



Can you predict the future? Introduction to the NEON Forecasting Challenge

ESA workshop 3
Monday 7th August 2023

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Workshop overview

Objectives:

1. Highlight some key concepts of ecological forecasting
2. Introduce NEON and the Forecasting Challenge
3. Walk through a simple forecast workflow
4. Point to resources to get involved and find more information

Workshop Overview

11:30-11.55	Introductory presentation
11.55-12.10	Break and R set-up
12:10-13:00	Hands-on coding/follow-along



Why forecast?


Results for **Portland, OR** · Choose area

 **29 °C** | °F
Precipitation: 0%
Humidity: 36%
Wind: 16 km/h

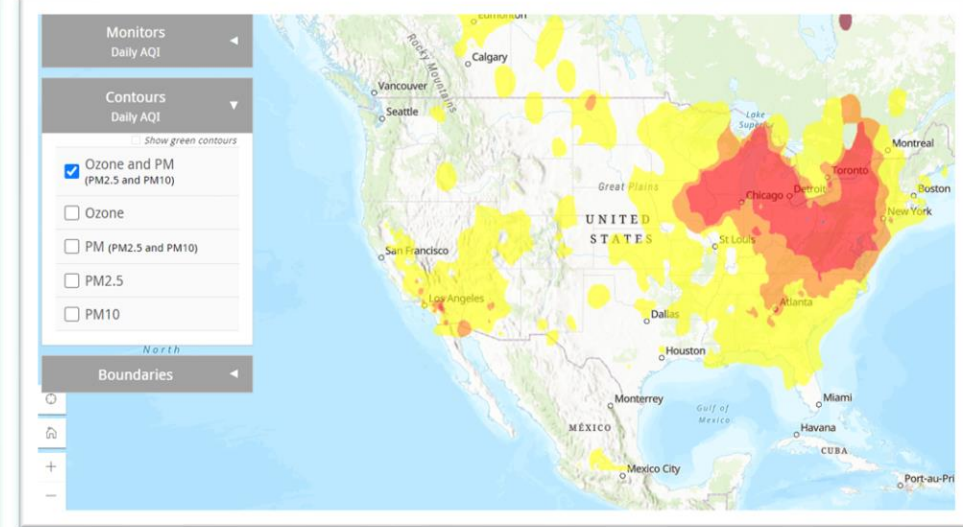
Weather
Monday
Sunny

Temperature | Precipitation | Wind



11AM	2PM	5PM	8PM	11PM	2AM	5AM	8AM
Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun	Mon
							
29° 14°	31° 14°	31° 16°	31° 16°	32° 16°	33° 17°	34° 18°	33° 17°

weather.com · Feedback



Near-term, iterative, ecological forecasts

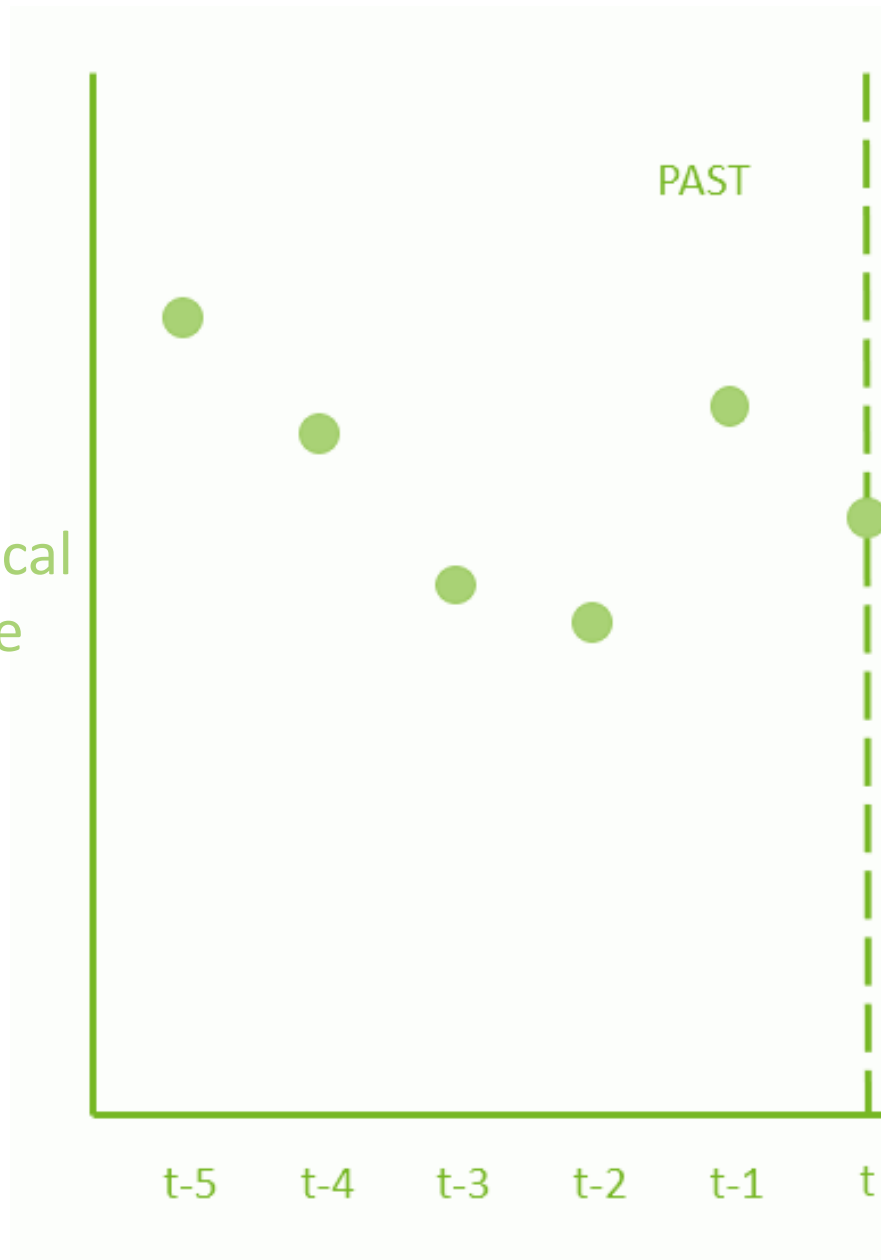
- **Near-term** = sub-daily to decadal timescales
- **Iterative** = process of repeatedly validating forecasts, updating model initial conditions and parameters, and issuing new forecasts as new data become available
- **Ecological forecast** = future predictions of physical, chemical, or biological variables *with quantified uncertainty*

Examples:

1. Forecast of river dissolved oxygen concentration for the next 1-48 hours for fish stocking
2. 1-3 month ahead predictions of the % chance of leaf fall to estimate peak leaf-peeping
3. Forecasts of tick abundance for the next 1-30 days in a popular hiking area

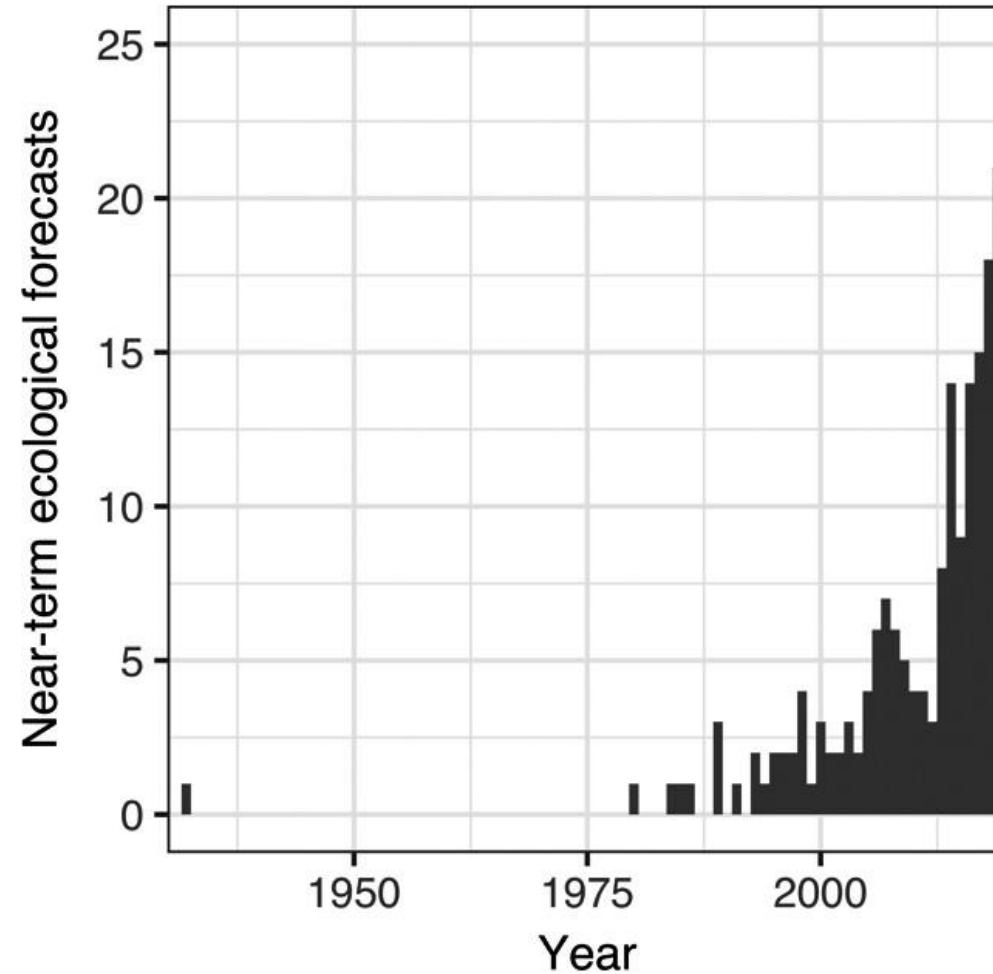


Ecological
variable



Ecological forecasting

- An emerging and growing field

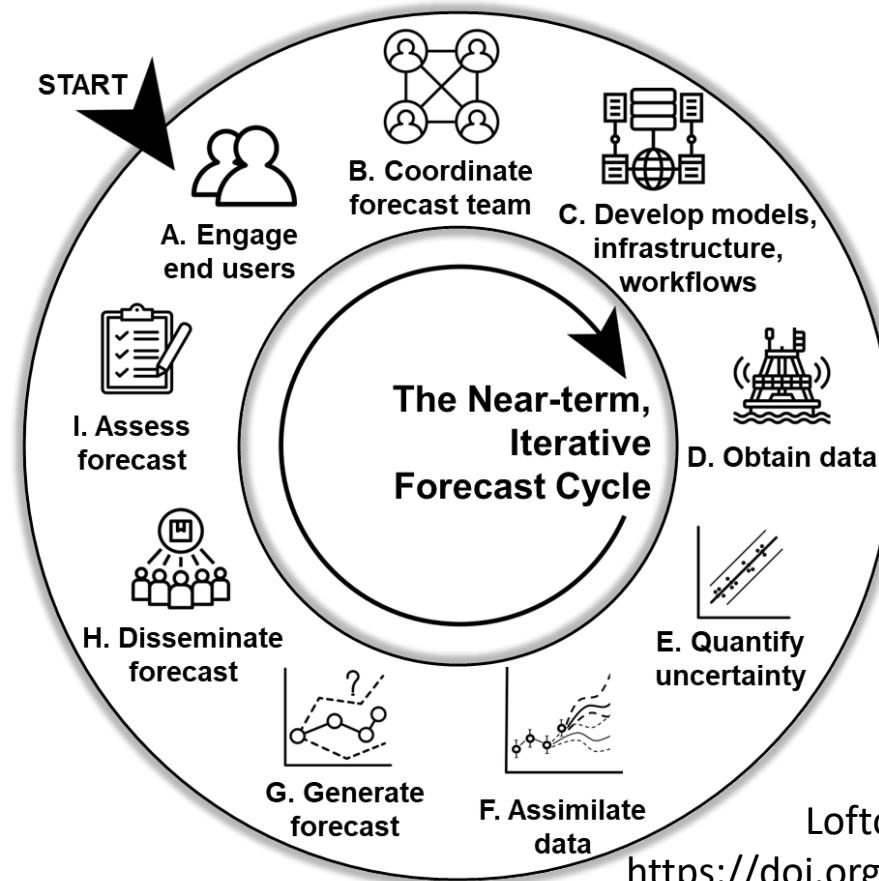


Lewis et al., 2021

(<https://doi.org/10.1002/eap.2500>)

Forecasting Challenges

- Forecasting is challenging!



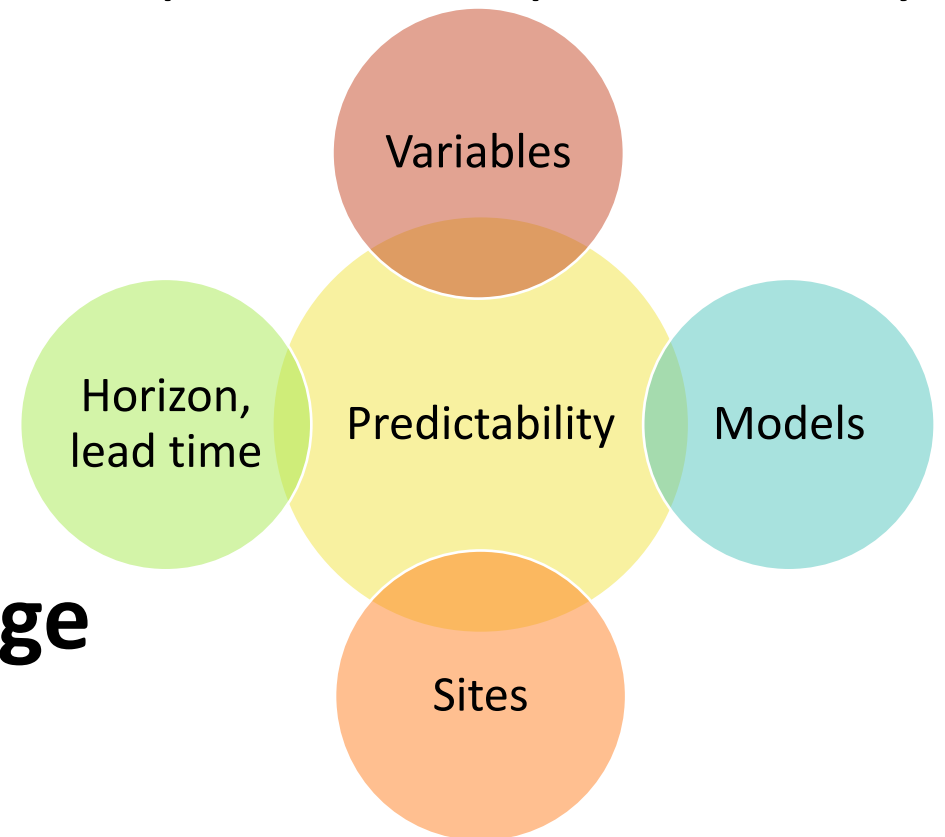
- A Challenge to catalyze progress

Why a forecasting challenge? – the power of many forecasts!

1. A community of forecasting

- Standards
- Development of tools and infrastructure
- A forecasting **platform**

2. Answer questions of predictability



The **EFI-NEON Forecasting Challenge** was born (2021)!

Ecological Forecasting Initiative Research Co-ordination Network

- EFI RCN Goals
 - lower barriers
 - community building
 - infrastructure
 - platform development



NSF-sponsored



**Ecological Forecasting Initiative
Research Coordination Network**
5-year project

Create a community of practice that builds capacity for ecological forecasting by leveraging NEON data products.

<https://ecoforecast.org/rcn/>

Funded by the National Science Foundation (DEB-1926388)

EFI RCN supported by NSF grant DEB-1926388

What is **neon**?

- The National Ecological Observatory Network (NEON) is a **continental-scale observation facility**
- To collect **long-term open access ecological data**
- **47 terrestrial** and **34 aquatic** sites

2.1. NEON Mission

NEON is a National Science Foundation-sponsored facility for research and education on long-term, large-scale ecological change. NEON's goals are derived from the Integrated Science and Education Plan.

The goals of NEON are to:

- Enable understanding and forecasting of the impacts of climate change, land use change, and invasive species on aspects of continental-scale ecology such as biodiversity, biogeochemistry, infectious diseases, and ecohydrology
- Enable society and the scientific community to use ecological information and forecasts to understand and effectively address critical ecological questions and issues
- Provide physical and information infrastructure to support research, education, and land management.

From: https://www.neonscience.org/sites/default/files/NEON_Strategy_2011u2_0.pdf

What is the EFI-NEON Challenge?

“A platform for the community to make predictions of conditions at NEON sites before the data are collected”


- All 81 sites
- 6 themes



What is the EFI-NEON Challenge?

“A platform for the community to make predictions of conditions at NEON sites before the data are collected”

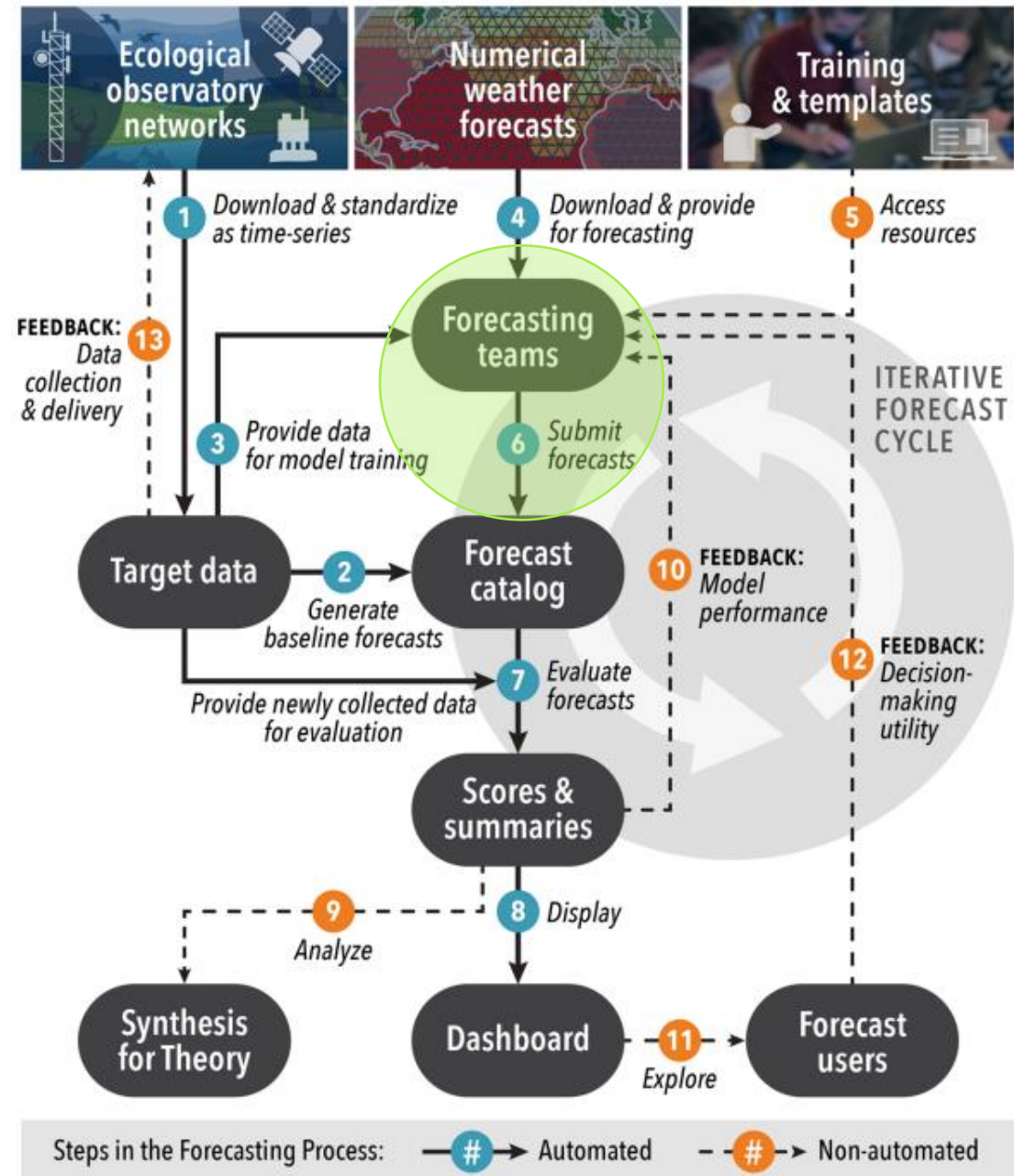
- All 81 sites
- 6 themes
- > 15,000 forecast submitted!



Forecast =
A prediction of
future environmental
conditions that
includes quantified
uncertainty



Challenge overview





Workshop overview

Objectives:

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Hands-on workshop:

- **Aquatics theme – Can we predict how water temperature will change over the next month?**
 - Water temperature in lakes
 - NEONs water temperature data product (DP1.20264.001)
 - 30 day forecast horizon
 - Data latency of 2-3 days
- **Simple baseline** model to build on

Water temperature = key variable in driving many biogeochemical cycles and habitat available for thermal-sensitive species



NEON Buoy at Crampton Lake
(Land O'Lakes, WI)

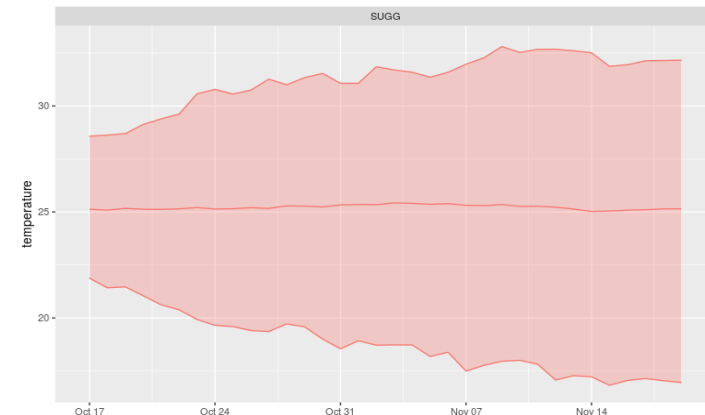
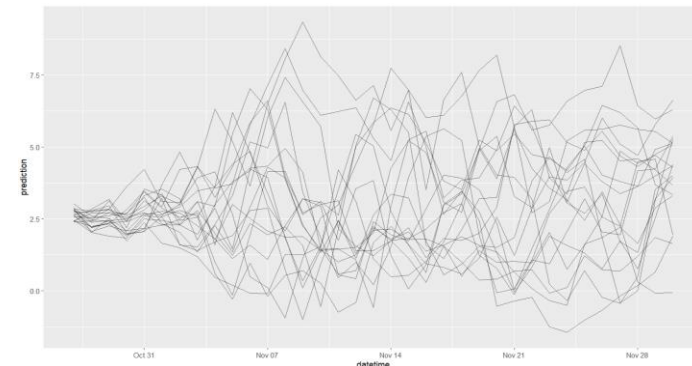
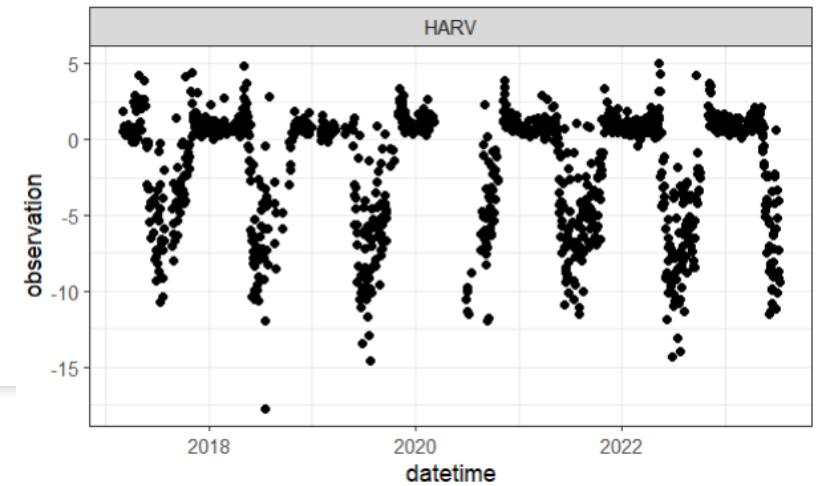


Diversity of NEON aquatic sites



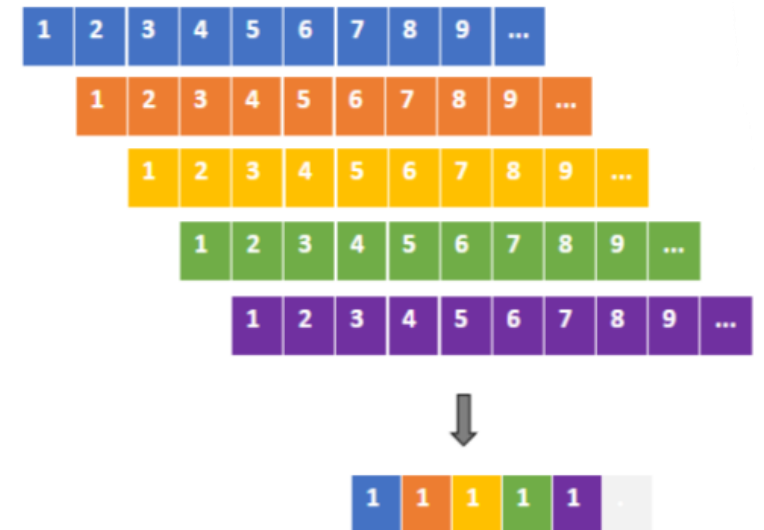
Some forecast terminology:

- Targets – water temperature
- Uncertainty – forecasts must include an estimate of uncertainty.
The uncertainty can be represented using different model runs (**ensemble members**) or the statistics of the forecast (**mean and standard deviation**).



Some more forecast terminology:

- NOAA data – National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration weather forecasts
- 3 NOAA forecast data products available in neon4cast:
 - Stage_1: **raw forecasts** from NOAA.
30 member ensemble forecast
 - Stage_2: processed from stage_1 Recommended for **future forecasts. Hourly inputs**
 - Stage_3: the **historic data product**. A 'stacked' data set taking every 1 day ahead forecast. Useful for model training/calibration.



A little more forecast terminology:

Scores – a means to assess forecast skill. The Challenge uses the Continuous Rank Probability Score (crps). Uses both the **accuracy** (mean) and the **precision** (sd) of the forecast.

Scores → Dashboard → Users!

Read more: <https://projects.ecoforecast.org/neon4cast-docs/Evaluation.html>

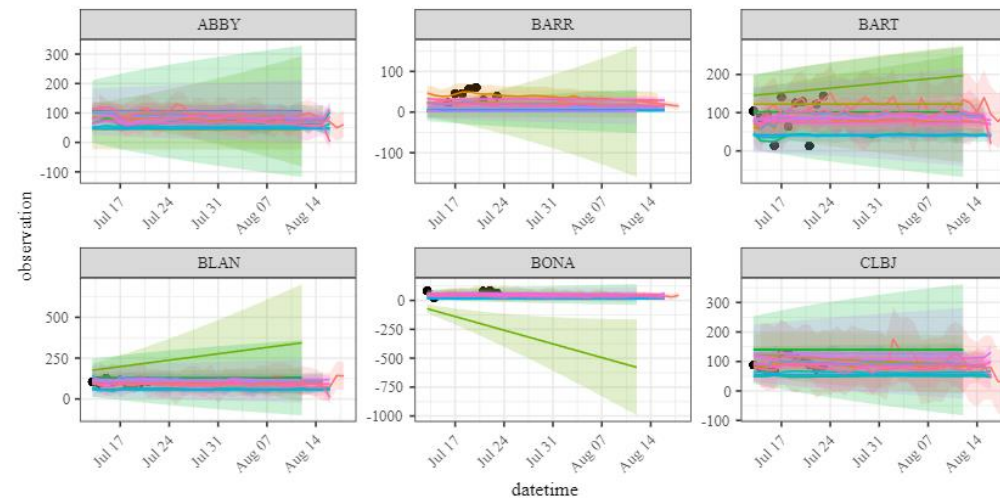
Terrestrial

Daily averages

Forecasts

These plots show the most recently submitted forecast (a single [reference_datetime](#)) for which we have at least 10 observations.

Models which did not submit a forecast on the given reference date are not shown. ::: panel-tabset ## Latent evaporation



On this page

[Daily averages](#)

[Forecasts](#)

[CO2 Flux](#)

[Leaderboard](#)

[Submission statistics](#)

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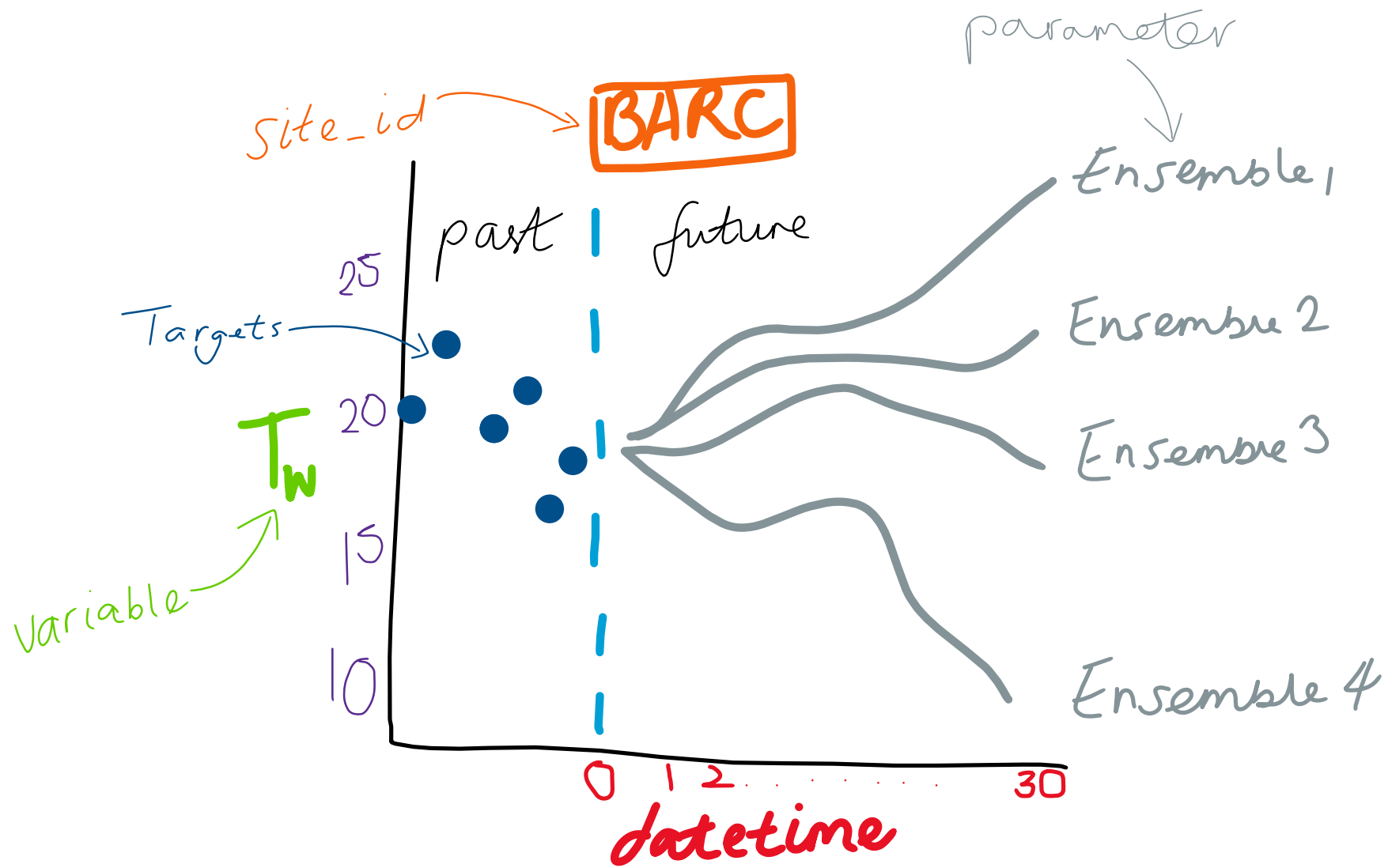
A little more forecast terminology:

Standards - Help maintain consistency in forecast generation, submissions and scoring

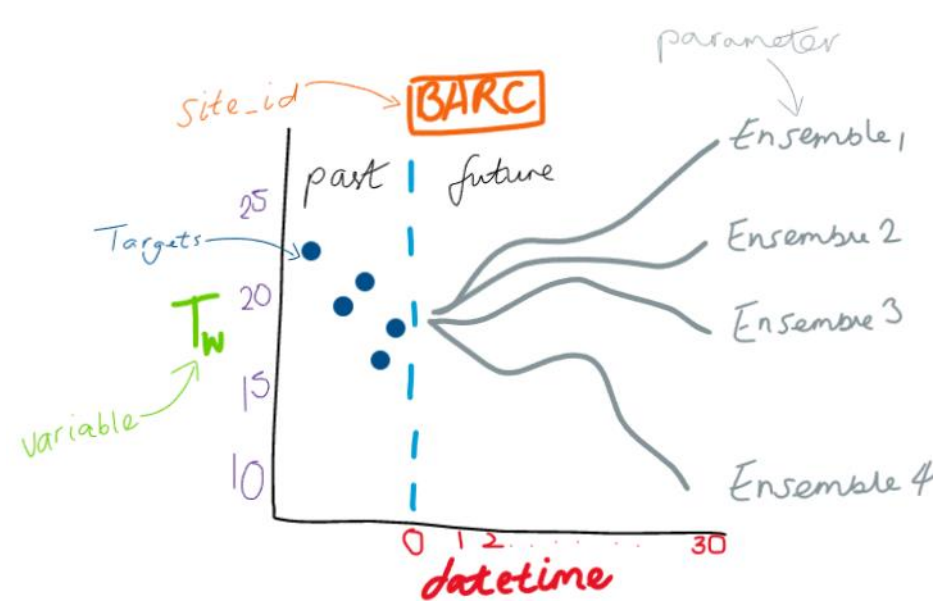
Need to submit a forecast in a standardized format

- file format (csv or NetCDF)
- file name format ([theme]-[reference_datetime]-[team_name].csv)
- specific column names
- column format (datetime/character/integer/etc.)



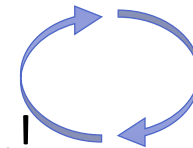


datetime	reference_datetime	site_id	family	parameter	variable	prediction	model_id
2023-01-12	2023-01-11	BARC	ensemble	1	temperature	22.63563	test_mod
2023-01-12	2023-01-11	BARC	ensemble	2	temperature	26.75148	test_mod
2023-01-12	2023-01-11	BARC	ensemble	3	temperature	24.65157	test_mod
2023-01-12	2023-01-11	BARC	ensemble	4	temperature	25.1389	test_mod
...	test_mod
2023-02-10	2023-01-11	BARC	ensemble	1	temperature	19.40379	test_mod
2023-02-10	2023-01-11	BARC	ensemble	2	temperature	24.89667	test_mod
2023-02-10	2023-01-11	BARC	ensemble	3	temperature	25.98961	test_mod
2023-02-10	2023-01-11	BARC	ensemble	4	temperature	26.40593	test_mod



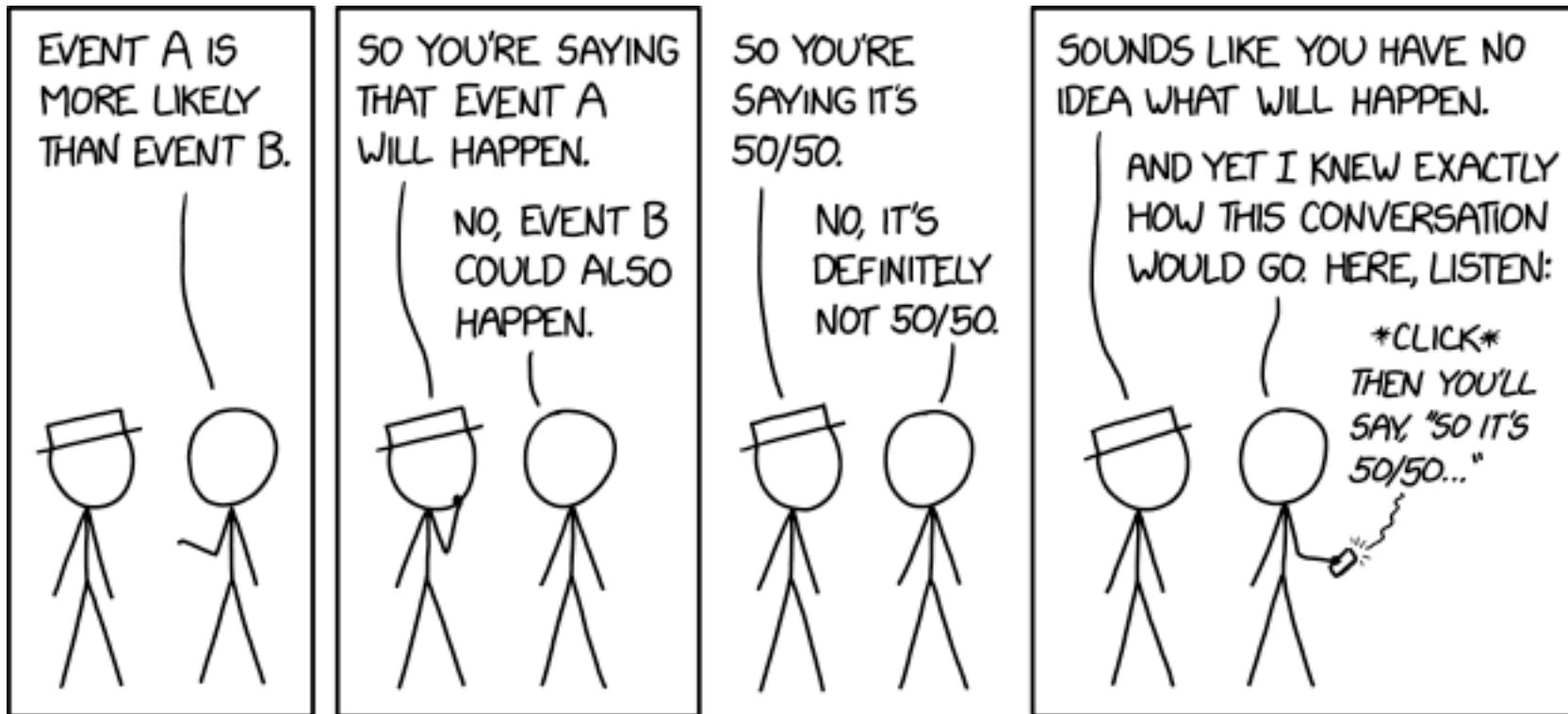
Basic workflow to submit a forecast

1. Read EFI-NEON Challenge documentation (neon4cast.org)
2. Investigate the forecast target variables
- ➡ 3. Build/apply your model!
- ➡ 4. Produce forecast of future conditions – SUBMIT TO THE CHALLENGE!
5. Register, complete model description, and submit your forecasts
6. Wait for the scores to come in and revel in the glory of predicting the future (~5-day before first evaluation)
7. Use new data to update the model
8. Submit another forecast! And another...!



Workflow
automation

Questions?



<https://xkcd.com/2370>

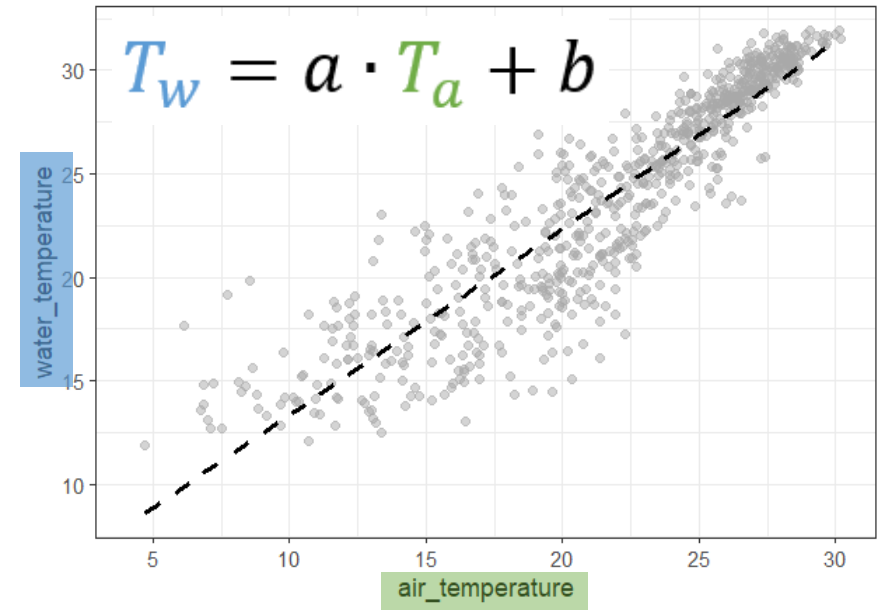
Let's forecast!

1. Follow-along R markdown

- Forecasting water temperature using a Linear model with air temperature

2. Modify the model and submit your forecast!

- More/other covariates
- Different model structures
- Other variables





Thank you
for
attending!

- Big thanks to the EFI-NEON team - especially **Quinn Thomas** (Virginia Tech) and **Carl Boettiger** (UC-Berkley)
- Tech assistants

If you would like some help getting your forecasts up and running during ESA – email me to set up a time!

freyao@vt.edu

Visit ecoforecast.org & neon4cast.org