
	Pattern	14,90	362,00		
Template Method	"Clean"	15,00	366,40	0,30	0,10
	Pattern	15,10	366,70		



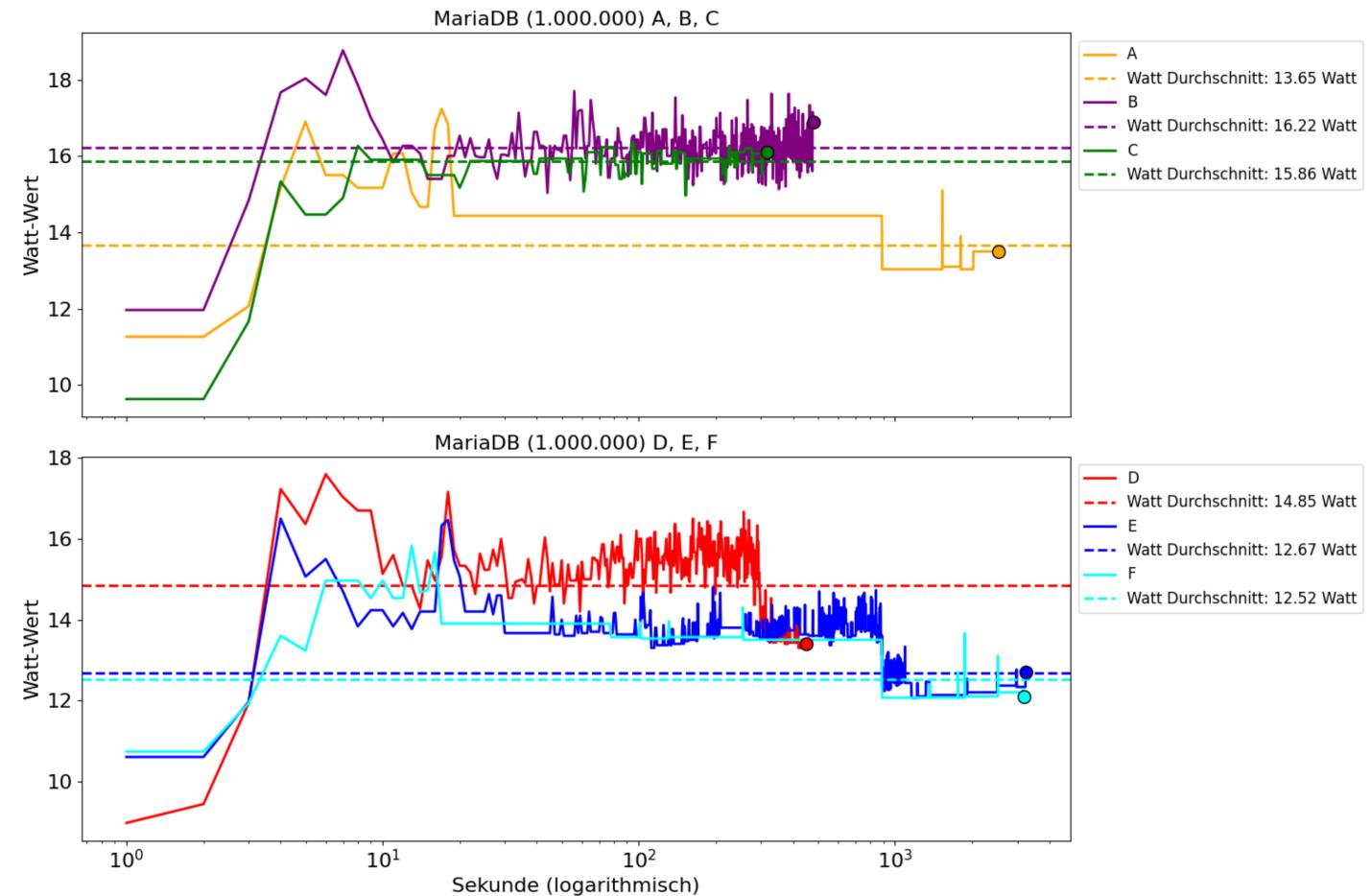
Example 3

Gains are possible: The experiments with Orange and Greenspector© have shown that energy and resource gains were possible. In return of some corrections, we have obtained between 5 and 7% of gain in energy and other resources. As the workload to work on the correction was limited, we estimate we can have more gain.



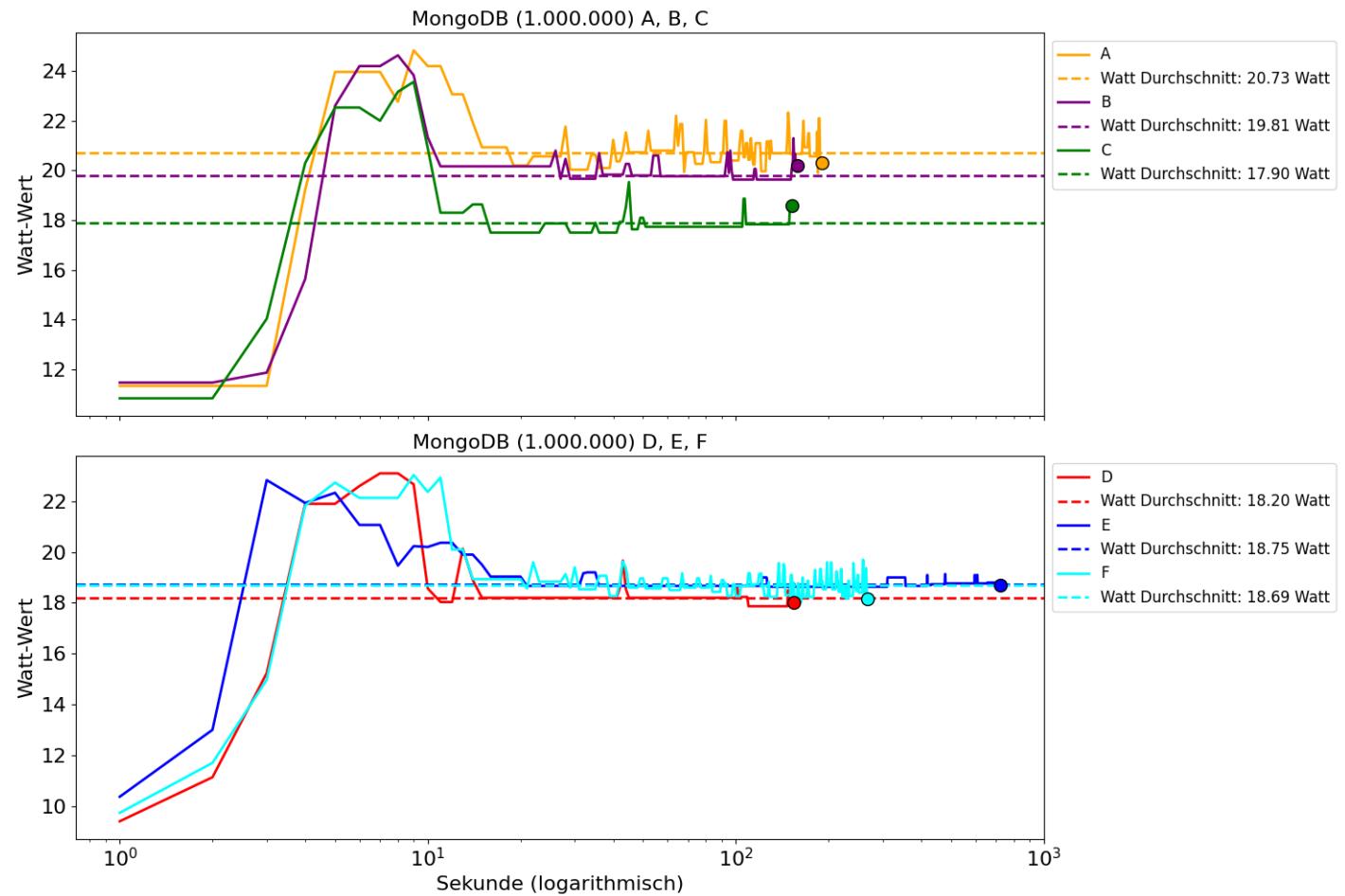
C o d e

Example 4



C o d e

Example 4



Example 4

Workload A: 50 % READ, 50 % UPDATE

Tabelle 5.3: Workload A - Auswertung

A	Maria 100k	Maria 1M	Mongo 100k	Mongo 1M
ShellyPlug in Wh	0,4377	9,3284	0,1259	1,0855
Watt durchschn.	14,6192	13,5523	20,5203	20,7138
RAPL in Wh	0,0785	1,5741	0,0427	0,338
Laufzeit in s	108,1357	2478,771	22,088	188,658
Durchsatz in op/s	924,78	410,5233	4528,617	5301,593
READ Latenz in μ s	571,05	1085,573	199,55	176,1733
UPDATE Latenz in μ s	1563,69	3845,2867	220,6033	194,89

Workload C: 100 % READ

Tabelle 5.5: Workload C - Auswertung

C	Maria 100k	Maria 1M	Mongo 100k	Mongo 1M
Shelly Plug in Wh	0,0797	1,3963	0,1019	0,7559
Watt durchschn.	17,968	15,8658	19,615	17,8871
RAPL in Wh	0,0261	0,3908	0,0371	0,2546
Laufzeit in s	15,966	316,8567	18,6927	152,0557
Durchsatz in op/s	6265,99	3156,4067	5350,29	6577,05
READ Latenz in μ s	155,52	314,54	177,2833	149,6667



Build

B u i l d

best practices

- **Minify**
- **Compress**
- **Build changed code only**



Build - Tools

Slim toolkit

You can find the examples in a separate repository: <https://github.com/slimtoolkit/examples>

Node.js application images:

- from ubuntu:14.04 - 432MB => 14MB (minified by **30.85X**)
- from debian:jessie - 406MB => 25.1MB (minified by **16.21X**)
- from node:alpine - 66.7MB => 34.7MB (minified by **1.92X**)
- from node:distroless - 72.7MB => 39.7MB (minified by **1.83X**)

Python application images:

- from ubuntu:14.04 - 438MB => 16.8MB (minified by **25.99X**)
- from python:2.7-alpine - 84.3MB => 23.1MB (minified by **3.65X**)
- from python:2.7.15 - 916MB => 27.5MB (minified by **33.29X**)
- from centos:7 - 647MB => 23MB (minified by **28.57X**)
- from centos/python-27-centos7 - 700MB => 24MB (minified by **29.01X**)
- from python2.7:distroless - 60.7MB => 18.3MB (minified by **3.32X**)

Ruby application images:

- from ubuntu:14.04 - 433MB => 13.8MB (minified by **31.31X**)
- from ruby:2.2-alpine - 319MB => 27MB (minified by **11.88X**)
- from ruby:2.5.3 - 978MB => 30MB (minified by **32.74X**)

Go application images:

- from golang:latest - 700MB => 1.56MB (minified by **448.76X**)
- from ubuntu:14.04 - 531MB => 1.87MB (minified by **284.10X**)
- from golang:alpine - 258MB => 1.56MB (minified by **165.61X**)
- from centos:7 - 615MB => 1.87MB (minified by **329.14X**)

Rust application images:

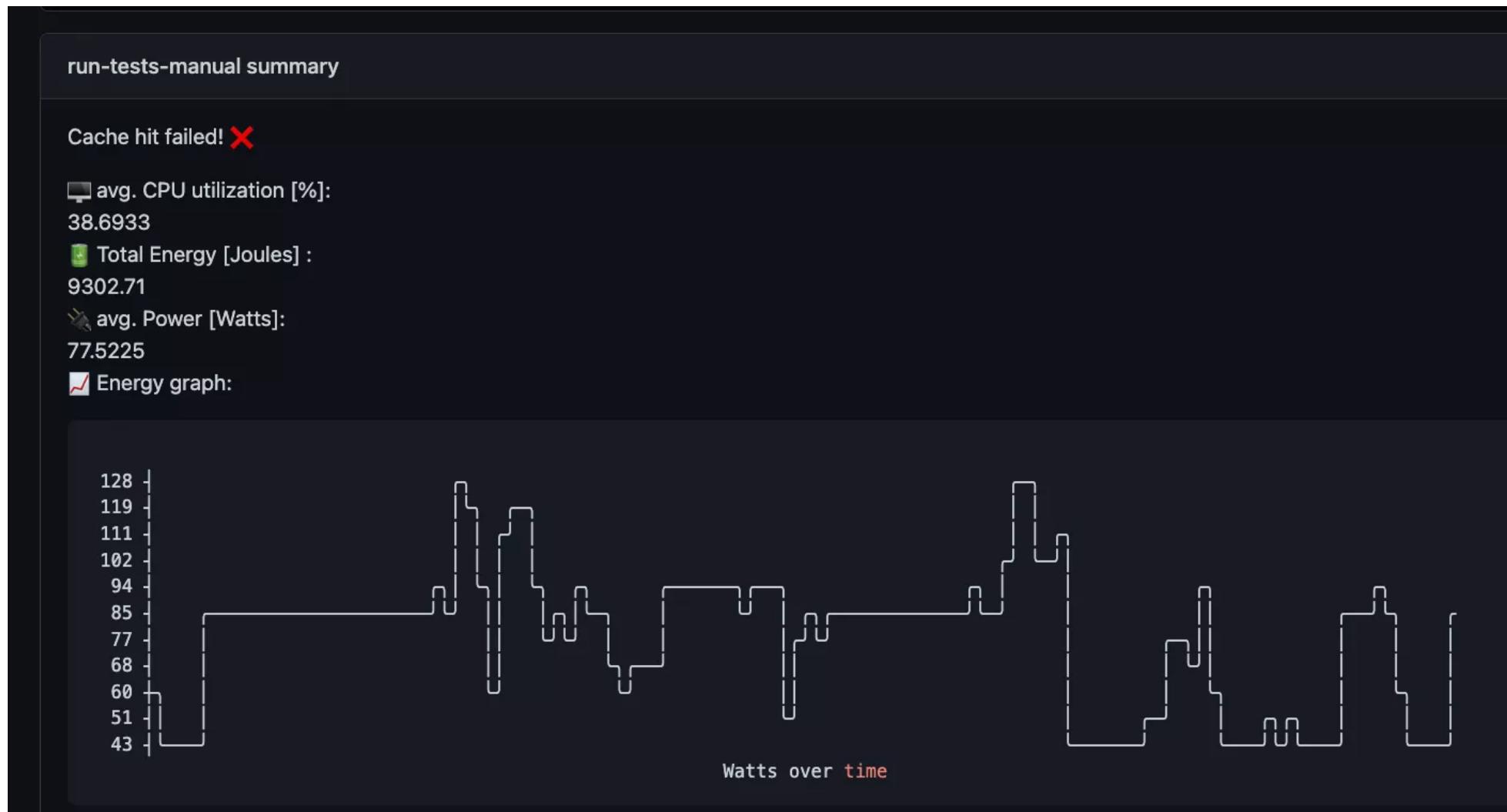
- from rust:1.31 - 2GB => 14MB (minified by **147.16X**)

Java application images:

- from ubuntu:14.04 - 743.6 MB => 100.3 MB



Eco CI



Compression

In the results of the table we can see, that the network carbon emission savings through compression of **115.13 J** and **3412.8 J** are way higher than the compression & decompress costs of **~10 J** ad **~0.5 J**



Test

T e s t

best practices

- Only test **changed code**
- Turn off Dev/Test environments when no one is working
- Test **environmental factors**



Web Tester

URL: <https://eco-compute.io> DATE: 25.4.2024, 08:16:05

Webpage Performance Test Result

SETTINGS: DESKTOP v124 Cable Virginia USA More Share

View: **Carbon Control** Tools: Export Re-Run Test



Carbon Control EXPERIMENTAL

WebPageTest evaluates a website's carbon usage through the use of services such as the [Green Web Foundation's Green Web Dataset](#) and [CO2.js](#)



Displaying Test Run 1.

Green Hosting Check



Primary Domain
Origin: www.eco-compute.io



3rd Party Domains
2 of 2 green-hosted

Estimated Carbon Footprint

Page Weight

647.8 KB

CO₂e per new visit

0.21 g



T e s t - T o o l s

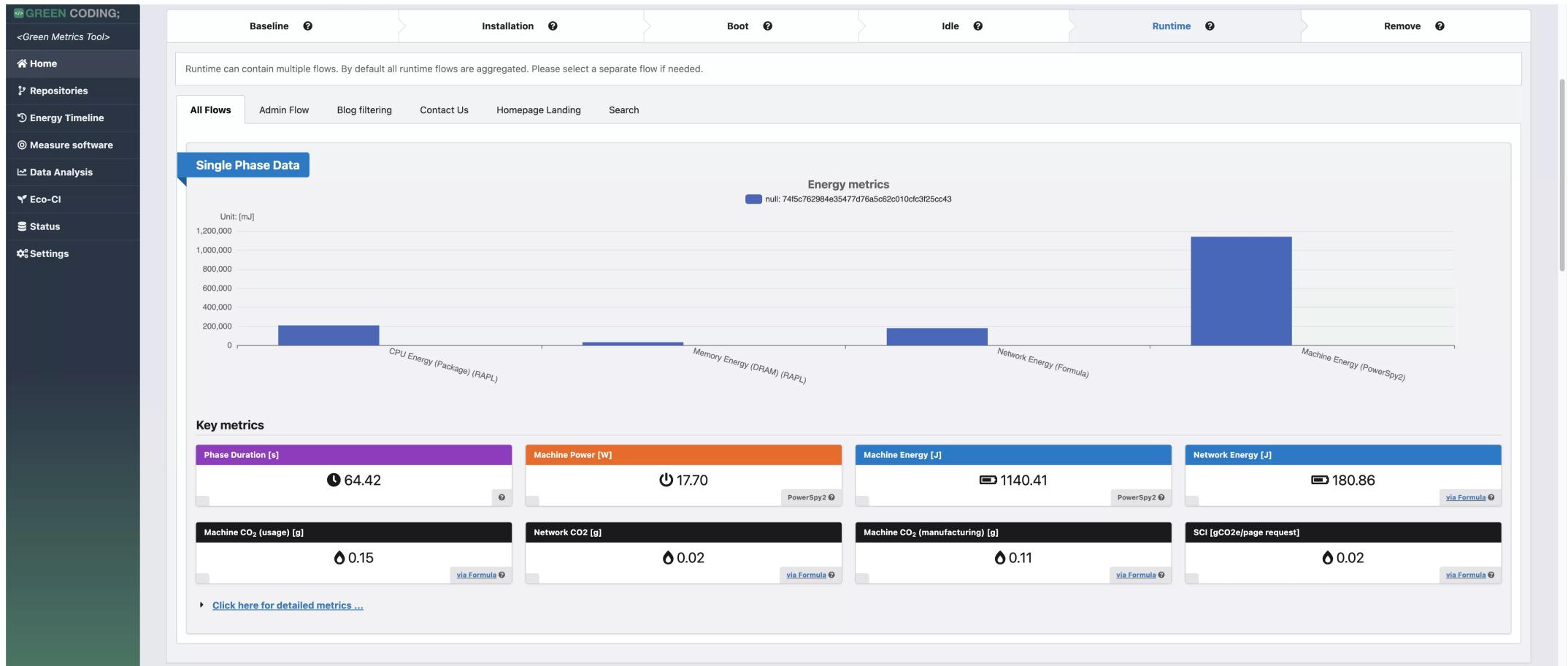
kube-green



[GitHub - kube-green/kube-green: A K8s operator to reduce CO2 footprint of your clusters](#)

T e s t - T o o l s

Green Metrics Tool



Release

Release

best practices

- Allow **Configuration** and set Eco-friendly defaults
- Have an **end-of-life** strategy
- Ensure support for **old hardware**
- Clean up **left-overs**



Deploy

Deploy

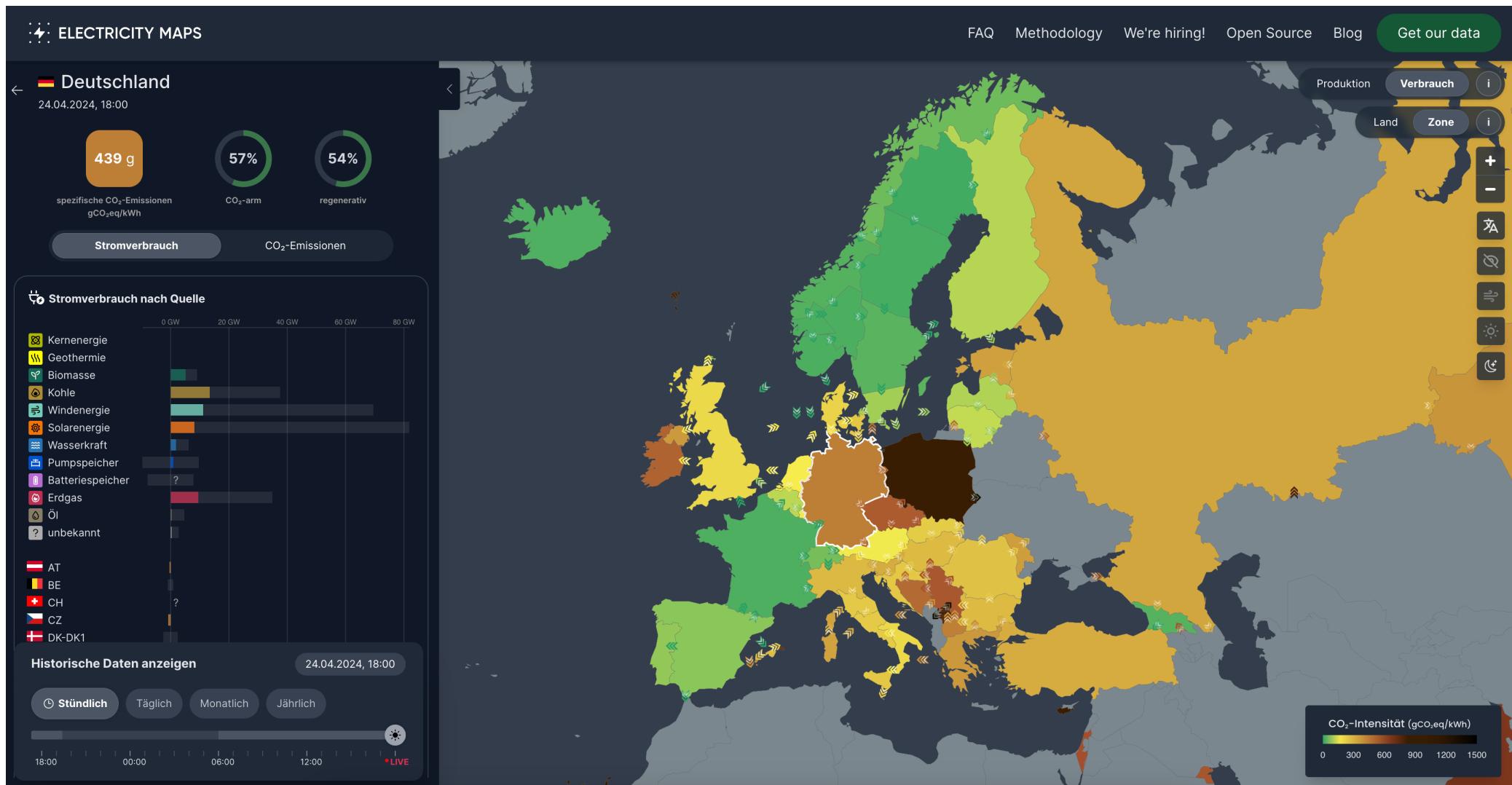
best practices

- Only deploy **changes** worth deploying
- Consider the sustainability of the deploy location
- Deploy during **times** of curtailment
- Use **declarative** Infrastructure as Code



Deploy

carbon awareness



Electricity Maps | CO₂-Emissionen des Stromverbrauchs in Echtzeit

Operate

Operate

best practices

- Right **size** your infrastructure
- Pay attention to **Scaling**
- Consider **carbon awareness**



Keda

Features



Autoscaling Made Simple

Bring rich scaling to every workload in your [Kubernetes](#) cluster



Event-driven

Intelligently scale your event-driven application



Built-in Scalers

Catalog of 50+ built-in scalers for various cloud platforms, databases, messaging systems, telemetry systems, CI/CD, and more



Multiple Workload Types

Support for variety of workload types such as deployments, jobs & custom resources with [/scale](#) sub-resource



Reduce environmental impact

Build sustainable platforms by optimizing workload scheduling and scale-to-zero



Extensible

Bring-your-own or use community-maintained scalers



Vendor-Agnostic

Support for triggers across variety of cloud providers & products



Azure Functions Support

Run and scale your Azure Functions on Kubernetes in production workloads



Operate - Example

Branch magazine

GRID INTENSITY VIEW: [LIVE ▾](#)

Branch Magazine: A Just and Sustainable Internet for All

Issue 8: Finding Beauty in the Imperfect

Spring 2024



MODERATE GRID INTENSITY



[Branch Magazine: A Just and Sustainable Internet for All - Branch \(climateaction.tech\)](#)

Monitor

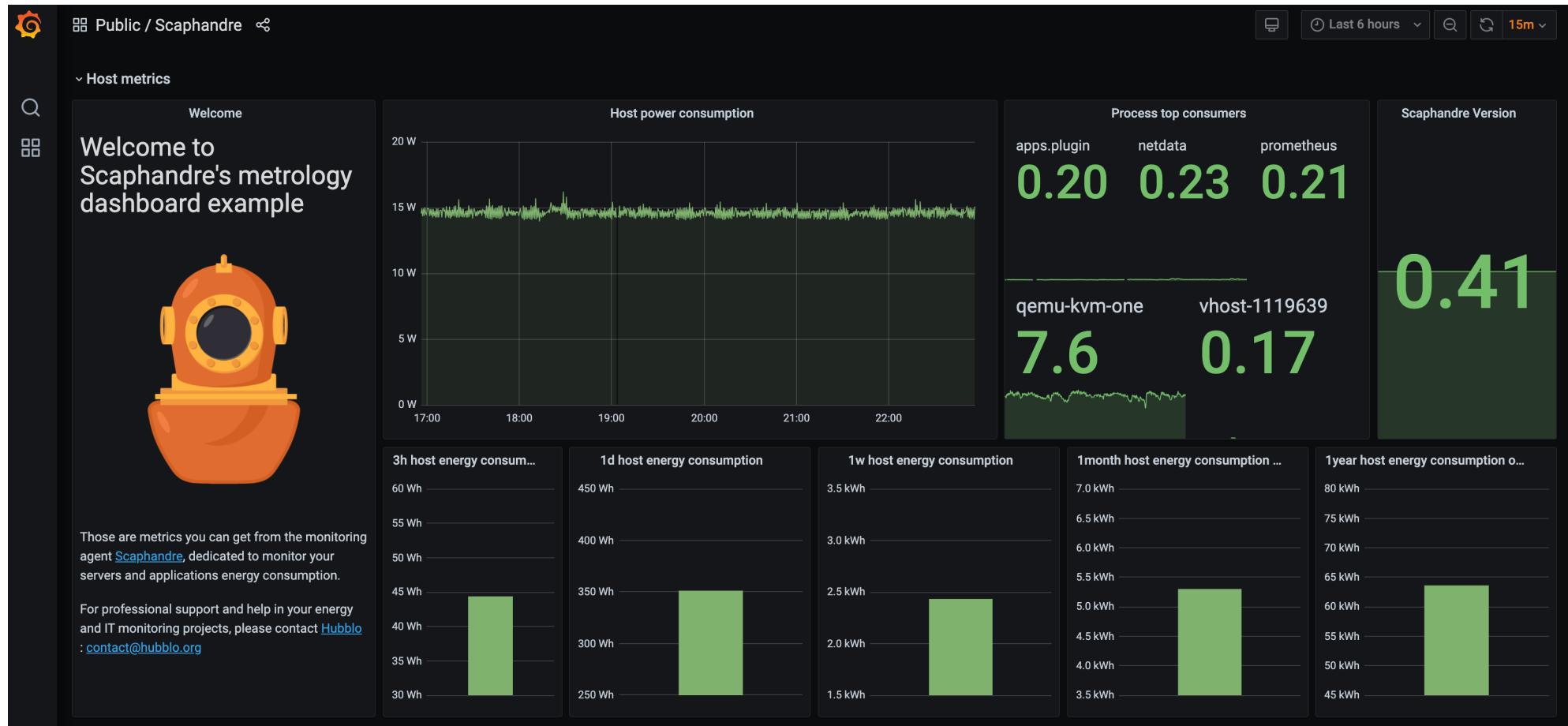
Monitor

best practices

- **Delete old data**
- **Only collect relevant data**
- **monitor environmental factors/impact**

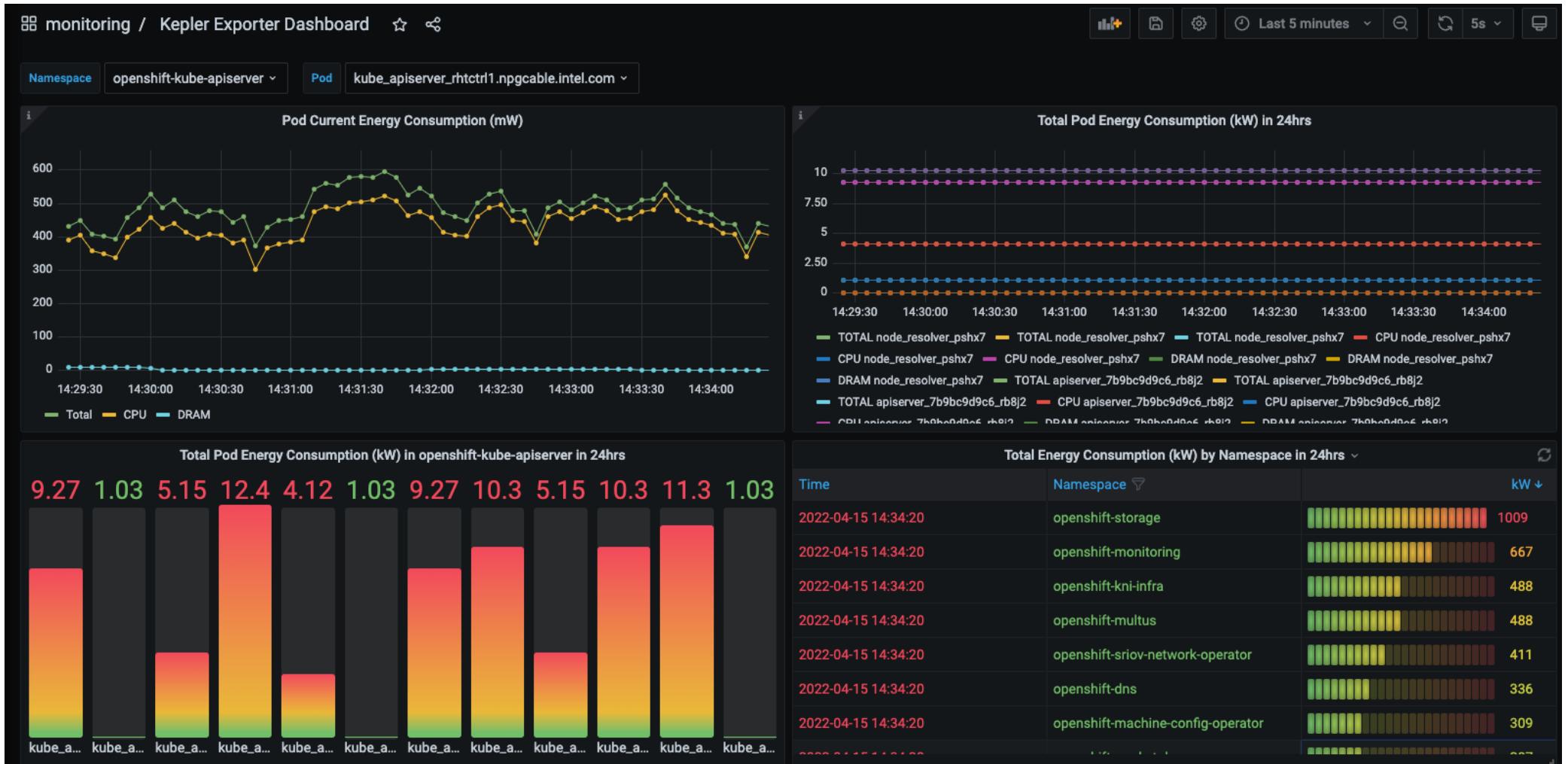


Scaphandre



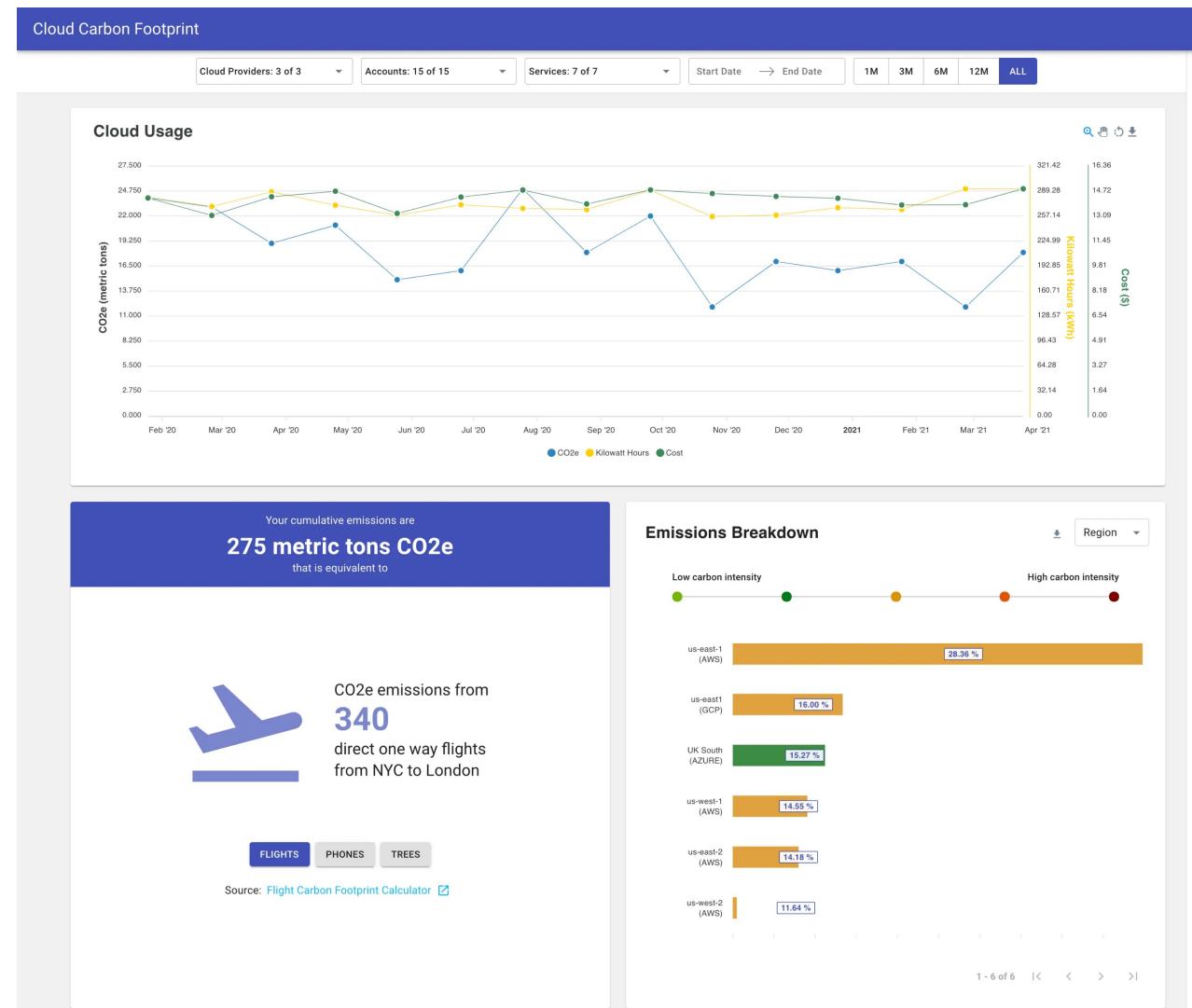
Monitor - Tools

Kepler



Monitor - Tools

Cloud Carbon Footprint



Cloud Carbon Footprint - An open source tool to measure and analyze cloud carbon emissions

Plan

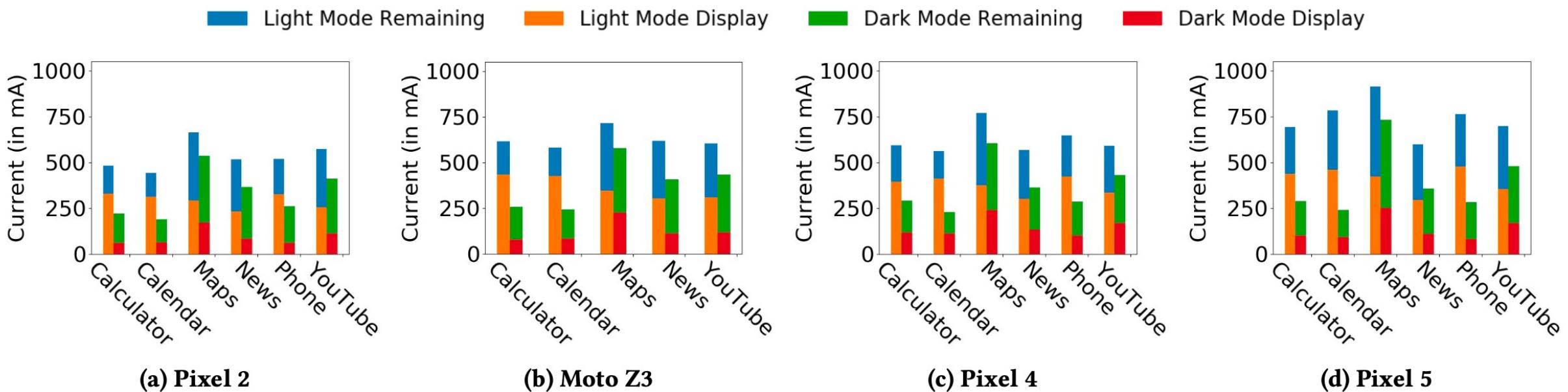
Plan

best practices

- Optimize **User Journeys**
- Find solutions for the **Jevons Paradox**
- Design with **user** and **device** in mind
- Make the **ecosystem** a stakeholder
- Use **media** and **formats** appropriately



Dark Mode



(a) Pixel 2

(b) Moto Z3

(c) Pixel 4

(d) Pixel 5

Figure 11: Total phone and OLED power draw under light mode and dark mode on the four phones.



P l a n - E x a m p l e

Favicons



P l a n - E x a m p l e

Favicons



Favicons



Original

13KB

6.143 gCO₂eq



32km



Option A

2KB

946 gCO₂eq



4.6km



Option B

1.7KB

804 gCo₂eq



4km



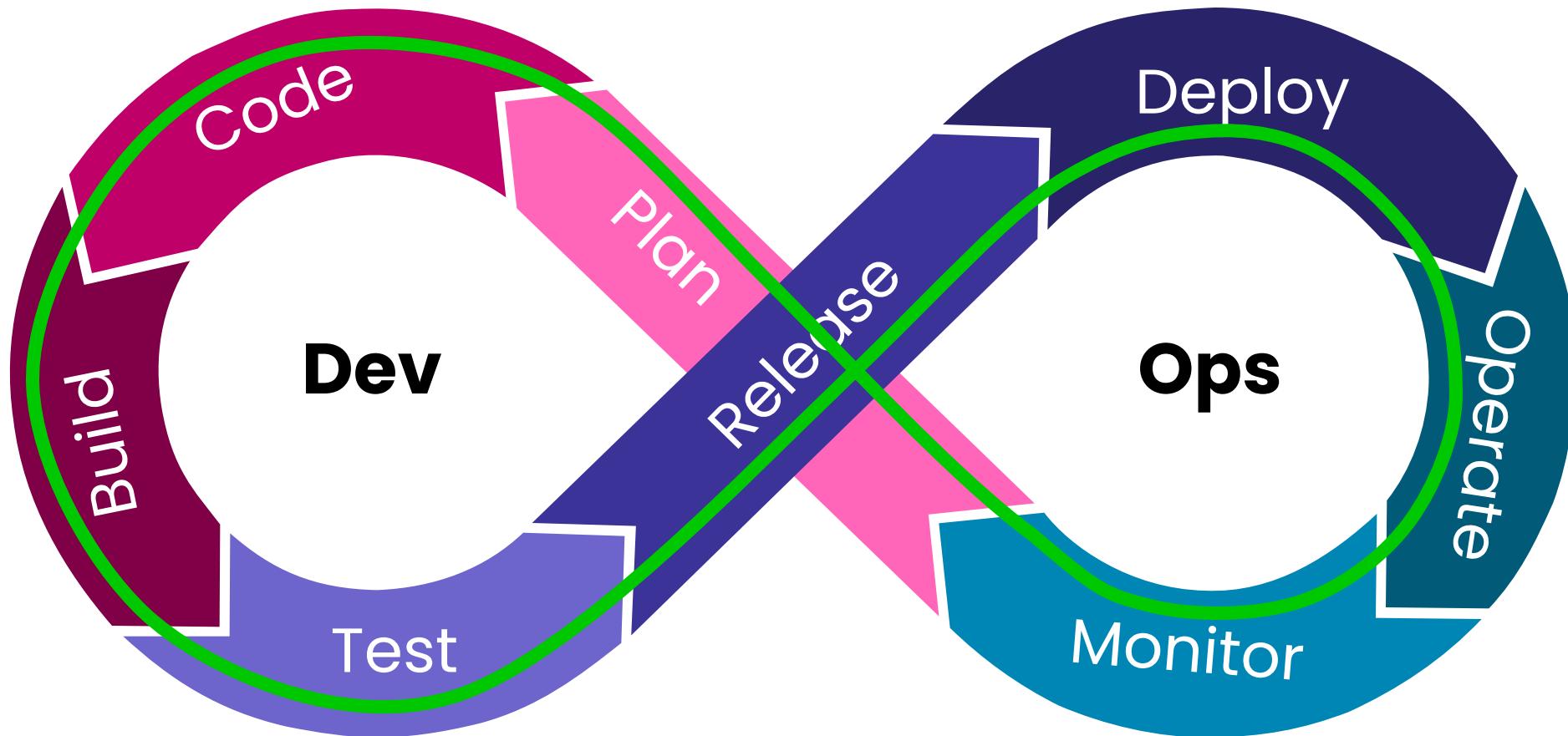
P l a n - E x a m p l e

Favicons

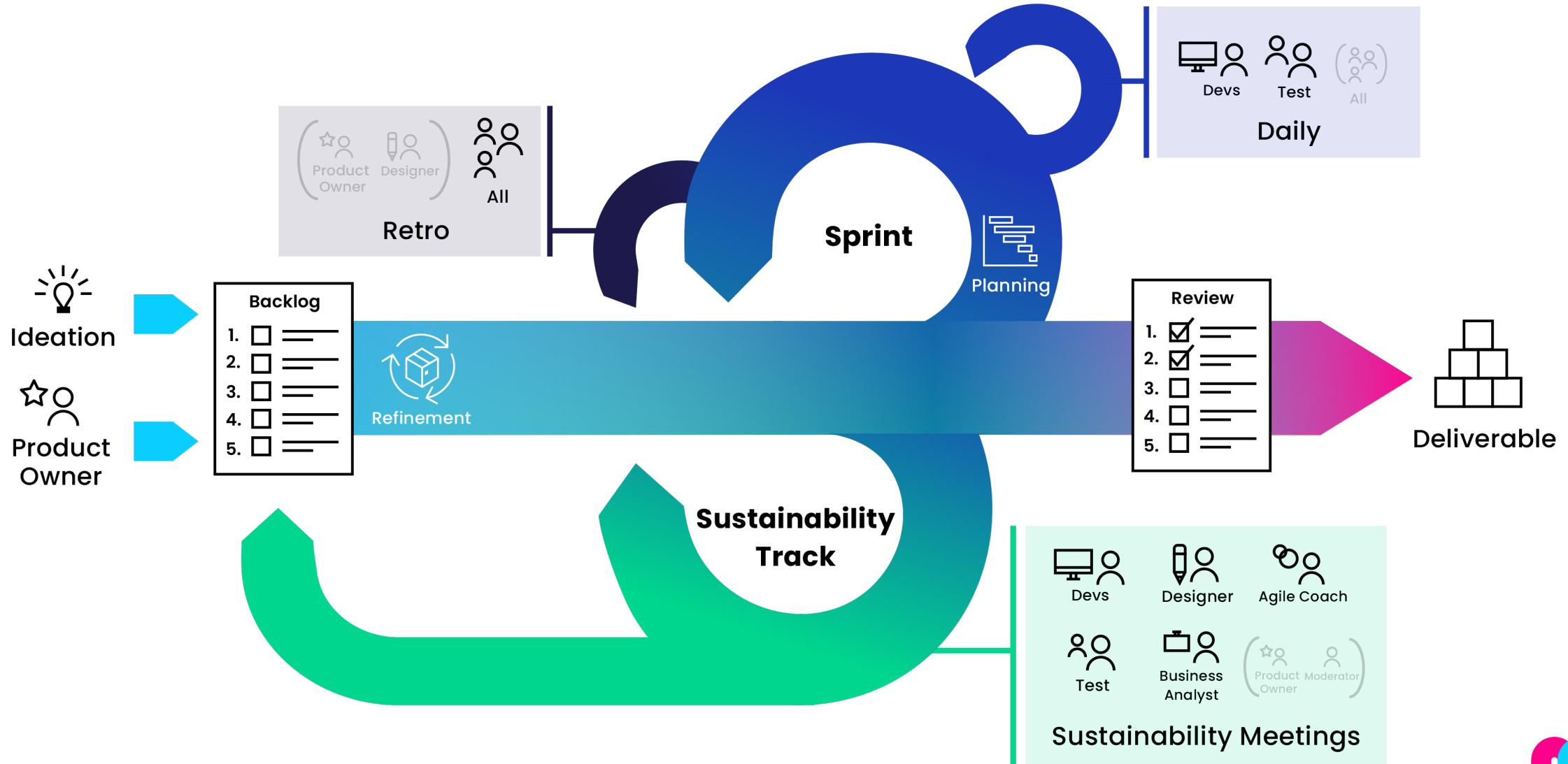


Take away

DevSusOps



DevSusOps



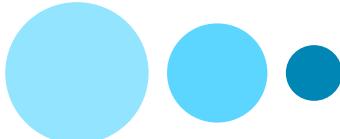
Use Sustainability Meetings to introduce sustainability efforts into every part of your software and development process

Read more: [Jochen Joswig on LinkedIn: Download: So kommt Nachhaltigkeit ins agile Projekt](#) (atm only available in German)



Green Software Development Principles

Transparent 

Minimal 

Efficient 

Aware 



Green Software Development Principles & Patterns

Transparent

- Accountability
- Monitoring
- Reporting
- Observability
- Carbon-Budget
- Scoreboards

Minimal

- Scale to Zero
- Cloud Resources
- Data collection
- Data retention
- Compression
- Bundle Size
- Feature Set
- Request frequency
- Request body size
- User interaction
- Dependencies

Efficient

- Programming language
- Algorithms
- Implementation
- Dependencies
- Caching
- Hardware Use
- Device Lifespan
- Useful work vs. utilization
- Perfection???

Aware

- Carbon Awareness
- Demand Shifting
- Temporal
- Spatial
- Demand Shaping
- User Behavior
- Configurability
- Jevons Paradox





LinkedIn



Thank you for your attention

Jochen Joswig



MAIBORNWOLFF

References & Sources

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