

## Group 17 Worksheet 30

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struct BSTIterator {
    struct DynArr  *stk;
    struct BSTree  *tree;
};

void BSTIteratorInit (struct BSTree *tree, struct BSTIterator *itr) {
    itr->stk = dyNew(20); //create dyn array capacity 20
    assert(itr->stk); //make sure it was allocated properly (probably redundant)
    itr->tree = tree;
}

int BSTIteratorHasNext (struct BSTIterator * itr) {
    Node *n;
    if(dyStackIsEmpty(itr->stk)) // if stack is empty perform slideLeft on root
        _slideLeft(itr->tree->root);
    else {
        n = dyStackTop(itr->stack); //let n be top of stack
        dyStackPop(itr->stack); //pop topmost element.
        _slideLeft(n->right); // slideLeft on right child of n
    }
    if(!dyStackIsEmpty(itr->stack)) // return true if stack is not empty
        return 1;
    else
        return 0; //iterator does not have next since stack is empty
}

TYPE BSTIteratorNext (struct BSTIterator *itr) {
    return dyStackTop(itr->stack)->value; //return value of top of stack
}

void _slideLeft(struct Node *cur, struct BSTIterator *itr)
{
    While(cur != null)
    {
        dynArrayPush(itr->stk, cur->val);
        cur = cur->left;
    }
}
```

