

User guide: Handling Unexpected Exceptions in Legal Reasoning

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GitHub link

<https://github.com/Ecobichon-Thomas/Exceptions-Legal-Reasoning.git>

Python libraries

The following libraries are required to run the project:

- *numpy*
- *os*
- *flask*
- *mistralai*
- *huggingface_hub*
- *werkzeug.utils*
- *shutil*
- *scipy.spatial*
- *copy*

APIs

All APIs used are **free**

- **Mistral:** You need to create an account for the Mistral API on the *La Plateforme* section of the website, then generate an API key

- **Hugging Face:** Create an *Hugging Face* account and generate a personal access token

Create a file named "**cles_API.txt**" in the Git folder. Write the name of the API, followed by a colon and then the key (See exemple below). Use the same names as in exemple (names are **case sensitive!**)

```
Mistral : Mistral_key
Ollama : HuggingFace_key
```

You can either use both APIs or only the one of your choice

Launching the project

To launch the project, open a terminal in the Git folder and run:

```
python app.py
```

User guide

Parameters selection

You can configure three parameters: the **API** used to decompose the scenario, the **Rule Base**, and its associated **Knowledge Base**.



Figure 1: Parameters selection section

- **APIs:** The default API is *meta-llama/Llama-3.3-70B-Instruct*, which consistently provides better results than the alternative, *Mistral Medium*.
- **Rule Base:** The default Rule Base contains rules related to exceptions to traffic regulations for emergency vehicles. Additionally, a Rule Base containing some articles from the French Civil Code (in *French only*) has been started. You may also create your own Rule Base and upload it using the upload field (see example below).
- **Knowledge Base:** The default Knowledge Base is linked to the default Rule Base. As with the Rule Base, you may upload your own Knowledge Base.

Uploading files

Uploaded files must have a .txt extension.

Rule Base files: Each line corresponds to a rule. Example:

$$vehicle \wedge urgency \wedge cross_red_light \rightsquigarrow authorised$$

should be written as:

`vehicle urgency cross_red_light > authorised`

Knowledge Base files: Each line must be a formula. Example:

$$authorised \Leftrightarrow \neg forbidden$$

should be written as:

`authorised <=> ~forbidden`

Currently, formulas in the Knowledge Base each formula must follow one of these four forms:

- $a \Leftrightarrow b$
- $a \Rightarrow b$
- $a \Leftarrow b$
- $\neg(w_1 \wedge w_2) \wedge \dots \wedge \neg(w_{p-1} \wedge w_p)$

Where,

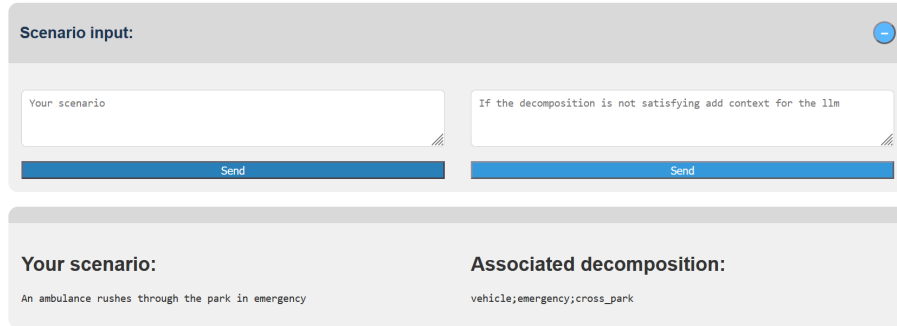
- $w_1, \dots, w_p \in \mathcal{V}$
- $a, b \in \mathcal{V} \cup \neg\mathcal{V}$
- $p \in \mathbb{N}$
- \mathcal{V} is a propositionnal variables vocabulary.

Math symbol correspondance syntax

- \Leftrightarrow : `<=>`
- \Leftarrow : `«`
- \Rightarrow : `»`
- \wedge : `&`
- \vee : `|`
- \neg : `~`

Scenario

Once you submit a scenario, it is decomposed into premises by the selected LLM. If the decomposition is unsatisfactory, you may provide clarifications for the LLM to improve the output. Once satisfied, you can begin extension generation.

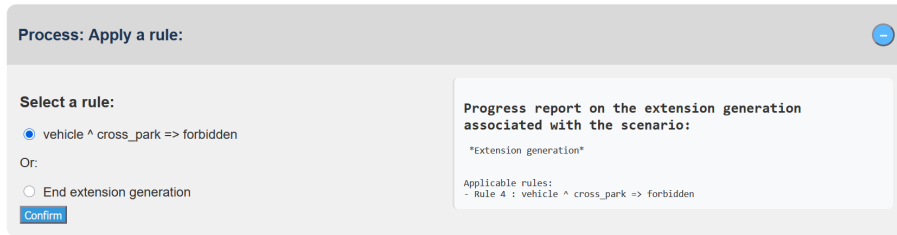


The interface is divided into two main sections. The top section, titled "Scenario input:", contains two text input fields. The left field is labeled "Your scenario:" and the right field is labeled "If the decomposition is not satisfying add context for the llm". Both fields have a "Send" button below them. The bottom section displays the results of the submission. On the left, under "Your scenario:", it shows "An ambulance rushes through the park in emergency". On the right, under "Associated decomposition:", it shows "vehicle;emergency;cross_park".

Figure 2: Scenario submission

Extension generation

After submitting your scenario, you can access the **process** section, which displays applicable rules and a log of executed actions.



The interface is titled "Process: Apply a rule:". It features a "Select a rule:" section with a radio button selected for "vehicle ^ cross_park => forbidden". Below this, there is an "Or:" section with a radio button for "End extension generation" and a "Confirm" button. To the right, a panel titled "Progress report on the extension generation associated with the scenario:" displays "*Extension generation*" and "Applicable rules: - Rule 4 : vehicle ^ cross_park => forbidden".

Figure 3: Rule Application

Applying rules

You may select a rule from the applicable rules list. Some rules are discarded based on priorities (details are shown in the right panel). Once at least one rule is applied, you may either continue applying additional rules or resume extension generation. Each applied rule adds its conclusions to the current situation, potentially enabling new applicable rules.

Creating an exception

If the last applied rule is not satisfactory, you may attempt to create an exception. Exceptions are identified by comparing rules using **Hamming distance**

(other distance metrics may be implemented later). You may choose a selection method:

- **Threshold** : Exceptions are attempted if the Hamming distance is below a set threshold.
- **Minimal** : Only rules with the minimal Hamming distance are selected.
- **Minimal + Threshold** : The minimal-distance rule is selected if it falls below the threshold.

Process: Create an exception from the last rule applied

Distance choice:

☒ Hamming distance

Selection method choice:

☒ Threshold

☐ Minimal

☐ Minimal + Threshold

Threshold choice: 10

Send

Progress report on the extension generation associated with the scenario:

Extension generation

Applicable rules:

- Rule 4 : vehicle ^ cross_park => forbidden

Application of the rule 4 : vehicle ^ cross_park => forbidden

Applicable rules:

- Rule 6 : vehicle ^ forbidden => fine

Figure 4: Parameters selection section

Once an exception is selected, you may choose whether to add it to the Rule Base. The exception will then be applicable, allowing the extension generation to continue.

Resuming the extension generation

When resuming extension generation, if exceptions were created, a new Rule Base can be created. This updated Rule Base consists of the original rules combined with the newly created exceptions.