



Inception-of-Things (IoT)

Summary: This document is a System Administration related exercise.

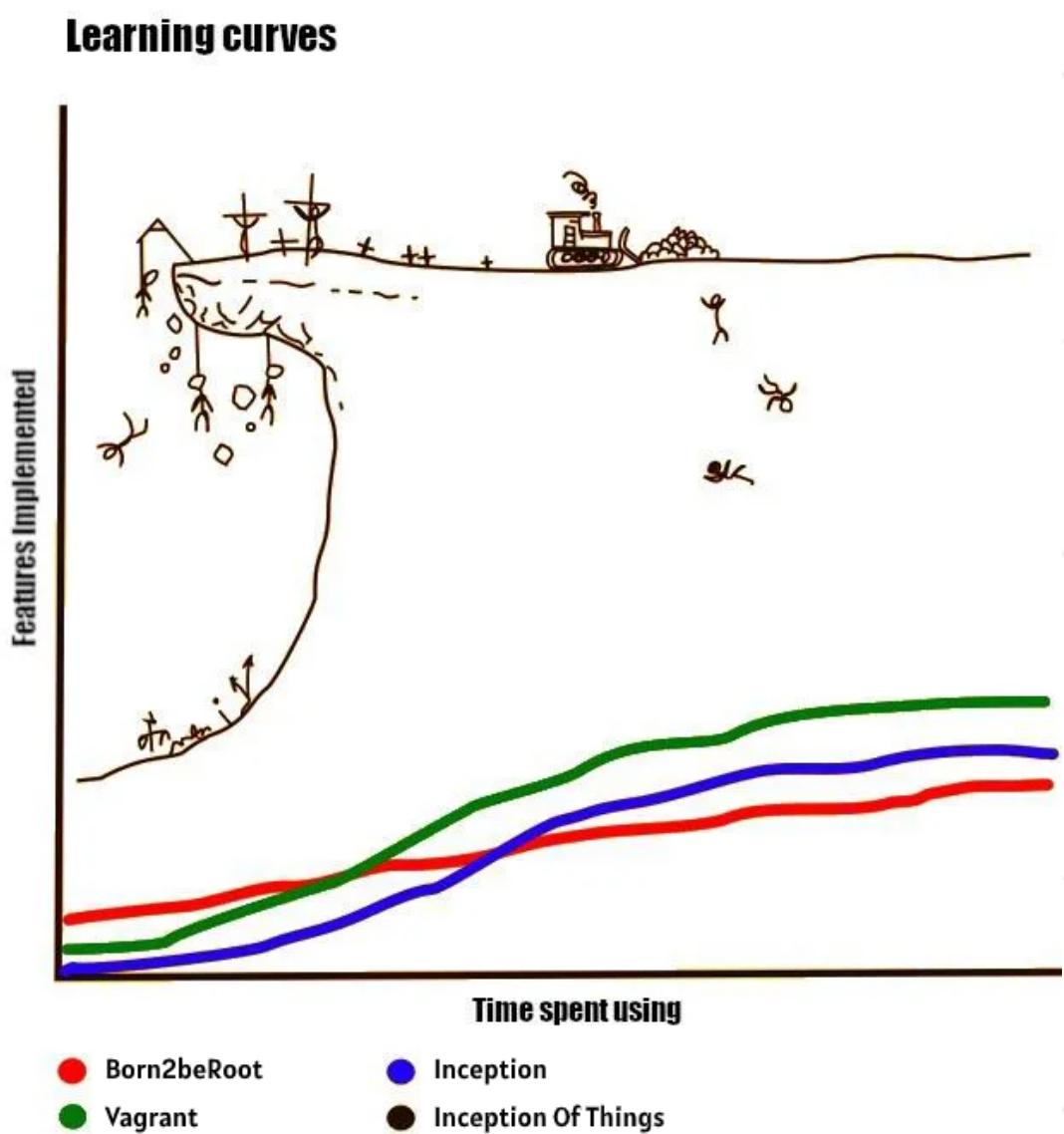
Version: 3.1

Contents

I	Preamble	2
II	Introduction	3
III	General guidelines	4
IV	Mandatory part	5
IV.1	Part 1: K3s and Vagrant	6
IV.2	Part 2: K3s and three simple applications	9
IV.3	Part 3: K3d and Argo CD	12
V	Bonus part	16
VI	Submission and peer-evaluation	17

Chapter I

Preamble



Chapter II

Introduction

This project aims to deepen your knowledge by making you use K3d and K3s with Vagrant.

You will learn how to set up a personal virtual machine with Vagrant and the distribution of your choice. Then, you will learn how to use K3s and its Ingress. Last but not least, you will discover K3d that will simplify your life.

These steps will get you started with Kubernetes.



This project is a minimal introduction to Kubernetes. Indeed, this tool is too complex to be mastered in a single subject.

Chapter III

General guidelines

- The whole project has to be done in a **virtual machine**.
- You have to put all the configuration files of your project in folders located at the root of your repository (go to Submission and peer-evaluation for more information). The folders of the mandatory part will be named: p1, p2 and p3, and the bonus one: **bonus**.
- This topic requires you to apply concepts that, depending on your background, you may not have covered yet. We therefore advise you not to be afraid to read a lot of documentation to learn how to use K8s with K3s, as well as K3d.



You can use any tools you want to set up your host virtual machine as well as the provider used in Vagrant.

Chapter IV

Mandatory part

This project will consist of setting up several environments under specific rules.

It is divided into three parts you have to do in the following order:

- Part 1: K3s and Vagrant
- Part 2: K3s and three simple applications
- Part 3: K3d and Argo CD

IV.1 Part 1: K3s and Vagrant

To begin, you have to set up 2 **machines**.

Write your first **Vagrantfile** using the **latest stable version** of the distribution of your choice as your operating system. It is STRONGLY advised to allow only the bare minimum in terms of resources: 1 CPU and 512 MB of RAM (or 1024). The machines must be run using **Vagrant**.

Here are the expected specifications:

- The machine names must be the login of someone from your team. The hostname of the first machine must be followed by the capital letter S (like *Server*). The hostname of the second machine must be followed by SW (like *ServerWorker*).
- Have a dedicated IP on the primary network interface. The IP of the first machine (*Server*) will be 192.168.56.110, and the IP of the second machine (*ServerWorker*) will be 192.168.56.111.
- Be able to connect with SSH on both machines with no password.



You will set up your **Vagrantfile** according to modern practices.

You must install **K3s** on both machines:

- In the first one (*Server*), it will be installed in controller mode.
- In the second one (*ServerWorker*), in agent mode.



You will have to use **kubectl** (and therefore install it as well).

Here is a **basic example** of a Vagrantfile:

```
$> cat Vagrantfile
Vagrant.configure(2) do |config|
    [...]
    config.vm.box = REDACTED
    config.vm.box_url = REDACTED

    config.vm.define "wilS" do |control|
        control.vm.hostname = "wilS"
        control.vm.network REDACTED, ip: "192.168.56.110"
        control.vm.provider REDACTED do |v|
            v.customize ["modifyvm", :id, "--name", "wilS"]
            [...]
        end
        config.vm.provision :shell, :inline => SHELL
        [...]
        SHELL
        control.vm.provision "shell", path: REDACTED
    end
    config.vm.define "wilSW" do |control|
        control.vm.hostname = "wilSW"
        control.vm.network REDACTED, ip: "192.168.56.111"
        control.vm.provider REDACTED do |v|
            v.customize ["modifyvm", :id, "--name", "wilSW"]
            [...]
        end
        config.vm.provision "shell", inline: <<-SHELL
            [...]
        SHELL
        control.vm.provision "shell", path: REDACTED
    end
end
```

Here is an example when the virtual machines are launched:

```
→ p1 vagrant up
Bringing machine 'wils' up with 'virtualbox' provider...
Bringing machine 'wilSW' up with 'virtualbox' provider...
[...]
→ p1 vagrant ssh wils          → p1 vagrant ssh wilSW
[vagrant@wils ~]$
```

Here is an example when the configuration is not complete:

```
[vagrant@wils ~]$ k get nodes -o wide
NAME    STATUS   ROLES      AGE     VERSION   INTERNAL-IP   EXTERNAL-IP   OS-IMAGE   KERNEL-VERSION   CONTAINER-RUNTIME
wils    Ready    control-plane,master   4m37s   v1.21.4+k3s1  192.168.56.110  <none>       CentOS Linux 8   4.18.0-240.1.1.el8_3.x86_64  containerd://1.4.9-k3s1
[vagrant@wils ~]$ ifconfig eth1
eth1: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST>  mtu 1500
        inet 192.168.42.110  netmask 255.255.255.0  broadcast 192.168.56.255
                inet6 fe80::a00:27ff:fe79:56dd  prefixlen 64  scopeid 0x20<link>
                  ether 08:00:27:79:56:db  txqueuelen 1000  (Ethernet)
                    RX packets 10  bytes 2427 (2.3 KiB)
                    RX errors 0  dropped 0  overruns 0  frame 0
                    TX packets 28  bytes 3702 (3.6 KiB)
                    TX errors 0  dropped 0  overruns 0  carrier 0  collisions 0
[vagrant@wils ~]$
```

Here is an example when the machines are correctly configured:

```
[vagrant@wils ~]$ k get nodes -o wide
NAME    STATUS   ROLES      AGE     VERSION   INTERNAL-IP   EXTERNAL-IP   OS-IMAGE   KERNEL-VERSION   CONTAINER-RUNTIME
wils    Ready    control-plane,master   16m     v1.21.4+k3s1  192.168.56.110  <none>       CentOS Linux 8   4.18.0-240.1.1.el8_3.x86_64  containerd://1.4.9-k3s1
wilSW  Ready    <none>      78s     v1.21.4+k3s1  192.168.56.111  <none>       CentOS Linux 8   4.18.0-240.1.1.el8_3.x86_64  containerd://1.4.9-k3s1
[vagrant@wils ~]$ ifconfig eth1
eth1: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST>  mtu 1500
        inet 192.168.42.111  netmask 255.255.255.0  broadcast 192.168.56.255
                inet6 fe80::a00:27ff:fea8:bcb4  prefixlen 64  scopeid 0x20<link>
                  ether 08:00:27:a8:bc:b4  txqueuelen 1000  (Ethernet)
                    RX packets 446  bytes 322199 (314.6 KiB)
                    RX errors 0  dropped 0  overruns 0  frame 0
                    TX packets 472  bytes 101181 (98.8 KiB)
                    TX errors 0  dropped 0  overruns 0  carrier 0  collisions 0
[vagrant@wilSW ~]$
```



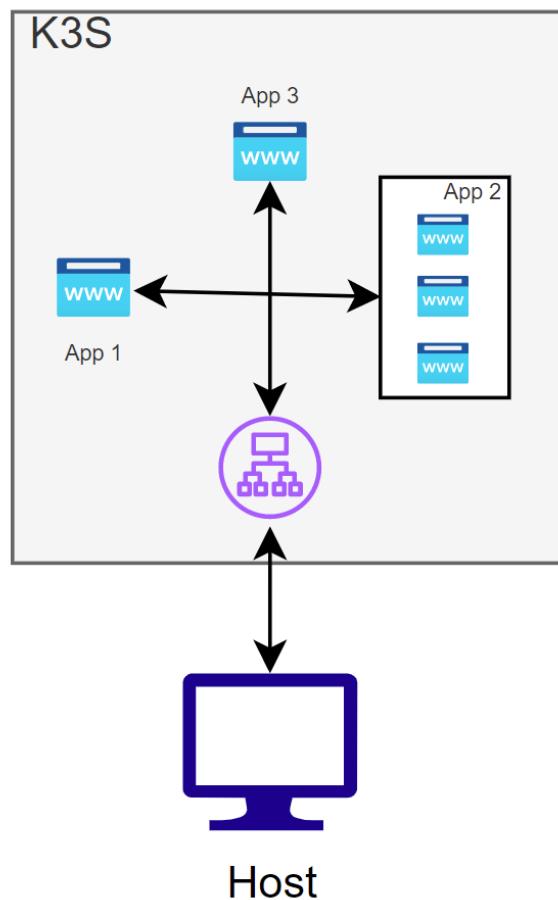
On the example above the use of ifconfig eth1 is done under macOS, if you are under the latest version of linux the command is: ip a show eth1

IV.2 Part 2: K3s and three simple applications

You now understand the basics of K3s. Time to go further! To complete this part, you will need only one virtual machine with the distribution of your choice (**latest stable version**) and K3s in server mode installed.

You will set up 3 web applications of your choice that will run in your K3s instance. You will have to be able to access them depending on the HOST used when making a request to the IP address 192.168.56.110. The name of this machine will be your login followed by S (e.g., *wilS* if your login is *wil*).

Here is a simple example diagram:



When a client inputs the IP address 192.168.56.110 in their web browser with the HOST *app1.com*, the server must display app1. When the HOST *app2.com* is used, the server must display app2. Otherwise, app3 will be selected by default.



As you can see, application number 2 has 3 replicas. Adapt your configuration to create the replicas.

Inception-of-Things (IoT)

First, here is an expected result when the virtual machine is not configured:

```
[vagrant@wils ~]$ k get nodes -o wide
NAME     STATUS   ROLES      AGE    VERSION
wils     Ready    control-plane,master   14m   v1.21.4+k3s1   192.168.56.110   <none>   CentOS Linux 8   4.18.0-240.1.1.el8_3.x86_64   containerd://1.4.9-k3s1

[vagrant@wils ~]$ k get all -n kube-system
NAME                           READY   STATUS      RESTARTS   AGE
pod/metrics-server-86ccb8457f-69zx4   0/1    ContainerCreating   0          14m
pod/local-path-provisioner-5ff76fc89d-p7g5b   0/1    ContainerCreating   0          14m
pod/coredns-7448499f4d-jwlpt   0/1    ContainerCreating   0          14m
pod/helm-install-traefik-crd-wkn88   0/1    ContainerCreating   0          14m
pod/helm-install-traefik-82sqz    0/1    ContainerCreating   0          14m

NAME           TYPE        CLUSTER-IP      EXTERNAL-IP      PORT(S)        AGE
service/kube-dns   ClusterIP   10.43.0.10   <none>        53/UDP,53/TCP,9153/TCP   14m
service/metrics-server   ClusterIP   10.43.89.169  <none>        443/TCP       14m

NAME                           READY   UP-TO-DATE   AVAILABLE   AGE
deployment.apps/local-path-provisioner   0/1    1           0          14m
deployment.apps/coredns   0/1    1           0          14m
deployment.apps/metrics-server   0/1    1           0          14m

NAME                           DESIRED   CURRENT   READY   AGE
replicaset.apps/metrics-server-86ccb8457f   1        1        0        14m
replicaset.apps/local-path-provisioner-5ff76fc89d   1        1        0        14m
replicaset.apps/coredns-7448499f4d   1        1        0        14m

NAME           COMPLETIONS   DURATION   AGE
job.batch/helm-install-traefik   0/1    14m        14m
job.batch/helm-install-traefik-crd   0/1    14m        14m

[vagrant@wils ~]$
```

Inception-of-Things (IoT)

Here is an expected result when the virtual machine is correctly configured:

```
[vagrant@wils de]$ k get all
NAME                                READY   STATUS    RESTARTS   AGE
pod/app-two-6bc974bc98-qtjj7        1/1    Running   0          15m
pod/app-one-6fd76fc6f9-9h64n       1/1    Running   0          15m
pod/app-three-688f68bdcc-sm9rt     1/1    Running   0          15m
pod/app/two-6bc974bc98-nzwh        1/1    Running   0          15m
pod/app/two-6bc974bc98-qhp6p      1/1    Running   0          15m

NAME           TYPE      CLUSTER-IP      EXTERNAL-IP      PORT(S)      AGE
service/kubernetes  ClusterIP  10.43.0.1      <none>        443/TCP     16m
service/app-three ClusterIP  10.43.229.156  <none>        80/TCP      15m
service/app-two   ClusterIP  10.43.193.160  <none>        80/TCP      5m2s
service/app-one   ClusterIP  10.43.171.213  <none>        80/TCP      4m45s

NAME           READY   UP-TO-DATE   AVAILABLE   AGE
deployment.apps/app-two            3/3     3           3           15m
deployment.apps/app_three          1/1     1           1           15m
deployment.apps/app-one            1/1     1           1           15m

NAME           DESIRED  CURRENT   READY   AGE
replicaset.apps/app-one-6fd76fc6f9  1        1        1      15m
replicaset.apps/app-three-688f68bdcc 1        1        1      15m
replicaset.apps/app-two-6bc974bc98  3        3        3      15m
[vagrant@wils de]$ curl -H "Host:app2.com" 192.168.56.110
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <title>Hello Kubernetes!</title>
  <link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="/css/main.css">
  <link rel="stylesheet" href="https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Ubuntu:300" >
</head>
<body>

  <div class="main">
    
    <div class="content">
      <div id="message">
        Hello from app2.
      </div>
      <div id="info">
        <table>
          <tr>
            <th>pod:</th>
            <td>app-two-6bc974bc98-qtjj7</td>
          </tr>
          <tr>
            <th>node:</th>
            <td>Linux (4.18.0-240.1.1.el8_3.x86_64)</td>
          </tr>
        </table>
      </div>
    </div>
  </div>
</body>
</html>[vagrant@wils de]$
```

Hello from app1.

pod: app-one-6fd76fc6f9-9h64n
node: Linux (4.18.0-240.1.1.el8_3.x86_64)

Hello from app3.

pod: app-three-688f68bdcc-sm9rt
node: Linux (4.18.0-240.1.1.el8_3.x86_64)



The Ingress is not displayed here on purpose. You will have to show it to your evaluators during your defense.

IV.3 Part 3: K3d and Argo CD

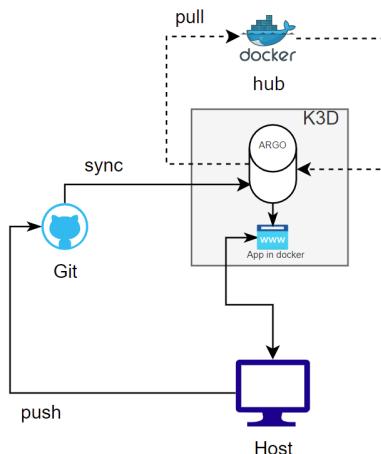
You now master a minimalist version of K3S! Time to set up everything you have just learnt (and much more!) but without Vagrant this time. To begin, install K3D on your virtual machine.



You will need Docker for K3d to work, and probably some other software as well. Therefore, you must write a script to install all the necessary packages and tools during your defense.

First of all, you must understand the difference between K3S and K3D.

Once your configuration works as expected, you can start to create your first **continuous integration!** To do so, you have to set up a small infrastructure following the logic illustrated by the diagram below:



You have to create two namespaces:

- The first one will be dedicated to Argo CD.
- The second one will be named *dev* and will contain an application. This application will be automatically deployed by Argo CD using your online Github repository.



Yes, indeed. You will have to create a public repository on Github where you will push your configuration files.

You are free to organize it the way you like. The only mandatory requirement is to put the login of a member of the group in the name of your repository.

The application to be deployed must have **two different versions** (read about tagging if you are unfamiliar with it).

You have two options:

- You can use the pre-made application created by Wil, which is available on Dockerhub.
- Or you can code and use your own application. Create a public Dockerhub repository to push a Docker image of your application. Also, tag its two versions this way: **v1** and **v2**.



You can find Wil's application on Dockerhub here:

<https://hub.docker.com/r/wil42/playground>.

The application uses port 8888.

Find the two versions in the *TAG* section.



If you decide to create your own application, it must be made available thanks to a public Docker image pushed into a Dockerhub repository. The two versions of your application must also have a few differences.

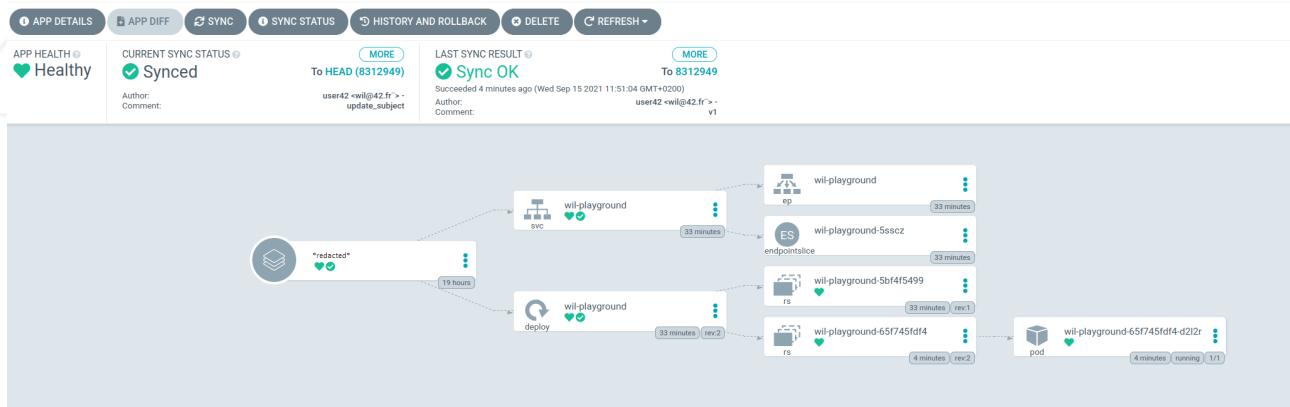
You must be able to change the version from your public Github repository, then check that the application has been correctly updated.

Here is an example showing the two **namespaces** and the *POD* located in the *dev namespace*:

```
$> k get ns
NAME      STATUS  AGE
[...]
argocd    Active  19h
dev       Active  19h
$> k get pods -n dev
NAME           READY  STATUS    RESTARTS  AGE
wil-playground-65f745fdf4-d2l2r 1/1  Running  0          8m9s
$>
```

Inception-of-Things (IoT)

Here is an example of launching Argo CD that was configured:



We can check that our application uses the version we expect (in this case, the **v1**):

```
$> cat deployment.yaml | grep v1
    - image: wil42/playground:v1
$> curl http://localhost:8888/
{"status": "ok", "message": "v1"}
```

Here is a screenshot of Argo CD with our **v1** application using Github:

The screenshot shows the Argo CD interface with the following details:

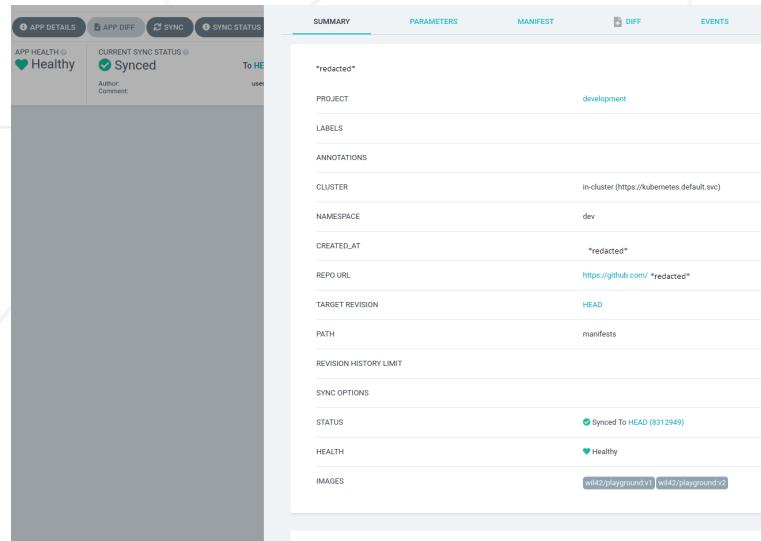
- APP DETAILS:** APP HEALTH: Healthy, CURRENT SYNC STATUS: Synced, Author: user42, Comment: *redacted*
- SUMMARY:** PROJECT: development, CLUSTER: in-cluster (<https://kubernetes.default.svc>), NAMESPACE: dev, CREATED_AT: *redacted*, REPO URL: https://github.com/*redacted*, TARGET REVISION: HEAD, PATH: manifests, REVISION HISTORY LIMIT: 10, SYNC OPTIONS: STATUS: Synced To HEAD (8312949), HEALTH: Healthy, IMAGES: wil42/playground:v1

Below, we update our Github repository by changing the version of our application:

```
$>sed -i 's/wil42\playground\:v1/wil42\playground\:v2/g' deployment.yaml
$>g up "v2" # git add+commit+push
[...]
      a773f39..999b9fe master -> master
$> cat deployment.yaml | grep v2
    - image: wil42/playground:v2
```

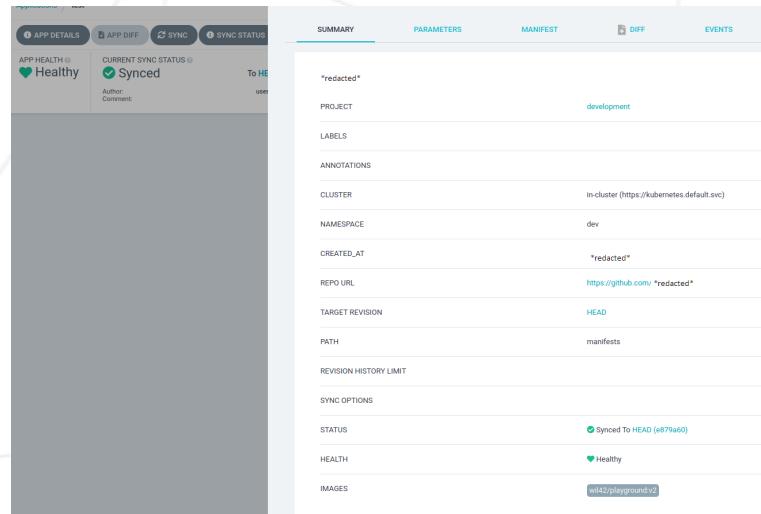
Inception-of-Things (IoT)

You can see thanks to Argo CD that the application is synchronized:



The screenshot shows the Argo CD interface with the 'Synced' status indicator. The 'CURRENT SYNC STATUS' section shows a green checkmark and the word 'Synced'. The 'STATUS' section also indicates 'Synced To HEAD (8312949)'. The 'HEALTH' section shows a green heart icon and the word 'Healthy'. The 'IMAGES' section lists two images: 'wil42/playground:v1' and 'wil42/playground:v2'.

The application was successfully updated:



The screenshot shows the Argo CD interface with the 'Synced' status indicator. The 'CURRENT SYNC STATUS' section shows a green checkmark and the word 'Synced'. The 'STATUS' section indicates 'Synced To HEAD (e879aa60)'. The 'HEALTH' section shows a green heart icon and the word 'Healthy'. The 'IMAGES' section lists one image: 'wil42/playground:v2'.

We check that the new version is available:

```
$> curl http://localhost:8888/  
{"status": "ok", "message": "v2"}
```



During the evaluation process, you will have to do this operation with the app you chose: Wil's or yours.

Chapter V

Bonus part

The following bonus task is intended to be useful: add **Gitlab** to the lab you completed in Part 3.



Beware this bonus is complex. The latest version available of Gitlab from the official website is expected.

You are allowed to use whatever you need to achieve this extra. For example, `helm` could be useful here.

- Your Gitlab instance must run locally.
- Configure Gitlab to make it work with your cluster.
- Create a dedicated `namespace` named *gitlab*.
- Everything you did in Part 3 must work with your local Gitlab.

Turn this extra work in a new folder named `bonus` and located at the root of your repository. You can add everything needed so your entire cluster works.



The bonus part will only be assessed if the mandatory part is flawless. Flawless means the mandatory part has been fully completed and functions without issues. If you have not passed ALL the mandatory requirements, your bonus part will not be evaluated at all.

Chapter VI

Submission and peer-evaluation

Turn in your assignment in your **Git** repository as usual. Only the work inside your repository will be evaluated during the defense. Don't hesitate to double check the names of your folders and files to ensure they are correct.

Reminder:

- Turn the mandatory part in three folders located at the root of your repository: **p1**, **p2** and **p3**.
- Optional: Turn the bonus part in a located at the root of your repository: **bonus**.

Below is an example of the expected directory structure:

```
$> find -maxdepth 2 -ls
424242    4 drwxr-xr-x 6 wandre wil42      4096 sept. 17 23:42 .
424242    4 drwxr-xr-x 3 wandre wil42      4096 sept. 17 23:42 ./p1
424242    4 -rw-r--r-- 1 wandre wil42      XXXX sept. 17 23:42 ./p1/Vagrantfile
424242    4 drwxr-xr-x 2 wandre wil42      4096 sept. 17 23:42 ./p1/scripts
424242    4 drwxr-xr-x 2 wandre wil42      4096 sept. 17 23:42 ./p1/confs
424242    4 drwxr-xr-x 3 wandre wil42      4096 sept. 17 23:42 ./p2
424242    4 -rw-r--r-- 1 wandre wil42      XXXX sept. 17 23:42 ./p2/Vagrantfile
424242    4 drwxr-xr-x 2 wandre wil42      4096 sept. 17 23:42 ./p2/scripts
424242    4 drwxr-xr-x 2 wandre wil42      4096 sept. 17 23:42 ./p1/confs
424242    4 drwxr-xr-x 3 wandre wil42      4096 sept. 17 23:42 ./p3
424242    4 drwxr-xr-x 2 wandre wil42      4096 sept. 17 23:42 ./p3/scripts
424242    4 drwxr-xr-x 2 wandre wil42      4096 sept. 17 23:42 ./p3/confs
424242    4 drwxr-xr-x 3 wandre wil42      4096 sept. 17 23:42 ./bonus
424242    4 -rw-r--r-- 1 wandre wil42      XXXX sept. 17 23:42 ./bonus/Vagrantfile
424242    4 drwxr-xr-x 2 wandre wil42      4096 sept. 17 23:42 ./bonus/scripts
424242    4 drwxr-xr-x 2 wandre wil42      4096 sept. 17 23:42 ./bonus/confs
```



Any scripts you need will be added in a **scripts** folder. The configuration files will be in a **confs** folder.



The evaluation process will happen on the computer of the evaluated group.