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Practical Lab 1

Lesson Outcome:

- Know basic Linux commands
- Know Jetpack programs

A. Mandatory [7%]

Tasks: Understand the purpose for each command. Capture screenshots that include

- Your student's name for the prompt
- Output

Example:

```
s007@user-desktop:~$ ls /
                       tegra194-mb1-bct-ratchet-p3668.cfg
     lost+found
bin
                 root
boot
     media
                 run
                       tmp
     mnt
dev
                 sbin
                       usr
etc
     opt
                 snap
                       var
home
      proc
                 srv
lib
     README.txt sys
```

1. Basic

- Command autocompletion
- Press <TAB> after the command to auto fill, as long as there is no ambiguity of the files in the current directory.

Check current working directory

Pwd

```
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$ pwd
/home/s1155160788
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$
```

List files in a directory ~

• ~ is the user home folder.

ls <DIR NAME>

```
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$ ls

Desktop examples.desktop NoContent testfile
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$ |

s1155160788@user-desktop:~$ ls ~

Desktop examples.desktop NoContent testfile
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$ |
```

Read file content examples.desktop

cat <FILE_NAME>

Screenshot on next page for sizing reasons. Full output screenshot.

```
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$ cat examples.desktop
[Desktop Entry]
Version=1.0
Type=Link
Name=Examples
Name[aa]=Ceelallo
Name[ace]=Contoh
Name[af]=Voorbeelde
Name [am] =ምሳሌዎች
Name[an]=Exemplos
أمثلة=[ar]
Name[ast]=Exemplos
Name[az]=Nümunələr
Name[be]=Прыклады
Name[bq]=Примери
Name [bn] =উদাহরণ
Name[br]=Skouerioù
Name[bs]=Primjeri
Name[ca]=Exemples
Name[ca@valencia]=Exemples
نمونهکان= Name [ckb]
Name[cs]=Ukázky
Name[csb]=Przëmiôrë
Name[cy]=Enghreifftiau
Name[da]=Eksempler
Name[de]=Beispiele
Name[dv]=  ೆೆೆಂ
Name[el]=Παραδείγματα
Name[en AU]=Examples
Name[en CA]=Examples
Name[en GB]=Examples
Name[eo]=Ekzemploj
Name[es]=Ejemplos
Name[et]=Näidised
Name[eu]=Adibideak
نمونهها = Name [fa]
Name[fi]=Esimerkkejä
Name[fil]=Mga halimbawa
Name[fo]=Dømir
Name[fr]=Exemples
Name[fur]=Esemplis
Name[fy]=Foarbylden
Name[ga]=Samplaí
Name[gd]=Buill-eisimpleir
Name[ql]=Exemplos
Name[gu]=६ध्रा स्तो
Name[gv]=Sampleyryn
Name[he]=דוגמאות
Name [hi]=उदाहरण
```

```
Name[he]=דוגמאות
Name [hi]=उदाहरण
Name[hr]=Primjeri
Name[ht]=Egzanp
Name[hu]=Minták
Name[hy]=Օրինակներ
Name[id]=Contoh
Name[is]=Sýnishorn
Name[it]=Esempi
Name[ja]=サンプル
Name[ka]=ნიმუშები
Name[kk]=Мысалдар
Name[kl]=Assersuutit
Name[km]=ឧទាហរណ៍
Name [kn]=ಉದಾಹಚೆಗಳು
Name[ko]=예시
Name[ku]=Mînak
Name[kw]=Ensamplow
Name[ky]=Мисалдар
Name[lb]=Beispiller
Name[lt]=Pavyzdžių failai
Name[lv]=Paraugi
Name[mg]=Ohatra
Name[mhr]=Пример-влак
Name[mi]=Tauira
Name[mk]=Примери
Name [ml] =ഉദാഹരങ്ങള്
Name[mr]=उदाहर छा
Name [ms] = Contoh - contoh
Name [my] = poenep:
Name[nb]=Eksempler
Name[nds]=Bispelen
Name [ne] = उदाहरणह
Name[n1]=Voorbeeld-bestanden
Name[nn]=Døme
Name[nso]=Mehlala
Name[oc]=Exemples
Name [pa] =ਉਦਾਹਰਨ ਾਂ
Name[pl]=Przykłady
Name[pt]=Exemplos
Name[pt BR]=Exemplos
Name[ro]=Exemple
Name[ru]=Примеры
Name[sc]=Esempiusu
Name[sco]=Examples
مثانه ن= Name [sd]
Name[se]=Ovdamearkkat
Name [shn] = ອູເວ້ເພາຣ໌,
Name[si]=822688
Name[sk]=Priklady
```

```
Name[si]=8.2688
Name[sk]=Priklady
Name[sl]=Zgledi
Name[sml]=Saga Saupama
Name[sn]=Miyenzaniso
Name[sq]=Shembujt
Name[sr]=Примери
Name[sv]=Exempel
Name[sw]=Mifano
Name[szl]=Bajszpile
Name [ta] = உதார6ந்கள்
Name[ta LK]=உதார6ந்கள்
Name[te]=a්ර්රාරකලා
Name[tq]=Hamyhaxo
Name[th]=ตัวอย่าง
Name[tr]=Örnekler
Name[tt]=Мисаллар
مے,سائللا ر=[Name[ug]
Name[uk]=Приклади
مثالیں=[ur]
Name [uz]=Намуналар
Name[vec]=Esempi
Name[vi]=Mẫu ví du
Name[wae]=Bischbil
Name[zh CN]=示例
Name[zh HK]=範例
Name[zh TW]=範例
Comment=Example content for Ubuntu
Comment[aa]=Ubuntuh addattinoh ceelallo
Comment[ace]=Contoh aso ke Ubuntu
Comment[af]=Voorbeeld inhoud vir Ubuntu
Comment[am]=ዝርዝር ምሳሌዎች ለ ኡቡንቱ
Comment[an]=Conteniu d'exemplo ta Ubuntu
أمثلة محتوى لأ وبونتو=[Comment[ar
Comment[ast]=Conteníu del exemplu pa Ubuntu
Comment[az]=Ubuntu üçün nümunə material
Comment[be]=Узоры дакументаў для Ubuntu
Comment[bq]=Примерно съдържание за Ubuntu
Comment[bn]=উরুন্টু সংক্রান্ত নমুনা তথ্য
Comment[br]=Skouerenn endalc'had evit Ubuntu
Comment[bs]=Primjer sadrzaja za Ubuntu
Comment[ca]=Continguts d'exemple per a l'Ubuntu
Comment[ca@valencia]=Continguts d'exemple per a l'Ubuntu
نموون ہی ناوہ رۆکێک بۆ ئوبوونتو = [ckb
Comment[cs]=Ukázkový obsah pro Ubuntu
Comment[csb]=Przëmiôrowô zamkłosc dlô Ubuntu
Comment[cy]=Cynnwys enghraifft ar gyfer Ubuntu
Comment[da]=Eksempel indhold til Ubuntu
Comment[de]=Beispielinhalt für Ubuntu
Comment[dv]= % 6000 6000 6000 6000
```

```
Comment[el]=Παραδείγματα περιεχομένου για το Ubuntu
Comment[en AU] = Example content for Ubuntu
Comment[en CA]=Example content for Ubuntu
Comment[en GB]=Example content for Ubuntu
Comment[eo]=Ekzempla enhavo por Ubuntu
Comment[es]=Contenido de ejemplo para Ubuntu
Comment[et]=Ubuntu näidisfailid
Comment[eu]=Adibidezko edukia Ubunturako
محتویات نمونه برای اوبونتو=[Comment[fa
Comment[fi]=Esimerkkisisältöjä Ubuntulle
Comment[fil]=Halimbawang laman para sa Ubuntu
Comment[fo]=Dømis innihald fyri Ubuntu
Comment[fr]=Contenu d'exemple pour Ubuntu
Comment[fur]=Contignûts di esempli par Ubuntu
Comment[fy]=Foarbyld fan ynhâld foar Ubuntu
Comment[ga]=Inneachar samplach do Ubuntu
Comment[qd]=Eisimpleir de shusbaint airson Ubuntu
Comment[gl]=Contido do exemplo para Ubuntu
Comment[gu]=Ubuntu મા ટે ઉદાહરણ સૂચી
Comment[gv]=Stoo Sanpleyr son Ubuntu
תוכן לדוגמה עבור אובונטו=[Comment[he]
Comment[hi]=उढुत्ठू हेतु उदाहरण सार ंाश
Comment[hr]=Primjeri sadržaja za Ubuntu
Comment[ht]=Kontni egzanplè pou Ubuntu
Comment[hu]=Mintatartalom Ubuntuhoz
Comment[hy]=Բովաևդակության օրինակները Ubuntu-ի համար
Comment[id]=Contoh isi bagi Ubuntu
Comment[is]=Sýnishorn fyrir Ubuntu
Comment[it]=Contenuti di esempio per Ubuntu
Comment[ja]=Ubuntuのサンプルコンテンツ
Comment[ka] = უბუნტუს სანიმუშო შიგთავსი
Comment[kk]=Ubuntu құжаттар мысалдары
Comment[kl]=Ubuntu-mut imarisaanut assersuut
Comment[km]=ឧទាហរស៍សម្ភា ស់អាស់យ៉ូនធ្
Comment[kn]=ಉಬು೦ಟುಗೆ ಉದಾಹಚೆಗಳು
Comment[ko]=우분투 컨텐츠 예시
Comment[ku]=Ji bo Ubuntu mînaka naverokê
Comment[ky]=Ubuntu-нун мисал документтери
Comment[lb]=Beispillinhalt fir Ubuntu
Comment[lt]=Įvairių dokumentų, paveikslėlių, garsų bei vaizdų pavyzdžiai
Comment[lv]=Parauga saturs Ubuntu videi
Comment[mg]=Ohatra ho an'i Ubuntu
Comment[mhr]=Ubuntu-лан документ-влакын пример-влак
Comment[mi]=Mata tauira o Ubuntu
Comment[mk]=Пример содржина за Убунту
Comment[ml]=ഉങ്ടുവിനു വേങ്ടി യുള്ള ഉദാഹരങ്ങള്
Comment [mr] = उबंदू साठी घटक ंाची उदाहर छे।
Comment[ms]=Kandungan contoh untuk Ubuntu
Comment[my]=Ubuntu အတွက် နမ္နာ မာဇီးကာ
```

```
Comment[ms]=Kandungan contoh untuk Ubuntu
Comment [my] = Ubuntu အတွက် နမူနာ မာ တိကာ
Comment[nb]=Eksempelinnhold for Ubuntu
Comment[ne]=उब तृ दुका लागि उदाहरण साम ग्री
Comment[nl]=Voorbeeldinhoud voor Ubuntu
Comment[nn]=Eksempelinnhald for Ubuntu
Comment[nso]=Mohlala wa dikagare tša Ubuntu
Comment[oc]=Exemples de contengut per Ubuntu
Comment[pa]=ਉਬਛੂੰ ਲਈ ਨਮੂਨਾ ਸਮੱਗਰੀ
Comment[pl]=Przykładowa zawartość dla Ubuntu
Comment[pt]=Conteúdo de exemplo para o Ubuntu
Comment[pt BR]=Exemplo de conteúdo para Ubuntu
Comment[ro]=Continut exemplu pentru Ubuntu
Comment[ru]=Примеры документов для Ubuntu
Comment[sc]=Esempiu de cabidu pro Ubuntu
Comment[sco]=Example content fur Ubuntu
اوبنتو لا ﴿ مثال طور ذَنل مواد=[comment[sd]
Comment [shn] = တူဝ်,ယာင်,လမ်းဆိုး တ၂, Ubuntu
Comment[si]=උඛුෂ්බු සඳහා උදාහරණ අෂ්තර්ගතයේ
Comment[sk]=Ukážkový obsah pre Ubuntu
Comment[s1]=Ponazoritvena vsebina za Ubuntu
Comment[sml]=Saupama Isina Ubuntu
Comment[sn]=Muyenzaniso wehuiswa kuitira Ubuntu
Comment[sq]=Shembull i përmbajtjes për Ubuntu
Comment[sr]=Садржај примера за Убунту
Comment[sv]=Exempelinnehåll för Ubuntu
Comment[sw]=Bidhaa mfano ya Ubuntu
Comment[szl]=Bajszpilnő treść dlö Ubuntu
Comment[ta]=உபு க்டுவிற்கால எடுத்துகா ட்டு உள்ளடக்கங்கள்
Comment[ta LK]=உபு க்டுவிற்கான எடுத்துகா ட்டு உள்ளடக்கங்கள்
Comment[te]=Ubuntu ముడుక మిడ్డన నముశులు
Comment[tg]=Мўҳтавои намунавй барои Ubuntu
Comment[th]=ตัวอย่างข้อมูลสำหจับ Ubuntu
Comment[tr]=Ubuntu için örnek içerik
Comment[tt]=Ubuntu өчен документ мисаллары
ئۇبۇنتۇنىڭ مىسائلىرى=[Comment[ug]
Comment[uk]=Приклади контенту для Ubuntu
یوبنٹو کیلئے مثالی مواد=[comment[ur]
Comment[uz]=Ubuntu учун намуна таркиби
Comment[vec]=Contenuti de esempio de Ubuntu
Comment[vi]=Mẫu ví dụ cho Ubuntu
Comment[wae]=D'Ubuntu bischbildatijä
Comment[zh CN]=Ubuntu 示例内容
Comment[zh HK]=Ubuntu 的範例內容
Comment[zh TW]=Ubuntu 的範例內容
URL=file:///usr/share/example-content/
Icon=folder
X-Ubuntu-Gettext-Domain=example-content
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$
```

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Get shell profile

cat ~/.bashrc

Screenshot of output starts on next page.

```
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$ cat ~/.bashrc
# ~/.bashrc: executed by bash(1) for non-login shells.
# see /usr/share/doc/bash/examples/startup-files (in the package bash-doc)
# for examples
# If not running interactively, don't do anything
case $- in
    *i*) ;;
     *) return;;
esac
# don't put duplicate lines or lines starting with space in the history.
# See bash(1) for more options
HISTCONTROL=ignoreboth
# append to the history file, don't overwrite it
shopt -s histappend
# for setting history length see HISTSIZE and HISTFILESIZE in bash(1)
HISTSIZE=1000
HISTFILESIZE=2000
# check the window size after each command and, if necessary,
# update the values of LINES and COLUMNS.
shopt -s checkwinsize
# If set, the pattern "**" used in a pathname expansion context will
# match all files and zero or more directories and subdirectories.
#shopt -s globstar
# make less more friendly for non-text input files, see lesspipe(1)
[ -x /usr/bin/lesspipe ] && eval "$(SHELL=/bin/sh lesspipe)"
# set variable identifying the chroot you work in (used in the prompt below)
if [ -z "${debian chroot:-}" ] && [ -r /etc/debian chroot ]; then
    debian chroot=$(cat /etc/debian chroot)
fi
# set a fancy prompt (non-color, unless we know we "want" color)
case "$TERM" in
    xterm-color|*-256color) color prompt=yes;;
esac
# uncomment for a colored prompt, if the terminal has the capability; turned
# off by default to not distract the user: the focus in a terminal window
# should be on the output of commands, not on the prompt
#force color prompt=yes
if [ -n "$force color prompt" ]; then
   if [ -x /usr/bin/tput ] && tput setaf 1 >&/dev/null; then
```

```
-n "$force color prompt" ]; then
    if [ -x /usr/bin/tput ] && tput setaf 1 >&/dev/null; then
       # We have color support; assume it's compliant with Ecma-48
       # (ISO/IEC-6429). (Lack of such support is extremely rare, and such
       # a case would tend to support setf rather than setaf.)
       color prompt=yes
       color prompt=
if [ "$color prompt" = yes ]; then
    \[\033[00m\]\$ '
    PS1='${debian chroot:+($debian chroot)}\u@\h:\w\$ '
unset color prompt force color prompt
# If this is an xterm set the title to user@host:dir
case "$TERM" in
xterm*|rxvt*)
    PS1="\[\e]0;${debian chroot:+($debian chroot)}\u@\h: \w\a\]$PS1"
# enable color support of 1s and also add handy aliases
if [ -x /usr/bin/dircolors ]; then
   test -r ~/.dircolors && eval "$(dircolors -b ~/.dircolors)" || eval "$(dircolors -b)"
   alias ls='ls --color=auto'
    #alias dir='dir --color=auto'
    #alias vdir='vdir --color=auto'
   alias grep='grep --color=auto'
   alias fgrep='fgrep --color=auto'
    alias egrep='egrep --color=auto'
# colored GCC warnings and errors
#export GCC COLORS='error=01;31:warning=01;35:note=01;36:caret=01;32:locus=01:quote=01'
# some more ls aliases
alias ll='ls -alF'
alias la='ls -A'
alias l='ls -CF'
# Add an "alert" alias for long running commands. Use like so:
   sleep 10; alert
```

```
# Add an "alert" alias for long running commands. Use like so:
# sleep 10; alert
alias alert='notify-send --urgency=low -i "([ \$? = 0 ] \&\& echo terminal || echo error)" "(h)" (h)
istory|tail -n1|sed -e '\''s/^\s*[0-9]\+\s*//;s/[;&|]\s*alert$//'\'"
# Alias definitions.
# You may want to put all your additions into a separate file like
# ~/.bash_aliases, instead of adding them here directly.
# See /usr/share/doc/bash-doc/examples in the bash-doc package.
if [ -f ~/.bash aliases ]; then
    . ~/.bash_aliases
# enable programmable completion features (you don't need to enable
# this, if it's already enabled in /etc/bash.bashrc and /etc/profile
# sources /etc/bash.bashrc).
if ! shopt -oq posix; then
 if [ -f /usr/share/bash-completion/bash_completion ]; then
    . /usr/share/bash-completion/bash completion
  elif [ -f /etc/bash completion ]; then
    . /etc/bash_completion
MANPATH=/usr/share/man
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$
```

Check history of commands

history

Screenshot of output starts on next page.

```
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$ history
   1 exit
   2 echo "Test"
   3 group
   4 gp
   5 groups
   6 sudo ls
   7 ls
   8 cd ~
   9 ls
  10 cd ~
  11 ls -alh
  12 cd ~
  13 cat ~bash.rc
  14 ls
  15 cd ..
  16 cat bash.rc
  17 cd ~
  18 cat .bashrc
  19 history
  20 man cat
  21 man ls
  22 man head
  23 head -n 5 .bashrc
  24 tail -n 5 .bashrc
  25 tail -5 .bashrc
  26 man sort
  27 tree
  28 touch NoContent
  29 ls
  30 man ftp
  31 man topic
  32 ls
  33 echo $SHELL
  34 man alias
  35 man bash
  36 sudo mandb
  37 man man
  38 manpath
  39 man
  40 man ls
  41 11
  42 man history
  43 man ssh
  44 help
  45 help ls
  46 man -k ls
  47 info ls
  48 man mkdir
  49 nvpmodel
```

```
50 sudo nvpmodel -q
51 tegrastats
52 sudo apt install htop
53 htop
54 sudo apt update
55 sudo apt install man-db manpages-posix
56 man ls
57 man ssh
58 man dir
59 man passwd
60 man man
61 echo $MANPATH
62 pwd
63 echo "MANPATH=/usr/share/man" >> ~/.bashrc
64 exit
65 ls
66 groups
67 ls
68 sudo ls
69 sudo ls /
70 ls
71 curl
72 pwd
73 ls -al
74 cat .bashrc
75 ls
76 cat examples.desktop
77 ls
78 vim testfile
79 ls
80 cat testfile
81 ls
82 ls -a
83 cat .profile
84 pwd
85 ls
86 ls -a
87 ls -1
88 ls -al
89 cd.
90 cd ..
91 ls
92 cd s1155160788
93 pwd
94 cd .
96 pwd
97 ls
98 cd s1155160788
99 cat examples.desktop
```

```
100 sh
101 sh
102 man man
103 find --help
104 help
105 help ls
106 echo $MANPATH
107 lsblk
108 fdisk -l
109 fdisk -1
110 sudo fdisk -l
111 ls
112 file examples.desktop
113 printenv
114 printenv home
115 man -a printf
116 sudo apt-get install --reinstall man-db
117 man ls
118 man ssh
119 man printf
120 echo $manpath
121 htop
122 lsblk
123 sudo apt install nano
124 which nano
125 nano
126 ls
127 nano testfile
128 cat testfile
129 nano testfile
130 man ls
131 sudo apt install man-pages
132 sudo apt update
133 sudo apt install man-pages
134 sudo apt install man
135 sudo apt install man-pages
136 sudo apt-get update
137 sudo apt install curl
138 which curl
139 which wget
140 man useradd
141 curl http://google.com
142 la
143 apt search manpages
144 sudo apt install man-db manpages-posix
145 sudo apt install manpages-dev manpages-posix-dev
146 man ls
147 man passwd
148 $ MANPATH=/usr/share/man man ls
149 alias man='MANPATH=/usr/share/man man'
```

```
148 $ MANPATH=/usr/share/man man ls
  149 alias man='MANPATH=/usr/share/man man'
  150 man ls
  151 cd /
  152 cd /etc/dpkg/dpkg.cfg.d/excludes
  153 ls
  154 cd /etc
  155 ls
  156 cd dpkg
  157 ls
  158 cd dpkg.cfg.d/
  159 ls
  160 nano excludes
  161 cat excludes
  162 nano excludes
  163 cat excludes
  164 vim excludes
  165 cd /etc
  166 ls
  167 cd /dpkg
  168 cd dpkg
  169 ls
  170 cd dpkg.cfg.d/
  171 ls
  172 sudo vim excludes
  173 apt --reinstall install man-db coreutils
  174 sudo apt --reinstall install man-db coreutils
  175 man ls
  176 man passwd
  177 man pwd
  178 sudo apt install man
  179 man ssh
  180 man printf
  181 man man
  182 exit
  183 pwd
  184 ls
  185 cat examples.desktop
  186 ls ~
  187 ls
  188 ls ~
  189 cat ~/.bashrc
  190 history
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$
```

Read top 5 lines in a file

head -n <LINE NUM>

Using the examples.desktop file:

```
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$ head -5 examples.desktop
[Desktop Entry]
Version=1.0
Type=Link
Name=Examples
Name[aa]=Ceelallo
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$
```

Read last 5 lines in a file

less -n <LINE_NUM>

Using the examples.desktop file.

Note: Output for the screenshot starts on the next page. I am omitting the full output of less to save space, for reasons explained in Note 2 below.

Note 2: I believe the command we should be using is the tail command instead of less (which will show everything). I will show the output of less first, and then the output of tail second, which will properly show the last 5 lines of examples.desktop.

```
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$ less -5 examples.desktop
[Desktop Entry]
Version=1.0
Type=Link
Name=Examples
Name[aa]=Ceelallo
Name[ace]=Contoh
Name[af]=Voorbeelde
Name[am]=ምሳሌዎች
Name[an]=Exemplos
أمثلة=[ar]Name
Name[ast]=Exemplos
Name[az]=Nümunələr
Name[be]=Прыклады
Name[bq]=Примери
Name [bn]=উদাহরণ
Name[br]=Skouerioù
Name[bs]=Primjeri
Name[ca]=Exemples
Name[ca@valencia]=Exemples
كان<U+200C>نمونه= Name [ckb]
Name[cs]=Ukázky
Name[csb]=Przëmiôrë
Name[cy]=Enghreifftiau
Name[da]=Eksempler
Name[de]=Beispiele
Name [dv]= oooo
Name[el]=Παραδείγματα
Name[en AU]=Examples
Name[en CA]=Examples
Name[en GB]=Examples
Name[eo]=Ekzemploj
Name[es]=Ejemplos
Name[et]=Näidised
Name[eu]=Adibideak
ها <U+200C نمونه = Name [fa]
Name[fi]=Esimerkkejä
Name[fil]=Mga halimbawa
Name[fo]=Dømir
Name[fr]=Exemples
Name[fur]=Esemplis
Name[fy]=Foarbylden
Name[ga]=Samplaí
Name[gd]=Buill-eisimpleir
Name[gl]=Exemplos
Name[qu]=ઇય્રા નતો
Name[gv]=Sampleyryn
Name[he]=דוגמאות
Name [hi]=उदाहरण
Name[hr]=Primjeri
```

```
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$ tail -5 examples.desktop
Comment[zh_TW]=Ubuntu 的範例內容
URL=file:///usr/share/example-content/
Icon=folder
X-Ubuntu-Gettext-Domain=example-content
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$
```

Continuously follow text changes in /var/log/syslog

tail -f <FILE_PATH>

```
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$ sudo tail -f /var/log/syslog
[sudo] password for s1155160788:

Feb 20 11:11:32 user-desktop systemd[2538]: Reached target Paths.

Feb 20 11:11:32 user-desktop systemd[2538]: Listening on D-Bus User Message Bus Socket.

Feb 20 11:11:32 user-desktop systemd[2538]: Reached target Sockets.

Feb 20 11:11:32 user-desktop systemd[2538]: Reached target Basic System.

Feb 20 11:11:32 user-desktop systemd[2538]: Reached target Default.

Feb 20 11:11:32 user-desktop systemd[2538]: Startup finished in 83ms.

Feb 20 11:11:32 user-desktop systemd[3]: Started User Manager for UID 1002.

Feb 20 11:17:01 user-desktop CRON[2633]: (root) CMD ( cd / && run-parts --report /etc/cron.hourly)

Feb 20 11:19:37 user-desktop kernel: [11917924.462485] FAN rising trip_level:1 cur_temp:46100 trip_temps[2]:60000

Feb 20 11:21:02 user-desktop kernel: [11918009.581262] FAN cooling trip_level:0 cur_temp:37950 trip_temps[1]:46000
```

Find files matching pattern *tensor*

find / -name <PATTERN>

Screenshot on next page.

```
1155160788@user-desktop:~$ sudo find / -name *tensor
   /usr/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/uff/converters/tensorflow
   /usr/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/tensorrt
    usr/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/tensorrt/tensorrt.so
  /usr/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/tensorrt-8.0.1.6.dist-info
/usr/share/doc/tensorrt-8.0.1.6
/usr/share/doc/tensorrt-8.0.1.6/cpp/classnvcaffeparserl_1_1_i_blob_name_to_tensor-members.html
/usr/share/doc/tensorrt-8.0.1.6/cpp/classnvcaffeparserl_1_1_i_blob_name_to_tensor-members.html
/usr/share/doc/tensorrt-8.0.1.6/cpp/classnvinferl_1_lapiv_1_1_v_tensor.js
/usr/share/doc/tensorrt-8.0.1.6/cpp/classnvinferl_1_lapiv_1_1_v_tensor.html
/usr/share/doc/tensorrt-8.0.1.6/cpp/classnvinferl_1_plugin_tensor_desc.html
/usr/share/doc/tensorrt-8.0.1.6/cpp/structnvinferl_1_plugin_tensor_desc.html
/usr/share/doc/tensorrt-8.0.1.6/cpp/structnvinferl_1_plugin_tensor_desc.html
/usr/share/doc/tensorrt-8.0.1.6/cpp/structnvinferl_1_1_dynamic_plugin_tensor_desc.html
/usr/share/doc/tensorrt-8.0.1.6/cpp/structnvinferl_1_1_dynamic_plugin_tensor_desc.html
/usr/share/doc/tensorrt-8.0.1.6/cpp/structnvinferl_1_1_impl_1_1_enum_max_impl_3_01_tensor_format_01_4.html
/usr/share/doc/tensorrt-8.0.1.6/cpp/structnvinferl_1_limpl_1_1_enum_max_impl_3_01_tensor_location_01_4.html
/usr/share/doc/tensorrt-8.0.1.6/cpp/structnvinferl_1_1_i_tensor.js
/usr/share/doc/tensorrt-8.0.1.6/cpp/classnvinferl_1_1_i_tensor_j
/usr/share/doc/tensorrt-8.0.1.6/cpp/structnvinferl_1_1_dynamic_plugin_tensor_desc.js
/usr/share/doc/tensorrt-8.0.1.6/cpp/structnvinferl_1_1_dynamic_plugin_tensor_desc.js
/usr/share/doc/tensorrt-8.0.1.6/cpp/structnvinferl_1_1_dynamic_plugin_tensor_desc.members.html
/usr/share/doc/tensorrt-8.0.1.6/cpp/classnvinferl_1_1_dynamic_plugin_tensor_desc-members.html
/usr/share/doc/tensorrt-8.0.1.6/cpp/classnvinferl_1_lapiv_1_1_vensor_members.html
/usr/share/doc/tensorrt-8.0.1.6/cpp/classnvinferl_1_lapiv_1_1_vensor_members.html
/usr/share/doc/tensorrt-8.0.1.6/cpp/classnvinferl_1_lapiv_1_1_vensor_members.html
/usr/share/doc/tensorrt-8.0.1.6/cpp/classnvinferl_1_lapiv_1_1_vensor_members.html
/usr/share/doc/tensorrt-8.0.1.6/cpp/classnvinferl_1_lapiv_1_1_vensor_members.html
/usr/share/doc/tensorrt-8.0.1.6/cpp/classnvinferl_1_lapiv_1_1_tensor_members.html
/usr/share/doc/tensorrt-8.0.1.6/cpp/classnvinferl_1_lapiv_1-1_vensor_mem
  /usr/share/doc/tensorrt
   /usr/share/doc/nvidia-container-csv-tensorrt
   /usr/src/tensorrt
   /usr/src/tensorrt/data/faster-rcnn/tensor range.txt
   /usr/src/tensorrt/data/int8_api/resnet50_per_tensor_dynamic_range.txt
 /usr/src/tensorrt/samples/python/end_to_end_tensorflow_mnist
/usr/src/tensorrt/samples/python/yolov3_onnx/onnx_to_tensorrt.py
find: '/run/user/120/gvfs': Permission denied
   /var/lib/dpkg/info/nvidia-container-csv-tensorrt.md5sums
   /var/lib/dpkg/info/tensorrt.list
/var/lib/dpkg/info/nvidia-container-csv-tensorrt.postinst
    /var/lib/dpkg/info/nvidia-container-csv-tensorrt.list
   /var/lib/dpkg/info/nvidia-container-csv-tensorrt.conffiles
    var/lib/dpkg/info/tensorrt.md5sums
   s1155160788@user-desktop:~$
```

Check system environment

printenv

(Sorry, you may need to zoom in to see this screenshot well)

```
$1155160788@tuser_desktop::$ printerv

S. COLORS_reso(:doi.01;41:(nno):j8:mh=00:pi=40;33:so=01;35:do=01;35:do=01;35:do=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01;31:*,tr=01
```

Find out the path for the program wget

which <PROGRAM NAME>

Eddie Christopher Fox III 20 Student ID: 1155160788

```
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$ which wget /usr/bin/wget s1155160788@user-desktop:~$
```

Print a Global variable JETSON_BOARD

echo \$<VARIABLE_NAME>

Note: It seems that almost everyone in the class I talked to gets an empty line when echoing \$JETSON BOARD. The variable may not be configured yet.

One person in the class was able to get a value but they were on the .51 node that was originally intended for TA's.

```
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$ echo $JETSON_BOARD
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$ sudo echo $JETSON_BOARD
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$
```

Print the global \$PATH variable where the OS will search for the program

echo \$PATH

```
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$ echo $PATH
/usr/local/sbin:/usr/local/bin:/usr/sbin:/sbin:/bin:/usr/games:/usr/local/games:/snap/bin
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$
```

Create a file foo.txt but not writing any content

touch <FILE NAME>

```
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$ touch foo.txt
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$ ls
Desktop examples.desktop foo.txt NoContent testfile
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$ cat foo.txt
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$
```

• Useful if you just want to create a lock file.

Print directory tree from /bin

tree <DIR_NAME>

Screenshot on next page.

```
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$ tree ~
/home/s1155160788

    Desktop

      — gnome-terminal.desktop

    lxterminal.desktop

    nv devzone.desktop

       - nv forums.desktop
       - nvidia-vpi demos-1.1.desktop

    nv jetson projects.desktop

       nv jetson zoo.desktop
      — nv 14t readme.desktop

    examples.desktop

   foo.txt

    NoContent

   testfile
1 directory, 12 files
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$
```

• Type apt install tree in case command is not found

Get system services status of sshd

systemctl status <SERVICE_NAME>

Follow and read log files from a system unit sshd

```
journalctl -f -u <SERVICE_NAME>
```

```
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$ sudo journalctl -f -u sshd -- Logs begin at Thu 2021-07-22 02:51:38 HKT. --
```

2. Commonly Used Programs [For reference only]

Edit file (text editor)

nano foo.txt



File Downloader

Download files

wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/mantisbt-plugins/sourceintegration/master/LICENSE

```
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$ wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/mantisbt-plugins/source-integration/master/LICENSE
--2022-02-20 17:55:54-- https://raw.githubusercontent.com/mantisbt-plugins/source-integration/master/LICENSE
Resolving raw.githubusercontent.com (raw.githubusercontent.com)... 185.199.108.133, 185.199.1
09.133, 185.199.110.133, ...
Connecting to raw.githubusercontent.com (raw.githubusercontent.com)|185.199.108.133|:443... connected.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
Length: 1055 (1.0K) [text/plain]
Saving to: 'LICENSE'

LICENSE 100%[===================]] 1.03K --.-KB/s in 0s
2022-02-20 17:55:55 (2.87 MB/s) - 'LICENSE' saved [1055/1055]
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$
```

HTTP Client

Send HTTP GET Request

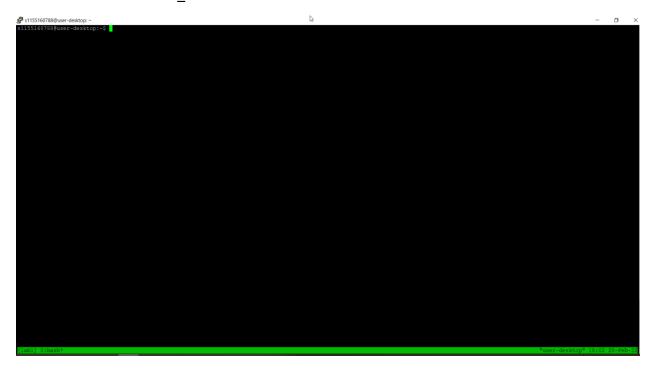
curl https://www.google.com

sitSidOriBeRuser-desktop:-5 cutch https://www.google.com
//doctype https://doc.inl.idensocper" items/permittpr//schem.ory/WebRage" lang="sh-HBT-chead-caeta content="text/html: charset-UTF-8" http-equiv="Content-Type">-caeta content="jaages/branding/googles/jaages/branding/googles/jaages/branding/googles/jaages/branding/googles/jaages/branding/googles/jaages/branding/googles/jaages/branding/googles/jaages/branding/googles/jaages/branding/googles/jaages/branding/googles/jaages/branding/googles/jaages/branding/googles/jaages/jaages/branding/googles/jaages/jaa

Terminal multiplexer

Create new session name lab1

tmux new -s <SESSION_NAME>



List all sessions

tmux 1s

```
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$ tmux ls
lab1: 1 windows (created Sun Feb 20 18:02:25 2022) [189x49] (attached)
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$
```

Go to a session lab1

tmux a -t <SESSION_NAME>

Note: For this one, I cannot execute the command unless I first close my ssh session, so I close it, reconnect, and then type the command to enter the lab1 tmux session again. Afterwards I output being in lab1 session, and the commands I typed after exiting the lab1 session via ctrl + d.



```
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$ tmux ls
lab1: 1 windows (created Sun Feb 20 18:04:42 2022) [93x48]
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$ tmux a -t lab1
[exited]
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$
```

Get specific column

ls / -alh | awk '{print \$1}'

```
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$ ls / -alh | awk '{print $1}'
total
drwxr-xr-x
drwxr-xr-x
drwxr-xr-x
drwxr-xr-x
drwxr-xr-x
drwxr-xr-x
drwxr-xr-x
drwxr-xr-x
drwx----
drwxr-xr-x
drwxr-xr-x
drwxr-xr-x
dr-xr-xr-x
-rw-rw-rw-
drwx----
drwxr-xr-x
drwxr-xr-x
drwxr-xr-x
drwxr-xr-x
dr-xr-xr-x
-rw-r--r--
drwxrwxrwt
drwxr-xr-x
drwxr-xr-x
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$
```

3. System Stats

Show CPU info

cat /proc/cpuinfo

s1155160788@user-desktop:~\$ cat /proc/cpuinfo processor : 0 model name : ARMv8 Processor rev 0 (v81)
BogoMIPS : 62.50 BogoMIPS Features : fp asimd evtstrm aes pmull shal shal crc32 atomics fphp asimdhp CPU implementer: 0x4e CPU architecture: 8 CPU variant : 0x0
CPU part : 0x004
CPU revision : 0
MTS version : 53250041 processor : 1
model name : ARMv8 Processor rev 0 (v81)
BogoMIPS : 62.50
Features : fp asimd evtstrm aes pmull sha1 sha2 crc32 atomics fphp asimdhp CPU implementer : 0x4e CPU architecture: 8 CPU variant : 0x0
CPU part : 0x004
CPU revision : 0
MTS version : 53250041 processor : 2
model name : ARMv8 Processor rev 0 (v81)
BogoMIPS : 62.50
Features : fp asimd evtstrm aes pmull sha1 sha2 crc32 atomics fphp asimdhp CPU implementer : 0x4e CPU architecture: 8 CPU variant : 0x0
CPU part : 0x004
CPU revision : 0
MTS version : 53250041 processor : 3
model name : ARMv8 Processor rev 0 (v81) BogoMIPS : 62.50 Features : fp asimd evtstrm aes pmull shal shal crc32 atomics fphp asimdhp CPU implementer : 0x4e CPU architecture: 8 CPU variant : 0x0
CPU part : 0x004
CPU revision : 0
MTS version : 53250041 processor : 4
model name : ARMv8 Processor rev 0 (v81)
BogoMIPS : 62.50 BogoMIPS : fp asimd evtstrm aes pmull sha1 sha2 crc32 atomics fphp asimdhp Features CPU implementer : 0x4e

```
processor
                  : 4
model name : ARMv8 Processor rev 0 (v81)
BogoMIPS
                   : 62.50
Features : fp asimd evtstrm aes pmull sha1 sha2 crc32 atomics fphp asimdhp
CPU implementer : 0x4e
CPU architecture: 8
CPU variant : 0x0
CPU part : 0x004
CPU revision : 0
MTS version : 53250041
processor : 5
model name : ARMv8 Processor rev 0 (v81)
BogoMIPS : 62.50
BogoMIPS : 62.50
Features : fp asimd evtstrm aes pmull sha1 sha2 crc32 atomics fphp asimdhp
CPU implementer : 0x4e
CPU architecture: 8
CPU variant : 0x0
CPU part : 0x0
CPU part : 0x004

CPU revision : 0

MTS version : 53250041
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$
```

4. Monitoring

Show workload

htop

Type apt install htop in case command is not found

```
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$ htop
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$
```

Note: The screenshot above was taken after quitting htop

5. File System

List block devices

Lsblk

s1155160788@i	user-desl	ktor	o:~\$ lsk	olk				
NAME	MAJ:MIN	RM	SIZE	RO	TYPE	MOUNTPOINT		
loop0	7:0	0	16M	1	loop			
mtdblock0	31:0	0	32M	0	disk			
mmcblk0	179:0	0	119.4G	0	disk			
-mmcblk0p1	179:1	0	119G	0	part	/		
-mmcblk0p2	179:2	0	64M	0	part			
-mmcblk0p3	179:3	0	64M	0	part			
-mmcblk0p4	179:4	0	448K	0	part			
-mmcblk0p5	179:5	0	448K	0	part			
-mmcblk0p6	179:6	0	63M	0	part			
-mmcblk0p7	179:7	0	512K	0	part			
-mmcblk0p8	179:8	0	256K	0	part			
-mmcblk0p9	179:9	0	256K	0	part			
-mmcblk0p10	179:10	0	100M	0	part			
∟mmcblk0p11	179:11	0	128M	0	part			
zram0	252:0	0	971.7M	0	disk	[SWAP]		
zram1	252:1	0	971.7M	0	disk	[SWAP]		
zram2	252:2	0	971.7M	0	disk	[SWAP]		
zram3	252:3	0	971.7M	0	disk	[SWAP]		
s1155160788@user-desktop:~\$								

List partitions

fdisk -l

s1155160788@user-desktop:~\$ sudo fdisk -1 Disk /dev/ram0: 8 MiB, 8388608 bytes, 16384 sectors Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 4096 bytes I/O size (minimum/optimal): 4096 bytes / 4096 bytes Disk /dev/ram1: 8 MiB, 8388608 bytes, 16384 sectors Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 4096 bytes I/O size (minimum/optimal): 4096 bytes / 4096 bytes Disk /dev/ram2: 8 MiB, 8388608 bytes, 16384 sectors Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 4096 bytes I/O size (minimum/optimal): 4096 bytes / 4096 bytes Disk /dev/ram3: 8 MiB, 8388608 bytes, 16384 sectors Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 4096 bytes I/O size (minimum/optimal): 4096 bytes / 4096 bytes Disk /dev/ram4: 8 MiB, 8388608 bytes, 16384 sectors Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 4096 bytes I/O size (minimum/optimal): 4096 bytes / 4096 bytes Disk /dev/ram5: 8 MiB, 8388608 bytes, 16384 sectors Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 4096 bytes I/O size (minimum/optimal): 4096 bytes / 4096 bytes Disk /dev/ram6: 8 MiB, 8388608 bytes, 16384 sectors Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 4096 bytes I/O size (minimum/optimal): 4096 bytes / 4096 bytes Disk /dev/ram7: 8 MiB, 8388608 bytes, 16384 sectors Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 4096 bytes I/O size (minimum/optimal): 4096 bytes / 4096 bytes Disk /dev/ram8: 8 MiB, 8388608 bytes, 16384 sectors

🚜 🔄 155160788@user-desktop: ~

Disk /dev/ram8: 8 MiB, 8388608 bytes, 16384 sectors Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 4096 bytes I/O size (minimum/optimal): 4096 bytes / 4096 bytes Disk /dev/ram9: 8 MiB, 8388608 bytes, 16384 sectors Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 4096 bytes I/O size (minimum/optimal): 4096 bytes / 4096 bytes Disk /dev/ram10: 8 MiB, 8388608 bytes, 16384 sectors Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 4096 bytes I/O size (minimum/optimal): 4096 bytes / 4096 bytes Disk /dev/ram11: 8 MiB, 8388608 bytes, 16384 sectors Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 4096 bytes I/O size (minimum/optimal): 4096 bytes / 4096 bytes Disk /dev/ram12: 8 MiB, 8388608 bytes, 16384 sectors Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 4096 bytes I/O size (minimum/optimal): 4096 bytes / 4096 bytes Disk /dev/ram13: 8 MiB, 8388608 bytes, 16384 sectors Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 4096 bytes I/O size (minimum/optimal): 4096 bytes / 4096 bytes Disk /dev/ram14: 8 MiB, 8388608 bytes, 16384 sectors Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 4096 bytes I/O size (minimum/optimal): 4096 bytes / 4096 bytes Disk /dev/ram15: 8 MiB, 8388608 bytes, 16384 sectors Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 4096 bytes I/O size (minimum/optimal): 4096 bytes / 4096 bytes Disk /dev/loop0: 16 MiB, 16777216 bytes, 32768 sectors Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes

Disk /dev/loop0: 16 MiB, 16777216 bytes, 32768 sectors

Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes

Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

Disklabel type: dos

Disk identifier: 0x00000000

Disk /dev/mtdblock0: 32 MiB, 33554432 bytes, 65536 sectors

Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes

Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

Disk /dev/mmcblk0: 119.4 GiB, 128177930240 bytes, 250347520 sectors

Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes

Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

Disklabel type: gpt

Disk identifier: AD764E59-201C-4E6B-B6AB-72892A29DF5B

Device	Start	End	Sectors	Size	Type	
/dev/mmcblk0p1	870400	250345471	249475072	119G	Linux	filesystem
/dev/mmcblk0p2	2048	133119	131072	64M	Linux	filesystem
/dev/mmcblk0p3	133120	264191	131072	64M	Linux	filesystem
/dev/mmcblk0p4	264192	265087	896	448K	Linux	filesystem
/dev/mmcblk0p5	266240	267135	896	448K	Linux	filesystem
/dev/mmcblk0p6	268288	397311	129024	63M	Linux	filesystem
/dev/mmcblk0p7	397312	398335	1024	512K	Linux	filesystem
/dev/mmcblk0p8	399360	399871	512	256K	Linux	filesystem
/dev/mmcblk0p9	401408	401919	512	256K	Linux	filesystem
/dev/mmcblk0p10	403456	608255	204800	100M	Linux	filesystem
/dev/mmcblk0p11	608256	870399	262144	128M	Linux	filesystem

Partition table entries are not in disk order.

Disk /dev/zram0: 971.7 MiB, 1018880000 bytes, 248750 sectors

Units: sectors of 1 * 4096 = 4096 bytes

Sector size (logical/physical): 4096 bytes / 4096 bytes I/O size (minimum/optimal): 4096 bytes / 4096 bytes

Disk /dev/zram1: 971.7 MiB, 1018880000 bytes, 248750 sectors

Units: sectors of 1 * 4096 = 4096 bytes

Sector size (logical/physical): 4096 bytes / 4096 bytes I/O size (minimum/optimal): 4096 bytes / 4096 bytes

Disk /dev/zram2: 971.7 MiB, 1018880000 bytes, 248750 sectors

```
Partition table entries are not in disk order.
Disk /dev/zram0: 971.7 MiB, 1018880000 bytes, 248750 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 4096 = 4096 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 4096 bytes / 4096 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 4096 bytes / 4096 bytes
Disk /dev/zram1: 971.7 MiB, 1018880000 bytes, 248750 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 4096 = 4096 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 4096 bytes / 4096 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 4096 bytes / 4096 bytes
Disk /dev/zram2: 971.7 MiB, 1018880000 bytes, 248750 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 4096 = 4096 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 4096 bytes / 4096 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 4096 bytes / 4096 bytes
Disk /dev/zram3: 971.7 MiB, 1018880000 bytes, 248750 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 4096 = 4096 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 4096 bytes / 4096 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 4096 bytes / 4096 bytes
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$
```

Check file info for ~/examples.desktop

file <FILE_NAME>

s1155160788@user-desktop:~\$ file ~/examples.desktop /home/s1155160788/examples.desktop: UTF-8 Unicode text s1155160788@user-desktop:~\$

6.Networking

Show all interfaces

ip address

Screenshot on next page.

```
lo: <LOOPBACK, UP, LOWER UP> mtu 65536 qdisc noqueue state UNKNOWN group default qlen 1
    ink/loopback 00:00:00:00:00 brd 00:00:00:00:00
inet 127.0.0.1/8 scope host lo
valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
inet6 ::1/128 scope host
   valid_Ift forever preferred_Ift forever dummy0: <BROADCAST,NOARP> mtu 1500 qdisc noop state DOWN group default qlen 1000
    link/ether 9e:97:f7:87:f5:cd brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
  valid_lft 514297sec preferred_lft 0sec inet6 fdb3:188b:ecd8:0:985c:e7bf:e37f:8ad0/64 scope global temporary deprecated dynamic
        valid_lft 427916sec preferred_lft 0sec
     inet6 fdb3:188b:ecd8:0:5dlb:c9f7:d7b:8a7c/64 scope global temporary deprecated dynamic
        valid_lft 341534sec preferred_lft 0se
    inet6 fdb3:188b:ecd8:0:d525:8185:bcle:195f/64 scope global temporary deprecated dynamic
  valid_lft 255153sec preferred_lft 0sec
  inet6 fdb3:188b:ecd8:0:2573:f03b:6ee0:6b6e/64 scope global temporary deprecated dynamic
    inet6 fdb3:1888:ecd8:0:25/3:f03b:6ee016b6e/64 scope global temporary deprecated dynamic
valid_lft 168771sec preferred_lft 0sec
inet6 fdb3:188b:ecd8:0:8ca4:a6f:5ad2:2e67/64 scope global temporary deprecated dynamic
valid_lft 82388sec preferred_lft 0sec
inet6 fdb3:188b:ecd8:0:bf7d:61e3:2c12:ce8c/64 scope global mngtmpaddr noprefixroute
    valid_lft forever preferred lft forever inet6 fe80::20fb:38d:b40e:cbac/64 scope link noprefixroute
         valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
4: wlan0: <NO-CARRIER,BROADCAST,MUTTICAST,UP> mtu 1500 qdisc mq state DOWN group default qlen 1000
link/ether 8e:58:ec:f9:bb:71 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
7: usb0: <NO-CARRIER, BROADCAST, MULTICAST, UP> mtu 1500 qdisc pfifo_fast master 14tbr0 state DOWN group default qlen 1000 link/ether 8e:58:ec:f9:bb:73 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
   docker0: <NO-CARRIER, BROADCAST, MULTICAST, UP> mtu 1500 qdisc noqueue state DOWN group default
inet 172.17.0.1/16 brd 172.17.255.255 scope global docker0
valid lft forever preferred_lft forever
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$
```

Show all listening interface on port 22

netstat -nap | grep 22

							17538/sshd
			192.168.85.61:22		10.54.106:6		26450/sshd: s115516
срб							17538/sshd
		ACC		LISTENING	6024223	15753/dockerd	/var/run/docker/libnetwork/d528ce3c5889.soc
			DGRAM		6049362	26229/systemd	/run/user/1002/systemd/notify
nix		ACC		LISTENING	6049366	26229/systemd	/run/user/1002/systemd/private
		ACC		LISTENING	6049371	26229/systemd	/run/user/1002/bus
nix		ACC		LISTENING	6049373	26229/systemd	/run/user/1002/gnupg/S.gpg-agent.ssh
				LISTENING	6049375	26229/systemd	/run/user/1002/gnupg/S.gpg-agent.extra
			STREAM	LISTENING	6049377	26229/systemd	/run/user/1002/gnupg/S.dirmngr
		ACC		LISTENING	6049379	26229/systemd	/run/user/1002/gnupg/S.gpg-agent.browser
				LISTENING	6049381	26229/systemd	/run/user/1002/gnupg/S.gpg-agent
				LISTENING		26229/systemd	/run/user/1002/snapd-session-agent.socket
				LISTENING		1/systemd	
				LISTENING		15753/dockerd	/var/run/docker/metrics.sock
				CONNECTED			
			DGRAM			7201/systemd-timesy	
				CONNECTED		4623/dbus-daemon	/var/run/dbus/system_bus_socket
			DGRAM				
			DGRAM			4531/rsyslogd	
			STREAM	CONNECTED		7115/gnome-shell	
			STREAM	CONNECTED		4623/dbus-daemon	/var/run/dbus/system_bus_socket
			STREAM	CONNECTED		1/systemd	/run/systemd/journal/stdout
nix			STREAM	CONNECTED		1/systemd	/run/systemd/journal/stdout
			STREAM	CONNECTED		15753/dockerd	
			STREAM	CONNECTED		1/systemd	/run/systemd/journal/stdout
			STREAM	CONNECTED		10074/containerd	
			STREAM	CONNECTED		6681/Xorg	@/tmp/.X11-unix/X0
			STREAM	CONNECTED		15753/dockerd	
			STREAM	CONNECTED		1/systemd	/run/systemd/journal/stdout
				CONNECTED		7051/gnome-session-	
			DGRAM			26450/sshd: s115516	
			STREAM	CONNECTED	44220	7568/ibus-portal	
nix			DGRAM			26229/systemd	
			DGRAM		6049365	26229/systemd	
			STREAM	CONNECTED		7568/ibus-portal	
			STREAM	CONNECTED		1/systemd	/run/systemd/journal/stdout
			DGRAM		6049364	26229/systemd	
			STREAM	CONNECTED		1/systemd	/run/systemd/journal/stdout
			STREAM	CONNECTED		26229/systemd	
			STREAM	CONNECTED		1/systemd	/run/systemd/journal/stdout
nix			STREAM	CONNECTED		7682/gsd-datetime	
			STREAM	CONNECTED		4623/dbus-daemon	/var/run/dbus/system bus socket
			STREAM	CONNECTED		5450/whoopsie	
	888119	er-de	sktop:~\$				

7. Package Management

Update package repository list

apt-get update

```
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$ sudo apt-get update
Get:1 file:/var/cuda-repo-14t-10-2-local InRelease
Ign:1 file:/var/cuda-repo-14t-10-2-local InRelease
Get:2 file:/var/visionworks-repo InRelease Ign:2 file:/var/visionworks-repo InRelease
Get:3 file:/var/visionworks-sfm-repo InRelease Ign:3 file:/var/visionworks-sfm-repo InRelease
Get:4 file:/var/visionworks-tracking-repo InRelease Ign:4 file:/var/visionworks-tracking-repo InRelease
Get:5 file:/var/cuda-repo-14t-10-2-local Release [564 B]
Get:6 file:/var/visionworks-repo Release [2,001 B]
Get:7 file:/var/visionworks-sfm-repo Release [2,005 B]
Get:5 file:/var/cuda-repo-14t-10-2-local Release [564 B]
Get:8 file:/var/visionworks-tracking-repo Release [2,010 B]
Get:6 file:/var/visionworks-repo Release [2,001 B]
Get:7 file:/var/visionworks-sfm-repo Release [2,005 B]
Get:8 file:/var/visionworks-tracking-repo Release [2,010 B]
Get: 9 https://repo.download.nvidia.com/jetson/common r32.6 InRelease [2,555 B]
Get:10 https://repo.download.nvidia.com/jetson/t194 r32.6 InRelease [2,547 B]
Hit:13 http://ports.ubuntu.com/ubuntu-ports bionic InRelease
Get:14 http://ports.ubuntu.com/ubuntu-ports bionic-updates InRelease [88.7 kB]
Get:17 http://ports.ubuntu.com/ubuntu-ports bionic-backports InRelease [74.6 kB]
Get:18 http://ports.ubuntu.com/ubuntu-ports bionic-security InRelease [88.7 kB]
Get:19 http://ports.ubuntu.com/ubuntu-ports bionic-updates/main arm64 DEP-11 Metadata [291 kB]
Get:20 http://ports.ubuntu.com/ubuntu-ports bionic-updates/universe arm64 DEP-11 Metadata [295 kB]
Get:21 http://ports.ubuntu.com/ubuntu-ports bionic-backports/universe arm64 DEP-11 Metadata [9,260 B]
Get:22 http://ports.ubuntu.com/ubuntu-ports bionic-security/main arm64 DEP-11 Metadata [49.1 kB]
Get:23 http://ports.ubuntu.com/ubuntu-ports bionic-security/universe arm64 DEP-11 Metadata [54.3 kB]
Fetched 956 kB in 4s (225 kB/s)
Reading package lists... Done
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$
```

Install package build-essential

apt install <PACKAGE NAME>

```
sli55i60f38@suser_desktop:-@ sudo apt install build-essential
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Building dependency tree
Reading packages were information... Done
build-essential is already the newest version (12.4ubuntul).

The following packages were automatically installed and are no longer required:
apt-clone archdetect-deb bogl-btem busybox-static cryptsetup-bin cuda-cuobjdump-10-2 cuda-libraries-10-2 cuda-libraries-dev-10-2 cuda-memcheck-10-2 cuda-nygraph-lov-10-2 cuda-nygraph-dev-10-2 cuda-nygraph-dev-10-2 cuda-nygraph-dev-10-2 cuda-nygraph-dev-10-2 cuda-nygraph-dev-10-2 cuda-nygraph-dev-10-2 cuda-nygraph-dev-10-2 cuda-nygraph-dev-10-2 libcuspland-data kun-xul libcusft-dev-10-2 libcuspland-des kun-xul libcusft-dev-10-2 libcuspland-des kun-xul libcusft-dev-10-2 libcuspland-data kun-xul libcusft-dev-10-2 libcuspland-des kun-xul libcuspland-data libcuspland-data libcuspland-data libcuspland-data kun-xul libcuspland-data libcuspland-
```

Remove package build-essential without removing all dependencies from that package)

apt purge <PACKAGE_NAME>

```
## Selfs1607808user-desktop:-G sudo apt purge build-essential

## Beading package lists... Done

## Beading package lists... Done

## Beading state information... Done

## following packages were automatically installed and are no longer required:

## ## following packages were automatically installed and are no longer required:

## apt-clone archidetect-deb boogl-beterm busybox-static cryptsetup-bin cuda-cuchjdump-10-2 cuda-gdb-10-2 cuda-libraries-10-2 cuda-libraries-dev-10-2 cuda-memcheck-10-2 cuda-nymproper-10-2 cuda-memcheck-10-2 cuda-nymproper-10-2 cuda-n
```

Upgrade package build-essential apt upgrade <PACKAGE_NAME>

```
Seading package lists... Done

Maiding dependency tree

Reading package issue... Done

Maiding dependency tree

Reading package sere automatically installed and are no longer required:

Mr. following packages were automatically installed and are no longer required:

Mr. following packages were automatically installed and are no longer required:

Mr. following packages were automatically installed and are no longer required:

Mr. following packages were automatically installed and are no longer required:

Mr. following packages were automatically installed and are no longer required:

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Mr. following packages were automatically installed and are no longer required:

Mr. following packages were automatically installed and are no longer required:

Mr. following required and are no longer required:

Mr. following required and are no longer required:

Mr. following liberage and are no longer required:

Mr. following liberage packages with length of the package and liberage lib
```

Search for package name nvidia in repo apt-cache search <PACKAGE_NAME> Screenshot on next page.

```
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$ sudo apt-cache search nvidia
dmraid - Device-Mapper Software RAID support tool
libvdpau-dev - Video Decode and Presentation API for Unix (development files)
libvdpau-doc - Video Decode and Presentation API for Unix (documentation)
libvdpaul - Video Decode and Presentation API for Unix (libraries)
libvdpaul-dbg - Video Decode and Presentation API for Unix (debug symbols)
libxnvctrl-dev - NV-CONTROL X extension (development files)
libxnvctrl0 - NV-CONTROL X extension (runtime library)
nvidia-prime - Tools to enable NVIDIA's Prime
nvidia-settings - Tool for configuring the NVIDIA graphics driver
ubuntu-drivers-common - Detect and install additional Ubuntu driver packages
vdpau-driver-all - Video Decode and Presentation API for Unix (driver metapackage)
xserver-xorg-video-nouveau - X.Org X server -- Nouveau display driver
libnvidia-common-390 - Shared files used by the NVIDIA libraries
bbswitch-dkms - Interface for toggling the power on NVIDIA Optimus video cards
bumblebee - NVIDIA Optimus support for Linux
conky-all - highly configurable system monitor (all features enabled)
conky-all-dbq - highly configurable system monitor (all features enabled - debug)
cpufregd - fully configurable daemon for dynamic frequency and voltage scaling
flashrom - Identify, read, write, erase, and verify BIOS/ROM/flash chips
gimp-normalmap - Normal map plugin for GIMP
hobbit-plugins - plugins for the Xymon network monitor
kubuntu-driver-manager - Driver Manager for Kubuntu
kubuntu-driver-manager-dbg - Driver Manager for Kubuntu -- debug symbols
libnvtt-bin - NVIDIA Texture Tools (Binaries)
libnvtt-dev - NVIDIA Texture Tools (Header)
libnvtt2 - NVIDIA Texture Tools
mate-optimus - MATE Desktop applet for controlling NVIDIA Optimus graphics cards
mate-sensors-applet - Display readings from hardware sensors in your MATE panel
numba-doc - native machine code compiler for Python (docs)
psensor - display graphs for monitoring hardware temperature
psensor-server - Psensor server for monitoring hardware sensors remotely
pyrit - GPGPU-driven WPA/WPA2-PSK key cracker
pyrit-opencl - OpenCL extension module for Pyrit
python-numba - native machine code compiler for Python 2
python3-numba - native machine code compiler for Python 3
sensors-applet - Display readings from hardware sensors in your Gnome panel
sysinfo - display computer and system information
vc-dev - Library to ease explicit vectorization of C++ code
vdpauinfo - Video Decode and Presentation API for Unix (vdpauinfo utility)
u-boot-tegra - A boot loader for NVIDIA Tegra systems
hashcat-nvidia - Installs hashcat and its dependencies for users with NVIDIA GPU
libcupti-doc - NVIDIA CUDA Profiler Tools Interface documentation
nouveau-firmware - Firmware for nVidia graphics cards
nvidia-cg-doc - Cg Toolkit - GPU Shader Authoring Language (documentation)
nvidia-cuda-doc - NVIDIA CUDA and OpenCL documentation
python-pycuda-doc - module to access Nvidia's CUDA computation API (documentation)
tegrarcm - Tool to upload payloads in Tegra SoC recovery mode
xserver-xorg-video-nouveau-hwe-18.04 - X.Org X server -- Nouveau display driver
libnvidia-common-418 - Transitional package for libnvidia-common-430
```

```
libnvidia-common-418 - Transitional package for libnvidia-common-430
libnvidia-common-418-server - Shared files used by the NVIDIA libraries
libnvidia-common-430 - Transitional package for libnvidia-common-440
libnvidia-common-435 - Transitional package for libnvidia-common-455
libnvidia-common-440 - Transitional package for libnvidia-common-450
libnvidia-common-440-server - Transitional package for libnvidia-common-450-server
libnvidia-common-450 - Transitional package for libnvidia-common-460
libnvidia-common-450-server - Shared files used by the NVIDIA libraries
libnvidia-common-455 - Transitional package for libnvidia-common-460
libnvidia-common-460 - Transitional package for libnvidia-common-470 libnvidia-common-465 - Transitional package for libnvidia-common-470
libnvidia-common-470 - Shared files used by the NVIDIA libraries
libnvidia-common-470-server - Shared files used by the NVIDIA libraries
libnvidia-common-495 - Transitional package for libnvidia-common-510 libnvidia-common-510 - Shared files used by the NVIDIA libraries
libnvidia-common-460-server - Transitional package for libnvidia-common-470-server
cuda-nvtx-10-2 - NVIDIA Tools Extension
cuda-gdb-10-2 - CUDA-GDB
cuda-libraries-dev-10-2 - CUDA Libraries 10.2 development meta-package
cuda-libraries-10-2 - CUDA Libraries 10.2 meta-package
cuda-visual-tools-10-2 - CUDA visual tools
deepstream-6.0 - Nvidia DeepStreamSDK runtime libraries, development files and samples
libnvidia-container-tools - NVIDIA container runtime library (command-line tools)
libnvvpi1 - NVIDIA Vision Programming Interface library
libvisionworks - NVIDIA's VisionWorks Library and supplemental data
libvisionworks-dev - Development files for NVIDIA's VisionWorks Library
libvisionworks-samples - Samples for NVIDIA's VisionWorks Library libvisionworks-sfm - SFM module for NVIDIA's VisionWorks Library
libvisionworks-sfm-dev - Development files for SFM module for NVIDIA's VisionWorks Library
libvisionworks-tracking - Tracking module for NVIDIA's VisionWorks Library
libvisionworks-tracking-dev - Development files for Tracking module for NVIDIA's VisionWorks Library nsight-systems-cli-2021.2.3 - Nsight Systems is a statistical sampling profiler with tracing features.
nvidia-container-csv-cuda - Jetpack CUDA CSV file
nvidia-container-csv-cudnn - Jetpack CUDNN CSV file
nvidia-container-csv-tensorrt - Jetpack TensorRT CSV file
nvidia-container-csv-visionworks - Jetpack VisionWorks CSV file
nvidia-container-runtime - NVIDIA container runtime
nvidia-container-toolkit - NVIDIA container runtime hook
nvidia-docker2 - nvidia-docker CLI wrapper
python-vpi1 - NVIDIA VPI python 2.7 bindings
python3-vpi1 - NVIDIA VPI python 3.6 bindings
vpi1-demos - NVIDIA VPI GUI demo applications
vpi1-dev - NVIDIA VPI C/C++ development library and headers
vpi1-samples - NVIDIA VPI command-line sample applications
nvidia-container - NVIDIA Container Meta Package
nvidia-cuda - NVIDIA CUDA Meta Package
nvidia-cudnn8 - NVIDIA CUDNN8 Meta Package
nvidia-jetpack - NVIDIA Jetpack Meta Package
nvidia-14t-3d-core - NVIDIA GL EGL Package
```

Screenshot on next page.

```
nvidia-jetpack — NVIDIA Jetpack Meta Rackage
nvidia-14t-a3c-ore — NVIDIA GL EGA Rackage
nvidia-14t-potolader — NVIDIA GL EGA Rackage
nvidia-14t-comidader — NVIDIA Camera Fackage
nvidia-14t-comidaer — NVIDIA Camera Fackage
nvidia-14t-comera — NVIDIA Camera Fackage
nvidia-14t-comera — NVIDIA Core Fackage
nvidia-14t-gutools — NVIDIA Core Fackage
nvidia-14t-graphics-demos — NVIDIA graphics demo applications
nvidia-14t-graphics-demos — NVIDIA for graphics demo applications
nvidia-14t-initrd — NVIDIA init debian package
nvidia-14t-jetson-multimedia-api — NVIDIA Jetson Multimedia API is a collection of lower-level APIs that support flexible application development.
nvidia-14t-kernel — NVIDIA Kernel Package
nvidia-14t-kernel — NVIDIA Kernel Package
nvidia-14t-kernel-dtbs — NVIDIA Vilkan Loader Package
nvidia-14t-kernel-dtbs — NVIDIA Vilkan Loader Package
nvidia-14t-multimedia — NVIDIA Vilkan Loader Package
nvidia-14t-multimedia — NVIDIA Vilkan Loader Package
nvidia-14t-com-config package
nvidia-14t-com-config package
nvidia-14t-com-config package
nvidia-14t-veavland — NVIDIA Wilk media Package
nvidia-14t-ve
```

8. Jetpack related

Check current active power mode

nvpmodel -q

```
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$ sudo nvpmodel -q
[sudo] password for s1155160788:
NV Fan Mode:quiet
NV Power Mode: MODE_15W_6CORE
2
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$
```

Change power mode to 2 (persist after reboot)

nvpmodel -m 2

```
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$ sudo nvpmodel -m 2
NVPM WARN: patching tpc_pg_mask: (0x1:0x4)
NVPM WARN: patched tpc_pg_mask: 0x4
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$
```

Check CPU/GPU memory utilizations

Tegrastats



B. Comprehensive [3%]

Q1) What is a shell? What is its purpose?

A shell is the program that allows humans / other programs to interface with the operating system. There are Command Line Interfaces (CLI) that take text from keyboard input and provide the commands to the operating system to execute, as well as Graphical User Interfaces (GUI), which are more graphical / visual and involve a combination of keyboard and mouse input, such as the Windows shell used by Microsoft Windows operating systems.

The Nvidia Jetson Xavier NX edge nodes we are using, like many linux systems, come with the bash shell (short for Bourne Again Shell) by default, a command line shell.

Q2) What are the three standard streams in Linux?

The standard streams are used for input and output communication between programs and between a computer program and the environment it operates in. The three standard streams are standard input (stdin), standard output (stdout), and standard error (stderr).

Programs often / usually read their input from the standard input (stdin) stream.

Programs often / usually write their output data to the standard output (stdout) stream.

Programs often / usually output their error / debugging messages to the standard error (stderr) stream. It generally will not be seen in the console unless it is redirected to the standard output stream by using the 2> &1 command.

03) What is the difference between redirection and pipe? Show an example.

Redirection is generally used to pass / reroute / redirect the input or output of a command to or from a file. This is accomplished through > and < where the direction it is pointing indicates the target of the passing operation. In class, we also learned about >>, which is a form of redirection which appends an output to the contents of a file.

Piping will specifically take the output of one command / program, and use it as the input for the next command / program on the other side of the pipe (indicated by |).

Below is an example of using redirection to take the output of the "ls -alh" command and pass it to the foo.txt file, appending this to the contents of the foo.txt file, which we call through "cat foo.txt" afterwards.

```
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$ ls -alh
total 80K
drwxr-xr-x 8 s1155160788 s1155160788 4.0K Feb 20 17:55 .
drwxr-xr-x 7 root root 4.0K Feb 19 15:32 ...
-rw----- 1 s1155160788 s1155160788 3.0K Feb 20 18:04 .bash history
-rw-r--r-- 1 s1155160788 s1155160788 220 Feb 19 14:40 .bash logout
-rw-r--r- 1 s1155160788 s1155160788 3.8K Feb 19 15:49 .bashrc
drwx----- 2 s1155160788 s1155160788 4.0K Feb 19 14:43 .cache
drwx----- 3 s1155160788 s1155160788 4.0K Feb 19 15:32 .config
drwxr-xr-x 2 s1155160788 s1155160788 4.0K Feb 19 14:40 Desktop
-rw-r--r-- 1 s1155160788 s1155160788 8.8K Feb 19 14:40 examples.desktop
-rw-rw-r-- 1 s1155160788 s1155160788 0 Feb 20 11:55 foo.txt
drwx----- 2 s1155160788 s1155160788 4.0K Feb 20 17:10 .gconf
drwx----- 3 s1155160788 s1155160788 4.0K Feb 19 14:43 .gnupg
-rw-rw-r-- 1 s1155160788 s1155160788 1.1K Feb 20 17:55 LICENSE
drwxrwxr-x 3 s1155160788 s1155160788 4.0K Feb 19 16:20 .local
-rw-rw-r-- 1 s1155160788 s1155160788 0 Feb 19 15:15 NoContent
-rw-r--r-- 1 s1155160788 s1155160788 807 Feb 19 14:40 .profile
-rw-r--r-- 1 s1155160788 s1155160788 0 Feb 19 14:52 .sudo_as_admin_successful -rw-rw-r-- 1 s1155160788 s1155160788 52 Feb 19 16:22 testfile
-rw----- 1 s1155160788 s1155160788 2.0K Feb 19 16:41 .viminfo
-rw-rw-r-- 1 s1155160788 s1155160788 180 Feb 20 17:55 .wget-hsts
-rw-r--r-- 1 s1155160788 s1155160788 2.1K Feb 19 14:40 .xsessionrc
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$ ls -alh > foo.txt
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$ cat foo.txt
total 80K
drwxr-xr-x 8 s1155160788 s1155160788 4.0K Feb 20 17:55 .
drwxr-xr-x 7 root root 4.0K Feb 19 15:32 ...
-rw----- 1 s1155160788 s1155160788 3.0K Feb 20 18:04 .bash history
-rw-r--r 1 s1155160788 s1155160788 220 Feb 19 14:40 .bash logout
-rw-r--r-- 1 s1155160788 s1155160788 3.8K Feb 19 15:49 .bashrc
drwx----- 2 s1155160788 s1155160788 4.0K Feb 19 14:43 .cache
drwx----- 3 s1155160788 s1155160788 4.0K Feb 19 15:32 .config
drwxr-xr-x 2 s1155160788 s1155160788 4.0K Feb 19 14:40 Desktop
-rw-r--r-- 1 s1155160788 s1155160788 8.8K Feb 19 14:40 examples.desktop
-rw-rw-r-- 1 s1155160788 s1155160788 0 Feb 20 19:45 foo.txt
drwx----- 2 s1155160788 s1155160788 4.0K Feb 20 17:10 .gconf
drwx----- 3 s1155160788 s1155160788 4.0K Feb 19 14:43 .gnupg
-rw-rw-r-- 1 s1155160788 s1155160788 1.1K Feb 20 17:55 LICENSE
drwxrwxr-x 3 s1155160788 s1155160788 4.0K Feb 19 16:20 .local
-rw-rw-r-- 1 s1155160788 s1155160788 0 Feb 19 15:15 NoContent
-rw-r--r-- 1 s1155160788 s1155160788 807 Feb 19 14:40 .profile
-rw-r--- 1 s1155160788 s1155160788 0 Feb 19 14:52 .sudo_as_admin_successful -rw-rw-r-- 1 s1155160788 s1155160788 52 Feb 19 16:22 testfile
-rw----- 1 s1155160788 s1155160788 2.0K Feb 19 16:41 .viminfo
-rw-rw-r-- 1 s1155160788 s1155160788 180 Feb 20 17:55 .wget-hsts
-rw-r--r-- 1 s1155160788 s1155160788 2.1K Feb 19 14:40 .xsessionrc
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$
```

Next is an example of piping where I pipe the output of the command "cat foo.txt" and use it as the input for the wc -w command. This second command counts the number of words from the cat foo.txt command, which is the same as the file contents of foo.txt.

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```
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$ cat foo.txt | wc -w
191
s1155160788@user-desktop:~$
```

Q4) What is the tool used to resume a shell session when the network is interrupted?

Tmux, which is short for terminal multiplexer, can be used for this purpose. It creates an emulated shell called a session that can be generated through "tmux new -s (session name)". If the connection is interrupted, you can relog into the server and use tmux a -t (session name) to resume the emulated session, with all the output and consequences of commands preserved, such as a copying and file transfer operations that were ongoing. Even if you lost internet connection, as long as the server / unix / linux workstation maintained the command, it would keep running.

Tmux can also be used for many other things such as switching between programs, attaching them to different terminals, etc.